

## Reporting Summary

Nature Portfolio wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Portfolio policies, see our [Editorial Policies](#) and the [Editorial Policy Checklist](#).

### Statistics

For all statistical analyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.

n/a Confirmed

- The exact sample size ( $n$ ) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement
- A statement on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly
- The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided  
*Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.*
- A description of all covariates tested
- A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons
- A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)
- For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g.  $F$ ,  $t$ ,  $r$ ) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and  $P$  value noted  
*Give  $P$  values as exact values whenever suitable.*
- For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings
- For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes
- Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's  $d$ , Pearson's  $r$ ), indicating how they were calculated

*Our web collection on [statistics for biologists](#) contains articles on many of the points above.*

### Software and code

Policy information about [availability of computer code](#)

Data collection	Plate reader Flex station III, SoftMax Pro 7 Data Acquisition and Analysis Software Zeiss Axio Imager 2, Zeiss ZEN imaging (2020) Leica SP8 confocal microscope LAS X imaging software ChemiDoc Imaging System, Bio-Rad Dynamic light scattering Zetasizer Nano ZS ZEN3600 particle size analyser TEM imaging Tecnai F20 transmission electron microscope
Data analysis	ImageJ 1.32J software NIH <a href="https://imagej.nih.gov/">https://imagej.nih.gov/</a> G*Power (v3.1) <a href="https://www.psychologie.hhu.de/arbeitsteilung/allgemeine-psychologie-und-arbeitspsychologie/gpower.html">https://www.psychologie.hhu.de/arbeitsteilung/allgemeine-psychologie-und-arbeitspsychologie/gpower.html</a> Research Randomizer <a href="https://www.randomizer.org/">https://www.randomizer.org/</a> GraphPad Prism 8, Software Inc. <a href="https://www.graphpad.com/scientific-software/prism/">https://www.graphpad.com/scientific-software/prism/</a> Plate reader Flex station III, SoftMax Pro 7 Data Acquisition and Analysis Software Rotor-Gene ® Q - Software Version 2.3.1.49 ChemiDoc Imaging System, Bio-Rad

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors and reviewers. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Portfolio [guidelines for submitting code & software](#) for further information.

## Data

Policy information about [availability of data](#)

All manuscripts must include a [data availability statement](#). This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A description of any restrictions on data availability
- For clinical datasets or third party data, please ensure that the statement adheres to our [policy](#)

Data from this study as well as material from custom products are available from the corresponding author upon request.

## Field-specific reporting

Please select the one below that is the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.

Life sciences  Behavioural & social sciences  Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences

For a reference copy of the document with all sections, see [nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf](https://nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf)

## Life sciences study design

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.

Sample size	The group size of $n = 8$ animals for behavioral experiments was determined by sample size estimation using G*Power (v3.1) to detect size effect in a post-hoc test with type 1 and 2 error rates of 5 and 20%, respectively.
Data exclusions	No animals were excluded from experiments
Replication	Experimental findings were reliably reproduced among all experiments. The detailed information is reported throughout the figure legends.
Randomization	Mice were allocated to vehicle or treatment groups using a randomization procedure ( <a href="http://www.randomizer.org/">http://www.randomizer.org/</a> ). Random allocation was maintained throughout the study.
Blinding	Investigators were blinded to the identities (genetic background) and treatments, which were revealed only after data collection.

## Reporting for specific materials, systems and methods

We require information from authors about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material, system or method listed is relevant to your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.

### Materials & experimental systems

n/a	Involved in the study
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Antibodies
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Eukaryotic cell lines
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> Palaeontology and archaeology
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Animals and other organisms
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> Human research participants
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> Clinical data
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> Dual use research of concern

### Methods

n/a	Involved in the study
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> ChIP-seq
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> Flow cytometry
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> MRI-based neuroimaging

## Antibodies

### Antibodies used

1. Rabbit monoclonal anti-RAMP1 Abcam Cat#ab156575
2. Rabbit polyclonal anti-S100 Abcam Cat#ab34686
3. Rabbit polyclonal anti-CRLR Novus Biological Cat#NBP1-59073
4. Mouse monoclonal anti- $\beta$ -actin Abcam Cat#ab6276
5. Goat anti-mouse IgG conjugated with horseradish peroxidase (HRP) Bethyl Laboratories Inc Cat#A90-516P
6. Donkey anti-rabbit IgG conjugated with horseradish peroxidase (HRP) Bethyl Laboratories Inc Cat#A120-208P
7. Rabbit polyclonal anti-eNOSpS1177
8. Rabbit polyclonal anti-TRPA1 Abcam Cat#ab58844
9. Mouse monoclonal anti-S100 Abcam Cat#ab14849
10. Rabbit polyclonal anti-CRLR Novus Biologicals Cat#NLS6731

11. Rabbit polyclonal anti-RAMP1 Abcam Cat#ab241335
12. Polyclonal secondary antibodies Alexa Fluor 488 Thermo Fisher Scientific Cat#A32731
13. Polyclonal secondary antibodies Alexa Fluor 555 Thermo Fisher Scientific Cat#A32727

## Validation

1. Rabbit monoclonal anti-RAMP1 Abcam Cat#ab156575 (doi: 10.1210/jendso/bvaa199)
2. Rabbit polyclonal anti-S100 Abcam Cat#ab34686 (doi: 10.18632/oncotarget.9618)
3. Rabbit polyclonal anti-CRLR Novus Biological Cat#NBP1-59073 ([https://www.novusbio.com/products/crlr-antibody\\_nbp1-59073](https://www.novusbio.com/products/crlr-antibody_nbp1-59073))
4. Mouse monoclonal anti-β-actin Abcam Cat#ab6276 (doi: 10.1186/s13578-020-00422-2)
5. Goat anti-mouse IgG conjugated with horseradish peroxidase (HRP) Bethyl Laboratories Inc Cat#A90-516P (doi: 10.1038/s41467-020-20826-5)
6. Donkey anti-rabbit IgG conjugated with horseradish peroxidase (HRP) Bethyl Laboratories Inc Cat#A120-208P (doi: 10.1007/s00280-014-2386-z)
7. Rabbit polyclonal anti-eNOSpS1177 Abcam Cat#ab184154 (doi: 10.1002/jcp.28969)
8. Rabbit polyclonal anti-TRPA1 Abcam Cat#ab58844 (doi: 10.1172/JCI128022; doi: 10.1113/jphysiol.2011.206789; doi: 10.1038/s41598-019-55133-7)
9. Mouse monoclonal anti-S100 Abcam Cat#ab14849 (doi: 10.1111/cpr.12756)
10. Rabbit polyclonal anti-CRLR Novus Biologicals Cat#NLS6731 ([https://www.novusbio.com/products/crlr-antibody\\_nls6731](https://www.novusbio.com/products/crlr-antibody_nls6731))
11. Rabbit polyclonal anti-RAMP1 Abcam Cat#ab241335 (<https://www.abcam.com/alexa-fluor-594-ramp1-antibody-ab241335.html>)
12. Polyclonal secondary antibodies Alexa Fluor 488 Thermo Fisher Scientific Cat#A32731 (doi: 10.1016/j.celrep.2018.11.090)
13. Polyclonal secondary antibodies Alexa Fluor 555 Thermo Fisher Scientific Cat#A32727 (doi: 10.1186/s40478-018-0528-y)

## Eukaryotic cell lines

Policy information about [cell lines](#)

## Cell line source(s)

Human Schwann cells ScienCell Research Laboratories Cat#1700  
 Mouse Schwann cell line (IMS32) Cosmo Bio Cat#PMC-SWN-IMS32-COS  
 HEK293T American Type Culture Collection (ATCC) Cat#ATCC™-CRL-3216™

## Authentication

All cells were used when received without further authentication.

## Mycoplasma contamination

Cell Lines were negative to mycoplasma contamination.

Commonly misidentified lines  
(See [ICLAC](#) register)

No commonly misidentified cell lines were used.

## Animals and other organisms

Policy information about [studies involving animals](#); [ARRIVE guidelines](#) recommended for reporting animal research

## Laboratory animals

C57BL/6J (Charles River, RRID:IMSR\_JAX:000664) mice (male 25-30 g, 5-8 weeks)  
 TRPA1-deficient (Trpa1-/-; B6129P-Trpa1tm1Kykw/J; RRID:IMSR\_JAX:006401, Jackson Laboratory) mice (male 25-30 g, 5-8 weeks)  
 TRPV1-deficient (Trpv1-/-; B6129X1-Trpv1tm1Jul/J, RRID:IMSR\_JAX:003770, Jackson Laboratory) mice (male 25-30 g, 5-8 weeks)  
 129S-Trpa1tm2Kykw/J (floxed TRPA1, Trpa1fl/fl, RRID:IMSR\_JAX:008649 Jackson Laboratory) mice (male 25-30 g, 5-8 weeks)  
 C57BL/6N-Ramp1<tm1c(EUCOMM)Wtsi>H (floxed Ramp1, Ramp1fl/fl Stock No: EM:07401, MRC HARWELL Mary Lion Center) mice (male 25-30 g, 5-8 weeks)  
 B6.Cg-Tg(Plp1-CreERT)3Pop/J mice (Plp1-CreERT, RRID:IMSR\_JAX:005975 Jackson Laboratory) mice (male 25-30 g, 5-8 weeks)  
 Advillin-Cre mice (Adv-Cre) mice (male 25-30 g, 5-8 weeks) donated by Prof Al Basbaum University of California, US

## Wild animals

N/A

## Field-collected samples

Mice were housed in a temperature- and humidity-controlled vivarium (12 hr dark/light cycle, free access to food and water, 5 animals per cage). At least 1 hr before behavioral experiments, mice were acclimatized to the experimental room and behavior was evaluated between 9:00 am and 5:00 pm. All the procedures were conducted following the current guidelines for laboratory animal care and the ethical guidelines for investigations of experimental pain in conscious animals set by the International Association for the Study of Pain (Zimmermann 1983, Pain 16, 109-110).

## Ethics oversight

All behavioral experiments were in accordance with European Union (EU) guidelines for animal care procedures and the Italian legislation (DLgs 26/2014) application of the EU Directive 2010/63/EU.  
 Study was approved by the Italian Ministry of Health (research permits #383/2019-PR and #765/2019-PR).

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.