nature portfolio

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Reporting Summary

Nature Portfolio wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Portfolio policies, see our Editorial Policies and the Editorial Policy Checklist.

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For	I statistical analyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.
n/a	Confirmed
	\boxtimes The exact sample size (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement
	🛮 A statement on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly
	The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.
	A description of all covariates tested
	🔀 A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons
	A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)
	For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. <i>F</i> , <i>t</i> , <i>r</i>) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and <i>P</i> value noted Give P values as exact values whenever suitable.
	For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings
	For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes
	\boxtimes Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's d , Pearson's r), indicating how they were calculated
	Our web collection on statistics for biologists contains articles on many of the points above.

Software and code

Policy information about availability of computer code

Data collection

scRNA-seq FASTQ reads were aligned to the GRCm38 (mm10) reference genome and cellranger count (version 6.1.2) was used to perform alignment, filtering, barcode counting, and UMI (Unique Molecular Identifier) counting. Seurat (version 4.2.1) was used for downstream analysis. All sample data are combined into a merged Seurat object. Normalize Data was used for normalization and set normalization method as 'CLR' (centered log ratio transformation). The cell cycle phase score was calculated by CellCycleScoring. FindVariableFeatures was used to calculate a subset of features that exihibit high cell-to-cell variation in the dataset

Data analysis

RunPCA was used for principal component analysis (PCA) dimensionality reduction. RunUMAP was used for dimensional reduction and visualization via uniform manifold approximation and projection (UMAP). FindNeighbours was used to compute the nearest neighbors for the object. FindClusters was used to identify clusters of cells by a shared nearest neighbors modularity optimization based on original Louvain clustering algorithms.

All analyses were carried out using GraphPad Prism 9 software by unpaired, two-tailed Welch's t-test (2 groups), ordinary 1-way ANOVA with Turkey ad hoc test (more than two groups), or by two-way ANOVA with Turkey ad hoc test for multiple comparisons, unless noted differently

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors and reviewers. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Portfolio guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.

Data

Policy information about availability of data

All manuscripts must include a data availability statement. This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A description of any restrictions on data availability
- For clinical datasets or third party data, please ensure that the statement adheres to our policy

All raw sequenced data are publicly available at Gene Expression Omnibus under accession number GSE289547. Secure token for data access during manuscript peer-review is afifgeyyvbwbrub.

Research involving human participants, their data, or biological material

Policy information about studies with <u>human participants or human data</u>. See also policy information about <u>sex, gender (identity/presentation)</u>, <u>and sexual orientation</u> and <u>race, ethnicity and racism</u>.

Reporting on sex and gender

Use the terms sex (biological attribute) and gender (shaped by social and cultural circumstances) carefully in order to avoid confusing both terms. Indicate if findings apply to only one sex or gender; describe whether sex and gender were considered in study design; whether sex and/or gender was determined based on self-reporting or assigned and methods used. Provide in the source data disaggregated sex and gender data, where this information has been collected, and if consent has been obtained for sharing of individual-level data; provide overall numbers in this Reporting Summary. Please state if this information has not been collected.

Report sex- and gender-based analyses where performed, justify reasons for lack of sex- and gender-based analysis.

Reporting on race, ethnicity, or other socially relevant groupings

Please specify the socially constructed or socially relevant categorization variable(s) used in your manuscript and explain why they were used. Please note that such variables should not be used as proxies for other socially constructed/relevant variables (for example, race or ethnicity should not be used as a proxy for socioeconomic status).

Provide clear definitions of the relevant terms used, how they were provided (by the participants/respondents, the researchers, or third parties), and the method(s) used to classify people into the different categories (e.g. self-report, census or administrative data, social media data, etc.)

Please provide details about how you controlled for confounding variables in your analyses.

Population characteristics

Describe the covariate-relevant population characteristics of the human research participants (e.g. age, genotypic information, past and current diagnosis and treatment categories). If you filled out the behavioural & social sciences study design questions and have nothing to add here, write "See above."

Recruitment

Describe how participants were recruited. Outline any potential self-selection bias or other biases that may be present and how these are likely to impact results.

Ethics oversight

Identify the organization(s) that approved the study protocol.

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

Field-specific reporting

Please select the one below	w that is the best fit for your research	. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.
Life sciences	Behavioural & social sciences	Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences

For a reference copy of the document with all sections, see $\underline{\mathsf{nature}.\mathsf{com}/\mathsf{documents}/\mathsf{nr-reporting}-\mathsf{summary-flat}.\mathsf{pdf}}$

Life sciences study design

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.

Sample size

For gene therapy outcome assesement, each group starts with no fewer than 10 mice, giving us a minimal biological replication size of 10. Based on our preliminary and published data, this will provide sufficient power to measure biologically significant effects.

For Immunohistochemistry, RT-PCR, Transmission Electro microscope experiments, scRNA-seq, at least 3 samples were used for each group to perform statistical analysis.

We used t-tests for paired comparisons, one-way ANOVA for multiple comparisons with a single variable, or two-way ANOVA for experiments involving more than one variable. GraphPad Prism will be used for statistical analysis. When appropriate, we will use masked observers. To collect data, samples will be collected and coded in masked groups and the code will be broken after data has been analyzed. Mice will be genotyped prior to the experiment and will be genotyped a second time once the code is broken

Data exclusions

no exclusion

Replication

Replications were performed when needed, and we are confident our data are reproducible

Randomization	Samples are all	mples are all random, and both sex are used		
Blinding	samples were o	re collected and coded in masked groups and the code was broken after data has been analyzed.		
e require information	perimental s	about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response. Systems Methods n/a Involved in the study ChIP-seq ChIP-seq		
Animals an Clinical dat Dual use re	ogy and archaeol d other organism	ns — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —		
ntibodies Antibodies used	L/M-o _l	psin antibody at a 1:500 dilution (Kerafast (EJH006), and GNAT2 at a 1:500 dilution (Invitrogen, PA5-24553); PDE6H		
(Proteintech, Cat No. 18151-1-AP, 1:500 dilution), Validation Chicken-Anti-Human L/M-opsin antibody: Kerafast (EJH006): This chicken polyclonal antibody was generated against E. fusion protein and recognizes mammalian human L/M opsin. We also validated this antibody using our M-opsin knockor Nathans J, Thomas D, Hogness DS. Molecular genetics of human color vision: the genes encoding blue, green, and red p Science. 1986 Apr 11;232(4747):193-202. PubMed PMID: 2937147.		en-Anti-Human L/M-opsin antibody: Kerafast (EJH006): This chicken polyclonal antibody was generated against E.coli pGEMEX protein and recognizes mammalian human L/M opsin. We also validated this antibody using our M-opsin knockout mice. ns J, Thomas D, Hogness DS. Molecular genetics of human color vision: the genes encoding blue, green, and red pigments.		
	manuf no GN PDE6H webpa	facturer's webpage. We also validated this antibody in our M-opsin knockout mice which lacks cone outer segment therefore AT2 expression. We know this antibody through our colleagues who also use this antibody regular for their research. If (Proteintech, Cat No. 18151-1-AP), recognize human, rat and mouse PDE6H. Validated for WB, IP, Elisa on manufacturer's age. We validated this antibody by Immunohistochemistry and WB using our M-opsin knockout mice which lacks cone outer ents therefore PED6H is absent.		
ukaryotic c				
licy information a Cell line source(s)		s and Sex and Gender in Research State the source of each cell line used and the sex of all primary cell lines and cells derived from human participants or		
zen inte source(s))	vertebrate models.		
		Describe the authentication procedures for each cell line used OR declare that none of the cell lines used were authenticated.		
Authentication Mycoplasma cont	tamination	Describe the authentication procedures for each cell line used OR declare that none of the cell lines used were authenticated. Confirm that all cell lines tested negative for mycoplasma contamination OR describe the results of the testing for mycoplasma contamination OR declare that the cell lines were not tested for mycoplasma contamination.		

Specimen provenance

Provide provenance information for specimens and describe permits that were obtained for the work (including the name of the issuing authority, the date of issue, and any identifying information). Permits should encompass collection and, where applicable,

Specimen deposition

Indicate where the specimens have been deposited to permit free access by other researchers.

Dating methods	If new dates are provided, describe how they were obtained (e.g. collection, storage, sample pretreatment and measurement), where they were obtained (i.e. lab name), the calibration program and the protocol for quality assurance OR state that no new dates are provided.
Tick this box to confi	m that the raw and calibrated dates are available in the paper or in Supplementary Information.
Ethics oversight	Identify the organization(s) that approved or provided guidance on the study protocol, OR state that no ethical approval or guidance was required and explain why not.
ote that full information on	the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.
Animals and othe	er research organisms
olicy information about <u>s</u> <u>esearch</u>	tudies involving animals; ARRIVE guidelines recommended for reporting animal research, and Sex and Gender in
Laboratory animals	mouse, C57BL/6J, Opn1mw-/-Opn1sw-/- (DKO) and Opn1mwC198ROpn1sw-/- (C198R), age range from 1 month up to 12 months
Wild animals	Provide details on animals observed in or captured in the field; report species and age where possible. Describe how animals were caught and transported and what happened to captive animals after the study (if killed, explain why and describe method; if released, say where and when) OR state that the study did not involve wild animals.
Reporting on sex	both sex are used in this study and there is no sex differences in the findings. Similar numbers of males and females are used in all studies.
Field-collected samples	For laboratory work with field-collected samples, describe all relevant parameters such as housing, maintenance, temperature, photoperiod and end-of-experiment protocol OR state that the study did not involve samples collected from the field.
Ethics oversight	All experimental procedures involving animals in this study were approved and conducted in strict accordance with relevant guidelines and regulations by the Institutional Animal Care and Use Committee at West Virginia University, the ARVO Statement for the Use of Animals in Ophthalmic and Vision Research, and the National Institutes of Health.
Clinical data olicy information about c	
ıı manuscripts snould comply Clinical trial registration	with the ICMJE guidelines for publication of clinical research and a completed <u>CONSORT checklist</u> must be included with all submissions. Provide the trial registration number from ClinicalTrials.gov or an equivalent agency.
-	Note where the full trial protocol can be accessed OR if not available, explain why.
Study protocol	
Data collection	Describe the settings and locales of data collection, noting the time periods of recruitment and data collection.
Outcomes	Describe how you pre-defined primary and secondary outcome measures and how you assessed these measures.
Oual use researcl	
olicy information about <u>d</u>	ual use research of concern
lazards	
Could the accidental, de in the manuscript, pose	liberate or reckless misuse of agents or technologies generated in the work, or the application of information presented a threat to:
No Yes	
Public health	
National security	

For examples of agents subject to oversight, see the United States Government Policy for Institutional Oversight of Life Sciences Dual Use Research of Concern.

misuse of our mouse models and results produced could result in misinformation to public

Crops and/or livestock

Hazards

Ecosystems
Any other significant area

Expariments of concer		
Experiments of concern		
1	y of these experiments of concern:	
No Yes Demonstrate how	to render a vaccine ineffective	
Confer resistance to therapeutically useful antibiotics or antiviral agents Enhance the virulence of a pathogen or render a nonpathogen virulent		
Increase transmissibility of a pathogen		
Alter the host range of a pathogen		
Enable evasion of diagnostic/detection modalities		
Enable the weaponization of a biological agent or toxin		
Any other potentia	lly harmful combination of experiments and agents	
Precautions and benef	its	
Biosecurity precautions	we strictly follow guideline from our university and NIH regulations for Biosecurities.	
Biosecurity oversight	no	
Benefits	could benefit future gene therapy design for blue cone monochromancy patients	
Communication benefits	Communication may benefit patients with Blue cone monochromacy	
Plants		
Seed stocks	Report on the source of all seed stocks or other plant material used. If applicable, state the seed stock centre and catalogue number. If plant specimens were collected from the field, describe the collection location, date and sampling procedures.	
Novel plant genotypes	Describe the methods by which all novel plant genotypes were produced. This includes those generated by transgenic approaches, gene editing, chemical/radiation-based mutagenesis and hybridization. For transgenic lines, describe the transformation method, the number of independent lines analyzed and the generation upon which experiments were performed. For gene-edited lines, describe the editor used, the endogenous sequence targeted for editing, the targeting guide RNA sequence (if applicable) and how the editor	
Authentication	was applied. Describe any authentication procedures for each seed stock used or novel genotype generated. Describe any experiments used to	
	assess the effect of a mutation and, where applicable, how potential secondary effects (e.g. second site T-DNA insertions, mosiacism, off-target gene editing) were examined.	
ChIP-seq		
Data deposition		
	and final processed data have been deposited in a public database such as GEO.	
Confirm that you have deposited or provided access to graph files (e.g. BED files) for the called peaks.		
Data access links May remain private before public	For "Initial submission" or "Revised version" documents, provide reviewer access links. For your "Final submission" document, provide a link to the deposited data.	
Files in database submissi	Provide a list of all files available in the database submission.	
Genome browser session (e.g. <u>UCSC</u>)	Provide a link to an anonymized genome browser session for "Initial submission" and "Revised version" documents only, to enable peer review. Write "no longer applicable" for "Final submission" documents.	
Methodology		

Replicates

Describe the experimental replicates, specifying number, type and replicate agreement.

Describe the sequencing depth for each experiment, providing the total number of reads, uniquely mapped reads, length of reads and whether they were paired- or single-end.

Antibodies

Describe the antibodies used for the ChIP-seq experiments; as applicable, provide supplier name, catalog number, clone name, and lot number.

Peak calling parameters

Specify the command line program and parameters used for read mapping and peak calling, including the ChIP, control and index files used.

Describe the methods used to ensure data quality in full detail, including how many peaks are at FDR 5% and above 5-fold enrichment. Data quality

Software

Describe the software used to collect and analyze the ChIP-seq data. For custom code that has been deposited into a community repository, provide accession details.

Flow Cytometry

Plots	
Confirm that:	
The axis labels state the ma	rker and fluorochrome used (e.g. CD4-FITC).
The axis scales are clearly vi	isible. Include numbers along axes only for bottom left plot of group (a 'group' is an analysis of identical markers).
All plots are contour plots w	vith outliers or pseudocolor plots.
A numerical value for numb	per of cells or percentage (with statistics) is provided.
Methodology	
Sample preparation	Describe the sample preparation, detailing the biological source of the cells and any tissue processing steps used.
Instrument	Identify the instrument used for data collection, specifying make and model number.
Software	Describe the software used to collect and analyze the flow cytometry data. For custom code that has been deposited into a community repository, provide accession details.
Cell population abundance	Describe the abundance of the relevant cell populations within post-sort fractions, providing details on the purity of the samples and how it was determined.
Gating strategy	Describe the gating strategy used for all relevant experiments, specifying the preliminary FSC/SSC gates of the starting cell population, indicating where boundaries between "positive" and "negative" staining cell populations are defined.
Tick this box to confirm that	t a figure exemplifying the gating strategy is provided in the Supplementary Information.
Magnetic resonance	imaging
Experimental design	

Design type	Indicate task or resting state; event-related or block design.
Design specifications	Specify the number of blocks, trials or experimental units per session and/or subject, and specify the length of each trial

or block (if trials are blocked) and interval between trials.

Behavioral performance measures State number and/or type of variables recorded (e.g. correct button press, response time) and what statistics were used to establish that the subjects were performing the task as expected (e.g. mean, range, and/or standard deviation across subjects).

Acquisition

·	
Imaging type(s)	Specify: functional, structural, diffusion, perfusion.
Field strength	Specify in Tesla
Sequence & imaging parameters	Specify the pulse sequence type (gradient echo, spin echo, etc.), imaging type (EPI, spiral, etc.), field of view, matrix size, slice thickness, orientation and TE/TR/flip angle.
Area of acquisition	State whether a whole brain scan was used OR define the area of acquisition, describing how the region was determined.
Diffusion MRI Used	☐ Not used

Preprocessing

Preprocessing software Provide detail on software version and revision number and on specific parameters (model/functions, brain extraction, segmentation, smoothing kernel size, etc.).

Normalization If data were normalized/standardized, describe the approach(es): specify linear or non-linear and define image types used for transformation OR indicate that data were not normalized and explain rationale for lack of normalization.

Normalization template	Describe the template used for normalization/transformation, specifying subject space or group standardized space (e.g. original Talairach, MNI305, ICBM152) OR indicate that the data were not normalized.	
Noise and artifact removal	Describe your procedure(s) for artifact and structured noise removal, specifying motion parameters, tissue signals and physiological signals (heart rate, respiration).	
Volume censoring	Define your software and/or method and criteria for volume censoring, and state the extent of such censoring.	
tatistical modeling & infe	erence	
Model type and settings	Specify type (mass univariate, multivariate, RSA, predictive, etc.) and describe essential details of the model at the first and second levels (e.g. fixed, random or mixed effects; drift or auto-correlation).	
Effect(s) tested	Define precise effect in terms of the task or stimulus conditions instead of psychological concepts and indicate whether ANOVA or factorial designs were used.	
Specify type of analysis:	Whole brain ROI-based Both	
Statistic type for inference	Specify voxel-wise or cluster-wise and report all relevant parameters for cluster-wise methods.	
(See <u>Eklund et al. 2016</u>)		
Correction	Describe the type of correction and how it is obtained for multiple comparisons (e.g. FWE, FDR, permutation or Monte Carlo).	
1odels & analysis		
n/a Involved in the study		

Statistic type for inference Spec	Specify voxel-wise or cluster-wise and report all relevant parameters for cluster-wise methods.	
(See Eklund et al. 2016)		
Correction	cribe the type of correction and how it is obtained for multiple comparisons (e.g. FWE, FDR, permutation or Monte Carlo).	
Models & analysis		
n/a Involved in the study Functional and/or effective con Graph analysis Multivariate modeling or predic		
Functional and/or effective connective	Report the measures of dependence used and the model details (e.g. Pearson correlation, partial correlation, mutual information).	
Graph analysis	Report the dependent variable and connectivity measure, specifying weighted graph or binarized graph, subject- or group-level, and the global and/or node summaries used (e.g. clustering coefficient, efficiency, etc.).	
Multivariate modeling and predictive	analysis Specify independent variables, features extraction and dimension reduction, model, training and evaluation	