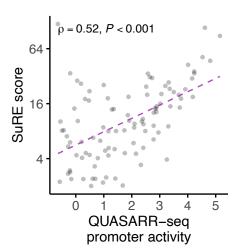
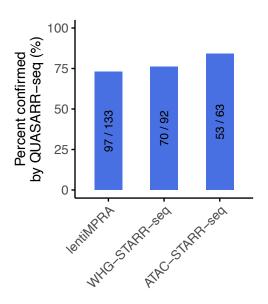


Supplementary Fig. 1: QUASARR-seq promoter activity comparisons with PRO-seq signal. a-c, Correlation between QUASARR-seq promoter activity, with elements in forward and reverse orientation treated as separate, and downstream (for forward) and upstream (for reverse) PRO-seq signal 100 (a), 250 (b), or 500 (c) bp from element. d-f, Correlation between QUASARR-seq promoter activity, using the mean of elements in forward and reverse orientation, and the mean of downstream and upstream PRO-seq signal 100 (d), 250 (e), or 500 (f) bp from element. g-i, Correlation between QUASARR-seq promoter activity, with elements in forward and reverse orientation treated as separate, and PRO-seq signal within the element and a 100 (g), 250 (h), or 500 (i) bp extension downstream (for forward) and upstream (for reverse) from element. j-l, Correlation between QUASARR-seq promoter activity, using the mean of elements in forward and reverse orientation, and PRO-seq signal within the element and the mean of downstream and upstream of 100 (j), 250 (k), or 500 (l) bp extensions from element. Spearman's rank correlation coefficient.



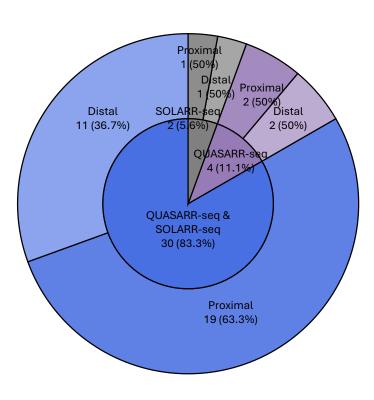
b.



Supplementary Fig. 2: QUASARR-seq activity benchmarking with orthogonal assays. a, Correlation between QUASARR-seq promoter activity and Survey of Regulatory Elements (SuRE) score (Spearman's  $\rho = 0.52$ , P-value < 0.001). b, Percent confirmed of lentiMPRA, WHG-STARR-seq, and ATAC-STARR-seq active enhancers by QUASARR-seq. Calculated based on

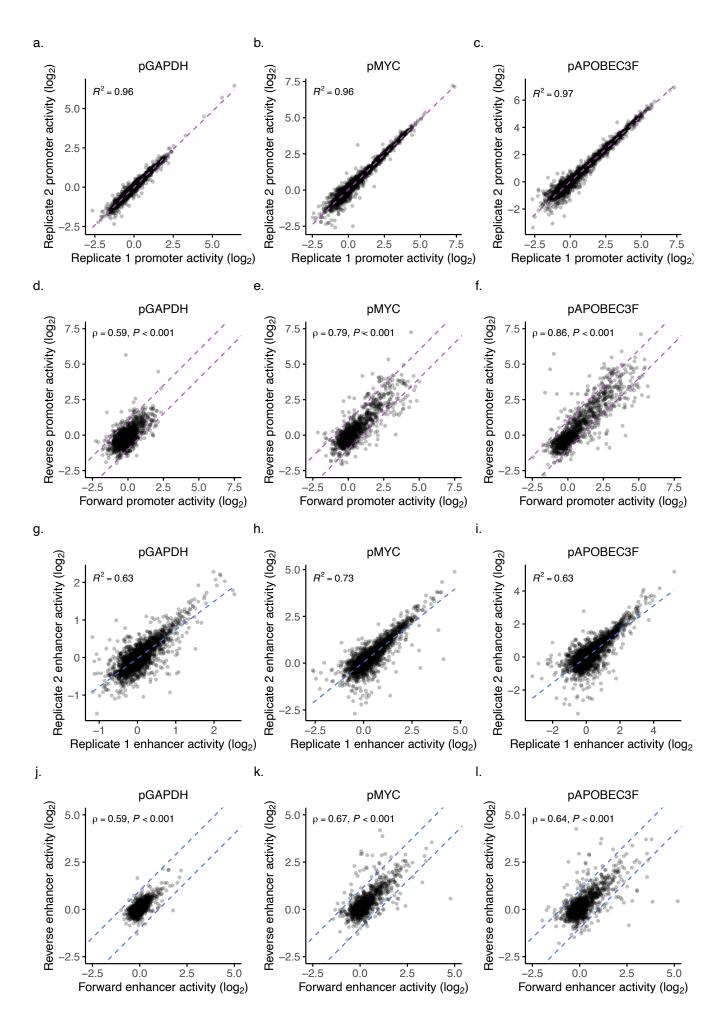
50% reciprocal overlap between elements across assays.

15



Supplementary Fig. 3: Downstream sequence features do not establish element type. a, Active enhancer calls by QUASARR-seq and SOLARR-seq parsed by GENCODE class.

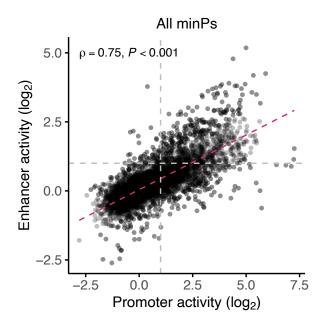
20



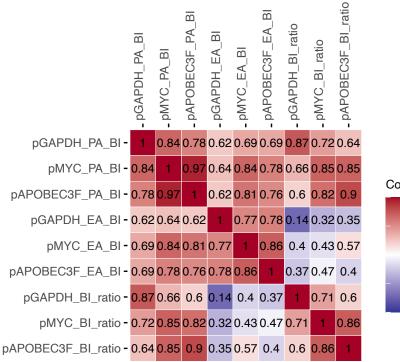
## Supplementary Fig. 4: minP QUASARR-seq data quality metrics.

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**a-c**, Correlation of QUASARR-seq promoter activity measurements between replicates when paired with pGAPDH (a), pMYC (b), and pAPOBEC3F (c). **d-f**, Correlation of QUASARR-seq promoter activity measurements between elements cloned in forward and reverse orientations when paired with pGAPDH (d), pMYC (e), and pAPOBEC3F (f). **g-i**, Correlation of QUASARR-seq enhancer activity measurements between replicates when paired with pGAPDH (g), pMYC (h), and pAPOBEC3F (i). **j-l**, Correlation of QUASARR-seq enhancer activity measurements between elements cloned in forward and reverse orientations when paired with pGAPDH (j), pMYC (k), and pAPOBEC3F (l).



b.





Supplementary Fig. 5: Comparisons of the different minP QUASARR-seq datasets.
a, Correlation between element promoter and enhancer activities when paired with all minPs
(Spearman's ρ = 0.75, P-value < 0.001).</li>
b, Heatmap showing correlation between promoter activity (PA), enhancer activity (EA), and boost index (BI) ratio of elements when paired with the minPs pGAPDH, pMYC, and pAPOBEC3F.