

## **Supplementary Information**

# **Facile Formation of Polymer Supported Lipid Bilayers Using Deacetylated Chitin**

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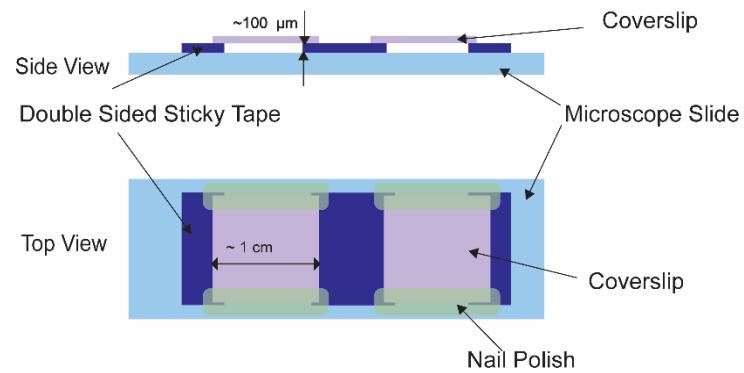
**Figure S1. Overview of flow cell geometry**

**Figure S2. Comparison of raw image data with CLAHE enhanced data**

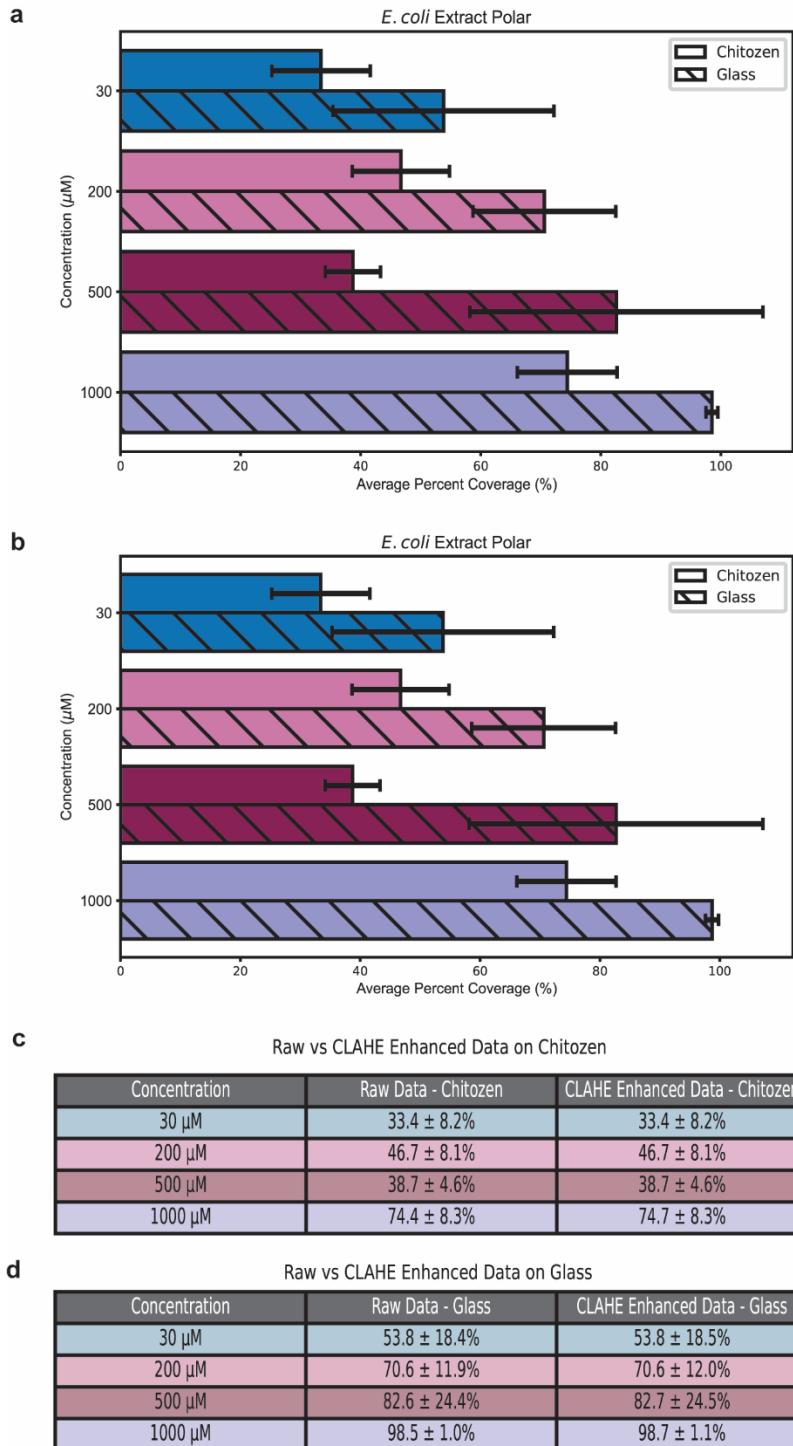
**Figure S3. POPC spreads on Chitozen over a range of lipid concentrations**

**Figure S4. Detergent rinsing and comparison with standard background image**

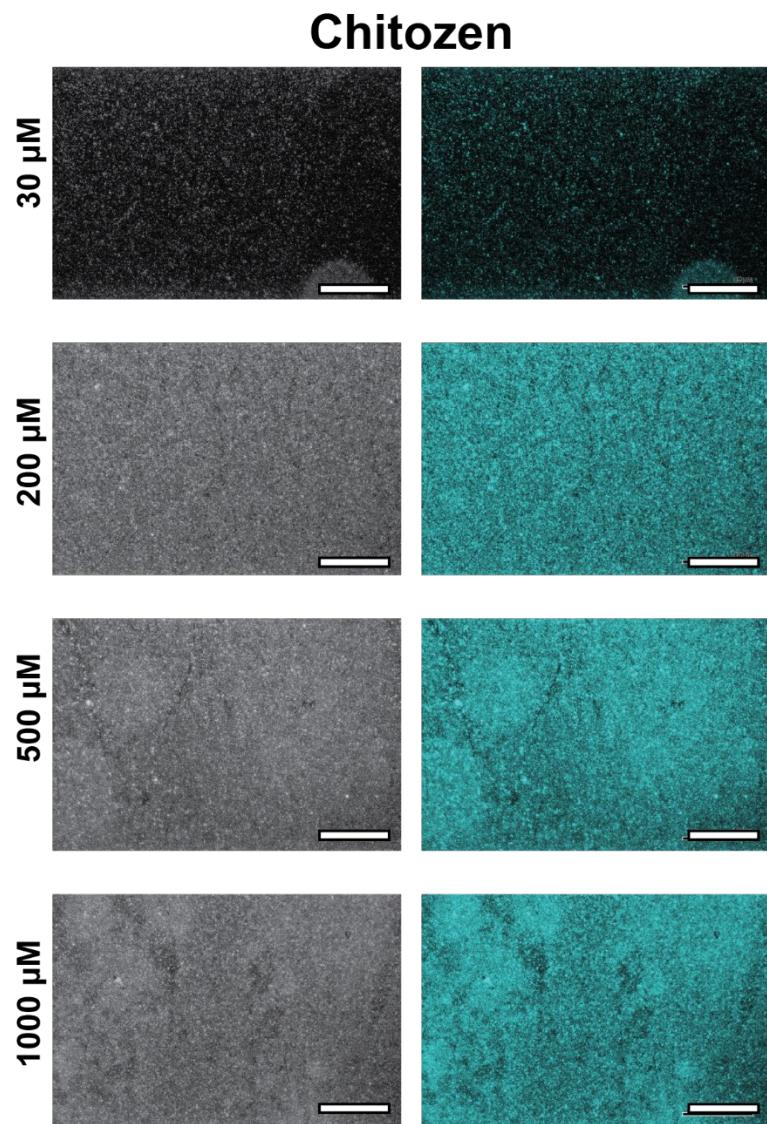
**Figure S5. *E. coli* Extract Polar spreads on glass and Chitozen over a range of concentrations**



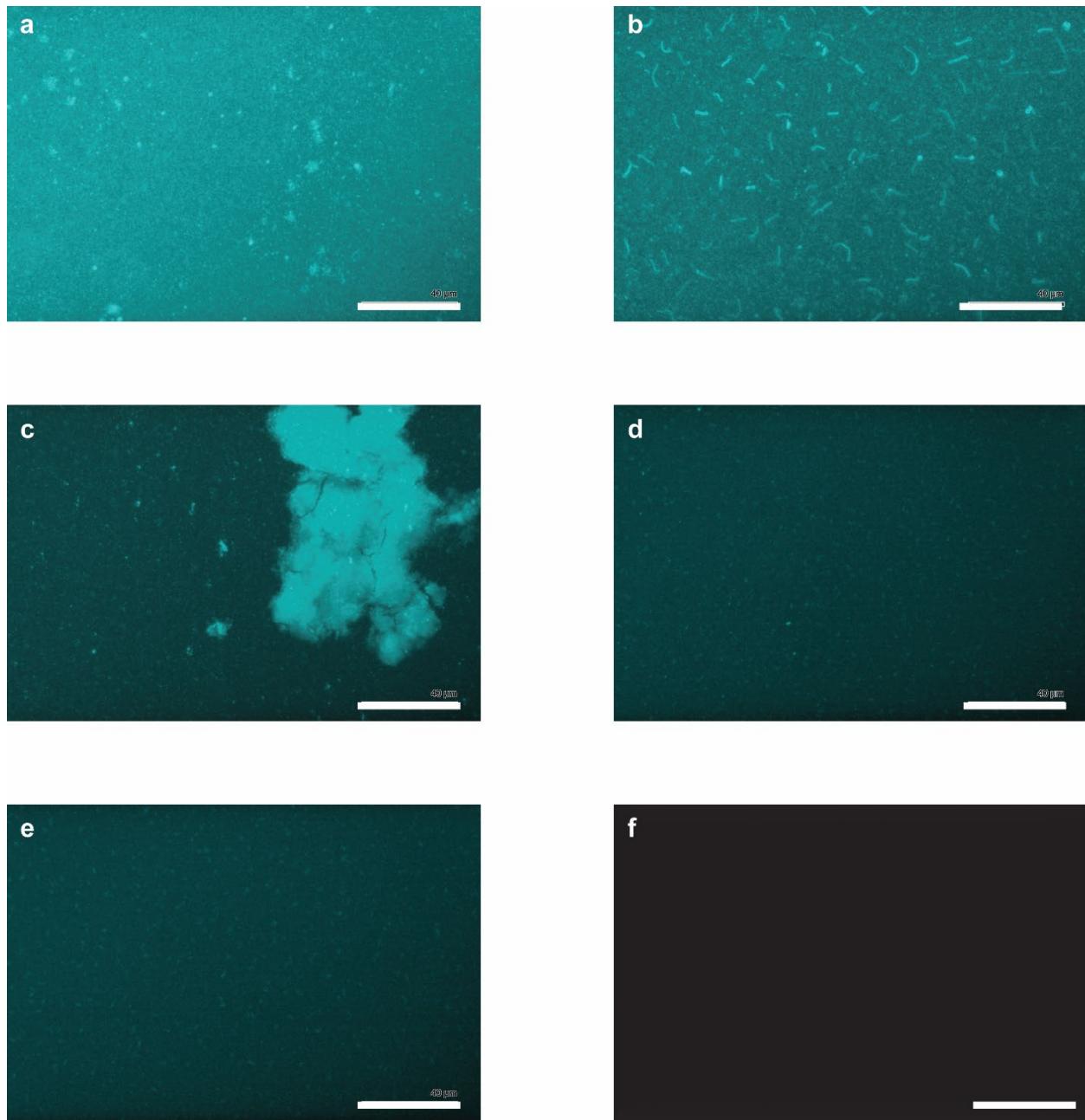
**Figure S1. Overview of flow cell geometry.** Microfluidic flow cell, side and top views. Cells were constructed for each experiment using the procedure described in the Experimental Section.



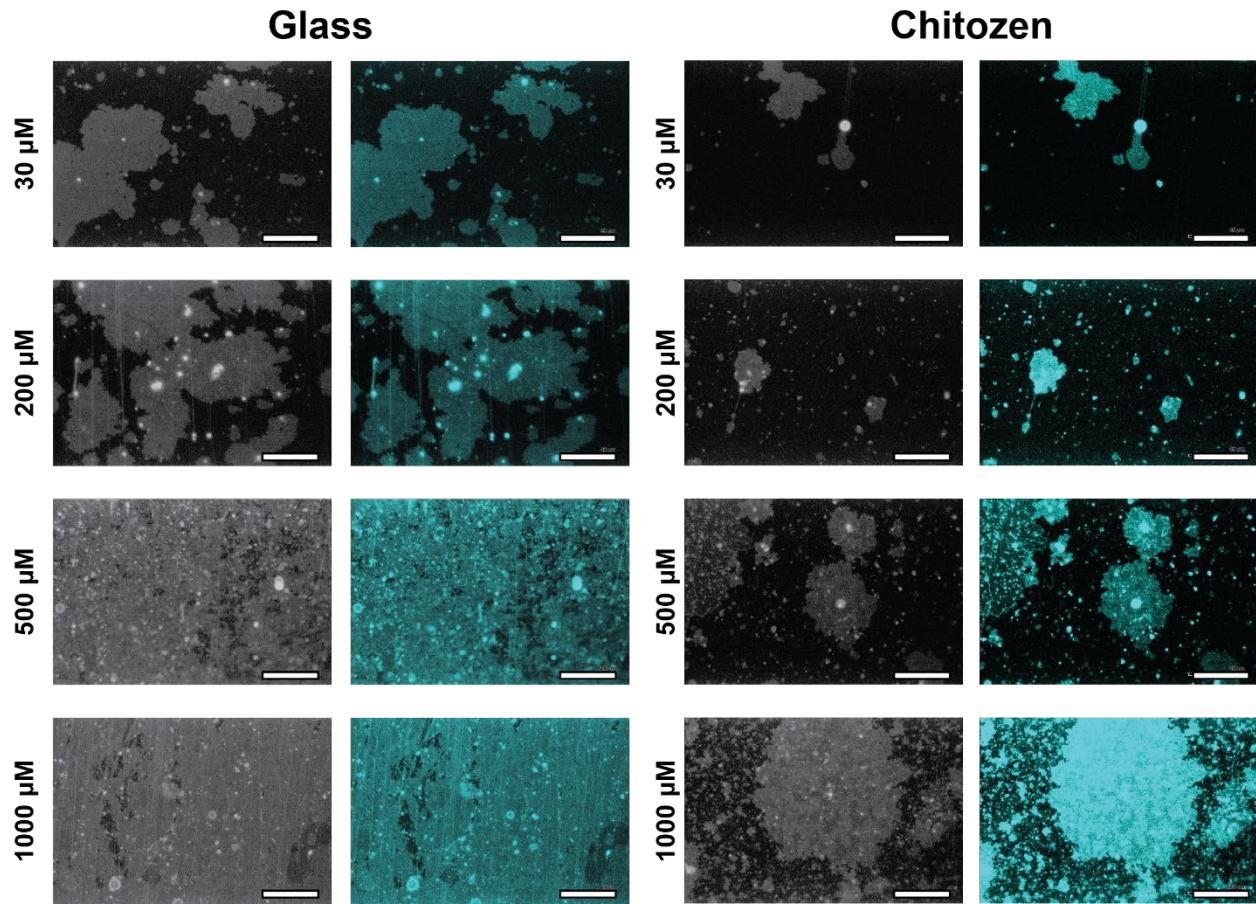
**Figure S2. Comparison of raw image data with CLAHE enhanced data.** (a) Average percent coverage of *E. coli* Extract Polar lipid on Chitozen and Glass as calculated from non-enhanced (raw) data. (b) Analogous analysis for CLAHE-enhanced data. (c & d) Tables comparing average percent coverage of raw and CLAHE-enhanced data for *E. coli* polar lipid on Chitozen and on glass, respectively.



**Figure S3. POPC spreads on Chitozen over a range of lipid concentrations.** POPC coverage on Chitozen over a range of concentrations. Lefthand column is the raw greyscale data. Righthand column is the same data with a cyan overlay. All scalebars represent 40  $\mu\text{m}$ . Percent coverages for each concentration are as follows: 30  $\mu\text{M}$ : 57%, 200  $\mu\text{M}$ : 99.7%, 500  $\mu\text{M}$ : 99.6%, 1000  $\mu\text{M}$ : 99.7%.



**Figure S4. Detergent rinsing study and comparison with standard background image.** (a) Image of POPC on glass at 1 mM after rinsing 5-6x with imaging buffer. (b) The same sample after rinsing 1 time, (c) 3 times, (d) 7 times, and (e) 9 times with 20 mM octyl-glucoside. (f) A standard background image collected in the absence of lipid is shown. Scale bars are 40  $\mu$ m.



**Figure S5. *E. coli* Extract Polar lipid spreads on glass and Chitozen over a range of concentrations.** Representative images showing *E. coli* Extract Polar on glass (left) and Chitozen (right). The lefthand column for both substrates is the raw data, the righthand column is the cyan overlay. All scalebars represent 40  $\mu$ m. Percent coverages on glass for each concentration are as follows: 30  $\mu$ M: 65%, 200  $\mu$ M: 72%, 500  $\mu$ M: 97.6%, 1000  $\mu$ M: 98.8%. Percent coverages on Chitozen for each concentration are: 30  $\mu$ M: 28%, 200  $\mu$ M: 42%, 500  $\mu$ M: 46%, 1000  $\mu$ M: 81%.