

Supplementary Information for Manuscript “Characterisation of a Portuguese origin founder missense variant in *MSH6*”.

This PDF contains all supplementary information to accompany the manuscript as mentioned above. This includes images of IHC staining for the MMR proteins from two probands, a table detailing each family’s cancer history, and a table detailing the interpretation of our variant.

Table S1. Clinicopathological features of *MSH6* c.2061T>G carrier families

Family	Country	Clinical Criteria Fulfilled	N	Relationship to Proband	Sex	<i>MSH6</i> Status	Diagnosis	Age	IHC				
									MLH1	MSH2	MSH6	PMS2	
I	Canada	Bethesda	1	Proband	F	+/-	HL	30s*					
							EC	40s*	retained	retained	absent	retained	
							BIC	50s*					
							RC	50s*	equivocal	weak	weak	absent ^a	
							CRC	50s*		retained			
							LC	60s					
II	Canada	Bethesda	1	Proband	F	+/-	EC ^d	50s*	retained	retained	absent	retained	
							Daughter	F	+/*				
							Brother	M	UNK				
							Brother	M	UNK				
							Brother	M	UNK				
							1 st Cousin (Mat)	F	UNK				
							1 st Cousin (Mat)	M	UNK				
							1 st Cousin (Mat)	F	UNK				
							Uncle (Mat)	M	UNK				
							Aunt (Mat)	F	UNK				
III	Portugal	Amsterdam II	1	Proband	F	+/-	EC ^e	40s*	retained	retained	absent	retained	
							Mother	F	+/*				
							Uncle (Mat)	M	+/*				
							Aunt (Mat)	F	+/*				
IV	Portugal	Bethesda	1	Proband	F	+/-	CRC ^g	80s					
							Mother	F	UNK				
							Sister	F	UNK				
							1 st Cousin (Mat)	F	UNK				
V	Portugal	None	1	Proband	F	+/-	SSL w/D x 1	40s*		retained			
							SSL x 1	40s*					
							TA(LGD) x 9	40s*					
							TvA(LGD) x 1	40s*					
							TA(HGD) x 1	60s*					
VI	Portugal	Amsterdam II	1	Proband	F	+/-	CRC	40s*	retained	retained	N/A	retained	
							Father	M	UNK				
							Daughter	F	+/*	TA(LGD) x 1	20s		
							Son	M	+/*	TA(LGD) x 1	30s		
							Sister	F	+/*				
							Brother	M	UNK				
							Nephew	M	UNK				
							Uncle (Mat)	M	UNK				
							1 st Cousin (Mat)	F	UNK				
VII	Portugal	Amsterdam	1	Proband	M	+/-	CRC	50s					
							Father	M	UNK				
							Mother	F	UNK				
							Sister	F	UNK				
							Sister	F	UNK				
							Uncle (Pat)	M	UNK				
							Aunt (Pat)	F	UNK				
							1 st Cousin (Pat)	M	UNK				
							1 st Cousin (Pat)	F	UNK				
							1 st Cousin Once Removed (Pat)	M	UNK				
							Aunt (Mat)	F	UNK				
							Aunt (Mat)	F	UNK				
							Uncle (Mat)	M	UNK				
							1 st Cousin (Mat)	M	UNK				
							1 st Cousin (Mat)	F	UNK				
VIII	Switzerland	None	1	Proband	M	-/VUS	MB	<10*	Loss of MSH6 in non-neoplastic cells ^f				
							GIC	20s					
							MG						
IX	USA	None	1	Proband	UNK	+/-	CRC	50s					
X	USA	Bethesda	1	Proband	F	+/-	CRC	30s					
							EC	40s					
XI	USA	Bethesda	1	Proband	M	+/-	CRC ^g	60s	retained	retained	absent	retained	
							Father	M	UNK				
XII	USA	Amsterdam II	1	Proband	F	+/-	DCIS ^h	30s					
							Sister	F	+/*				
							Father	M	+/*				
							Mother	F	UNK				
							Aunt (Mat)	F	UNK				
							Grandfather (Pat)	M	UNK				
							Grandmother (Mat)	F	UNK				
							Great aunt (Mat)	F	UNK				
							2nd Cousin (Mat)	M	UNK				
							2nd Cousin (Mat)	F	+/*				
XIII	Portugal	Amsterdam II	1	Proband	M	+/-	CRC	30s*		retained			
							Mother	F	UNK				
							Aunt (Pat)	F	UNK				
							Grandmother (Mat)	F	UNK				
							Great aunt (Mat)	F	UNK				
							1 st Cousin Once Removed (Mat)	M	UNK				
XIV	Portugal	Bethesda	1	Proband	F	+/-	CRC	40s					
							Mother	F	UNK				
							Aunt (Mat)	F	UNK				

Legend
BCC - basal cell carcinoma
BIC - bladder cancer
BrC - breast cancer
CRC - colorectal cancer
DC - duodenal cancer
DCIS - ductal carcinoma in situ
EC - endometrial cancer
GBL - gastric Burkitt lymphoma
GC - gastric cancer
GIC - gastrointestinal cancer (origin unspecified)
GynC - gynecological cancer of unknown origin
HGG - high-grade glioma
HL - Hodgkin's lymphoma
LC - lung cancer
MB - medulloblastoma
MG - meningioma
NHL - non-Hodgkin's lymphoma
OvC - ovarian cancer
RC - renal cancer
SkC - skin cancer
SSL w/D - sessile serrated lesion with dysplasia
SSL - sessile serrated lesion
TA(LGD) - tubular adenoma with low grade dysplasia
ThC - thyroid cancer
TvA(LGD) - tubulovillous adenoma with low grade dysplasia
UC - urothelial cancer
UNK - unknown
^a expression also absent in internal control
^b total abdominal hysterectomy at 53, now 73
^c tumour also microsatellite stable
^d <i>MSH6</i> c.3261del. p.(Phe1088SerfsTer2) in tumour
^e <i>MSH6</i> c.3261del. p.(Phe1088SerfsTer2) in tumour at 31% allele frequency
^f clinical CMMRD carrier of <i>MSH6</i> VUS c.1196C>T (p.Pro399Leu)
^g two primary colorectal cancers
^h multifocal DCIS
* confirmed with medical records

Table S2. Interpretation of *MSH6* c.2061T>G (p.Cys687Trp)

CanVIG-UK Guidelines			
Rule Applied	Strength	Evidence	Points
Population data (PM2)	Moderate	Absent from gnomAD	2
Cosegregation (PP1)	Supporting	<1/8 LR	1
Phenotypic specificity/Case counting (PP4)	Strong	≥3 independent CRC/Endometrial MSI-H tumours in ≥2 families using a standard panel of 5-10 markers and/or loss of MMR protein expression consistent with the variant location (Families I, II, III, VIII, XI)	4
In silico predictions (PP3)	Supporting	Variant is predicted as pathogenic by REVEL (score = 0.825)	1
Enrichment/constraint (PM1)	Supporting	Variant located in established connector domain; changes at amino acid positions 686 and 688 are damaging	1
Total:			9
ACMG Guidelines			
Rule Applied	Strength	Evidence	Points
Phenotypic specificity (PP4)	Strong	≥3 independent CRC/Endometrial MSI-H tumours in ≥2 families using a standard panel of 5-10 markers and/or loss of MMR protein expression consistent with the variant location (Families I, II, III, VIII, XI)	4
Population data (PM2)	Supporting	Absent from gnomAD	1
Alternate Molecular Basis (BP5)	Supporting	MMR protein expression not consistent with variant location (Families I, III, IV, V, VI, XII, XIII)	-1
Total:			4

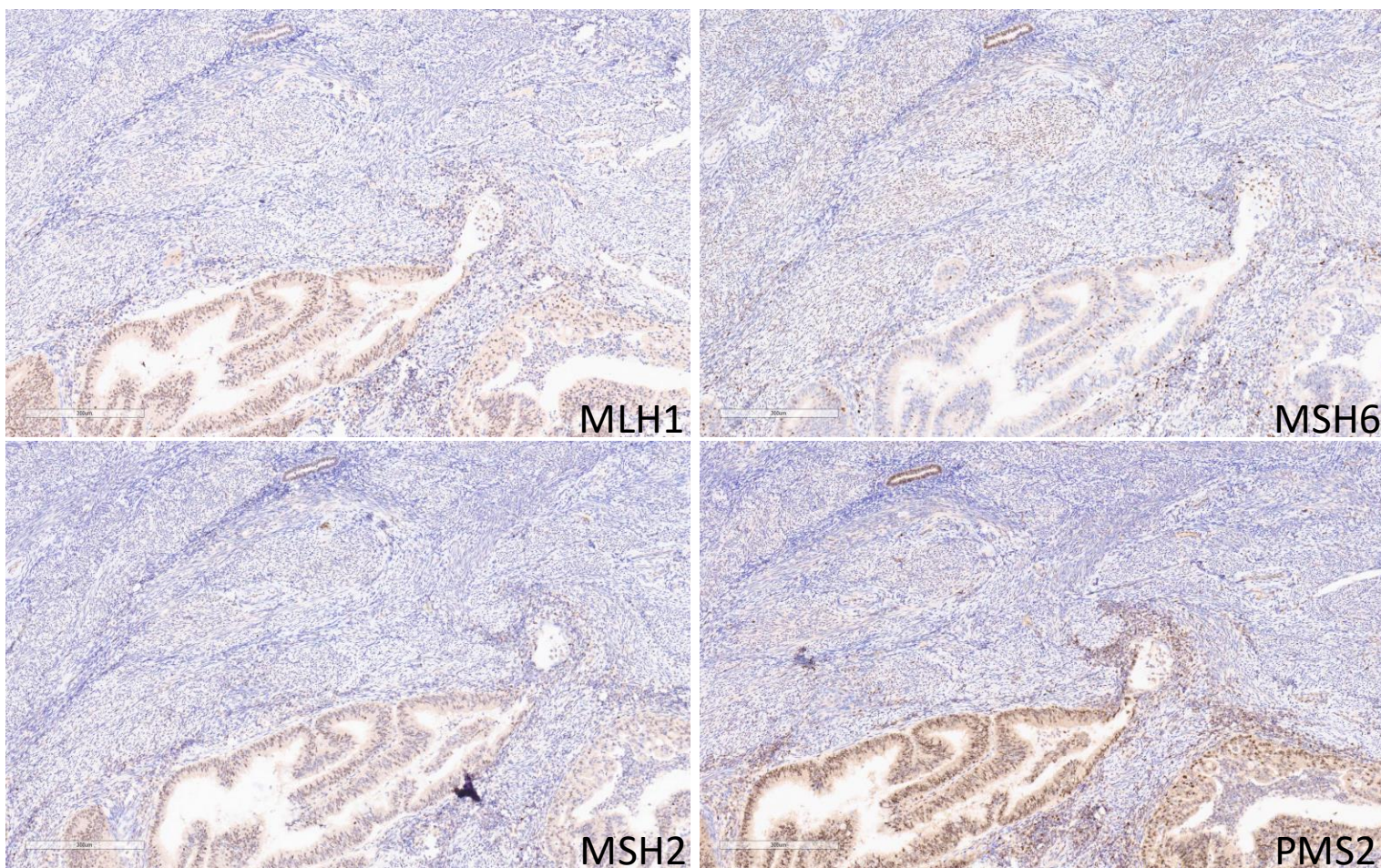


Figure S1. Immunohistochemistry of MMR proteins in endometrial cancer from proband of Family II

Female proband was diagnosed with MSH6-deficient endometrial cancer in her 50s. This individual is known to carry *MSH6* c.2061T>G in the germline. A second variant was identified in the tumor [*MSH6* c.3261del p.(Phe1088SerfsTer2)]. Magnification 100x. IHC performed using ready-to-use anti-bodies for Dako Omnis: anti-MLH1 (clone ES05) antibody, anti-MSH2 (clone FE11) antibody, anti-MSH6 (clone EP49) antibody, and anti-PMS2 (clone EP51) antibody.

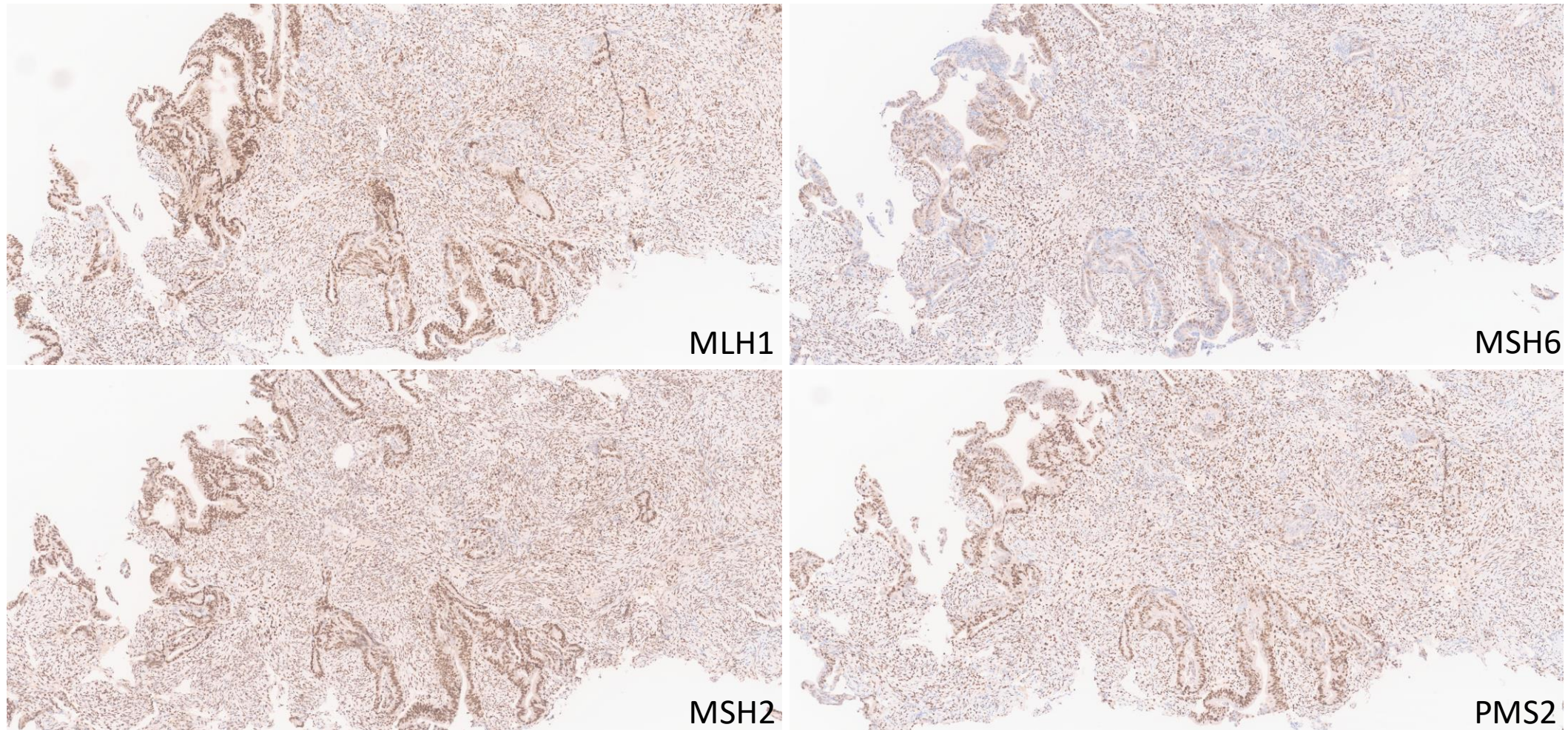


Figure S2. Immunohistochemistry of MMR proteins in colon cancer from proband of Family XIII. Male proband was diagnosed with colon cancer demonstrating partial loss of MSH6 in his 30s. This individual is known to carry *MSH6* c.2061T>G in the germline. Magnification 10x. IHC performed using Leica Biosystems anti-MLH1 (clone ES05) antibody, anti-MSH2 (clone C219-1129) antibody, anti-MSH6 (clone EP49) antibody, and anti-PMS2 (clone EP51) antibody.