

## Community Misinformation Management Fellowship Program Need Assessment Questionnaire

### Section A: Sociodemography of Participants

1. Age of Respondent: 15-20 { } 21-25 { } 26-30 { } 31-35 { } 36-40 { } 41-45 { }  
51 and above { }
2. Gender of Respondent: Male { } Female { }
3. Occupation of Respondent:
  - Civil Servant { }
  - Healthcare workers { }
  - Business entrepreneur { }
  - Religious leaders { }
  - Retired civil servants { }
  - Farmers { }
  - Journalist { }
  - Home maker { }
  - Student { }
  - Furniture maker { }
  - Community member { }
4. Category of Respondents:
  - Primary Health workers { }
  - Health Educator { }
  - Religious Leaders { }
  - Community/traditional leaders { }
  - Patent and Proprietary Medicine Vendors (PPMV) { }
  - Media { }
  - Traditional Medicine Vendors (TMC) { }
  - Ward Health Development Committee (WHDC) { }
  - Community members { }
  - Healthcare practitioners { }
  - Immunization officer { }
  - Security Officer { }
  - Farmers { }
  - Others, please specify .....
5. Location (Local Government Area):
  - Lapai { }
  - Paikoro { }
  - Chachanga { }
  - Wushishi { }

### Section B: Health Misinformation Awareness

6. What platform do you frequently encounter health-related information?
  - Social media { }
  - Websites { }
  - Community gatherings { }
7. How confident are you in identifying accurate health information from misleading or false information?
  - Very confident { }
  - Confident { }

- Neutral { }  
 Not confident { }  
 Not at all confident { }
8. What is the most common platform where health misinformation is often shared in your state/community?  
 Social media { }  
 Website { }  
 Community gatherings { }  
 Others { }

**Section C: Existing health misinformation management strategies**

9. Are you aware of any existing strategies in the state/community to manage health misinformation? Yes { } No { }
10. What are the existing strategies?  
 Emir to educate his subjects and the community { }  
 Health education for religious leaders { }  
 Health education in community gatherings and house-to-house sensitization { }  
 Health education on radio programs { }  
 Health education in social gatherings { }  
 Town announcers { }

**Section D: Assessing education awareness and capacity building needs for community health misinformation management**

11. Is there a lack of awareness of education about health misinformation in the state/community?  
 Yes { } No { }
12. What specific areas do you think community health misinformation management capacity building should focus on?

<b>Specific areas community health misinformation capacity building should focus on</b>	<b>Yes</b>	<b>No</b>
Enhancing skills in identifying reliable health information sources		
Improving abilities to critically evaluate health information online		
Strengthening data collection and analysis techniques		
Developing effective response strategies to address health misinformation		
Fostering collaboration with stakeholders for impactful interventions		