

Consolidated criteria for reporting qualitative studies (COREQ): 32-item checklist - Assessing strategies to improve adherence to vivax malaria treatment in the Amazon region using educational materials and a mobile health strategy (AdheVivax Project)

Developed from:

Tong A, Sainsbury P, Craig J. Consolidated criteria for reporting qualitative research (COREQ): a 32-item checklist for interviews and focus groups. *International Journal for Quality in Health Care*. 2007. Volume 19, Number 6: pp. 349 – 357

No. Item	Guide questions/description	Reported on Page #
Domain 1: Research team and reflexivity		
<i>Personal Characteristics</i>		
1. Interviewer/facilitator	<i>Which author/s conducted the interview or focus group?</i> HSSG and APSO.	Study design - Phase 1 – Exploratory qualitative study and co-design of adherence support intervention, page 9. Phase 2 - Evaluation of the mHealth-enhanced adherence intervention, page 15.
2. Credentials	<i>What were the researchers' credentials?</i> PhD and MSc.	Team reflexivity, page 16.
3. Occupation	<i>What was their occupation at the time of the study?</i> University professors and qualitative researchers.	Title page.
4. Gender	<i>Was the researcher male or female?</i> Some researchers were male, others were female.	Team reflexivity, page 16.
5. Experience and training	<i>What experience or training did the researcher have?</i> All with qualitative research training and with published articles in the area.	Team reflexivity, page 16.
<i>Relationship with participants</i>		
6. Relationship established	<i>Was a relationship established prior to study commencement?</i>	Team reflexivity, page 16.

	None of the participants had an established relationship with an author prior to study commencement.	
7. Participant knowledge of the interviewer	<i>What did the participants know about the researcher? (e.g., personal goals, reasons for doing the research).</i> We provided clear explanations of the study, objectives, procedures, and potential risks.	Ethical considerations, page 39.
8. Interviewer characteristics	<i>What characteristics were reported about the interviewer/facilitator? e.g., bias, assumptions, reasons and interests in the research topic.</i> No interviewer-related biases were identified.	Team reflexivity, page 16.
Domain 2: study design		
<i>Theoretical framework</i>		
9. Methodological orientation and Theory	<i>What methodological orientation was stated to underpin the study? e.g., grounded theory, discourse analysis, ethnography, phenomenology, content analysis.</i> In the Phase 1 was conducted Thematic analysis. And in the phase 2 deductive coding guided by theoretical domains defined by Proctor <i>et al.</i>	Study design - Phase 1 – Exploratory qualitative study and co-design of adherence support intervention, page 9. Phase 2 - Evaluation of the mHealth-enhanced adherence intervention (Acceptability and perceived appropriateness of the intervention) page 16.
<i>Participant selection</i>		
10. Sampling	<i>How were participants selected? e.g., purposive, convenience, consecutive, snowball.</i> Purposive sample in phase 1. Random purposive sampling in the phase 2.	Study design - Phase 1 – Exploratory qualitative study and co-design of adherence support intervention, page 9. Phase 2 - Evaluation of the mHealth-enhanced adherence intervention (Acceptability and perceived

		appropriateness of the intervention) page 15.
11. Method of approach	<i>How were participants approached? e.g., face-to-face, telephone, mail, email.</i> We did a face-to-face interview.	Study design - Phase 1 – Exploratory qualitative study and co-design of adherence support intervention, 9. Phase 2 - Evaluation of the mHealth-enhanced adherence intervention (Acceptability and perceived appropriateness of the intervention) page 15.
12. Sample size	<i>How many participants were in the study?</i> 40 individuals in the phase 1. 35 individuals in the phase 2.	Results, page 17 and 28.
13. Non-participation	<i>How many people refused to participate or dropped out? Reasons?</i> No one has given up on participating in the project.	N/A
Setting		
14. Setting of data collection	<i>Where was the data collected? e.g., home, clinic, workplace.</i> The IDIs were carried out at their house.	Study design - Phase 1 – Exploratory qualitative study and co-design of adherence support intervention, 9. Phase 2 - Evaluation of the mHealth-enhanced adherence intervention (Acceptability and perceived appropriateness of the intervention) page 15.
15. Presence of non-participants	<i>Was anyone else present besides the participants and researchers?</i>	Study design - Phase 1 – Exploratory qualitative study and co-design of

	No, only the interviewer, the observer and the participant were in the room during the interview.	adherence support intervention, page 9.
16. Description of sample	<i>What are the important characteristics of the sample? e.g. demographic data, date</i> We putted this information in the results section.	Results, page 17 and 28.
<i>Data collection</i>		
17. Interview guide	<i>Were questions, prompts, guides provided by the authors? Was it pilot tested?</i> The design of the interview guide was informed by previous research exploring malaria-related knowledge, illness perceptions, and therapeutic itineraries in the Amazon region, particularly among vulnerable and mobile populations	Study design - Phase 1 – Exploratory qualitative study and co-design of adherence support intervention, page 9
18. Repeat interviews	<i>Were repeat inter views carried out? If yes, how many?</i> N/A	N/A
19. Audio/visual recording	<i>Did the research use audio or visual recording to collect the data?</i> The interviews were recorded in audio and transcribed without personal identifiers, so that the database could be anonymized	Study design - Phase 1 – Exploratory qualitative study and co-design of adherence support intervention, 9. Phase 2 - Evaluation of the mHealth-enhanced adherence intervention (Acceptability and perceived appropriateness of the intervention) page 16.
20. Field notes	<i>Were field notes made during and/or after the inter view or focus group?</i> Fieldnotes observation were made in notebook.	Study design - Phase 1 – Exploratory qualitative study and co-design of adherence support intervention, page 10.
21. Duration	<i>What was the duration of the interviews or focus group?</i>	Study design - Phase 1 – Exploratory qualitative

	The interviews lasted an average of 40 minutes.	study and co-design of adherence support intervention, page 9.
22. Data saturation	<i>Was data saturation discussed?</i> The number of interviews was determined by the principle of theoretical saturation where IDIs are carried out until a clear pattern appears and subsequent groups do not produce new information.	Study design - Phase 1 – Exploratory qualitative study and co-design of adherence support intervention, page 9.
23. Transcripts returned	<i>Were transcripts returned to participants for comment and/or correction?</i> No.	N/A
Domain 3: analysis and findings		
<i>Data analysis</i>		
24. Number of data coders	<i>How many data coders coded the data?</i> Two researchers developed a codebook and performed line-by-line coding.	Study design - Phase 1 – Exploratory qualitative study and co-design of adherence support intervention, page 10.
25. Description of the coding tree	<i>Did authors provide a description of the coding tree?</i> No.	N/A
26. Derivation of themes	<i>Were themes identified in advance or derived from the data?</i> The analysis of the interviews and the field notes allowed us to identify the two themes.	Study design - Phase 1 – Exploratory qualitative study and co-design of adherence support intervention, page 10.
27. Software	<i>What software, if applicable, was used to manage the data?</i> The recordings of the IDIs and FDGs were transcribed and inserted in the MAXQDA 20 program.	Study design - Phase 1 – Exploratory qualitative study and co-design of adherence support intervention, page 9.
28. Participant checking	<i>Did participants provide feedback on the findings?</i> No.	N/A
<i>Reporting</i>		

29. Quotations presented	<i>Were participant quotations presented to illustrate the themes/findings? Was each quotation identified? e.g. participant number</i> Yes, quotations were presented to illustrate the themes/findings, and each quotation was identified with a participant number.	Results, pages 17-21 and 28-31.
30. Data and findings consistent	<i>Was there consistency between the data presented and the findings?</i> Yes, there was consistency between the data presented and the findings.	Discussion, pages 31-37.
31. Clarity of major themes	<i>Were major themes clearly presented in the findings?</i> Yes, the themes were clearly presented in the Results section using specific sections regarding each theme.	Results, pages 17-21 and 28-31.
32. Clarity of minor themes	<i>Is there a description of diverse cases or discussion of minor themes?</i> No, minor themes were not discussed.	N/A