

Table 2. Baseline and perioperative characteristics

Characteristics	Number of patients (n = 131)
Median age, years (IQR)	73 (67-77)
Median BMI, kg/m ² (IQR)	22.3 (20.6-24.0)
Sex, n (%)	
Male	103 (78.6)
Female	28 (21.4)
ASA, n (%)	
1	51 (38.9)
2	75 (57.3)
3	5 (3.8)
Previous abdominal surgery, n (%)	34 (25.9)
Frailty, n (%)	41 (31.3)
Preoperative use of proton pump inhibitor, n (%)	20 (15.3)
Implementation of ERAS, n (%)	104 (79.4)
Operative time, median (IQR), min	431 (402-498)
Intestinal tract reconstruction time, median (IQR), min	38 (31-48)
EBL, median (IQR), mL	200 (100-300)
Intraoperative crystalloid administration, median (IQR), mL	2500 (2200-3000)
Blood transfusion, n (%)	3 (2.3)
Diversion type, n (%)	
Ileal conduit	111 (84.7)
Ileal neobladder	20 (15.3)
pT3 or higher, n (%)	36 (27.5)
pN positive, n (%)	17 (13.0)
Gastrointestinal Complications, n (%)	35 (26.7)
Postoperative ileus	31 (23.7)
Intra-abdominal infections (Peritonitis / abscess)	4 (3.0)

IQR, interquartile range; BMI, body mass index; ASA, American Society of Anesthesiologists; ERAS, enhanced recovery after surgery; EBL, estimated blood loss