

Supplementary Information

Cep192 insufficiency underlies haploid instability in human cells

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This word file includes:

Figures S1 to S8

Legends for Dataset S1 to S6

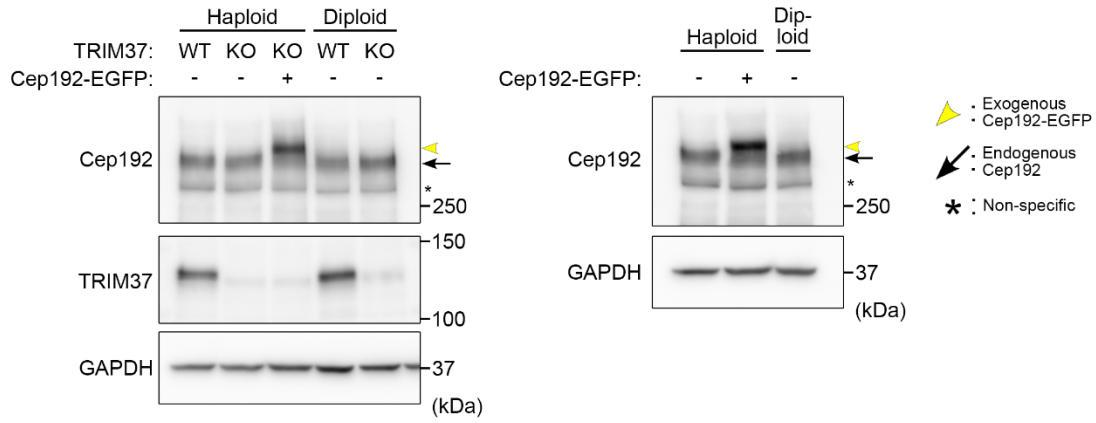
Legends for Supplemental materials S1

Other supporting materials for this manuscript include the following:

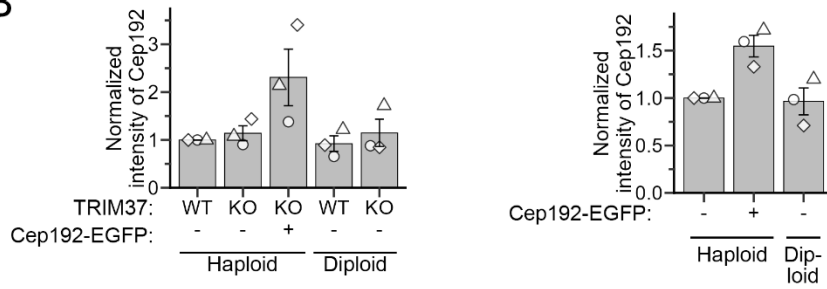
Datasets S1 to S6

Supplemental materials S1

A



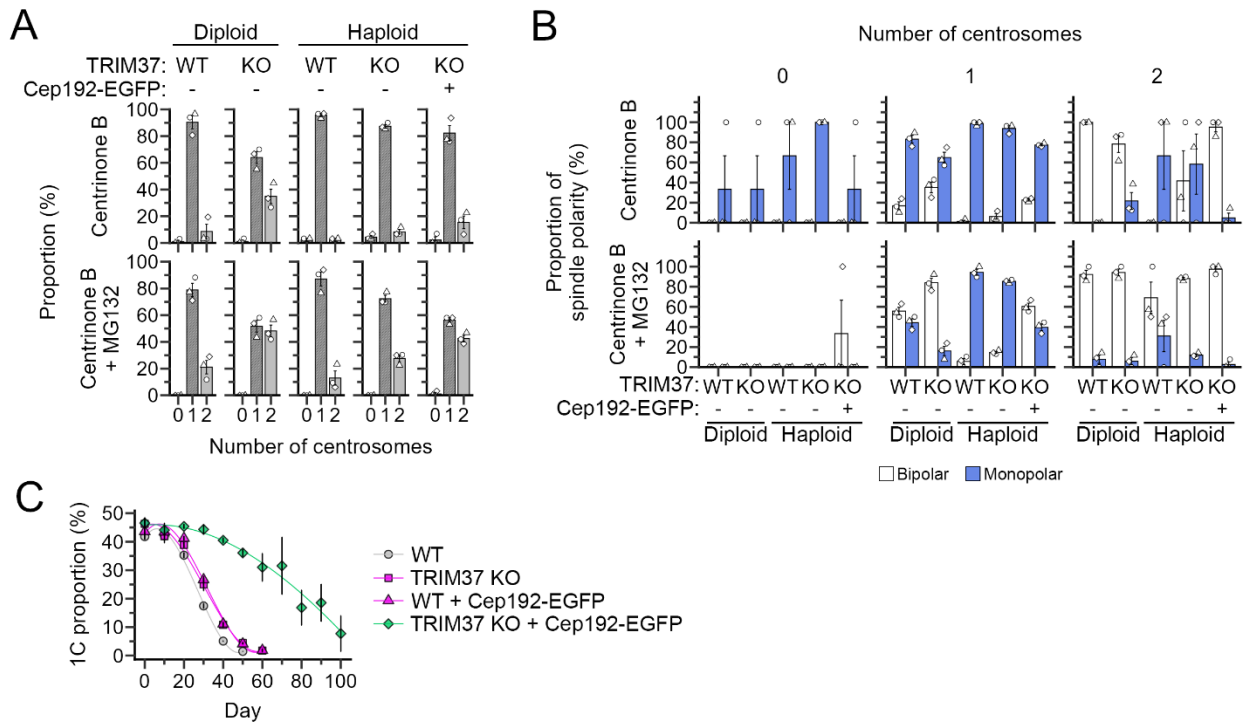
B



Supplemental Figure 1

Fig. S1: Immunoblotting analysis of TRIM37 or Cep192 expression in HAP1 cells

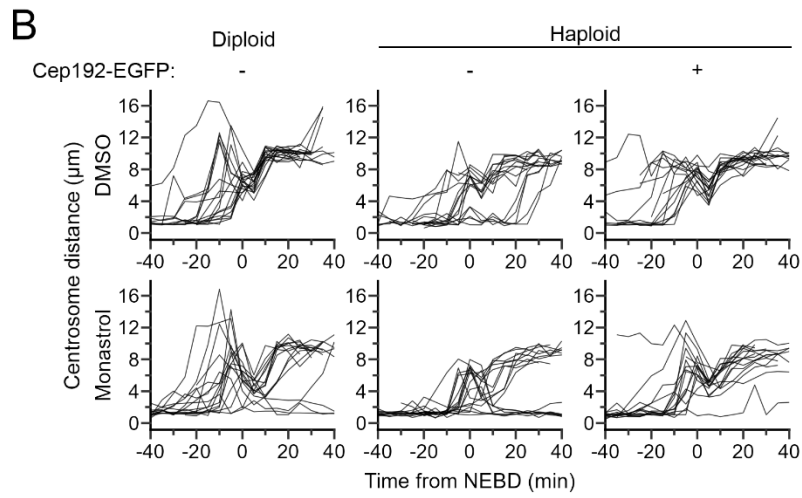
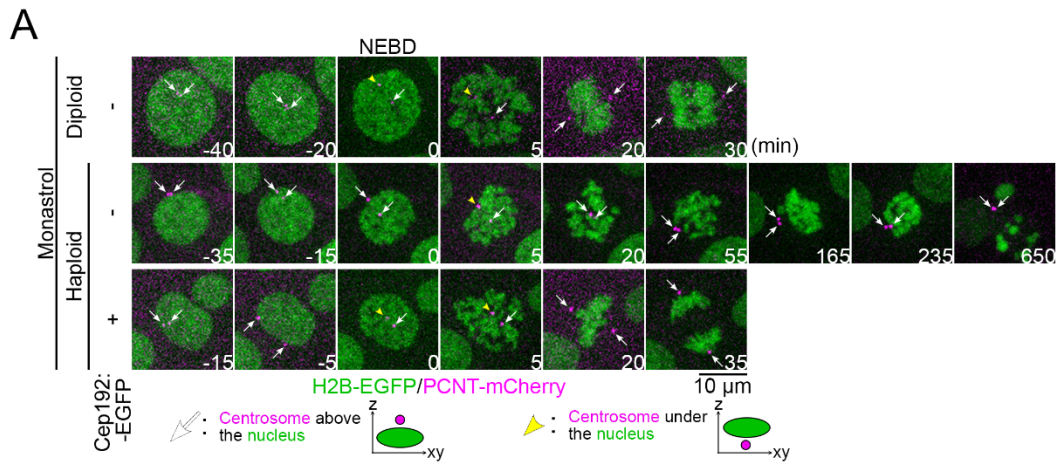
(A) Immunoblotting of TRIM37 or Cep192 in haploid or diploid cells with the indicated backgrounds. GAPDH was detected as a loading control. **(B)** Quantification of the relative intensity of Cep192 in A. Protein loading differences were corrected based on GAPDH signals.



Supplemental Figure 2

Fig. S2: Effects of Cep192 supplementation on centrosome number, spindle polarity, and long-term stability in haploids

(A) Proportion of centrosome numbers in Fig. 2C and D. Mean \pm SE of 3 independent experiments. At least 91 cells from 3 independent experiments were analyzed for each condition. **(B)** Proportion of spindle polarity in Fig. 2C, sorted by centrosome number. Mean \pm SE of 3 independent experiments. At least 91 cells were analyzed for each condition. Identical data for the “1 centrosome” sample are shown in Fig. 2D. **(C)** Time course of 1C proportion in Fig. 3C. Mean \pm SE of 3 independent experiments.

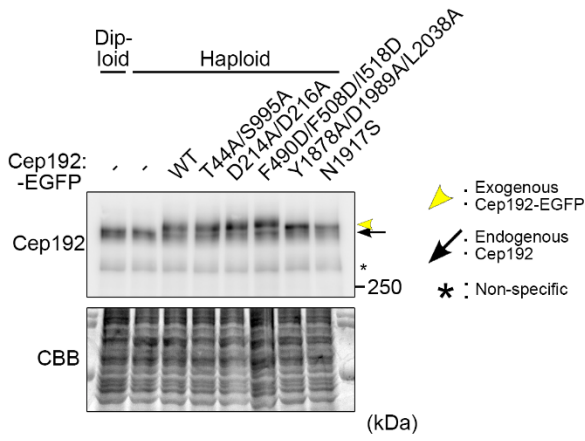


Supplemental Figure 3

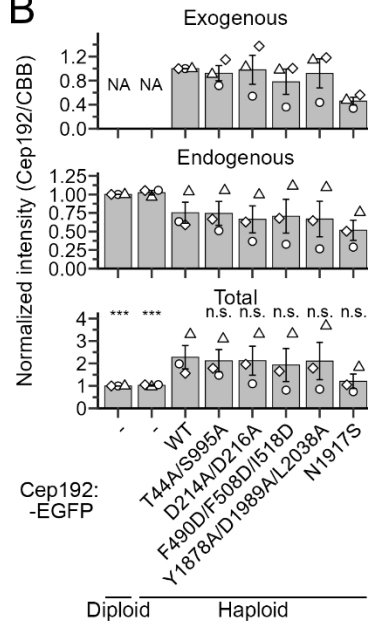
Fig. S3: Live imaging of centrosome separation during mitosis

(A) Time-lapse images of mitotic progression in haploids or diploids with indicated backgrounds, treated with 12.5 μ M monastrol. Centrosomes or chromosomes were labeled with endogenous PCNT-mCherry or with transgenic H2B-EGFP, respectively. (B) Time course of inter-centrosomal distance before and after NEBD in all individual cells in Fig. 4A or S3A. Data from at least 16 cells from 2 independent experiments are shown.

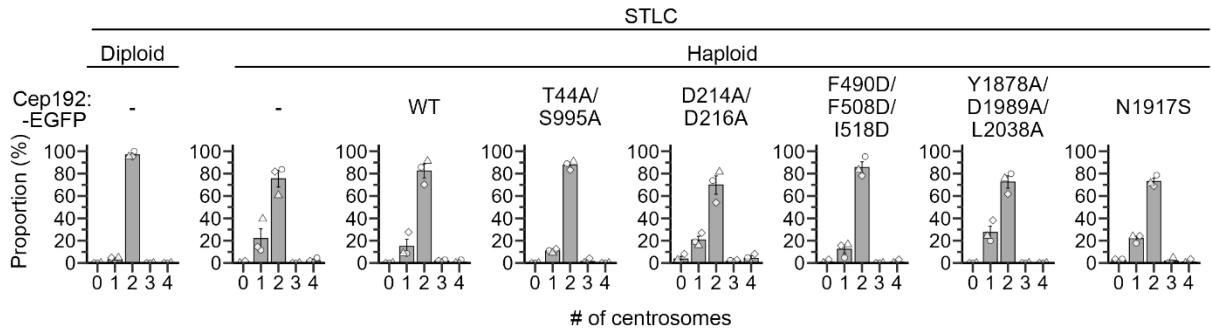
A



B



C

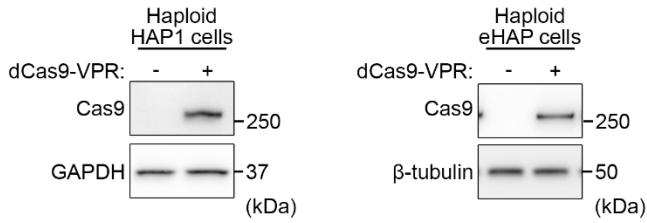


Supplemental Figure 4

Fig. S4: Exogenous expression of transgenic Cep192 mutants in haploids

(A) Immunoblotting of Cep192 in haploid or diploid cells with the indicated backgrounds. CBB-stained total protein was quantified as the loading control. (B) Quantification of the relative intensity of total Cep192 (i.e., summation of endogenous and exogenous transgenic Cep192 signals) in A. Protein loading differences were corrected based on CBB signals. Asterisks indicate statistically significant differences from haploid Cep192 (WT)-EGFP control (***) $p < 0.001$, the Steel test). (C) Proportion of centrosome number in Fig. 5C. Mean \pm SE of 3 independent experiments. At least 63 cells were analyzed for each condition.

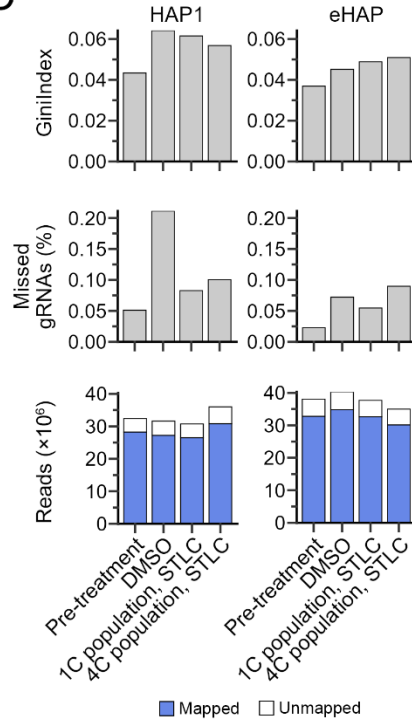
A



B

FastQC Results Summary			
8 samples across modules			
QC Module	# Samples	# Failed	# Passed
Adapter Content	8	0	8
Basic Statistics	8	0	8
Overrepresented sequences	8	0	8
Per base N content	8	0	8
Per base sequence content	8	8	0
Per base sequence quality	8	0	8
Per sequence GC content	8	0	8
Per sequence quality scores	8	0	8
Per tile sequence quality	8	8	0
Sequence Duplication Levels	8	8	0
Sequence Length Distribution	8	0	8

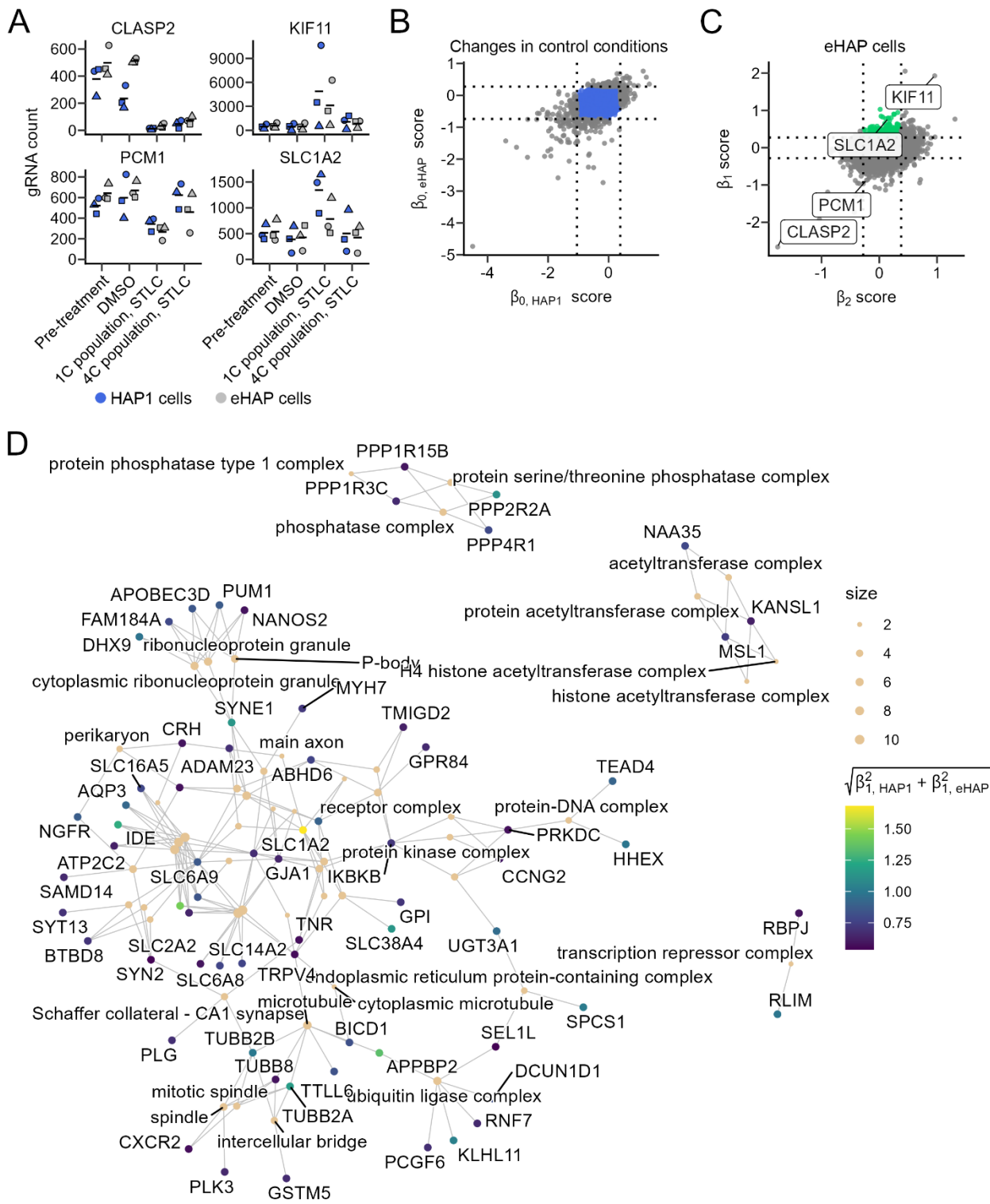
C



Supplemental Figure 5

Fig. S5: Quality check of the genome-wide CRISPRa screen

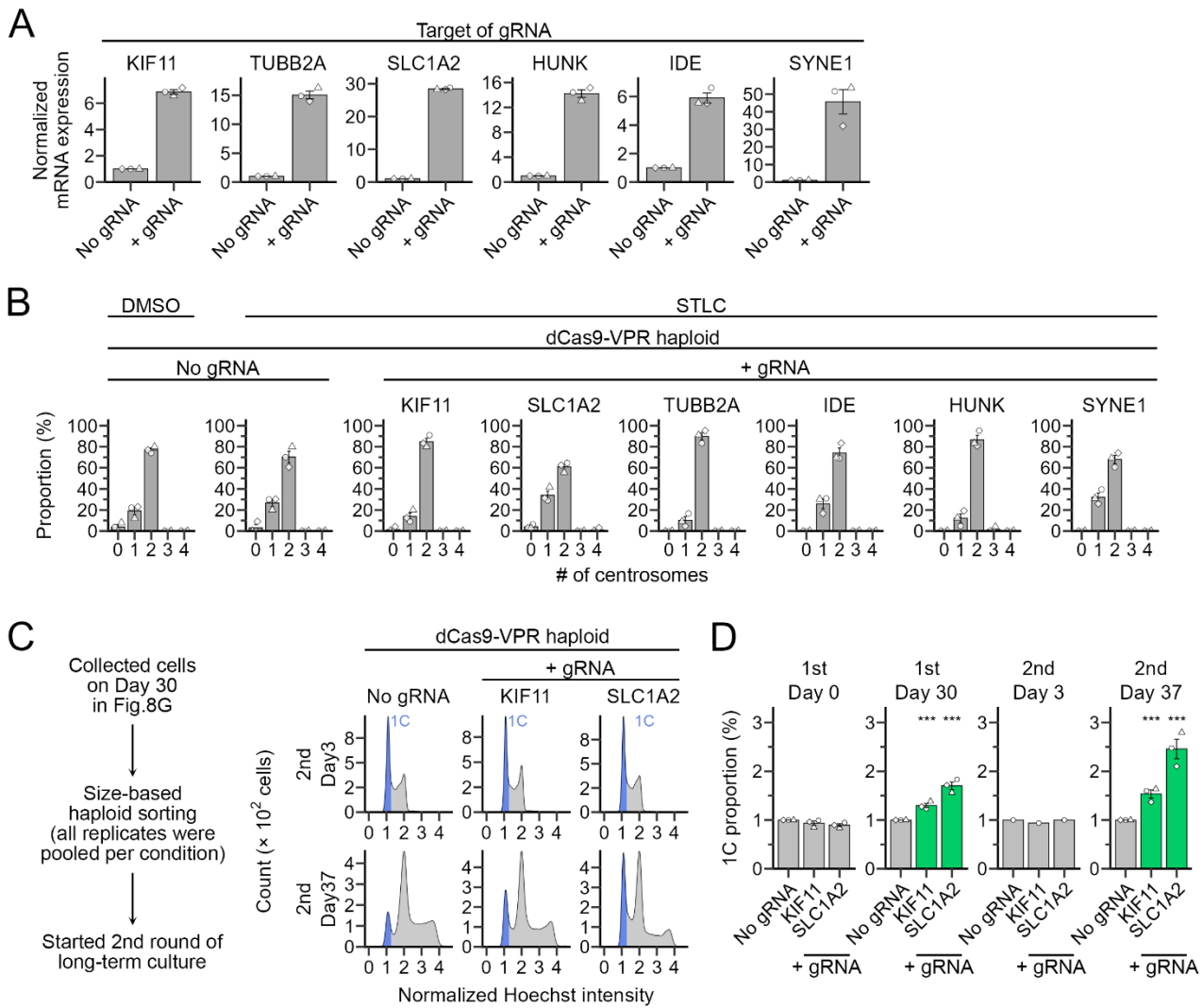
(A) Immunoblotting of dCas9-VPR using anti-Cas9 antibody in haploid HAP1 or eHAP cells with the indicated backgrounds. GAPDH or β -tubulin was detected as a loading control. (B, C) Summary of quality check for gRNA sequencing.



Supplemental Figure 6

Fig. S6: Result summary of the genome-wide CRISPRa screen

(A) Examples of gRNA count for several genes with distinct patterns of distribution in four different cell populations in the CRISPRa screen. (B) Graphical representation of the filtering out of genes with prominent fluctuations in their retention between pre-treated and vehicle control cell populations. Removed genes are indicated as grey dots. (C) A 2-D scatter plot of β_1 vs β_2 scores in eHAP cells. Hit genes selectively concentrated in the haploid G1 population under modest Eg5 inhibition were indicated in green. (D) GO terms of cellular component shared among at least 2 of 133 hit genes in Fig. 7C.



Supplemental Figure 7

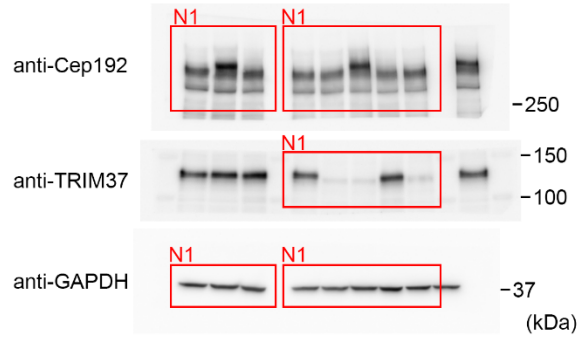
Fig. S7: Identification of haploid-stabilizing genes

(A) Relative expression levels of gRNA target genes (normalized to that of β -actin) quantified by qPCR. Mean \pm SE of 3 independent experiments. (B) Proportion of centrosome numbers in Fig. 8C. Mean \pm SE of 3 independent experiments. At least 68 cells from 3 independent experiments were analyzed. (C) Flow cytometric analysis of DNA content in haploid dCas9-VPR cells expressing gRNA for the indicated genes during the second round of consecutive passages (the experimental flow is shown on the left). DNA was stained with Hoechst 33342. (D) Proportion of 1C populations in C. Mean \pm SE of 3 independent experiments. Asterisks indicate statistically significant differences from the untransfected control (***) $p < 0.001$, the Steel test). Identical data for the “1st Day 30” sample are shown in Fig. 8H.

Immunoblotting associated with Supplemental figure 1A

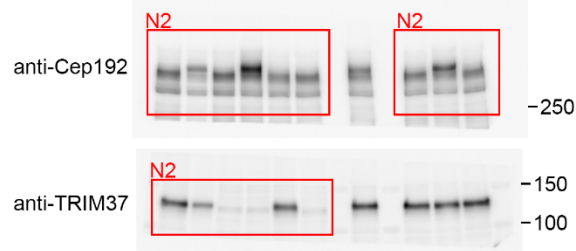
D, diploid; H, haploid; W, WT; K, KO

Ploidy: H H D H H H D D
 TRIM37: W W W W K K W K
 Cep192-EGFP: - + - - - + - -



The N1 results are presented in Supplemental figure 1A.

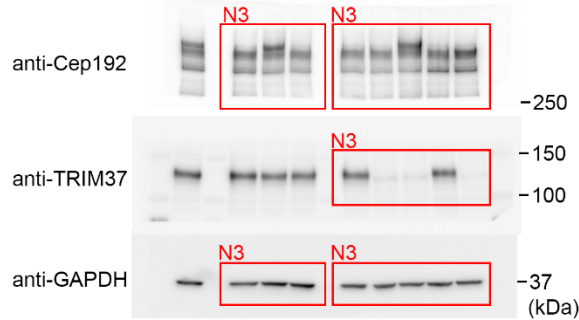
Ploidy: H H H D D H H D
 TRIM37: W K K W K W W W
 Ce192-EGFP: - - + - - - + -



Ploidy: H H H D D H H D
 TRIM37: W K K W K W W W
 Ce192-EGFP: - - + - - - + -

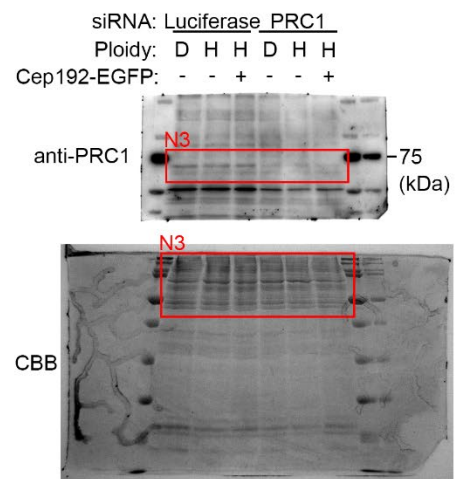
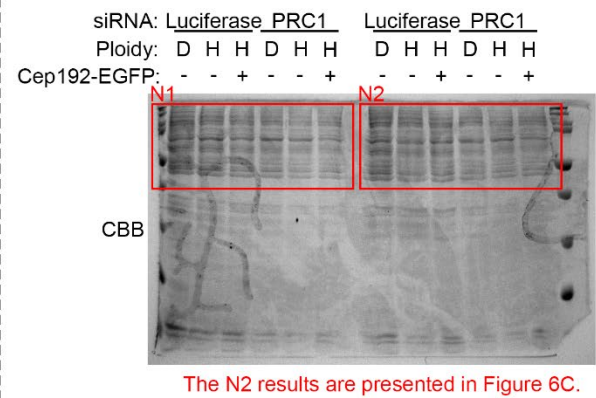
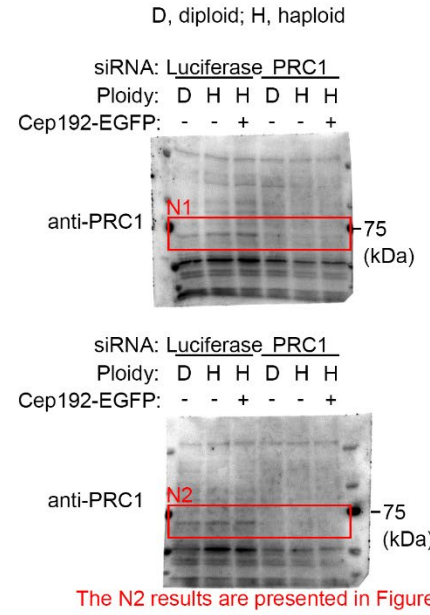
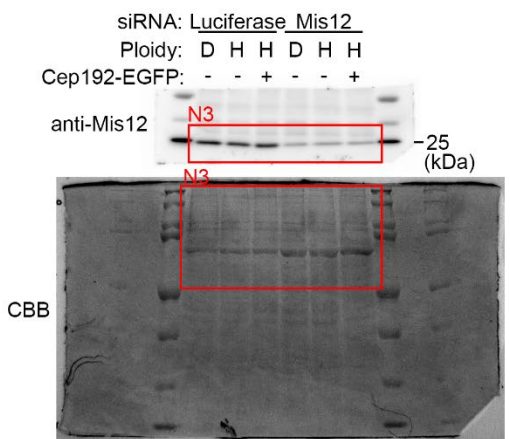
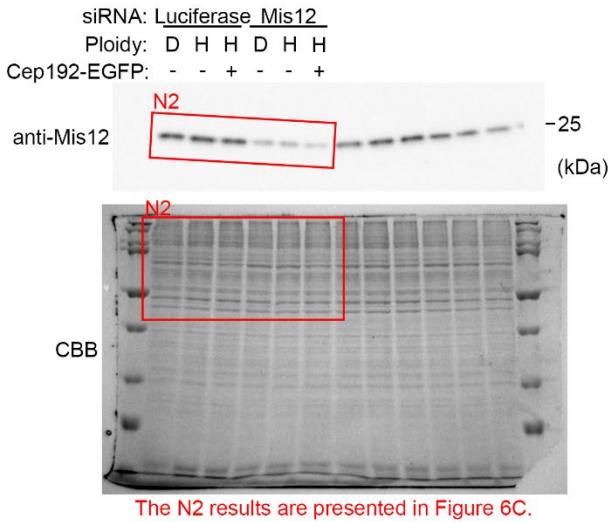
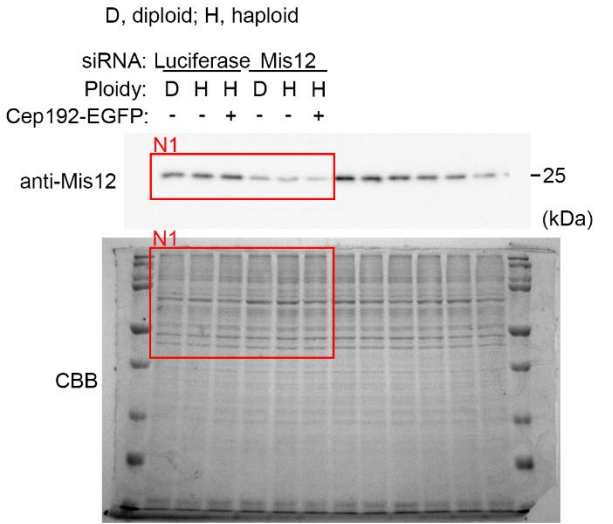


Ploidy: H H D H H H D D
 TRIM37: W W W W K K W K
 Cep192-EGFP: - + - - - + - -



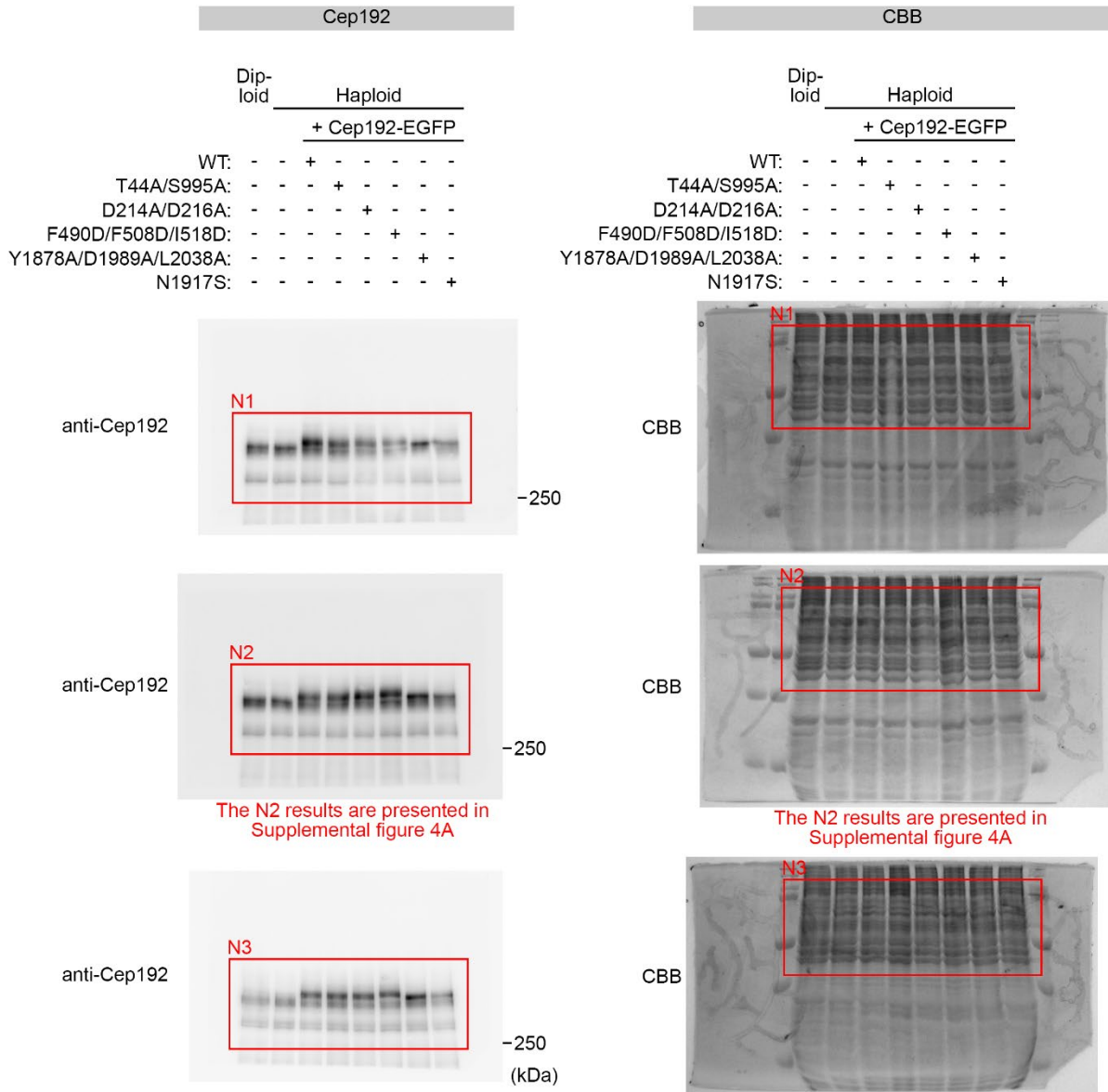
Supplemental figure 8_1

Immunoblotting associated with Figure 6C



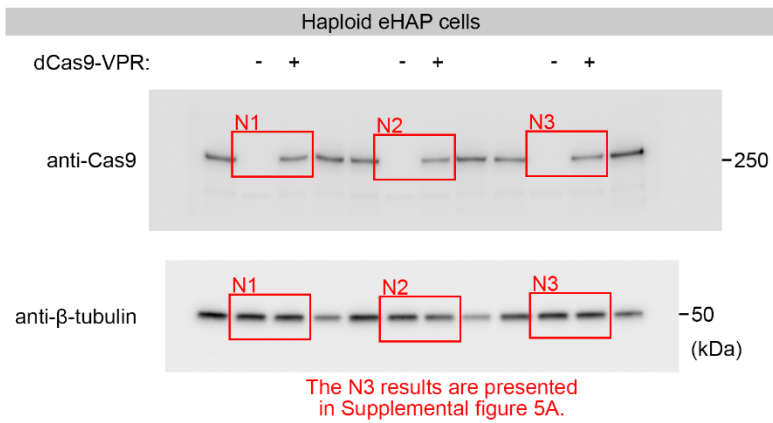
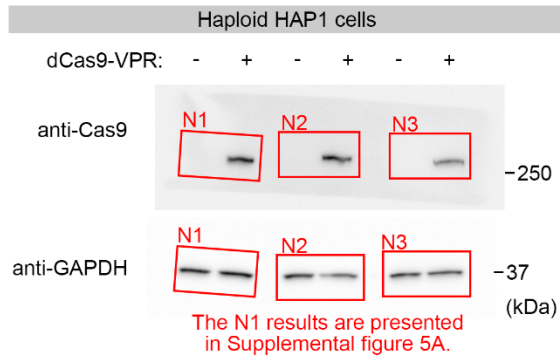
Supplemental figure 8_2

Immunoblotting associated with Supplemental figure 4A



Supplemental figure 8_3

Immunoblotting associated with Supplemental figure 5A



Supplemental figure 8_4

Fig. S8: Original immunoblot membranes used for the analyses

Uncropped images of all immunoblots are shown, with the approximate indications of the cropped regions.

Dataset S1: gRNA count in the genome-wide CRISPRa screen

Dataset S2: β scores and pHaplo score for all genes analyzed in the genome-wide CRISPRa screen

Dataset S3: Cell lines established or used in this study

Dataset S4: Plasmids constructed or used in this study

Dataset S5: Primers used in this study

Dataset S6: Antibodies and compounds used in this study

Supplementary Material S1: R script for the automated cell population quantification from flow cytometry data