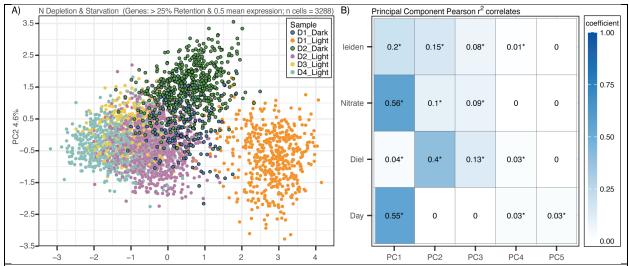
Supplementary Table 1. Summary of Leiden cluster composition per sample

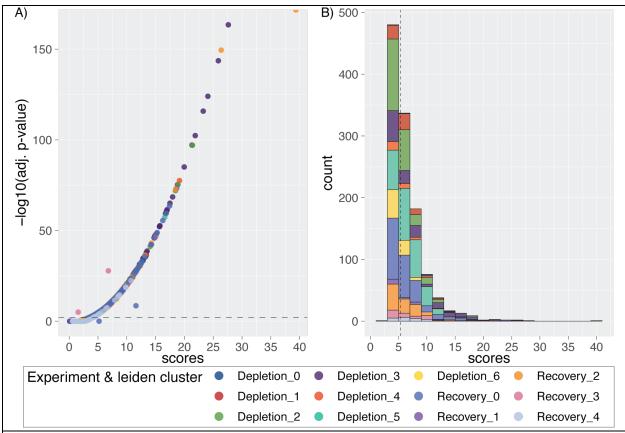
N- condition	Samples	Total cells (n = 7303) per sample	Leiden Cluster	n cells per cluster	(%) cells per cluster
Depletion			Nitrogen Assimilation	7	4.35
	D1 D1-	161	Nitrogen Starvation	3	1.86
	D1_Dark	161	Protein Synthesis (aqua blue)	147	91.30
			Protein Synthesis (dark blue)	4	2.48
	D1_Light		Multifunctional State	26	5.36
		405	C & N Redistribution	1	0.21
		485	Photosynthesis	456	94.02
			Protein Synthesis (dark blue)	2	0.41
	D2_Dark	527	Multifunctional State	75	14.23
			C & N Redistribution	8	1.52
			Nitrogen Assimilation	347	65.84
			Nitrogen Starvation	4	0.76
			Photosynthesis	1	0.19
			Protein Synthesis (aqua blue)	54	10.25
			Protein Synthesis (dark blue)	38	7.21
	D2_Light	1260	Multifunctional State	11	0.87
			C & N Redistribution	532	42.22
			Nitrogen Assimilation	11	0.87
			Nitrogen Starvation	25	1.98
			Protein Synthesis (aqua blue)	3	0.24
			Protein Synthesis (dark blue)	678	53.81
	D3_Light		Multifunctional State	6	2.17
Starvation		276	C & N Redistribution	95	34.42
			Nitrogen Assimilation	11	3.99
			Nitrogen Starvation	6	2.17
			Protein Synthesis (aqua blue)	1	0.36
			Protein Synthesis (dark blue)	157	56.88
	D4_Light	579	Multifunctional State	7	1.21
			C & N Redistribution	14	2.42
			Nitrogen Assimilation	2	0.35
			Nitrogen Starvation	501	86.53
			Protein Synthesis (dark blue)	55	9.50
			Nitrogen Starvation	25	83.33
	D5_Dark	30	Photosynthesis & Nitrogen Assimilation (blue)	1	3.33
			Photosynthesis & Nitrogen Assimilation (purple)	2	6.67
			Protein Turnover Inhibition	2	6.67
Recovery	H02	540	Nitrogen Starvation	503	93.15
			Photosynthesis & Nitrogen Assimilation (blue)	2	0.37
			Photosynthesis & Nitrogen Assimilation (out)	8	1.48
			Protein Turnover Inhibition	27	5.00
	H06	554	Nitrogen Starvation	526	94.95
			-		
			Photosynthesis & Nitrogen Assimilation (blue)	3 12	0.54
			Photosynthesis & Nitrogen Assimilation (purple)		2.17 1.99
			Protein Turnover Inhibition	11	
			Silicon Import	2 72	0.36
	H12	2891	Nitrogen Starvation	72	2.49
			Photosynthesis & Nitrogen Assimilation (blue)	1257	43.48
			Photosynthesis & Nitrogen Assimilation (purple)	1214	41.99
			Protein Turnover Inhibition	214	7.40
			Silicon Import	134	4.64

Supplementary Table 2. Summary of total cells in each Leiden cluster

N-condition	Sample	Leiden Cluster	n cells per sample	Total cells (n = 7303) per cluster	
Depletion	D1_Light		1		
Depletion	D2 Dark		8		
Starvation	D2_Light	C & N Redistribution	532	650	
Starvation	D3_Light		95		
Starvation	D4_Light		14		
Depletion	D1_Light		26		
Depletion	D2 Dark	Multifunctional State	75		
Starvation	D2_Light		11	125	
Starvation	D3_Light		6		
Starvation	D4_Light		7		
Depletion	D1 Dark		7		
Depletion	D2 Dark		347	378	
Starvation	D2_Light	Nitrogen Assimilation	11		
Starvation	D3_Light	6	11		
Starvation	D4_Light		2		
Depletion	D1_Dark		3		
Depletion	D2 Dark		4		
Starvation	D2_Light	Nitrogen Starvation	25	539	
Starvation	D3_Light		6	337	
Starvation	D4 Light		501		
Starvation	D4_Light D5_Dark		25		
Recovery	H02	Nitrogen Starvation	503		
Recovery	H06		526	1126	
Recovery	H12		72		
Depletion	D1_Light		456		
Depletion	D1_Light D2 Dark	Photosynthesis	1	457	
Starvation	D5 Dark		1		
	H02		2	1263	
Recovery Recovery	H06	Photosynthesis & Nitrogen Assimilation (blue)	3		
	H12		1257		
Recovery Starvation	D5 Dark		2		
Recovery	H02 H06	Photosynthesis & Nitrogen Assimilation (purple)	8 12	1236	
Recovery	H12		1214		
Recovery			147		
Depletion	D1_Dark			l	
Depletion Starvation	D2_Dark	Protein Synthesis (aqua blue)	3	205	
Starvation	D2_Light				
	D3_Light		1		
Depletion Depletion	D1_Dark		2		
•	D1_Light				
Depletion	D2_Dark	Protein Synthesis (dark blue)	38	934	
Starvation	D2_Light		678		
Starvation	D3_Light		157		
Starvation	D4_Light		55		
Starvation	D5_Dark		2		
Recovery	H02	Protein Turnover Inhibition	27	254	
Recovery	H06		11	-	
Recovery	H12		214		
Recovery	H06	Silicon Import	2	136	
Recovery	H12	1	134		



Supplementary Figure 1. Correlation of principal components with environmental factors. A) PCA of 53 genes that were consistently observed across >25% of 3,288 cells across the N-depletion and N-starvation phases (same as Fig 4A). B) Pearson correlation between principal components and shared factors.



Supplementary Figure 2. Distribution of Wilcoxon rank-sum statistical scores and adjusted p-values. A) Each gene in a cluster was statistically scored to determine the most relevant marker genes. A threshold of less than or equal to 0.01 for the adjusted p-value (horizontal dashed line) and a score greater than the median score of all genes in all clusters B) The distribution (bin width of 2) of scores per leiden cluster (vertical dashed line: Median = 5.18).

Supplementary Data File 1. [Functional_Enriched_Genes_Ranked.csv] Significantly differentially expressed genes (i.e., adjusted p-value less than or equal to 0.01 and a score greater than the median score of all genes in all clusters) ranked per cluster that had a significant enrichment for a pathway or process sourced from Gene Ontology (MF, BP, and CC) and/or KEGG. Genes that did not have a functional enrichment were also added if their cluster rank was less than 20 to allow for manual curation and annotation.

- **gene_symbol**: refers to the transcript id or gene symbol for a particular gene.
- scores: Wilcoxon rank-sum statistical score per cluster. Some genes appear in multiple clusters.
- **pval_adj**: adjusted p-value from the Wilcoxon rank-sum statistical score (correction method: Benjamini-Hochberg).
- **Cluster_Rank**: The ranking of each marker gene in a cluster (e.g., 1 = highest score).
- **Experiment_leiden_cluster**: Numerical designation for the cluster in each experiment (7 clusters for depletion, 5 clusters for recovery).
- **Exp_Cluster_ngenes**: Number of significantly differentially expressed genes per cluster that was searched for functional enrichment using gProfiler2.
- source: Databases for which functional enrichment's were sourced Gene Ontology¹ (MF, BP, and CC) and KEGG².
- **p_value**: the p-value refers to statistically significant result, which indicates the likelihood that the observed overlap between a list of genes and an enriched pathway, processes, or biological function is a true biological relationship³
- **term name**: the given name referenced from the source database
- **Leiden_Cluster_Name**: The name given to a leiden cluster, based on gene annotations, supporting biological information, and functional enrichment analysis.

References

- 1 Ashburner, M. *et al.* Gene ontology: tool for the unification of biology. The Gene Ontology Consortium. *Nat Genet* **25**, 25-29 (2000). https://doi.org:10.1038/75556
- 2 Kanehisa, M., Sato, Y., Furumichi, M., Morishima, K. & Tanabe, M. New approach for understanding genome variations in KEGG. *Nucleic Acids Res* **47**, D590-d595 (2019). https://doi.org:10.1093/nar/gky962
- 3 Kolberg L *et al.* "gprofiler2– an R package for gene list functional enrichment analysis and namespace conversion toolset g:Profiler.". *F1000Research*, 9 (ELIXIR)(709). R package version 0.2.3. 9 (ELIXIR)(709). R package version 0.2.3. (2020).

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