Supporting Information

Methylations with Methanol via Bioinspired Catalytic C-O Bond Cleavage

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Table of contents

1 General information	3
2 Optimization of reaction conditions for Methylation/d ₃ -methylation with	
MeOH/MeOH-d₃	4
3 Additional substrate scope	9
4 Syntheses of starting materials and spectroscopic data	10
5 General procedure for the Alkylation and Characterization of Alkylation Products	. 13
6 Synthetic applications and spectroscopic data	56
6.1 Pridopidine derivatives	56
6.2 HIV virus inhibitor analogs	58
6.3 Derivatization of 2g	60
6.4 Ethylation with ethanol	62
6.5 Synthetic applications of monomethylation of benzene diols	63
7 Mechanistic experiments	66
7.1 Possibility of TfOH formation that leads to catalysis	66
7.2 Possibility of methyl sulfonates as a key intermediate	66
7.3 Kinetic Studies in HFIP	69
7.4 Kinetic Studies in Hexane	73
7.5 Hammett plot	79
7.6 DFT calculations	81
8 NMR spectroscopic data	83
9 Reference	194

1 General information

Unless otherwise stated, all chemicals used in this manuscript were purchased from Energy chemical company, Bide Pharmatech Ltd, Inno-Chem Ltd, Adamas Company, Sigma Aldrich and Alfa Aesar Company. Other commercially available compounds were used as provided without further purification. HFIP used in the reactions were dried from anhydrous Mg₂SO₄ and distilled in N₂ prior to use. Other solvents are used after processing in accordance with conventional methods. Unless otherwise noted, all reactions were performed under N₂ atmosphere. Reactions were monitored by thin layer chromatography (TLC) on silica gel pre-coated plastic sheets (0.2 mm). Visualization was accomplished by irradiation with p-methoxybenzaldehyde, ultraviolet lamp (254 nm), alkaline potassium permanganate solution, iodine cylinder and phosphomolybdic acid solution. Flash column chromatography was performed over silica gel (200-300 mesh). The nuclear magnetic resonance data in this paper is measured by Bruker AVANCE III-400 or Bruker AscendTM 600MHZ nuclear magnetic resonance instrument at room temperature. Chemical shifts were reported in ppm on the scale relative to CDCl₃ (δ = 7.26 for ¹H-NMR, δ = 77.16 for ¹³C-NMR). Proton spectrum description analysis is as follows: chemical shift (ppm), multiplet analysis (s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, q = quartet, m = multiplet), unidentified coupling the methods are all analyzed by multiple peak processing, and the carbon spectrum is described in ppm. Coupling constants (*J*) were reported in Hertz (Hz). High resolution mass spectra (HR-MS) were determined on Bruker SolariX 7.0T FT-MS (ESI source). Mass spectra (GC-MS) were determined on Agilent 7890A/5975C (EI source)

2 Optimization of reaction conditions for Methylation/ d_3 -methylation with MeOH/MeOH- d_3

Table S1. Acid screening

CI 1a +		MeOH	eOH Cat. (10 mol%) HFIP		SMe CI 2a	
Entry	Addictive	Cat.	Solvent	T (°C)	t (h)	2a
1	-	cat. 1	HFIP	150	24	27
2	=	cat. 2	HFIP	150	24	40
3	-	cat. 3	HFIP	150	24	27
4	=	cat. 4	HFIP	150	24	35
5	-	cat. 5	HFIP	150	24	37
6	-	cat. 6	HFIP	150	24	0
7	-	cat.7	HFIP	150	24	0
8	-	cat. 8	HFIP	150	24	8
9	-	cat. 9	HFIP	150	24	13
10	-	cat.10	HFIP	150	24	36
11	-	cat. 11	HFIP	150	24	15
12	-	cat. 12	HFIP	150	24	0
13	-	cat.13	HFIP	150	24	9
14	-	cat. 14	HFIP	150	24	13
15	-	cat. 15	HFIP	150	24	32

Unless mentioned otherwise, reactions were performed with **1a** (1.0 equiv.), MeOH (2.0 equiv.), HFIP (0.4 M), **Cat.** (10 mol%) at 150 °C for 24 hours. ^aYields were determined by analyzing ¹H NMR of the reaction mixture with an internal standard.

Table S2. Addictive screening

Entry	Addictive	Cat.	Solvent	T (°C)	t (h)	2a
1	ZnCl ₂	cat. 1	HFIP	150	24	80
2	ZnBr ₂	cat. 1	HFIP	150	24	88
3	ZnF ₂	cat.1	HFIP	150	24	0
4	Zn(OTf) ₂	cat. 1	HFIP	150	24	98(90) ^b
5	ZnSO ₄	cat. 1	HFIP	150	24	78
6	Zn(OAc) ₂	cat. 1	HFIP	150	24	0
7	$Zn(BF_4)_2$	cat. 1	HFIP	150	24	34
8	Zn(CN) ₂	cat. 1	HFIP	150	24	0
9	$Zn(BO_4)_2$	cat. 1	HFIP	150	24	48
10	$Zn_3(PO_4)_2$	cat. 1	HFIP	150	24	54
11	Ba(OTf) ₃	cat. 1	HFIP	150	24	43
12	$Mg(OTf)_2$	cat. 1	HFIP	150	24	50
13	Cu(OTf) ₂	cat. 1	HFIP	150	24	28
14	Ni(OTf) ₂	cat. 1	HFIP	150	24	47

Unless mentioned otherwise, reactions were performed with **1** (1.0 equiv.), MeOH (2.0 equiv.), HFIP (0.4 M), **Cat.1** (10 mol%), Additive (10 mol%) at 150 °C for 24 hours. ^a Yields were determined by analyzing ¹H NMR of the reaction mixture with an internal standard. ^b Isolated yield.

Table S3. Acid screening + Zn(OTf)₂

Unless mentioned otherwise, reactions were performed with **1a** (1.0 equiv.), MeOH (2.0 equiv.), HFIP (0.4 M), **Cat.** (10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (10 mol%) at 150 °C for 24 hours. ^a Yields were determined by analyzing ¹H NMR of the reaction mixture with an internal standard. ^b Isolated yield.

Table S4. Solvent screening

Unless mentioned otherwise, reactions were performed with **1**a (1.0 equiv.), MeOH (2.0 equiv.), HFIP (0.4 M), **Cat.1** (10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (10 mol%) at 150 °C for 24 hours. ^a Yields were determined by analyzing ¹H NMR of the reaction mixture with an internal standard. ^b Isolated yield. ^c MeOH (5.0 equiv.) was used. ^d MeOH (3.0 equiv.) was used. ^e MeOH (4.0 equiv.) was used.

Table S5. Other screening

Entry	Addictive	Cat.	Solvent	T (°C)	t (h)	2
1	Zn(OTf) ₂	-	HFIP	150	24	31
2	-	cat. 1	HFIP	150	24	27
3	$Zn(OTf)_2$	cat. 1	HFIP	100	24	0
4	$Zn(OTf)_2$	cat. 1	HFIP	120	24	35
5	$Zn(OTf)_2$	cat. 1	HFIP	130	24	44
6	$Zn(OTf)_2$	cat. 1	HFIP	140	24	86
7	$Zn(OTf)_2$	cat. 1	HFIP	150	2	19
8	$Zn(OTf)_2$	cat. 9	HFIP	150	4	24
9	$Zn(OTf)_2$	cat.10	HFIP	150	6	30
10	$Zn(OTf)_2$	cat. 11	HFIP	150	8	31
11	$Zn(OTf)_2$	cat. 12	HFIP	150	10	81
12	$Zn(OTf)_2$	cat. 13	HFIP	150	12	84
13	Zn(OTf) ₂ (5 mol%)	cat. 1 (10 mo%)	HFIP	150	24	88
14	$Zn(OTf)_2$ (5 mol%)	cat.1 (5 mo%)	HFIP	150	24	90
15	Zn(OTf) ₂ (10 mol%)	cat. 1 (5 mo%)	HFIP	150	24	95
16	Zn(OTf) ₂ (10 mol%)	cat. 1 (10 mo%)	HFIP	150	24	98(90) ^b

Unless mentioned otherwise, reactions were performed with **1a** (1.0 equiv.), MeOH (2.0 equiv.), HFIP (0.4 M), **Cat.1** (10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (10 mol%) at 150 °C for 24 hours. ^a Yields were determined by analyzing ¹H NMR of the reaction mixture with an internal standard. ^b Isolated yield.

3 Additional substrate scope

4 Syntheses of starting materials and spectroscopic data

All substrates were prepared following the literature procedures or the procedures provided in this manuscript. ¹H NMR, ¹³C NMR, ¹⁹F-NMR, and HRMS were provided for all compounds not previously reported, for cases where HRMS were not obtained after several tries, GC-MS was provided. Only ¹H NMR (and ¹³C NMR or ¹⁹F-NMR) were provided for known compounds to show excellent agreement with reported data.

4.1 Procedure for synthesis 3e¹⁻²

5,6-Dimethoxy-2,3-dihydro-1H-indene: To a solution of commercially available 5,6-dimethoxy-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-1-one (1.92 g, 10.0 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in THF (20 mL) at room temperature was added NaBH $_3$ CN (1.86 g, 30.0 mmol, 3.0 equiv). 10% aq HCl (20 mL) was then slowly added to the mixture. After stirring for 5 h, the resulting mixture was extracted with EtOAc. The combined organic layers were washed with brine, dried over Na $_2$ SO $_4$, filtered, and concentrated. Flash column chromatography with (PE/EtOAc = 50:1) afforded (1.7 g, 96%) of 5,6-dimethoxy-2,3-dihydro-1H-indene as a white solid. The procedure and spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

To a solution of 5,6-Dimethoxy-2,3-dihydro-1H-indene (1.78 mg, 10 mmol) in CH_2CI_2 (60 mL) was added BBr₃ (40 mmol, 4 equiv.) at 0 °C, and the mixture was allowed to stir at room temperature for 2 h. Water was added dropwise to quench the reaction, and the mixture was extracted with CH_2CI_2 . The organic phase was dried by Na_2SO_4 and evaporated under vacuum. The residue was purified by column chromatography (PE/EtOAc = 4:1) to yield 2,3-dihydro-1H-indene-5,6-diol (3e) as a white solid (1.2 g, 80%). The procedure and spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

4.2 Procedure for synthesis resorcinol derivatives 3n³⁻⁴

A suspension of 1-bromo-3,5-dimethoxybenzene (2.17 g, 10 mmol), phenylboronic acid (1.4 g, 11.5 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (0.231 g, 0.2 mmol) and Na₂CO₃ (2.12 g, 20 mmol) in THF/water (5/1, 60 mL) was stirred for 12 h under reflux condition. After cooling, the reaction mixture was filtrated through Celite, quenched with sat. NH₄Cl aq., and extracted with ethyl acetate. The combined organic layers were dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered, and evaporated under a vacuum. The crude product was purified by silica column chromatography (PE/EtOAc = 50:1) to afford 3,5-dimethoxy-1,1'-biphenyl in 70% yield (1.49 g). BBr₃ (1.0 M in CH₂Cl₂, 40 mL, 40 mmol) was added to a solution of 3,5-dimethoxy-1,1'-biphenyl (2.14 g, 10 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ (40 mL) at 0 °C. The mixture was stirred for 12 h at room temperature. After cooling to 0 °C, the reaction was quenched with sat. NaHCO₃ aq. The aqueous layer was extracted with CH₂Cl₂. The combined organic layers were dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered, and evaporated under a vacuum. The crude product was purified by silica column chromatography (PE/EtOAc = 2:1) to afford **3n** in 90% yield (1.67 g, white solid). The procedure and spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

Compounds 30, 3p, 3q, and 3r were prepared following the procedure for 3n.

3,5-Dihydroxy-4'-methyl-1,1'-biphenyl (3o)⁴ (1.06 g, 53% yield), (2 steps from 1-bromo-3,5-dimethoxybenzene). White solid after isolation by silica-gel column chromatography (PE/EtOAc = 2:1). The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

4'-Fluoro-[1,1'-biphenyl]-3,5-diol (3p)⁵ (898 mg, 44% yield), (2 steps from 1-bromo-3,5-dimethoxybenzene). White solid after isolation by silica-gel column chromatography (PE/EtOAc = 1:1). The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

4'-Choloro-[1,1'-biphenyl]-3,5-diol (3q)⁶ (1.01 g, 46% yield), (2 steps from 1-bromo-3,5-dimethoxybenzene). White solid after isolation by silica-gel column chromatography (PE/EtOAc = 1:1). The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

5-(Naphthalen-2-yl)benzene-1,3-diol (3r)³ (898 mg, 38% yield), (2 steps from 1-bromo-3,5-dimethoxybenzene). White solid after isolation by silica-gel column chromatography (PE/EtOAc = 1:1). The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

5 General procedure for the Alkylation and Characterization of Alkylation Products.

¹H NMR, ¹³C NMR, ¹⁹F NMR and HRMS were provided for all compounds not previously reported, for cases where HRMS were not obtained after several tries, GC-MS were provided. Only ¹H NMR (and ¹³C NMR or ¹⁹F NMR) were provided for known compounds to show excellent agreement with reported data.

General procedure A: To a 10 mL Schlenk tube was charged with **Cat.1** (10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (10 mol%), **1** or **3** (1.0 equiv.) and an oven-dried stirring bar. The Schlenck tube was subjected to three cycles of pressurization—depressurization using dry argon. After that, under the protection of an argon atmosphere, HFIP (0.4 M) and MeOH (2.0 equiv.) were added and the reaction mixture was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h. The reaction was then quenched by adding K₂CO₃ (20 mol%), filtration, and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography on silica gel to give the products.

General procedure B: In a nitrogen-filled glove box, to a 10 mL Schlenk tube was charged with Cat.1 (10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (10 mol%), 1 or 3 (1.0 equiv.), Hexane (0.4 M), MeOH (5.0 equiv.) and an oven-dried stirring bar. The tube was sealed and removed from the glove box. After degassing, the reaction mixture was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h. The reaction was then quenched by adding K₂CO₃ (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography on silica gel to give the products.

General procedure C: To a 10 mL Schlenk tube was charged with **Cat.1** (10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (10 mol%), **1** (5 equiv), HFIP (0.4 M), MeOH (8μL, 1.0 equiv.) and an ovendried stirring bar under air. The reaction mixture was stirred at 150 °C for 48 h. The reaction was then quenched by adding K₂CO₃ (20 mol%), and dodecane or CH₂Br₂ as

an internal standard was added, take sample 1-2 drops to check yield by GC or ¹H NMR.

S 2a: (4-chlorophenyl)(methyl)sulfane.7

2a was synthesized according to the **General procedure A** With 1a (0.2 mmol, 29 mg), **Cat.1** (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), MeOH (16 μ L, 2.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K₂CO₃ (20 mol%), filtration, and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure, and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (100% petroleum ether) on silica gel to give the desired products **2a** (28.5 mg, 90%) as a colorless oil ¹H **NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.29 – 7.26 (m, 2H), 7.22 – 7.18 (m, 2H), 2.49 (s, 3H). ¹³C **NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 137.1, 131.0, 129.0, 128.1, 16.2. The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

SCD₃ **2a-d₃**: (4-chlorophenyl)(methyl-d₃)sulfane⁸.

2a- d_3 was synthesized according to the **General procedure A** With **1a** (0.2 mmol, 29 mg), **Cat.1** (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), $Zn(OTf)_2$ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), CD_3OH (16 μ L, 2.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K_2CO_3 (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (100% petroleum ether) on silica gel to give the desired products **2a-** d_3 (31 mg, 97%) as a colorless oil. ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.28 – 7.26 (m, 2H), 7.21 – 7.19 (m, 2H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 137.1, 131.0, 129.0, 128.0. The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

Cl S 2b: (3-chlorophenyl)(methyl)sulfane⁷.

2b was synthesized according to the **General procedure A** With 1b (0.2 mmol, 29 mg), **Cat.1** (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), $Zn(OTf)_2$ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), MeOH (16 μ L, 2.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h

then quenched by adding K_2CO_3 (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (100% petroleum ether) on silica gel to give the desired products **2b** (30.5 mg, 96%) as a colorless oil. ¹**H NMR** (600 MHz, CDCl₃) 7.34 (dt, J = 8.1, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.17 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.08 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 2.48 (s, 3H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 137.8, 132.0, 129.5, 127.3, 125.7, 125.6, 15.3. The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

 $CI \longrightarrow SCD_3$ **2b-d₃**: (3-chlorophenyl)(methyl-d₃)sulfane⁹.

2b-*d*₃ was synthesized according to the **General procedure A** With **1b** (0.2 mmol, 29 mg), **Cat.1** (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), CD₃OH (16 μL, 2.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K_2CO_3 (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (100% petroleum ether) on silica gel to give the desired products **2b-***d*₃ (30.1 mg, 94%) as a colorless oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.34 (dd, J = 7.9, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.27 – 7.23 (m, 1H), 7.15 (dd, J = 7.9, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.08 (td, J = 7.8, 1.5 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 137.8, 132.0, 129.5, 127.3, 125.7, 125.6. The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

S 2c: (2-chlorophenyl)(methyl)sulfane⁷

2c was synthesized according to the General procedure A With 1c (0.2 mmol, 29 mg), Cat.1 (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), MeOH (16 μL, 2.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K₂CO₃ (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (100% petroleum ether) on silica gel to give the desired products 2c (29.8 mg, 93%) as a colorless oil. ¹H NMR

(600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.21 – 7.18 (m, 2H), 7.13 – 7.09 (m, 2H), 2.48 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 140.8, 134.9, 129.9, 126.0, 125.2, 124.6, 15.7. The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

 SCD_3 **2c-** d_3 : (2-chlorophenyl)(methyl- d_3)sulfane⁹.

2c-*d*₃ was synthesized according to the **General procedure A** With **1c** (0.2 mmol, 29 mg), **Cat.1** (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), $Zn(OTf)_2$ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), CD_3OH (16 μL, 2.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K_2CO_3 (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (100% petroleum ether) on silica gel to give the desired products **2c-***d*₃ (29.1 mg, 91%) as a colorless oil. ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.22 – 7.18 (m, 1H), 7.12 – 7.08 (m, 1H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 140.8, 134.9, 129.9, 126.0, 125.1, 124.6. The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

S **2d**: (4-fluorophenyl)(methyl)sulfane¹⁰

2d was synthesized according to the General procedure A With 1d (0.2 mmol, 26 mg), Cat.1 (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), MeOH (16 μL, 2.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K_2CO_3 (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (100% petroleum ether) on silica gel to give the desired products 2d (25.6 mg, 90%) as a colorless oil. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.25 – 7.24 (m, 2H), 7.01 – 6.98 (m, 1H), 2.47 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.5 (d, J = 245 Hz), 133.5 (d, J = 3 Hz), 129.5 (d, J = 7 Hz), 116.1 (d, J = 22 Hz), 17.3. ¹⁹F NMR (565 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -117.3 The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

SCD₃ **2d-d₃**: (4-fluorophenyl)(methyl-d₃)sulfane

2d-*d*₃ was synthesized according to the **General procedure A** With **1d** (0.2 mmol, 26 mg), **Cat.1** (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), CD₃OD (16 μL, 2.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K₂CO₃ (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (100% petroleum ether) on silica gel to give the desired products **2d-***d*₃ (26.8 mg, 91%) as a colorless oil. ¹**H NMR** (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.29 – 7.27 (m, 2H), 7.04 – 7.01 (m, 2H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.5 (d, J = 245 Hz), 133.4 (d, J = 2 Hz), 129.5 (d, J = 7 Hz), 116.2 (d, J = 22 Hz). ¹⁹**F NMR** (565 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -117.4. **HRMS** m/z (ESI): calcd. for C₇H₄D₃FS [M+H]*: 146.0514, found: 146.0512.

S 2e: (3-fluorophenyl)(methyl)sulfane¹¹

2e was synthesized according to the **General procedure A** With **1e** (0.2 mmol, 26 mg), **Cat.1** (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), $Zn(OTf)_2$ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), MeOH (16 μL, 2.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K_2CO_3 (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (100% petroleum ether) on silica gel to give the desired products **2e** (21.6 mg, 76%) as a colorless oil. ¹**H NMR** (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.24 – 7.21 (m, 1H), 7.02 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.9 (d, J = 9.7 Hz, 1H), 6.8 (t, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 2.48 (s, 3H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 164.4 (d, J = 24.7 Hz), 141.21 (d, J = 7.8 Hz), 130.2 (d, J = 9.7 Hz), 121.9 (d, J = 3.8 Hz), 113.2 (d, J = 24.7 Hz), 111.9 (d, J = 21.7 Hz), 15.5. ¹⁹**F NMR** (565 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -112.6. The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

SCD₃ 2e-d₃: (3-fluorophenyl)(methyl-d₃)sulfane 2e-d₃ was synthesized according to the **General procedure A** With 1e (0.2 mmol, 26 mg), Cat.1 (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), CD₃OD (16 µL, 2.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K_2CO_3 (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (100% petroleum ether) on silica gel to give the desired products **2e-** d_3 (24.4 mg, 83%) as a colorless oil. ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.26 – 7.23 (m, 1H), 7.04 – 7.02 (m, 1H), 6.98 – 6.94 (m, 1H), 6.86 – 6.81 (m, 1H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 164.4 (d, J = 166 Hz), 141.2 (d, J = 5 Hz), 130.2 (d, J = 6 Hz), 122.0 (d, J = 2 Hz), 113.2 (d, J = 16 Hz), 112.0 (d, J = 14 Hz). ¹⁹**F NMR** (565 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -112.6. **HRMS** m/z (ESI): calcd. for $C_7H_4D_3FS$ [M+H]*: 146.0514, found: 146.0510.

S 2f: (2-fluorophenyl)(methyl)sulfane11

2f was synthesized according to the General procedure A With 1f (0.2 mmol, 26 mg), Cat.1 (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), MeOH (16 μL, 2.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K_2CO_3 (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (100% petroleum ether) on silica gel to give the desired products 2f (25.3 mg, 89%). as a colorless oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.29 – 7.25 (m, 1H), 7.19 – 7.01 (m, 3H), 2.47 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.7 (d, J = 250 Hz), 128.7 (d, J = 3 Hz), 127.0 (d, J = 7 Hz), 125.6 (d, J = 17 Hz), 124.6 (d, J = 3 Hz), 115.4 (d, J = 21 Hz), 15.6. ¹⁹F NMR (565 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -111.4. The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

2f-d₃: (2-fluorophenyl)(methyl-d₃)sulfane
2f-d₃ was synthesized according to the General procedure A With 1f
(0.2 mmol, 26 mg), Cat.1 (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), CD₃OD (16 μL, 2.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K₂CO₃ (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under

reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (100% petroleum ether) on silica gel to give the desired products 2f-d₃ (21.2 mg, 72%). as a colorless oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.29 – 7.25 (m, 1H), 7.19 – 7.01 (m, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.4 (d, J = 163 Hz), 128.9(d, J = 2 Hz), 127.1(d, J = 5 Hz), 125.6(d, J = 11 Hz), 124.6 (d, J = 2 Hz), 115.5(d, J = 14 Hz). ¹⁹F NMR (565 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -111.4. HRMS m/z (ESI): calcd. for C₇H₄D₃FS [M+H]⁺: 146.0514, found: 146.0514.

2g: (4-bromophenyl)(methyl)sulfane¹¹
2g was synthesized according to the General procedure A With 1g (0.2 mmol, 38 mg), Cat.1 (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), MeOH (16 μ L, 2.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K₂CO₃ (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (100% petroleum ether) on silica gel to give the desired products 2g (34.5 mg, 85%) as a colorless oil. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.39 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.11 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 2.46 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 137.9, 131.9, 128.3, 118.8, 16.1. The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

2g-*d*₃: (4-bromophenyl)(methyl-*d*₃)sulfane⁹ **2g-***d*₃ was synthesized according to the **General procedure A** With **1g** (0.2 mmol, 38 mg), **Cat.1** (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), CD₃OD (16 μL, 2.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K_2CO_3 (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (100% petroleum ether) on silica gel to give the desired products **2g-***d*₃ (32.8 mg, 80%) as a colorless oil. ¹H **NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.38 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.13 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 137.8, 131.9, 128.3, 118.7. The spectroscopic data were

according to the literature report.

Br S 2h: (3-bromophenyl)(methyl)sulfane¹¹

2h was synthesized according to the General procedure A With 1h (0.2 mmol, 38 mg), Cat.1 (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), MeOH (16 μL, 2.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K₂CO₃ (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (100% petroleum ether) on silica gel to give the desired products 2h (37.8 mg, 93%) as a colorless oil. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.36 (s, 1H), 7.27 – 7.24 (m, 1H), 7.18 – 7.13 (m, 2H), 2.48 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 141.2, 130.2, 128.9, 128.1, 125.2, 123.1, 15.8. The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

 Sr_{SCD_2} **2h-d**₃: (3-bromophenyl)(methyl-d₃)sulfane

2h- d_3 was synthesized according to the **General procedure A** With **1h** (0.2 mmol, 38 mg), **Cat.1** (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), CD₃OD (16 μL, 2.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K₂CO₃ (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (100% petroleum ether) on silica gel to give the desired products **2h-** d_3 (34 mg, 83%) as a colorless oil. ¹**H NMR** (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.36 – 7.35 (m, 1H), 7.25 – 7.24 (m, 1H), 7.18 – 7.11 (m, 2H), ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 141.1, 130.2, 128.8, 128.0, 125.1, 123.0. **HRMS** m/z (ESI): calcd. for C₇H₄D₃BrS [M+H]⁺: 205.9713, found: 205.9710

Br **2i**: (2-bromophenyl)(methyl)sulfane¹²

2i was synthesized according to the **General procedure A** With 1i (0.2 mmol, 38 mg), Cat.1 (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%),

MeOH (16 μL, 2.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C

for 24 h then quenched by adding K_2CO_3 (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (100% petroleum ether) on silica gel to give the desired products **2i** (36.5 mg, 90%) as a colorless oil. ¹**H NMR** (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.53 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.14 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.02 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 2.48 (s, 3H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 139.8, 132.8, 127.9, 125.8, 125.5, 121.9, 15.9. The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

 $\operatorname{\mathsf{SCD}}_3$

2i-*d*₃: (2-bromophenyl)(methyl-*d*₃)sulfane¹³

2i-*d*₃ was synthesized according to the **General procedure A** With **1i** (0.2 mmol, 38 mg), **Cat.1** (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), CD₃OD (16 μL, 2.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K₂CO₃ (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (100% petroleum ether) on silica gel to give the desired products **2i-***d*₃ (40 mg, 98%) as a colorless oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.51 (dd, J = 7.9, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.30 (td, J = 7.9, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.12 (dd, J = 7.9, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (td, J = 7.8, 1.4 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 139.8, 132.8, 127.9, 125.8, 125.6, 122.0. The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

CI ______S_ 2j

2j: (3,4-dichlorophenyl)(methyl)sulfane¹⁴

2j was synthesized according to the **General procedure A** With **1j** (0.2 mmol, 36 mg), **Cat.1** (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), $Zn(OTf)_2$ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), MeOH (16 μ L, 2.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K_2CO_3 (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (PE/EtOAc = 50:1) on silica gel to give the desired products **2j** (38 mg, 98%) as a white solid. ¹**H NMR** (600 MHz,

CDCl₃) δ 7.33 – 7.29 (m, 2H), 7.06 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 2.47 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 139.1, 133.0, 130.5, 129.0, 127.8, 125.9, 16.0. The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

 SCD_3 **2j-d₃**:(3,4-dichlorophenyl)(methyl-d₃)sulfane 2j-d₃ was synthesized according to the General procedure A With

1j (0.2 mmol, 36 mg), Cat.1 (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), CD₃OD (16 µL, 2.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K₂CO₃ (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (PE/EtOAc = 50:1) on silica gel to give the desired products **2j-d**₃ (36.1 mg, 92%) as a white solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.34 – 7.29 (m, 2H), 7.05 (dd, J = 8.5, 2.2 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 139.0, 133.1, 130.5, 129.0, 127.8, 125.9. **HRMS** m/z (ESI): calcd. for C₇H₃D₃Cl₂S [M+H]⁺: 195.9828, found: 195.9820.

2k was synthesized according to the General procedure A With 1k

2k: (2,4-dichlorophenyl)(methyl)sulfane

(0.2 mmol, 36 mg), Cat.1 (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), MeOH (16 µL, 2.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K₂CO₃ (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (PE/EtOAc = 50:1) on silica gel to give the desired products 2k (33.5 mg, 87%) as a white solid. ¹**H NMR** (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.35 (s, 1H), 7.23 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.09 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 2.47 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) 136.6, 132.6, 130.8, 129.3, 127.5, 126.6, 15.5. **HRMS** m/z (ESI): calcd. for $C_7H_6Cl_2S$ [M+H]⁺: 192.9640, found: 192.9644.

2k-*d*₃:(2,4-dichlorophenyl)(methyl-*d*₃)sulfane

2k-d₃ was synthesized according to the General procedure A With **1k** (0.2 mmol, 36 mg), **Cat.1** (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg,

10 mol%), CD₃OD (16 μL, 2.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K₂CO₃ (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (PE/EtOAc = 50:1) on silica gel to give the desired products 2k-d₃ (38.4 mg, 98%) as a white solid. ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.37 (d, J = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (dd, J = 8.5, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 7.08 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 136.6, 132.6, 130.8, 129.3, 127.5, 126.6. **HRMS** m/z (ESI): calcd. for $C_{14}H_{12}NO_5$ [M-H]⁻: 274.0721, found: 274.0722 **HRMS** m/z (ESI): calcd. for $C_7H_3D_3Cl_2S$ [M+H]⁺: 195.9828, found: 195.9825.

21: (2,6-dichlorophenyl)(methyl)sulfane

2I was synthesized according to the General procedure A With 1I (0.2 mmol, 36 mg), **Cat.1** (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%),

MeOH (16 μL, 2.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K₂CO₃ (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (PE/EtOAc = 50:1) on silica gel to give the desired products 21 (34.7 mg, 90%) as a white solid. ¹**H NMR** (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.36 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.16 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 2.44 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 141.1, 134.7, 129.8, 128.7, 18.4. HRMS m/z (ESI): calcd. for C₇H₆Cl₂S [M+H]⁺: 192.9640, found: 192.9647.

SCD₂

21-*d*₃:(2,6-dichlorophenyl)(methyl-*d*₃)sulfane

21-d₃ was synthesized according to the General procedure A With 11 (0.2 mmol, 36 mg), Cat.1 (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), CD₃OD (16 μL, 2.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K₂CO₃ (20 mol%), filtration and then

washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (PE/EtOAc = 50:1) on silica gel to give the desired products **2I-** d_3 (38.4 mg, 98%) as a colorless oil. ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.38 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.19 – 7.15 (m, 1H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 141.1, 134.6, 129.8, 128.7. **HRMS** m/z (ESI): calcd. for C₇H₃D₃Cl₂S [M+H]⁺: 195.9828, found: 195.9823.

2m: (4-methoxyphenyl)(methyl)sulfane¹⁵
2m was synthesized according to the General procedure B With 1m (0.2 mmol, 28 mg), Cat.1 (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), MeOH (40 μ L, 5.0 equiv.) and Hexane (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K₂CO₃ (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (PE/EtOAc = 10:1) on silica gel to give the desired products 2m (24.6 mg, 80%) as a colorless oil. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.27 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 6.85 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 2.44 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 158.3, 130.3, 128.9, 114.7, 55.5, 18.2. The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

2m- d_3 : (4-methoxyphenyl)(methyl d_3)sulfane¹⁶
2m- d_3 was synthesized according to the **General procedure B**With 1m (0.2 mmol, 28 mg), Cat.1 (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), CD₃OH (40 μL, 5.0 equiv.) and Hexane (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K₂CO₃ (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (PE/EtOAc = 10:1) on silica gel to give the desired products 2m- d_3 (20.4 mg, 65%) as a colorless oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.28 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 6.85 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 3.79 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 158.3, 130.3, 128.8, 114.8, 55.5. The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

OMe

2n: (2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)(methyl)sulfane¹⁷

mmol, 34 mg), **Cat.1** (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), $Zn(OTf)_2$ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), MeOH (40 µL, 5.0 equiv.) and Hexane (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K_2CO_3 (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (PE/EtOAc = 10:1) on silica gel to give the desired products **2n** (22.8 mg, 62%) as a colorless oil. ¹**H NMR** (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.76 – 6.74 (m, 2H), 6.65 – 6.63 (m, 1H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 2.42 (s, 3H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 154.3, 150.7, 128.5, 113.1, 111.1, 109.5, 56.5, 55.8, 14.8. The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

2n was synthesized according to the General procedure B With 1n (0.2

OMe SCD₃

2n-d₃: (2,5-dimethoxyphenyl)(methyl-d₃)sulfane

2n-d₃ was synthesized according to the General procedure B With 1n

(0.2 mmol, 34 mg), Cat.1 (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), CD₃OH (40 μL, 5.0 equiv.) and Hexane (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K₂CO₃ (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (PE/EtOAc = 10:1) on silica gel to give the desired products 2n-d₃ (22.5 mg, 60%) as a colorless oil. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.76 – 6.73 (m, 2H), 6.65-6.63 (m, 1H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 2.42 (s, 1.92 H, 36% D). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 154.3, 150.8, 128.5, 113.2, 111.1, 109.5, 56.5, 55.9, 14.8. HRMS m/z (ESI): calcd. for C₉H₉D₃O₂S [M+H]⁺: 188.0819, found: 188.0816.

S 20: methyl(p-tolyl)sulfane¹⁸

20 was synthesized according to the **General procedure A** With 10 (0.2 mmol, 25 mg), **Cat.1** (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), $Zn(OTf)_2$ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), MeOH (16 μ L, 2.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h

then quenched by adding K_2CO_3 (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (100% petroleum ether) on silica gel to give the desired products **2o** (26.5 mg, 96%) as a colorless oil. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.17 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.11 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 2.45 (s, 3H), 2.31 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 135.1, 134.8, 129.7, 127.4, 21.0, 16.6. The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

20-*d*₃: (methyl-*d*₃)(*p*-tolyl)sulfane¹⁹ **20-***d*₃ was synthesized according to the **General procedure A** With **1o** (0.2 mmol, 25 mg), **Cat.1** (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), CD₃OD (16 μL, 2.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K_2CO_3 (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (100% petroleum ether) on silica gel to give the desired products **2o-***d*₃ (27.6 mg, 98%) as a Colorless oil. ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.17 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.11 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 2.31 (s, 3H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 135.2, 134.8, 129.7, 127.4, 21.1. The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

2p: (4-isopropylphenyl)(methyl)sulfane²⁰
2p was synthesized according to the General procedure A With 1p (0.2 mmol, 31 mg), Cat.1 (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), MeOH (16 μL, 2.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K₂CO₃ (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (100% petroleum ether) on silica gel to give the desired products 2p (30.5 mg, 92%) as a colorless oil. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.22 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.16 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 2.88 (p, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 2.48 (s, 3H), 1.24 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 6H). ¹³C NMR

(101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 146.3, 135.2, 127.4, 127.1, 33.8, 24.1, 16.5. The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

2p-*d*₃: (4-isopropylphenyl)(methyl-*d*₃)sulfane **2p-***d*₃ was synthesized according to the **General procedure A** With **1p** (0.2 mmol, 31 mg), **Cat.1** (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), CD₃OD (16 μL, 2.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K₂CO₃ (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (100% petroleum ether) on silica gel to give the desired products **2p-***d*₃ (30.5 mg, 90%) as a colorless oil. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.22 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 7.15 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 2.87 (p, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 1.23 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 6H).; ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 146.2, 135.1, 127.4, 127.1, 33.8, 24.1. HRMS m/z (ESI): calcd. for C₁₀H₁₁D₃S [M+H]⁺: 170.1077, found: 170.1072.

2q: (4-(tert-butyl)phenyl)(methyl)sulfane²¹
2q was synthesized according to the General procedure A With 1q (0.2 mmol, 34 mg), Cat.1 (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), MeOH (16 μL, 2.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K_2CO_3 (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (100% petroleum ether) on silica gel to give the desired products 2q (33.2 mg, 92%) as a colorless oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.34 – 7.31 (m, 2H), 7.24 – 7.21 (m, 2H), 2.48 (s, 3H), 1.31 (s, 9H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 148.5, 135.0, 127.1, 126.0, 34.5, 31.4, 16.4. The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

SCD₃ 2q-d₃: (4-(tert-butyl)phenyl)(methyl-d₃)sulfane¹⁶
2q-d₃ was synthesized according to the **General procedure A**With 1q (0.2 mmol, 34 mg), Cat.1 (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%),

CD₃OD (16 µL, 2.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K_2CO_3 (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (100% petroleum ether) on silica gel to give the desired products $2q-d_3$ (35.6 mg, 97%) as a colorless oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.33 – 7.31 (m, 2H), 7.23 – 7.21 (m, 2H), 1.31 (s, 9H), ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 148.5, 134.9, 127.0, 126.0, 34.5, 31.4. The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

2r: methyl 2-(methylthio)benzoate²²
2r was synthesized according to the General procedure A With 1r (0.2 mmol, 34 mg), Cat.1 (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), MeOH (16 μL, 2.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K_2CO_3 (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (PE/EtOAc = 10:1) on silica gel to give the desired products 2r (30.2 mg, 83%) as a white solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.01 (dd, J = 7.8, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (td, J = 7.8, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.28 – 7.26 (m, 1H), 7.17 – 7.13 (m, 1H), 3.92 (s, 3H), 2.45 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 167.0, 143.4, 132.6, 131.5, 126.9, 124.5, 123.6, 52.2, 15.7. The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

2r-d₃: methyl 2-((methyl-d₃) thio)benzoate²³
2r-d₃: was synthesized according to the **General procedure A** With 1r (0.2 mmol, 34 mg), Cat.1 (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), CD₃OD (16 μL, 2.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K₂CO₃ (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (PE/EtOAc = 10:1) on silica gel to give the desired products 2r-d₃ (25.9 mg, 70%) as a

white solid. ¹**H NMR** (600 MHz, CDCl₃) 7.99 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.28 – 7.26 (m, 1H), 7.15 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 3.92 (s, 1.44H, 52%D), 2.46 (s, 0.7H, 77%D). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 167.0, 143.4, 132.6, 131.5, 127.0, 124.5, 123.6, 52.2, 15.7. The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

O₂N S

2s: methyl(4-nitrophenyl)sulfane⁷

2s was synthesized according to the General procedure A With 1s (0.2 mmol, 32 mg), Cat.1 (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Znl₂ (6.4 mg, 10 mol%), MeOH (16 μL, 2.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K_2CO_3 (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (PE/EtOAc = 10:1) on silica gel to give the desired products 2s (28.7 mg, 74%) as a yellow solid. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.14 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.29 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 2.55 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 149.0, 144.9, 125.2, 124.1, 15.0. The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

2s-*d*₃: (methyl-*d*₃) (4-nitrophenyl)sulfane²⁴
2s-*d*₃: was synthesized according to the **General procedure A**With **1s** (0.2 mmol, 32 mg), **Cat.1** (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Znl₂ (6.4 mg, 10 mol%), CD₃OD (16 μL, 2.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K₂CO₃ (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography

Hz, 2H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 149.0, 144.9, 125.2, 124.1. The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

(PE/EtOAc = 10:1) on silica gel to give the desired products 2s-d₃ (31.5 mg, 80%) as

a yellow solid. ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.15 (d, J = 8.9 Hz, 2H), 7.30 (d, J = 8.9

2t: methyl(naphthalen-1-yl)sulfane²¹

2t was synthesized according to the General procedure A With 1t (0.2 mmol, 32 mg), Cat.1 (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), MeOH (16 μL, 2.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K₂CO₃ (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the

MeOH (16 μL, 2.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K_2CO_3 (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (100% petroleum ether) on silica gel to give the desired products **2t** (30.4 mg, 87%). as a colorless oil. ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.79 – 7.73 (m, 3H), 7.60 – 7.62 (m, 1H), 7.49 – 7.37 (m, 3H), 2.59 (s, 3H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 136.2, 134.0, 131.5, 128.3, 127.9, 127.0, 126.7, 125.8, 125.4, 123.6, 16.0. The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

 SCD_3 **2t-** d_3 : (methyl- d_3)(naphthalen-1-yl)sulfane¹⁶

literature report.

2t-*d*₃: was synthesized according to the **General procedure A** With **1t** (0.2 mmol, 32 mg), **Cat.1** (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), $Zn(OTf)_2$ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), CD_3OD (16 μL, 2.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K_2CO_3 (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (100% petroleum ether) on silica gel to give the desired products **2t-***d*₃ (34.8 mg, 98%) as a colorless oil. ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.79 – 7.73 (m, 3H), 7.60 – 7.62 (m, 1H), 7.46 – 7.37 (m, 3H), ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 136.2, 134.1, 131.4, 128.3, 127.9, 127.0, 126.7, 125.9, 125.4, 123.5 The spectroscopic data were according to the

2u: methyl(phenethyl)sulfane²⁵
2u was synthesized according to the **General procedure A** With 1u (0.2 mmol, 28 mg), **Cat.1** (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), MeOH (16 μL, 2.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h

then quenched by adding K_2CO_3 (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (100% petroleum ether) on silica gel to give the desired products **2u** (25.6 mg, 84%) as a colorless oil. ¹**H NMR** (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.32 – 7.29 (m, 2H), 7.23 – 7.21 (m, 3H), 2.92 – 2.88 (m, 2H), 2.78 – 2.75 (m, 2H), 2.13 (s, 3H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 140.7, 128.6, 128.6, 126.5, 36.1, 36.0, 15.9. The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

2u-d₃ was synthesized according to the **General procedure A** With **1u** (0.2 mmol, 28 mg), **Cat.1** (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), CD₃OD (16 μL, 2.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K₂CO₃ (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (100% petroleum ether) on silica gel to give the desired products **2u-d₃** (22.1 mg, 71%) as a colorless oil. ¹**H NMR** (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.30 – 7.29 (m, 2H), 7.22 – 7.21 (m, 3H), 2.91 – 2.89 (m, 2H), 2.77 – 2.76 (m, 2H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 140.7, 128.6, 128.6, 126.5, 36.1, 35.8. The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

2v was synthesized according to the **General procedure A** With **1v** (0.2 mmol, 36 mg), **Cat.1** (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), MeOH (16 μL, 2.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K_2CO_3 (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (PE/EtOAc = 10: 1) on silica gel to give the desired products **2v** (20.3 mg, 52%) as a colorless oil. ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.76 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (s, 1H), 7.23 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 2.78 (s, 3H), 2.45 (s, 3H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 167.1, 151.4, 135.3, 134.4,

127.7, 121.0, 121.0, 21.5, 16.2. **HRMS** m/z (ESI): calcd. for $C_9H_9NS_2$ [M+H]⁺: 196.0249, found: 196.0249.

2v-d₃: 6-methyl-2-((methyl-d₃)thio)benzo[d]thiazole

2v-d₃ was synthesized according to the General procedure A

With **1v** (0.2 mmol, 36 mg), **Cat.1** (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), $Zn(OTf)_2$ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), CD_3OD (16 µL, 2.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K_2CO_3 (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (PE/EtOAc = 10: 1) on silica gel to give the desired products **2v-d**₃ (19.9 mg, 50%) as a colorless oil. ¹**H NMR** (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.76 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (s, 1H), 7.23 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 2.45 (s, 3H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.8, 151.6, 135.4, 134.3, 127.6, 121.0, 121.0, 21.5. **HRMS** m/z (ESI): calcd. for $C_9H_6D_3NS_2$ [M+H]⁺: 199.0437, found: 199.0433.

OCH₃ **2w**: 4-methoxyphenol²⁶

2w was synthesized according to the **General procedure B** With **1w** (2 mmol, 220 mg), **Cat.1** (55 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (72 mg, 10 mol%), CH₃OH (400 μL, 5.0 equiv.) and Hexane (5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K_2CO_3 (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (PE/DCM=5:1) on silica gel to give the desired products **2w** (156 mg, 63%) as a yellow oil. ¹**H NMR** (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.80 – 6.77 (m, 4H), 3.77 (s, 3H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 153.7, 149.6, 116.2, 115.1, 56.0. The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

2w-d₃: 4-(methoxy-d₃)phenol
2w-d₃ was synthesized according to the General procedure B
With 1w (2 mmol, 220 mg), Cat.1 (55 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (72 mg, 10 mol%),
CD₃OH (400 μL, 5.0 equiv.) and Hexane (5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at

150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K_2CO_3 (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (PE/DCM=5:1) on silica gel to give the desired products **2w-d**₃ (153 mg, 60%) as a yellow oil. ¹**H NMR** (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.81 – 6.75 (m, 4H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 153.8, 149.6, 116.2, 115.0. **HRMS** m/z (ESI): calcd. for $C_7H_5D_3O_2$ [M-H]⁻: 126.0640, found: 126.0643

2x: 1-methoxy-4-(trifluoromethyl)benzene²⁷
2x was synthesized according to the General procedure A With 1x (0.2 mmol, 32.4 mg), Cat.1 (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), CH₃OH (16 μL, 2.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K_2CO_3 (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (PE/EtOAc = 5:1) on silica gel to give the desired products 2x (22 mg, 62%) as a colorless oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.96 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 6.87 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 3.89 (s, 3H). The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

2x- d_3 : 1-(methoxy- d_3)-4-(trifluoromethyl)benzene 2x- d_3 was synthesized according to the **General procedure A** With 1x (0.2 mmol, 32.4 mg), Cat.1 (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), CD₃OH (16 μL, 2.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K₂CO₃ (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (PE/EtOAc = 5:1) on silica gel to give the desired products 2x- d_3 (23.3 mg, 65%) as a colorless oil. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.95 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 6.89 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 167.2, 160.0, 132.1, 122.8, 115.4. HRMS m/z (ESI): calcd. for C₁₄H₁₂NO₅ [M+H]⁺: 180.0710, found: 180.0711.

S 2y: 4-(methylthio)phenol²⁶

2y was synthesized according to the General procedure B With 1y (2 mmol, 252 mg), Cat.1 (55 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (72 mg, 10 mol%), CH₃OH (400 μL, 5.0 equiv.) and Hexane (5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K_2CO_3 (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (PE/DCM = 5:1) on silica gel to give the desired products 2y (236 mg, 84%) as a white solid. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.23 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 6.79 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 2.44 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 154.2, 130.6, 129.1, 116.2, 18.2. The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

2y-d₃: 4-((methyl-d₃)thio)phenol
2y-d₃ was synthesized according to the General procedure B
With 1y (2 mmol, 252 mg), Cat.1 (55 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (72 mg, 10 mol%),
CD₃OH (400 μL, 5.0 equiv.) and Hexane (5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at
150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K₂CO₃ (20 mol%), filtration and then washing
the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced
pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (PE/DCM
= 5:1) on silica gel to give the desired products 2y-d₃ (258 mg, 90%) as a white solid.

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.23 (d, J= 8.7 Hz, 2H), 6.77 (d, J= 8.7 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR
(101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 154.2, 130.5, 129.0, 116.2. HRMS m/z (ESI): calcd. for C₇H₅D₃OS

HO S 2z: 3-(methylthio)phenol²⁸

[M-H]⁻: 142.0411, found: 142.0415

2z was synthesized according to the **General procedure B** With 1z (2 mmol, 252 mg), **Cat.1** (55 mg, 10 mol%), $Zn(OTf)_2$ (72 mg, 10 mol%), CH_3OH (400 μ L, 5.0 equiv.) and Hexane (5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K_2CO_3 (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the

residue was purified using flash column chromatography (PE/DCM = 5:1) on silica gel to give the desired products **2z** (230 mg, 82%) as a colorless oil. ¹**H NMR** (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.15 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.83 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.74 (t, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.59 (dd, J = 8.0, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 2.46 (s, 3H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 156.0, 140.3, 130.0, 119.0, 113.3, 112.2, 15.7. The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

HO
$$SCD_3$$
 2z- d_3 : 3-((methyl- d_3)thio)phenol

2z-*d*₃ was synthesized according to the **General procedure B** With **1z** (2 mmol, 252 mg), **Cat.1** (55 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (72 mg, 10 mol%), CD₃OH (400 μL, 5.0 equiv.) and Hexane (5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K₂CO₃ (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (PE/DCM = 5:1) on silica gel to give the desired products **2z-***d*₃ (255 mg, 89%) as a colorless oil. ¹**H NMR** (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.14 (t, J = 6.7 Hz, 1H), 6.82 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.74 (s, 1H), 6.61 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 156.0, 140.2, 130.0, 119.0, 113.3, 112.2. **HRMS** m/z (ESI): calcd. for C₇H₅D₃OS [M-H]⁻: 142.0411, found: 142.0413

2aa: 2-(methylthio)phenol²⁹

2aa was synthesized according to the General procedure B With 1aa (2 mmol, 252 mg), Cat.1 (55 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (72 mg, 10 mol%), CH₃OH (400 μL, 5.0 equiv.) and Hexane (5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K₂CO₃ (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (PE/DCM = 5:1) on silica gel to give the desired products 2aa (249 mg, 89%) as a colorless oil.

¹**H NMR** (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.49 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.26 (t, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (d,

J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 6.9 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 2.34 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ

156.5, 135.0, 130.9, 121.1, 115.0, 20.0. The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

OH SCD₃ **2aa-d**₃: 2-((methyl-d₃)thio)phenol

2aa- d_3 was synthesized according to the **General procedure B** With 1aa (2 mmol, 252 mg), Cat.1 (55 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (72 mg, 10 mol%), CD₃OH (400 μL, 5.0 equiv.) and Hexane (5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K₂CO₃ (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (PE/DCM = 5:1) on silica gel to give the desired products 2aa- d_3 (249 mg, 87%) as a colorless oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.48 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.228 – 7.24 (m, 1H), 7.01 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 6.90 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.72 (s, 1H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 156.3, 134.7, 130.7, 121.0, 114.9. HRMS m/z (ESI): calcd. for C₇H₅D₃OS [M-H]⁻: 142.0411, found: 142.0411.

SeMe **2bb**: methyl(phenyl)selane

2bb was synthesized according to the **General procedure A** With **1bb** (0.2 mmol, 252 mg), **Cat.1** (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), $Zn(OTf)_2$ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), CD_3OH (16 μ L, 2.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K_2CO_3 (20 mol%), and CH_2Br_2 as an internal standard Subsequently, take sample 1-2 drops to check yield by NMR (NMR yield by 92%).

SeCD₃ 2bb-d₃: (methyl-d₃)(phenyl)selane
2bb-d₃ was synthesized according to the General procedure B

With **1bb** (0.2 mmol, 252 mg), **Cat.1** (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), $Zn(OTf)_2$ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), CD_3OH (16 μ L, 2.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K_2CO_3 (20 mol%), and CH_2Br_2 as an internal standard Subsequently, take sample 1-2 drops to check yield by NMR (NMR yield by 87%).

2cc: 1,2,3,5-tetramethylbenzene

2cc was synthesized according to the General procedure C With 1cc (1 mmol, 120.2 mg), Cat.1 (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), CH₃OH (8 µL, 1.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 48 h then quenched by adding K₂CO₃ (20 mol%), and dodecane as an internal standard Subsequently, take sample 1-2 drops to check yield by GC (GC yield by 87%).

2dd: 1,2,3,4,5-pentamethylbenzene

2dd was synthesized according to the General procedure C With 1dd (1 mmol, 134.2 mg), Cat.1 (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), CH₃OH (8 μL, 1.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 48 h then quenched by adding K₂CO₃ (20 mol%), and dodecane as an internal standard Subsequently, take sample 1-2 drops to check yield by GC (GC yield by 98%).



2ee: 1,2,3,4,5-pentamethylbenzene

2ee was synthesized according to the General procedure C With 1ee (1 mmol, 134.2 mg), Cat.1 (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), CH₃OH (8 µL, 1.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 48 h then quenched by adding K₂CO₃ (20 mol%), and dodecane as an internal standard Subsequently, take sample 1-2 drops to check yield by GC (GC yield by 98%).



2ff: 1,2,3,4,5,6-hexamethylbenzene

2ff was synthesized according to the General procedure C With 1ff (1 mmol, 148.2 mg), Cat.1 (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), CH₃OH (8 μL, 1.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 48 h then quenched by adding K₂CO₃ (20 mol%), and dodecane as an internal standard Subsequently, take sample 1-2 drops to check yield by GC (GC yield by 98%).

2gg: 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

2gg was synthesized according to the General procedure C With 1gg (1 mmol, 106.2 mg), Cat.1 (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), CH₃OH (8 μL, 1.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 48 h then quenched by adding K₂CO₃ (20 mol%), and dodecane as an internal standard Subsequently, take sample 1-2 drops to check yield by GC (GC yield by 30%).

2hh: 1,4-dimethoxy-2-methylbenzene
2hh was synthesized according to the General procedure C
With 1hh (1 mmol, 138.2 mg), Cat.1 (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂
(7.2 mg, 10 mol%), CH₃OH (8 μL, 1.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 48 h then quenched by adding K₂CO₃ (20 mol%), and dodecane as an internal standard Subsequently, take sample 1-2 drops to check yield by GC (GC yield by 30%).

2ii: 1,4-dimethoxy-2-methylbenzene
2ii was synthesized according to the General procedure C With MeO OMe 1ii (1 mmol, 168.2 mg), Cat.1 (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), CH₃OH (8 μL, 1.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 48 h then quenched by adding K₂CO₃ (20 mol%), and dodecane as an internal standard Subsequently, take sample 1-2 drops to check yield by GC (GC yield by 82%).

Me **2jj**: 1,3-dimethyl-2-phenyl-1H-indole³⁰

2jj was synthesized according to the General procedure A With 1jj (0.2 mmol, 41.5 mg), Cat.1 (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), CH₃OH (16 μ L, 2.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K₂CO₃ (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (PE/EtOAc = 10:1) on silica gel to give the desired products 2aa (35.5 mg, 80%) as a

white solid. ¹**H NMR** (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.61 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.53 – 7.48 (m, 2H), 7.43 – 7.40 (m, 3H), 7.33 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.27 – 7.25 (m, 2H), 7.16 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 3.62 (s, 3H), 2.29 (s, 3H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 141.5, 138.3, 132.8, 129.3, 128.5, 127.9, 127.8, 121.6, 120.4, 119.8, 109.6, 101.6, 31.1 The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

2kk was synthesized according to the General procedure A With 1a (0.2 mmol, 29 mg), Cat.1 (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), alcohol (24 μL, 2.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K_2CO_3 (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (100% petroleum ether) on silica gel to give the desired products 2kk (33.2 mg, 96%) as a colorless oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.24 (s, 4H), 2.93 (q, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H),

2II: (4-chlorophenyl)(propyl)sulfane³²
2II was synthesized according to the General procedure A
With 1a (0.2 mmol, 29 mg), Cat.1 (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂

1.30 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 135.3, 131.9, 130.5, 129.1, 28.0,

14.4. The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

(7.2 mg, 10 mol%), alcohol (30 μ L, 2.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K₂CO₃ (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (100% petroleum ether) on silica gel to give the desired products **2II** (36.2 mg, 97%) as a colorless oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.24 (s, 4H), 2.87 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 1.65 (q, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 1.02 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 135.6, 131.8, 130.4, 129.1, 36.0, 22.5, 13.5. The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

2mm: (4-chlorophenyl)(heptyl)sulfane

2mm was synthesized according to the general

procedure A With **1a** (0.2 mmol, 29 mg), **Cat.1** (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), alcohol (57 μL, 2.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K_2CO_3 (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (100% petroleum ether) on silica gel to give the desired products **2mm** (47.1 mg, 97%) as a colorless oil. ¹**H NMR** (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.24 (s, 4H), 2.88 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 1.63 (p, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 1.42 – 1.38 (m, 2H), 1.30 – 1.26 (m, 6H), 0.88 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 3H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 135.7, 131.7, 130.3, 129.1, 34.0, 31.8, 29.2, 29.0, 28.9, 22.7, 14.2. **HRMS** m/z (ESI): calcd. for $C_{13}H_{19}CIS$ [M+H]⁺: 243.0969, found: 243.0967.

2nn: (4-chlorophenyl)(3,7-dimethyloctyl)sulfane2nn: was synthesized according to the General

procedure A With 1a (0.2 mmol, 29 mg), Cat.1

(5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), alcohol (76 μL, 2.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K_2CO_3 (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (100% petroleum ether) on silica gel to give the desired products **2nn** (45 mg, 79%) as a white solid. ¹**H NMR** (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.24 (s, 4H), 2.96 – 2.84 (m, 2H), 1.65 – 1.61 (m, 1H), 1.52 – 1.42 (m, 2H), 1.31 – 1.19 (m, 4H), 1.15 – 1.12 (m, 3H), 0.9 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H), 0.87 (d, J = 6.5 Hz, 6H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 135.7, 131.7, 130.3, 129.1, 39.3, 37.0, 36.3, 32.3, 31.9, 28.1, 24.8, 22.8, 22.7, 19.5. **HRMS** m/z (ESI): calcd. for C₁₆H₂₆CIS[M+H]⁺: 285.1438, found: 285.1435.

200: sec-butyl(4-chlorophenyl)sulfane

200 was synthesized according to the General procedure A

With **1a** (0.2 mmol, 29 mg), **Cat.1** (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), $Zn(OTf)_2$ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), alcohol (37 µL, 2.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K_2CO_3 (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (100% petroleum ether) on silica gel to give the desired products **200** (36.1 mg, 90%) as a colorless oil. ¹H **NMR** (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.32 – 7.31 (m, 2H), 7.26 – 7.25 (m, 2H), 3.12 (p, J = 6.5 Hz, 1H), 1.66 – 1.50 (m, 2H), 1.26 (d, J = 6.4 Hz, 3H), 1.00 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 3H). ¹³C **NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 134.2, 133.4, 132.8, 129.0, 45.4, 29.5, 20.6, 11.6. **HRMS** m/z (ESI): calcd. for $C_{10}H_{14}CIS[M+H]^+$: 201.0499, found: 201.0497.

2pp: (4-chlorophenyl)(cyclopentyl)sulfane³³

2pp was synthesized according to the **General procedure A** With **1a** (0.2 mmol, 29 mg), **Cat.1** (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂

(7.2 mg, 10 mol%), alcohol (37 μL, 2.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K_2CO_3 (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (100% petroleum ether) on silica gel to give the desired products **2pp** (37 mg, 87%) as a colorless oil. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.31 – 7.26 (m, 4H), 3.60 – 3.55 (p, J = 7.4, 6.8 Hz, 1H), 2.17 – 2.04 (m, 2H), 1.84 – 1.76 (m, 2H), 1.68 – 1.60 (m, 2H), 1.33 – 1.28 (m, 2H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 136.0, 132.1, 131.5, 129.0, 46.4, 33.6, 24.9.

2qq: (4-chlorophenyl)(cyclododecyl)sulfane³⁴

2qq was synthesized according to the **General procedure A** With **1a** (0.2 mmol, 29 mg), **Cat.1** (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), alcohol (74 mg,

2.0 equiv.) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K₂CO₃ (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM,

the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (100% petroleum ether) on silica gel to give the desired products **2qq** (47.3 mg, 76%) as a white solid. ¹**H NMR** (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.33 – 7.29 (m, 2H), 7.27 – 7.23 (m, 2H), 3.26 – 3.19 (m, 1H), 1.76 – 1.66 (m, 2H), 1.60 – 1.49 (m, 4H), 1.47 – 1.31 (m, 16H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 134.7, 132.8, 132.6, 129.1, 45.4, 30.0, 24.3, 24.0, 23.5, 23.5, 22.3.

2rr: 1,2-bis((4-chlorophenyl)thio)ethane³⁵
2rr was synthesized according to the General procedure A With 1a (0.6 mmol, 87 mg), Cat.1 (11 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (14.4 mg, 10 mol%),

alcohol (12 μ L, 0.2 mmol) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K₂CO₃ (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (100% petroleum ether) on silica gel to give the desired products **2rr** (49 mg, 77%) as a white solid. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.26 – 7.22 (m, 8H), 3.03 (s, 4H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 133.6, 133.0, 131.7, 129.4, 33.8.

2ss: 1,2-bis((4-chlorophenyl)thio)ethane
2ss was synthesized according to the
General procedure A With 1a (0.6 mmol,
87 mg), Cat.1 (11 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂

(14.4 mg, 10 mol%), alcohol (18 μ L, 0.2 mmol) and HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K₂CO₃ (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (100% petroleum ether) on silica gel to give the desired products **2ss** (55.4 mg, 81%) as a colorless oil. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.29 – 7.25 (m, 8H), 2.92 (s, 4H), 1.78 (s, 4H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 135.0, 132.1, 130.8, 129.2, 33.6, 28.0. HRMS

m/z (ESI): calcd. for $C_{10}H_{14}CIS[M+H]^+$: 343.0143, found: 343.0140.

4b: 3-methoxyphenol²⁹
4b was synthesized according to the General procedure B With 3b (0.2 mmol, 22 mg), Cat.1 (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), MeOH (40 μL, 5.0 equiv.) and Hexane (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K₂CO₃ (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (PE/EtOAc = 10:1) on silica gel to give the desired products 4b (21 mg, 85%) as a colorless oil. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.17 (t, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.56 – 6.54 (m, 1H), 6.51 – 6.47 (m, 2H), 3.80 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 160.8, 156.8, 130.3, 108.1, 106.6, 101.7, 55.4. The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

OMe
OH
OH
Ac was synthesized according to the General procedure B With 3c (0.2 mmol, 22 mg), Cat.1 (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), MeOH (40 μL, 5.0 equiv.) and Hexane (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K₂CO₃ (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (PE/EtOAc = 10:1) on silica gel to give the desired products 4c (20 mg, 80%) as a colorless oil. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.03 – 7.01 (m, 1H), 6.95 – 6.92 (m, 3H), 5.85 (s, 1H), 3.92 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 146.7, 145.7, 121.5, 120.2, 114.7, 110.9, 55.9. The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

4d: 3-methoxynaphthalen-2-ol 37 4d was synthesized according to the **General procedure B** With 3d (0.2 mmol, 32 mg), Cat.1 (5.5 mg, 10 mol $^{\%}$), Zn(OTf) $_{2}$ (7.2 mg, 10 mol $^{\%}$), MeOH (16 µL, 2.0 equiv.) and Hexane (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K $_{2}$ CO $_{3}$ (20 mol $^{\%}$), filtration and

then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (PE/EtOAc = 10:1) on silica gel to give the desired products **4d** (24.7 mg, 71%). as a yellow solid. ¹**H NMR** (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.68 (td, J = 8.2, 6.8, 4.8 Hz, 2H), 7.35 – 7.31 (m, 2H), 7.26 (m, 1H), 7.13 (s, 1H), 4.02 (s, 3H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 147.5, 145.8, 129.8, 129.1, 126.6, 126.5, 124.4, 124.0, 109.5, 105.8, 56.0. The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

OH OMe

OH

4e: 6-methoxy-2,3-dihydro-1H-inden-5-ol³⁸

4e was synthesized according to the **General procedure B** With **3e** (0.2 mmol, 30 mg), **Cat.1** (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2

mg, 10 mol%), MeOH (40 μ L, 5.0 equiv.) and Hexane (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K₂CO₃ (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (PE/EtOAc = 10:1) on silica gel to give the desired products **4e** (15.5 mg, 47%) (61% yield by nmr) as a colorless oil. ¹**H NMR** (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.80 (s, 1H), 6.75 (s, 1H), 3.86 (s, 3H), 2.83 (q, J = 7.6 Hz, 4H), 2.05 (p, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 147.5, 145.8, 129.8, 129.1, 126.6, 126.5, 124.4, 124.0, 109.5, 105.8, 56.0. The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

4f: 3-methoxy-5-methylphenol³⁹

4f was synthesized according to the General procedure B With 3f OMe (0.2 mmol, 25 mg), Cat.1 (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), MeOH (40 μL, 5.0 equiv.) and Hexane (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K₂CO₃ (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (PE/EtOAc = 10:1) on silica gel to give the desired products 4f (21 mg, 76%) as a colorless oil. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.32 (s, 1H), 6.26 (s, 1H), 6.23 (s, 1H), 3.76

(s, 3H), 2.27 (s, 3H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 160.9, 156.7, 140.7, 108.7, 107.5, 98.7, 55.4, 21.7. The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

4g: 3-methoxy-5-propylphenol
4g was synthesized according to the General procedure B With
OMe 3g (0.2 mmol, 31 mg), Cat.1 (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), MeOH (40 μL, 5.0 equiv.) and Hexane (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K_2CO_3 (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (PE/EtOAc = 10:1) on silica gel to give the desired products 4g (28.3 mg, 85%) as a yellow oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.35 (s, 1H), 6.29 (s, 1H), 6.26 (t, J = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 2.52 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 1.68 – 1.59 (m, 2H), 0.95 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 160.9, 156.6, 145.7, 108.1, 107.0, 98.8, 55.4, 38.3, 24.4, 14.0. HRMS m/z (ESI): calcd. for $C_{10}H_4O_2$ [M-H]: 165.0921, found: 165.0925

4h was synthesized according to the General procedure DMe B With 3h (0.2 mmol, 36 mg), Cat.1 (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), MeOH (40 μL, 5.0 equiv.) and Hexane (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K_2CO_3 (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (PE/EtOAc = 10:1) on silica gel to give the desired products 4h (32.2 mg, 83%) as a yellow oil. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.32 (s, 1H), 6.26 (s, 1H), 6.23 (t, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 2.51 (t, J = 6.7 Hz, 2H), 1.32 – 1.25 (m, 6H), 0.89 (t, J = 6.7 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.0, 156.6, 145.9, 108.0, 106.9, 98.8, 55.4, 36.2, 31.6, 31.0, 22.7, 14.2. The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

4h: 3-methoxy-5-pentylphenol⁴⁰

OH ОМе

OH

4i: 3-methoxy-5-(2-methyloctan-2-yl)phenol⁴¹

4i was synthesized according to the General procedure B With 3i (0.2 mmol, 47.3 mg), Cat.1 (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), MeOH (40 μL, 5.0 equiv.) and Hexane (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K₂CO₃ (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (PE/EtOAc = 10:1) on silica gel to give the desired products **4i** (41 mg, 82%) as a yellow oil. ¹**H NMR** (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.47 (s, 1H), 6.40 (s, 1H), 6.24 (t, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 1.55 - 1.52 (m, 2H), 1.23 (s, 6H), 1.21 - 1.17 (m, 6H), 1.01 - 1.01 (m, 2H), 0.84 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H) ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 160.7, 156.4, 153.2, 105.8, 105.3, 98.0, 55.3, 44.6, 38.0, 31.9, 30.2, 29.0, 24.8, 22.8, 14.2.

4j: 5-fluorobenzene-1,3-diol⁴²

The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

4j was synthesized according to the General procedure B With 3j (0.2 mmol, 26 mg), Cat.1 (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), MeOH (40 µL, 5.0 equiv.) and Hexane (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K₂CO₃ (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (PE/EtOAc = 10:1) on silica gel to give the desired products 4j (10 mg, 36%) as a colorless oil. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.22 (dt, J = 10.7, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 6.19 – 6.17 (m, 2H), 3.76 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 165.1(d, J = 242 Hz), 161.8(d, J = 242 Hz) 15.1 Hz), 157.6 (d, J = 13.6 Hz), 97.7(d, J = 3 Hz), 96.1(d, J = 25.7 Hz), 94.6(d, J = 25.7 Hz), 95.1(d, J = 25.7 Hz), 94.6(d, J = 25.7 Hz), 94.6(d, J = 25.7 Hz), 95.1(d, J = 25.7 Hz), 94.6(d, J = 25.7 Hz), 95.1(d, J = 25.7 Hz), 94.6(d, J = 25.7 Hz), 95.1(d, J = 25.7 Hz), 94.6(d, J = 25.7 Hz), 95.1(d, J = 25.7 Hz), 94.6(d, J = 25.7 Hz), 94.6(d, J = 25.7 Hz), 95.1(d, J = 25.7 Hz), 95.1(d, J = 25.7 Hz), 94.6(d, J = 25.7 Hz), 95.1(d, J = 25.7 Hz), 95.1(d, J = 25.7 Hz), 94.6(d, J = 25.7 Hz), 95.1(d, J = 25.7 Hz), 94.6(d, J = 25.7 Hz), 95.1(d, J = 25.7 H 25.7 Hz), 55.7. 19 F NMR (565 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -111.0 The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

4k: 3-chloro-5-methoxyphenol42

4k was synthesized according to the **General procedure B** With OMe **3k** (0.2 mmol, 29 mg), **Cat.1** (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), MeOH (40 μL, 5.0 equiv.) and Hexane (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K_2CO_3 (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (PE/EtOAc = 10:1) on silica gel to give the desired products **4k** (26.6 mg, 84%) as a colorless oil. ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.49 (s, 1H), 6.46 (s, 1H), 6.29 (t, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 3.76 (s, 3H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.4, 157.2, 135.4, 108.7, 107.2, 100.5, 55.7. The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

4I: 3-bromo-5-methoxyphenol⁴³

4I was synthesized according to the **General procedure B** With SI (0.2 mmol, 38 mg), **Cat.1** (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), MeOH (40 μL, 5.0 equiv.) and Hexane (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K_2CO_3 (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (100% petroleum ether) on silica gel to give the desired products **4I** (38.6 mg, 95%) as a yellow solid. ¹H **NMR** (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.65 (s, 1H), 6.61 (s, 1H), 6.33 (t, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 3.76 (s, 3H). ¹³C **NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.5, 157.3, 123.1, 111.6, 110.1, 101.0, 55.7. The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

4m: methyl 3-hydroxy-5-methoxybenzoate⁴³
4m was synthesized according to the general procedure B With
3m (0.2 mmol, 34 mg), Cat.1 (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), MeOH (40 μL, 5.0 equiv.) and Hexane (0.5 mL, 0.4M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K₂CO₃ (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase

was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (PE/EtOAc = 5:1) on silica gel to give the desired products **4m** (18.2 mg, 50%) as a yellow solid. ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.16 – 7.14 (m, 2H), 6.62 (t, J = 2.3 Hz, 1H), 3.90 (s, 3H), 3.82 (s, 3H). ¹³**C NMR** (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 167.1, 161.0, 156.9, 132.2, 109.4, 107.2, 106.8, 55.7, 52.5. The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

4n: 5-methoxy-[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-ol⁴⁴
4n was synthesized according to the **General procedure B** With OMe 3n (0.2 mmol, 37 mg), Cat.1 (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), MeOH (16 μL, 2.0 equiv.) and Hexane (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K_2CO_3 (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (PE/EtOAc = 10:1) on silica gel to give the desired products 4n (25.2 mg, 63%) as a colorless oil. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.56 – 7.55 (m, 2H), 7.42 (t, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.35 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.72 – 6.73 (m, 1H), 6.67 – 6.66 (m, 1H), 6.42 (t, J = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 3.84 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.3, 157.1, 143.9, 140.9, 128.9, 127.8, 127.2, 107.0, 105.8, 100.5, 55.6. The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

OH

4o: 5-methoxy-4'-methyl-[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-ol

4o was synthesized according to the **General procedure B** With **3o** (0.2 mmol, 40 mg), **Cat.1** (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), $Zn(OTf)_2$ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), MeOH (16 μ L, 2.0 equiv.) and Hexane (0.5

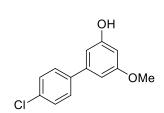
mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K_2CO_3 (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (PE/EtOAc = 10:1) on silica gel to give the desired products **4o** (30 mg, 70%) as a colorless oil. ¹H **NMR** (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.45 (d, J = 8.1 Hz,

2H), 7.23 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.71 – 6.70 (m, 1H), 6.65 – 6.64 (m, 1H), 6.39 (t, J = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 2.39 (s, 3H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.3, 157.0, 143.8, 138.0, 137.6, 129.6, 127.1, 106.8, 105.6, 100.2, 55.6, 21.3. **HRMS** m/z (ESI): calcd. for C₁₄H₁₄O₂ [M-H]⁻: 213.0921, found: 213.0924

4p: 4'-fluoro-5-methoxy-[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-ol

4p was synthesized according to the **General procedure B** With **3p** (0.2 mmol, 41 mg), **Cat.1** (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), $Zn(OTf)_2$ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), MeOH (16 μ L, 2.0 equiv.) and

Hexane (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K_2CO_3 (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (PE/EtOAc = 10:1) on silica gel to give the desired products **4p** (33.6 mg, 77%) as a colorless oil. ¹**H NMR** (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.49 (m, 2H), 7.10 (t, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 6.67 – 6.65 (m, 1H), 6.61 – 6.60 (m, 1H), 6.41 (t, J = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 3.83 (s, 3H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 164.0(d, J = 247.5 Hz), 161.4(d, J = 428.2 Hz), 142.9, 137.0 (d, J = 3.03 Hz),128.8 (d, J = 8.1 Hz), 115.8 (d, J = 21.2 Hz), 106.9, 105.8, 100.4, 55.6. **HRMS** m/z (ESI): calcd. for $C_{13}H_{11}FO_2$ [M-H]⁻: 217.0670, found: 217.0677



4q: 4'-chloro-5-methoxy-[1,1'-biphenyl]-3-ol

4q was synthesized according to the General procedure B With 3q (0.2 mmol, 45 mg), Cat.1 (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), $Zn(OTf)_2$ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), MeOH (16 μ L, 2.0 equiv.) and

Hexane (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K_2CO_3 (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (PE/EtOAc = 10:1) on silica gel to give the desired products **4q** (22.1 mg, 47%) as a colorless oil. ¹**H NMR** (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.48 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.39 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 6.66 – 6.67 (m, 1H), 6.61 – 6.62 (m, 1H), 6.41

(t, J = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 3.83 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.4, 157.2, 142.6, 139.4, 133.8, 129.0, 128.5, 106.8, 105.8, 100.7, 55.6. **HRMS** m/z (ESI): calcd. for C₁₃H₁₁ClO₂ [M-H]⁻: 233.0375, found: 233.0375

4r: 3-methoxy-5-(naphthalen-2-yl)phenol

4r was synthesized according to the General procedure B With 3r (0.2 mmol, 48 mg), Cat.1 (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), MeOH (16 μL, 2.0 equiv.) and

Hexane (0.5 mL, 0.4M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K₂CO₃ (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (PE/EtOAc = 10:1) on silica gel to give the desired products **4r** (41 mg, 82%) as a colorless oil. ¹**H NMR** (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.01 (s, 1H), 7.90 - 7.86 (m, 3H), 7.71 (dd, J = 8.5, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.52 - 7.47 (m, 2H), 6.86 - 6.85(m, 1H), 6.80 - 6.79 (m, 1H), 6.45 (t, J = 2.1 Hz, 1H), 3.87 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, $CDCI_3$) δ 161.4, 157.1, 143.8, 138.2, 133.7, 132.9, 128.5, 128.4, 127.8, 126.5, 126.2, 126.0, 125.6, 107.3, 106.1, 100.6, 55.6. **HRMS** m/z (ESI): calcd. for C₁₇H₁₄O₂ [M-H]⁻: 249.0921, found: 249.0920

4s: 3-methoxy-2-methylphenol⁴⁵

4s was synthesized according to the General procedure B With 3s (0.2 mmol, 25 mg), Cat.1 (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), MeOH (40 µL, 5.0 equiv) and Hexane (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K₂CO₃ (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (PE/EtOAc = 10:1) on silica gel to give the desired products 4s (12.7 mg, 46%) as a colorless oil. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.03 (t, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 6.47 (dd, J = 13.4, 8.2 Hz, 2H), 3.82 (s, 3H), 2.12 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 158.8, 154.6, 126.6, 112.2, 108.2, 103.2, 55.8, 8.1. The spectroscopic data were according to the

literature report.

4t: 2-chloro-3-methoxyphenol

4t was synthesized according to the General procedure B With 3t OMe (0.2 mmol, 29 mg), Cat.1 (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), MeOH (40 μL, 5.0 equiv.) and Hexane (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K_2CO_3 (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (PE/EtOAc = 10:1) on silica gel to give the desired products 4t (14 mg, 44%) as a colorless oil. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.13 (t, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 6.68 (d, J = 9.3 Hz, 1H), 6.52 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 3.89 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 155.7, 152.7, 127.8, 108.7, 103.9, 56.5. HRMS m/z (ESI): calcd. for $C_7H_7ClO_2$ [M-H]⁻: 157.0062, found: 257.0067

4u: 2-butyl-5-methoxyphenol

4u was synthesized according to the **General procedure B** With **3u** (0.2 mmol, 34 mg), **Cat.1** (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), $Zn(OTf)_2$ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), MeOH (40 μ L, 5.0 equiv.) and Hexane (0.5

mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K₂CO₃ (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (PE/EtOAc = 10:1) on silica gel to give the desired products **4u** (32.1 mg, 89%) as a colorless oil. ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.99 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 6.44 (dd, J = 8.3, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 6.39 – 6.37 (m, 1H), 3.78 (s, 1H), 3.76 (s, 3H), 2.53 (q, J = 7.0, 6.5 Hz, 3H), 1.60 – 1.47 (m, 3H), 1.42 – 1.23 (m, 3H), 0.95 – 0.88 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 4H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 159.0, 158.5, 154.8, 154.3, 130.6, 130.2, 123.7, 120.9, 106.5, 106.0, 101.8, 98.9, 55.4, 55.4, 32.4, 32.3, 29.3, 29.1, 22.7, 22.7, 14.2, 14.1. **HRMS** m/z (ESI): calcd. for C₁₁H₁₆O₂ [M-H]⁻: 179.1078, found:179.1077

OMe **4v**: 2-isopropyl-5-methoxyphenol⁴⁶

4v was synthesized according to the **General procedure B** With **3v** (0.2 mmol, 30.4 mg), **Cat.1** (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), $Zn(OTf)_2$ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), MeOH (40 μ L, 5.0 equiv) and Hexane (0.5 mL, 0.4 M).

4v:4v' = 1.5:1

ОН

The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K₂CO₃ (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (PE/EtOAc = 10:1) on silica gel to give the desired products **4v** (27.2 mg, 82%) as a yellow oli. ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.11 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 6.51 (dd, J = 8.5, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 6.38 (d, J = 2.5 Hz, 1H), 3.78 (s, 0.59H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 3.25 – 3.12 (m, 1H), 1.25 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 6H), 1.20 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 1H) ¹³**C NMR** (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 158.4, 157.9, 154.6, 153.7, 127.2, 127.2, 127.0, 126.6, 106.8, 106.0, 101.9, 99.1, 58.8, 55.4, 26.6, 26.3, 23.0, 22.9. The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

4w: 2-methoxy-6-methylphenol

4w was synthesized according to the **General procedure B** With 3w (0.2 mmol, 25 mg), **Cat.1** (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), MeOH (40 μL, 5.0 equiv.) and Hexane (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The

reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K_2CO_3 (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (PE/EtOAc = 10:1) on silica gel to give the desired products **4w** (18 mg, 65%) as a colorless oil. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.76 – 6.71 (m, 3H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 2.26 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 146.4, 143.9, 124.1, 123.3, 119.3, 108.4, 56.1, 15.5. HRMS m/z (ESI): calcd. for $C_8H_{10}O_2$ [M-H]: 137.0608, found: 137.0607

4x: 2-fluoro-6-methoxyphenol^{47, 48}

OH OMe

4x:4x' =3:1

4x was synthesized according to the **General procedure B** With **3x** (0.2 mmol, 26 mg), **Cat.1** (16.5 mg, 10 mol%), $Zn(OTf)_2$ (21.6 mg, 10 mol%), MeOH (40 μ L, 5.0 equiv.) and Hexane (0.5 mL, 0.4 M).

The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K_2CO_3 (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (PE/EtOAc = 10:1) on silica gel to give the desired products **4x** (15 mg, 49%), (67% yield by nmr) as a colorless oil. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.80 – 6.72 (m, 2.42H), 6.68 – 6.61 (m, 1.45H), 4.0 (s, 1H), 3.91 (s, 3H). The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

OH CI OMe Av: 4v' = 6 7:1 4y: 2-chloro-6-methoxyphenol48

4y was synthesized according to the **General procedure B** With **3y** (0.2 mmol, 29 mg), **Cat.1** (16.5 mg, 10 mol%), $Zn(OTf)_2$ (21.6 mg, 10 mol%), MeOH (40 μ L, 5.0 equiv.) and Hexane (0.5 mL, 0.4 M).

The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K_2CO_3 (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (PE/EtOAc = 10:1) on silica gel to give the desired products **4y** (20 mg, 63%) as a colorless oil. ¹**H NMR** (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.98 (dd, J=7.3, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 6.84 – 6.80 (m, 2H), 3.96 (s, 0.45H), 3.93 (s, 3H). The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

OH OMe 4z:4z' =1.2:1 4z: 2-methoxy-5-methylphenol49

4z was synthesized according to the **General procedure B** With 3z (0.2 mmol, 25 mg), Cat.1 (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), $Zn(OTf)_2$ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), MeOH (40 μ L, 5.0 equiv.) and Hexane (0.5 mL, 0.4 M). The

reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K₂CO₃ (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was

concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (PE/EtOAc = 10:1) on silica gel to give the desired products 4z (20.5 mg, 74%) as a colorless oil. ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.81 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 0.81H), 6.76 – 6.72 (m, 2H), 6.68 – 6.63 (m, 2.67H), 3.87 (s, 2.45H), 3.86 (s, 3H), 2.29 (s, 2.49H), 2.26 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 146.4, 145.5, 144.6, 143.5, 131.3, 129.8, 121.6, 120.4, 115.5, 114.2, 111.8, 110.8, 56.2, 56.0, 21.2, 20.9. The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

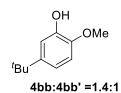
OH

4aa:4aa' =1.3:1

4aa: 5-ethyl-2-methoxyphenol50

4aa was synthesized according to the **General procedure B** With 3aa (0.2 mmol, 28 mg), Cat.1 (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), $Zn(OTf)_2$ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), MeOH (40 μ L, 5.0 equiv.) and Hexane (0.5 mL, 0.4

M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K_2CO_3 (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (PE/EtOAc = 10:1) on silica gel to give the desired products **4aa** (20.4 mg, 67%) as a colorless oil. ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.89– 6.84 (m, 1.15H), 6.81 – 6.77 (m, 1.65H), 6.72 – 6.67 (m, 2.58H), 3.89 (s, 3H), 3.87 (s, 2.58H), 2.63 – 2.54 (m, 3.71H), 1.25 – 1.20 (m, 5.54H). ¹³**C NMR** (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 146.5, 145.5, 144.7, 143.6, 137.8, 136.4, 120.4, 119.1, 114.3, 110.8, 110.6, 56.1, 56.0, 28.7, 28.4, 16.1, 15.9. The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.



4bb: 5-(tert-butyl)-2-methoxyphenol⁵¹

4bb was synthesized according to the General procedure B With 3bb (0.2 mmol, 34 mg), Cat.1 (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), MeOH (40 μ L, 5.0 equiv.) and Hexane (0.5

mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K_2CO_3 (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (PE/EtOAc = 10:1) on silica gel to give the desired products

4bb (17 mg, 47%) as a colorless oil. ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.00 – 6.99 (m, 0.95H), 6.90 – 6.84 (m, 3.02H), 6.80 – 6.78 (m 1H), 3.9 (s, 2.15H), 3.87 (s, 3H), 1.31 (s, 6.42H), 1.29 (s, 9H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 146.1, 145.2, 144.9, 144.4, 143.5, 143.4, 118.0, 116.6, 113.9, 112.3, 110.3, 108.4, 56.1, 56.0, 34.6, 34.4, 31.7, 31.6. The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

OH OMe 4cc:4cc' =2.4:1 4cc: 5-fluoro-2-methoxyphenol^{42,52}

4cc was synthesized according to the **General procedure B** With **3cc** (0.2 mmol, 26 mg), **Cat.1** (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), MeOH (40 μL, 5.0 equiv.) and Hexane (0.5 mL, 0.4 M).

The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K_2CO_3 (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (PE/EtOAc = 10:1) on silica gel to give the desired products **4cc** (14 mg, 50%), (63% yield by nmr) as a colorless oil. ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.85 – 6.82 (m, 0.45H), 6.78 – 6.74 (m, 1.04H), 6.70 – 6.66 (m, 0.97H), 6.64 – 6.51 (m, 1.93H), 3.88 (s, 1.34H), 3.87 (s, 3H). ¹³**C NMR** (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 158.5 (d, J = 237.1 Hz), 157.6 (d, J = 237.1 Hz), 147.0 (d, J = 10.6 Hz), 146.6 (d, J = 12.1 Hz), 143.1(d, J = 3 Hz), 141.8(d, J = 3 Hz), 114.4 (d, J = 9.1 Hz), 111.0 (d, J = 9.1 Hz), 107.0 (d, J = 22.7 Hz), 105.8 (d, J = 22.7 Hz), 103.0 (d, J = 27.2 Hz), 99.5 (d, J = 27.2 Hz), 56.6, 56.2. ¹⁹**F NMR** (565 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -121.3, -121.9. The procedure and spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

4dd:4dd' =1:1.7

4dd: methyl 3-hydroxy-4-methoxybenzoate^{53,54}

4dd was synthesized according to the **General procedure B** With **3dd** (0.2 mmol, 34 mg), **Cat.1** (5.5 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), MeOH (40 μL, 5.0 equiv.) and Hexane (0.5

mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K_2CO_3 (20 mol%), filtration and then washing the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash

column chromatography (PE/EtOAc = 5:1) on silica gel to give the desired products **4dd** (22.6 mg, 62%) as a white solid. 1 H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.64 – 7.54 (m, 1.16H), 6.94 – 6.86 (m, 0.61H), 3.94 (s, 1.71H), 3.88 (s, 1H), 3.87 (s, 0.63H). The procedure and spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

6 Synthetic applications and spectroscopic data

6.1 Pridopidine derivatives

(3-bromophenyl)(methyl)sulfane(2h): To a 100 mL Schlenk tube was charged with Cat.1 (276mg 10 mol%), $Zn(OTf)_2$ (360mg 10 mol%),

1-bromo-3-(methylsulfonyl)benzene (6)^{55,56}: Crude product (**2h**) was placed in 100 mL Schlenk tube, acetic acid (5 mL) was added, to the stirred reaction mixture H_2O_2 aq (5 mL, 30% v/v) was added dropwise, and reaction mixture was heated to 100 °C (oil bath). After 3 h reaction mixture was poured onto water/ice (100 mL), solid Na_2CO_3 was added to pH = 7, mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate (3 × 20 mL), combined organic phases dried over anhydrous MgSO₄. The mixture was filtered, evaporated, and The crude product was purified by silica column chromatography to afford **6** in 80% yield over 2 steps (1.88 g, white solid) The procedure and spectroscopic data were

according to the literature report.

Pridopidine (8)

Steps1: tert-butyl 4-(3-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)piperidine-1-carboxylate (8-S1)⁵⁷ To an oven dried 10 mL Schlenk tube was added boronic ester (155mg, 0.5 mmol, 1 equiv.), PdXPhosG₂ (4 mg, 0.005 mmol, 0.01 equiv.), 10% Pd/C (64 mg, 0.08 mmol, 0.12 equiv.), K₃PO₄ (318 mg, 0.15 mmol, 3 equiv.) and 6 (118mg, 0.5 mmol, 1 equiv.). The tube was capped and purged, then 1,4-dioxane (1.6 mL) and water (400 μL) were added. The reaction mixture was stirred at 80 °C for 4 h, followed by the addition of NH₄HCO₂ in MeOH (1.25 M) (316 mg NH₄HCO₂ in 4 mL MeOH). After this, the reaction was stirred for 16 h at room temperature, and the reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate, filtered through Celite and rinsed through with further ethyl acetate. The solvent was removed in vacuo and the crude product was purified by silica column chromatography to afford 8-S1 in 90% yield (152 mg, yellow oil). The procedure and spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

Steps2: 4-(3-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)piperidine TFA-salt (8-S2)

In a 10 mL Schlenk tube tert-butyl 4-(3- (methylsulfonyl)phenyl)piperidine-1-carboxylate (8-S1) (0.168 mmol, 1.0 equiv) were dissolved in 1 mL DCM/TFA (9:1). The mixture was stirred for 1 h. Afterwards the solvent was removed under reduced pressure, the residue was dissolved in fluorobenzene and the solvent was again removed under reduced pressure. The crude product (8-S2) was without purified for next step.

Steps3: 4-(3-(Methylsulfonyl)phenyl)-1-propylpiperidine / Pridopidine (8)⁵⁸

Crude 4-(3-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)piperidine TFA-salt was dissolved in 1 mL acetonitrile and 70 mg K_2CO_3 (0.5 mmol, 3.0 equiv) and 34 mg 1-iodopropane (0.2 mmol, 1.2 equiv) were added. The reaction mixture was stirred at rt overnight. The mixture was quenched by the addition of water and then extracted with ethyl acetate. The combined organic phases were dried over Na_2SO_4 . After filtration the solvent was

removed under reduced pressure. The crude product was purified by silica column chromatography to afford **8** in 81% yield over 2 steps (38.3 mg, yellow oil). ¹**H NMR** (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.81 (s, 1H), 7.76 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.53 – 7.48 (m, 2H), 3.08 – 3.06 (m, 2H), 3.04 (s, 3H), 2.61 (td, J = 11.5, 5.4 Hz, 1H), 2.34 (dt, J = 8.6, 4.1 Hz, 2H), 2.04 (dt, J = 11.8, 6.0 Hz, 2H), 1.87 – 1,78 (m, 4H), 1.57 – 1.51 (m, 2H), 0.92 (td, J = 7.5, 2.7 Hz, 3H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 148.4, 140.7, 132.2, 129.5, 125.9, 125.1, 61.1, 54.2, 44.6, 42.7, 33.4, 20.3, 12.1. The procedure and spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

6.2 HIV virus inhibitor analogs

4-(3-(cyclopentyloxy)-4-methoxyphenyl)-1-(3-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)pyrrolidin-2-one(10)

Steps1: 4-(3-(cyclopentyloxy)-4-methoxyphenyl)-1-(3-(methylthio)phenyl) pyrrolidin-2-one (10-S1)

A mixture of 4-(3-cyclopentyloxy-4-methoxy-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-2-one (276 mg, 1 mmol), (3-bromophenyl)(methyl)sulfane(**2h**) (283mg, 1.4 mmol), K₃PO₄ (318 mg, 1.5 mmol), DMF (3.0 mL), dioxane (3.0 mL) and 1,2-*trans*-cyclohexanediamine (25 μL) was stirred under N₂ for 5 min before Cul (35 mg) was added. The reaction mixture was heated at 110 °C for 20 h under N₂ with stirring, then cooled down to rt The mixture was diluted with EtOAc, washed with saturated NH₄Cl (3x10 mL) and dried over Na₂SO₄ The crude product was purified by silica column chromatography to afford **10-S1** in 75% yield (298.1 mg, yellow oil).

Steps2: 4-(3-(cyclopentyloxy)-4-methoxyphenyl)-1-(3-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)pyrrolidin-2-one(10)⁵⁹

10-S1 (398 mg, 1 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ was cooled by an ice water bath, *m*-CPBA (379 mg,

2.2 mmol) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 3 h at rt. The reaction was quenched with 10% Na₂S₂O₃ and the mixture was extracted with EtOAc. The organic layer was washed with sat. NaHCO₃ and dried over Na₂SO₄. The crude product was purified by silica column chromatography to afford **10** in 85% yield (365 mg, yellow solid). The procedure and spectroscopic data were according to the literature report. **1H NMR** (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.14 (ddd, J = 8.3, 2.3, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 8.04 (t, J = 2.0 Hz, 1H), 7.71 (ddd, J = 7.8, 1.8, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.58 (t, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.85 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 6.82 – 6.79 (m, 2H), 4.78 (tt, J = 6.0, 3.4 Hz, 1H), 4.22 (dd, J = 9.4, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.90 – 3.88 (m, 1H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 3.67 (p, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 3.07 (s, 3H), 3.02 (dd, J = 17.1, 8.7 Hz, 1H), 2.82 (dd, J = 17.1, 9.0 Hz, 1H), 1.94 – 1.81 (m, 6H), 1.64 – 1.59 (m, 2H). **13C NMR** (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 173.6, 149.5, 148.1, 141.2, 140.2, 133.4, 133.3, 130.1, 124.8, 124.8, 122.8, 122.8, 118.8, 117.7, 113.8, 112.4, 80.7, 56.2, 55.7, 44.4, 40.3, 36.7, 32.9, 32.9, 24.1. The procedure and spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

4-(3-(cyclopentyloxy)-4-methoxyphenyl)-1-(4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)pyrrolidin-2-one (11)

Steps1: 4-(3-(cyclopentyloxy)-4-methoxyphenyl)-1-(4-(methylthio)phenyl)pyrrolidin-2-one (11-S1)

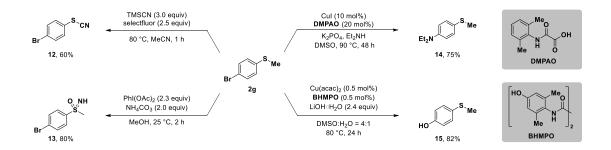
A mixture of 4-(3-cyclopentyloxy-4-methoxy-phenyl)-pyrrolidin-2-one (276 mg, 1 mmol), (4-bromophenyl)(methyl)sulfane (**2g**) (283mg, 1.4 mmol), K_3PO_4 (318 mg, 1.5 mmol), DMF (3.0 mL), dioxane (3.0 mL) and 1,2-*trans*-cyclohexanediamine (25 µL) was stirred under N_2 for 5 min before CuI (35 mg) was added. The reaction mixture was heated at 110 °C for 20 h under N_2 with stirring, then cooled down to rt. The mixture was diluted with EtOAc, washed with saturated NH₄CI (3x10 mL) and dried over Na₂SO₄ The crude product was purified by silica column chromatography to afford **11-S1** in 80% yield (318 mg, yellow oil).

Steps2: 4-(3-(cyclopentyloxy)-4-methoxyphenyl)-1-(4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)pyrrolidin-2-one (11)⁵⁹

11-S1 (398 mg, 1 mmol) in CH₂Cl₂ was cooled by an ice water bath, m-CPBA (379 mg,

2.2 mmol) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred for 3 h at rt. The reaction was quenched with 10% Na₂S₂O₃ and the mixture was extracted with EtOAc. The organic layer was washed with sat. NaHCO₃ and dried over Na₂SO₄ The crude product was purified by silica column chromatography to afford **11** in 83% yield (356 mg, yellow solid). The procedure and spectroscopic data were according to the literature report. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.96 – 7.92 (m, 2H), 7.87 – 7.85 (m, 2H), 6.86 – 6.78 (m, 3H), 4.77 (tt, J = 5.7, 3.4 Hz, 1H), 4.21 (dd, J = 9.5, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 3.89 – 3.87 (m, 1H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 3.67 (p, J = 8.4 Hz, 1H), 3.07 – 3.00 (m, 4H), 2.83 (dd, J = 17.2, 9.1 Hz, 1H), 1.95 – 1.80 (m, 6H), 1.65 – 1.56 (m, 2H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 173.9, 149.7, 148.2, 143.9, 135.6, 133.3, 128.6, 119.5, 118.9, 113.9, 112.5, 80.8, 56.3, 55.7, 44.8, 40.6, 36.8, 33.0, 32.9, 24.1. The procedure and spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

6.3 Derivatization of 2g



1-bromo-4-thiocyanatobenzene (12)⁶⁰

To a reaction tube were sequentially added (4-bromophenyl)(methyl)sulfide **2g** (0.2 mmol), TMSCN (74 μ L, 0.6 mmol, 3 equiv), Selectfluor reagent (177 mg, 0.5 mmol, 2.5 equiv). The tube was evacuated and backfilled with nitrogen for three times. Then, 1 mL of dry acetonitrile was added via a syringe, and the resulting solution was stirred at 80°C (oil bath). When the reaction was completed (monitored by TLC), the solvent was removed by distillation under reduced pressure. The crude product was purified by silica column chromatography to afford **12** in 60% yield (25.7 mg, white solid). ¹H **NMR** (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.58 – 7.57 (m, 2H), 7.41 – 7.40 (m, 2H). The procedure and spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

(4-bromophenyl)(imino)(methyl)-I6-sulfanone (13)61

Under an ambient atmosphere, to a stirred solution of (4-bromophenyl)(methyl)sulfide (**2g**) (203 mg, 1.00 mmol, 1.00 equiv) in MeOH (10.0 mL, 0.10 M) was added (NH₄)₂CO₃ (192 mg, 2.00 mmol, 2.00 equiv.). Subsequently, PhI(OAc)₂ (741 mg, 2.30 mmol, 2.30 equiv.) was added, then the reaction mixture was stirred at 25 °C for 2 h. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure, The crude product was purified by silica column chromatography to afford **13** in 80% yield (187 mg, colorless solid) ¹H **NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.86 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.67 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 3.10 (s, 3H), 2.05 (s, 1H). The procedure and spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

N,N-diethyl-4-(methylthio)aniline (14)⁶²

An oven-dried Schlenk tube was charged with CuI (19 mg, 0.1 mmol), DMPAO (38 mg, 0.2 mmol), (4-bromophenyl)(methyl)sulfide (**2g**) (1 mmol), K₃PO₄ (2 mmol). The tube was evacuated and backfilled with argon, and then amine (1.5 mmol) and DMSO (1 mL) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred at 90°C for 48 h. After aryl halide was consumed, water was added and the mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic layer was dried over Na₂SO₄ and evaporated. The residue was purified by chromatography to give the desired product. The crude product was purified by silica column chromatography to afford **14** in 75% yield (146 mg, colorless solid) ¹H **NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.26 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 6.61 (d, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 3.32 (q, J = 5.4 Hz, 4H), 2.40 (s, 3H), 1.14 (t, J = 5.4 Hz, 6H), ¹³C **NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 146.9, 132.2, 121.8, 112.4, 44.5, 19.7, 12.6 The procedure and spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

4-(methylthio)phenol (15)⁴²

The (4-bromophenyl)(methyl)sulfide (**2g**) (4.0 mmol), Cu(acac)₂ (0.02 mmol, 5.3 mg), LiOH'H₂O (8.4 mmol, 352 mg) and BHMPO (0.02 mmol, 6.6 mg) were placed into a Schlenk tube (25 mL) with a magnetic stir bar. The reaction vessel was evacuated and backfilled with argon three times, then DMSO (3.2 mL) and degassed water (0.8 mL)

were added under a positive argon pressure (Note: for liquid substrates, they were added after the tube was backfilled with argon). The reaction mixture was heated at 80 °C for 24 h under vigorous stirring. The cooled solution was acidified with 2 N HCl, then diluted with ethyl acetate and washed with brine. The organic phase was dried over Na₂SO₄ and and evaporated. The crude product was purified by silica column chromatography to afford **15** in 82% yield (460 mg, colorless oil). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.23 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 6.79 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 2.44 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 154.2, 130.6, 129.1, 116.2, 18.2. The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

6.4 Ethylation with ethanol

2y': 4-(ethylthio)phenol⁶³

2y' was synthesized according to the **General procedure B** With

1y (2 mmol, 252 mg), Cat.1 (55 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (72 mg, 10 mol%), EtOH (584

1y (2 mmol, 252 mg), **Cat.1** (55 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (72 mg, 10 mol%), EtOH (584 μL, 5.0 equiv.) and Hexane (5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K_2CO_3 (20 mol%), filtration and then wash the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (PE/DCM = 3:1) on silica gel to give the desired products **2y'** (281 mg, 91%) as a white solid. ¹**H NMR** (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.29 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 6.78 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 2.84 (q, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 1.24 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 3H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 155.0, 133.5, 126.9, 116.1, 30.0, 14.8. The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

HO S 2z': 3-(ethylthio)phenol⁶⁴

2z' was synthesized according to the **General procedure B** With **1z** (2 mmol, 252 mg), **Cat.1** (55 mg, 10 mol%), $Zn(OTf)_2$ (72 mg, 10 mol%), EtOH (584 μ L, 5.0 equiv.) and Hexane (5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K_2CO_3 (20 mol%), filtration and then wash the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography (PE/DCM = 3:1) on silica gel

to give the desired products **2z'** (256 mg, 82%) as a colorless oil. ¹**H NMR** (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.14 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 6.88 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.81 – 6.80 (m, 1H), 6.63 (dd, J = 8.1, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 2.92 (q, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 1.33 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 3H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 155.9, 138.5, 130.0, 121.1, 115.4, 113.0, 27.4, 14.4. The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

2aa': 2-(ethylthio)phenol⁶⁵

2aa' was synthesized according to the General procedure B With 1aa (2 mmol, 252 mg), Cat.1 (55 mg, 10 mol%), Zn(OTf)₂ (72 mg, 10 mol%),

EtOH (584 µL, 5.0 equiv.) and Hexane (5 mL, 0.4 M). The reaction was stirred at 150 °C for 24 h then quenched by adding K₂CO₃ (20 mol%), filtration and then wash the solid with DCM, the combined organic phase was concentrated under reduced pressure and the residue was purified using flash column chromatography on silica gel to give the desired products **2aa'** (271mg, 88%) as a colorless oil. ¹H **NMR** (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.48 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.27 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 1H), 7.01 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 6.88 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 2.73 (q, J = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 1.23 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 3H). ¹³C **NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 157.2, 136.2, 131.2, 120.8, 118.8, 114.8, 30.9, 15.0. The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

6.5 Synthetic applications of monomethylation of benzene diols

$PdCl_2(PPh_2)_4(H_2O)$

A soln of Ph₂PCl (0.375 mL, 2.025 mmol) in THF (2.5 mL) was added dropwise with stirring to a Schlenk flask containing a soln of [PdCl₂(PhCN)₂] (0.38 g, 1.0 mmol) in THF (5 mL) at rt. When the complete formation of the dichlorophosphane complex had been confirmed by ³¹P NMR spectroscopy (δ = 87 ppm), H₂O (0.25 mL) was added to the mixture and it was stirred at r.t. After 48 h, ³¹P NMR analysis of an aliquot

exclusively showed one signal at (δ = 78.4 ppm). The solvent was removed under vacuum to give the complex 1 (0.5 g, 92%) as a yellow crystalline powder; ³¹P NMR (121.4 MHz, CDCl₃): 78.4. The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

Pinosylvin-4-monomethyl ether (17)⁶⁶

3-bromo-5-methoxyphenol (**4I**) (1 mmol), styrene (1.0 mmol), K_2CO_3 (2 mmol), and $PdCl_2(PPh_2)_4(H_2O)$ (1 mol%) in MeCN (3 mL) was heated at 110 °C (oil bath) equipped with a condenser system for 12 h. When the reaction was complete, the mixture was cooled to rt., diluted with EtOAc (15 mL), washed with brine dried (Na₂SO₄), and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified using flash column chromatography on silica gel to give the desired products **17** (161mg, 71%) as a colorless oil. ¹**H NMR** (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.50 (d, J = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 7.36 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 7.28 – 7.26 (m, 1H), 7.08 – 6.99 (m, 2H), 6.64 (d, J = 26.7 Hz, 2H), 6.36 (s, 1H), 3.82 (s, 3H). The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

General method for prepare 18 and 19

N, *N*-Diisopropylethylamine (16.65 mmol, 1.5 equiv) and 2- (trimethylsilyl)ethoxymethyl chloride (SEMCI) (13.32 mmol, 1.2 equiv) were added sequentially to a solution of compound Hydroxystyrene (11.1 mmol, 1.0 equiv) in anhydrous dichloromethane (30 mL) at room temperature. After stirring at room temperature for 16 hours, saturated sodium bicarbonate (50 mL) was added to quench the reaction. The layers were separated and the aqueous layer was extracted with dichloromethane. The combined organic layers were dried over sodium sulfate, filtered and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was purified using flash column chromatographyon silica gel to give the desired products.

(E)-3-(3-hydroxystyryl)-5-methoxyphenol / Thunalbene (20) 67

(E)-3-methoxy-5-(3-((2-(trimethylsilyl)ethoxy)methoxy)styryl)phenol (20-S1)

3-bromo-5-methoxyphenol (**4I**) (1 mmol), styrene **18** (1.0 mmol), K_2CO_3 (2 mmol), and $PdCl_2(PPh_2)_4(H_2O)$ (1 mol%) in MeCN (3 mL) was heated at 80 °C (oil bath) equipped with a condenser system for 12 h. When the reaction was complete, the mixture was cooled to r.t, diluted with EtOAc (15 mL), washed with brine dried (Na_2SO_4), and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified using flash column chromatography on silica gel to give the desired products **20-S1** (246mg, 66%).

To a solution of HCl (1 mL) in MeOH (9 mL) was added to the **20-S1** (1.0 mmol) at room temperature, When the reaction was complete, diluted with EtOAc (15 mL), washed with NaHCO₃, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified using flash column chromatography on silica gel to give the desired products **20** (194mg, 80%). ¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.22 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.07 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 6.98 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 6.75 (dd, J = 8.0, 1.9 Hz, 1H), 6.63 (s, 1H), 6.63 – 6.59 (m, 1H), 6.34 (d, J = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 5.0 (s, 2H), 3.82 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 161.3, 157.0, 156.0, 139.7, 139.0, 130.0, 129.1, 128.9, 119.7, 115.0, 113.2, 106.1, 105.2, 101.2, 55.5. The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

(E)-3-(4-hydroxystyryl)-5-methoxyphenol / Pinostilbene (21) 68

(E)-3-methoxy-5-(4-((2-(trimethylsilyl)ethoxy)methoxy)styryl)phenol (21-S1)

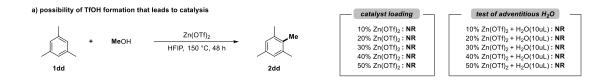
3-bromo-5-methoxyphenol (**4I**) (1 mmol), styrene **19** (1.0 mmol), K_2CO_3 (2 mmol), and $PdCl_2(PPh_2)_4(H_2O)$ (1 mol%) in MeCN (3 mL) was heated at 80 °C (oil bath) equipped with a condenser system for 12 h. When the reaction was complete, the mixture was cooled to rt., diluted with EtOAc (15 mL), washed with brine dried (Na_2SO_4), and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified using flash column chromatography (PE/EtOAc = 10:1) on silica gel to give the desired products **21-S1** (224mg, 60%).

To a solution of HCl (1 mL) in MeOH (1 mL) was added to the **21-S1** (1.0 mmol) at room temperature, When the reaction was complete, diluted with EtOAc (15 mL), washed with NaHCO₃, and concentrated under vacuum. The residue was purified using flash column chromatography on silica gel to give the desired products **20**

(211mg, 87%). ¹**H NMR** (600 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 7.38 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.02 (d, J = 16.3 Hz, 1H), 6.86 (d, J = 16.3 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 6.63 – 6.52 (m, 2H), 6.33 – 6.22 (m, 1H), 3.79 (s, 3H). ¹³**C NMR** (151 MHz, CD₃OD) δ 161.1, 158.3, 157.0, 139.9, 129.0, 128.3, 127.5, 125.5, 115.1, 105.3, 103.0, 100.0, 54.3, 48.0, 47.9, 47.8, 47.6, 47.5, 47.3, 47.2. The spectroscopic data were according to the literature report.

7 Mechanistic experiments

7.1 Possibility of TfOH formation that leads to catalysis



Catalyst loading:

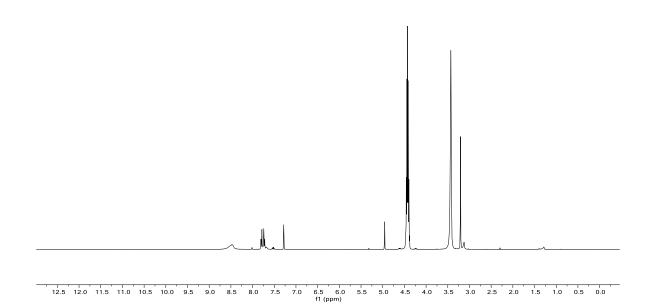
To a 10 mL Schlenk tube was charged with $Zn(OTf)_2$ (from 10 mol% to 50%), Mesitylene **(1dd)** (1 mmol, 5.0 equiv.) HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M), MeOH (8µL, 1.0 equiv.) and an oven-dried stirring bar. the reaction mixture was stirred at 150 °C for 48 h, The reaction was then quenched by adding K_2CO_3 (10 mol%), dodecane as an internal standard was added and take sample 1-2 drops to check yield by GC.

Test of adventitious H₂O

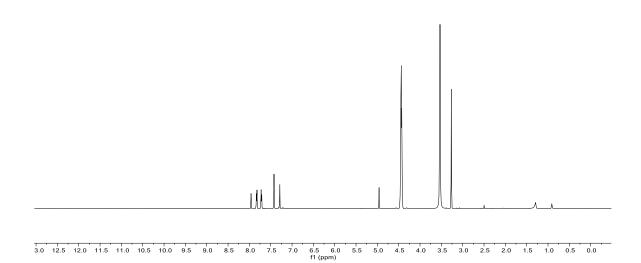
To a 10 mL Schlenk tube was charged with $Zn(OTf)_2$ (from 10 mol% to 50%), Mesitylene (1dd) (1 mmol, 5.0 equiv.) HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M), MeOH (8µL, 1.0 equiv.), H₂O (10µL) and an oven-dried stirring bar. the reaction mixture was stirred at 150 °C for 48h, The reaction was then quenched by adding K_2CO_3 (10 mol%), dodecane as an internal standard was added and take sample 1-2 drops to check yield by GC.

7.2 Possibility of methyl sulfonates as a key intermediate

To a 10 mL Schlenk tube was charged with **Cat.1** (5.5 mg 10%), $Zn(OTf)_2$ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), 4-Chlorothiophenol **(1a)** (0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) and an oven-dried stirring bar. The Schlenck tube was subjected to three cycles of pressurization—depressurization using dry argon. After that, under the protection of argon atmosphere, HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M), Methyl trifluoromethanesulfonate **(16)** (45 μ L, 2.0 equiv.) was added and the reaction mixture was stirred at 150 °C, The reaction was then quenched by adding K_2CO_3 (20 mol%), CH_2Br_2 (7 μ L) was added as an internal standard, The composition of mixture was analyzed by ¹H NMR.



To a 10 mL Schlenk tube was charged with **Cat.1** (5.5 mg 10%), $Zn(OTf)_2$ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), 4-Chlorothiophenol **(1a)** (0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) methyl 2,5-dichlorobenzenesulfonate **(17)** (90 mg, 2.0 equiv.) and an oven-dried stirring bar. The Schlenck tube was subjected to three cycles of pressurization—depressurization using dry argon. After that, under the protection of argon atmosphere, HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M), was added and the reaction mixture was stirred at 150 °C, The reaction was then quenched by adding K_2CO_3 (20 mol%), CH_2Br_2 (7 μL) was added as an internal standard, The composition of mixture was analyzed by ¹H NMR.

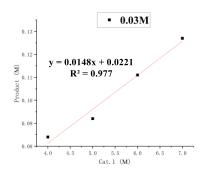


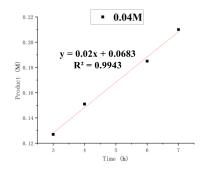
7.3 Kinetic Studies in HFIP

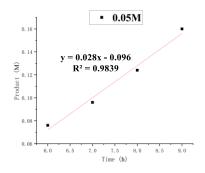
A: Kinetic Order in Cat.1 in HFIP

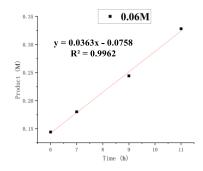
The order in **Cat.1** was determined according to the following procedure:

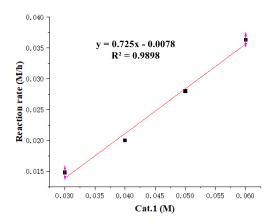
To a 10 mL Schlenk tube was charged with **Cat.1** (from 0.03M to 0.06M), $Zn(OTf)_2$ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), p-Toluenethiol **(10)** (0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) and an oven-dried stirring bar. The Schlenck tube was subjected to three cycles of pressurization—depressurization using dry argon. After that, under the protection of argon atmosphere, HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M), MeOH (16 μ L, 2.0 equiv.) and dodecane as an internal standard was added and the reaction mixture was stirred at 150 °C, Subsequently, appropriate time to take sample 1-2 drops to check yield by GC.







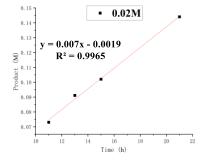


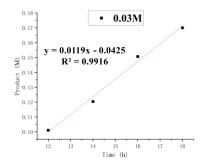


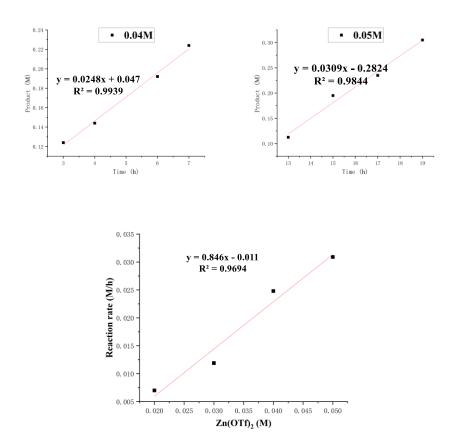
B: Kinetic Order in Zn(OTf)₂ in HFIP

The order in **Zn(OTf)**₂ was determined according to the following procedure:

To a 10 mL Schlenk tube was charged with **Cat.1** (5.5 mg 10%), Zn(OTf)₂ (from 0,02M to 0,05M), *p*-Toluenethiol **(1o)** (0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) and an oven-dried stirring bar. The Schlenck tube was subjected to three cycles of pressurization—depressurization using dry argon. After that, under the protection of argon atmosphere, HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M), MeOH (16μL, 2.0 equiv.) and dodecane as an internal standard was added and the reaction mixture was stirred at 150 °C, Subsequently, appropriate time to take sample 1-2 drops to check yield by GC.

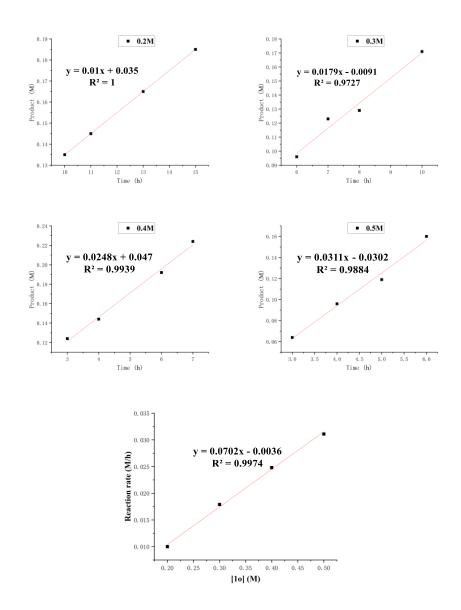






C: Kinetic Order in p-Toluenethiol (10) in HFIP

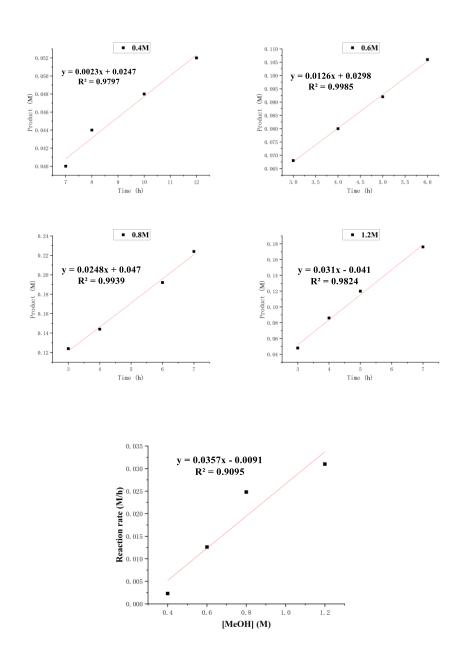
The order in *p*-Toluenethiol (1o) was determined according to the following procedure: To a 10 mL Schlenk tube was charged with Cat.1 (5.5 mg 10%), Zn(OTf)₂(7.2 mg, 10 mol%), *p*-Toluenethiol (1o) (from 0.2M to 0.5M) and an oven-dried stirring bar. The Schlenck tube was subjected to three cycles of pressurization—depressurization using dry argon. After that, under the protection of argon atmosphere, HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M), MeOH (16µL, 2.0 equiv.) and dodecane as an internal standard was added and the reaction mixture was stirred at 150 °C, Subsequently, appropriate time to take sample 1-2 drops to check yield by GC.



D: Kinetic Order in MeOH in HFIP

The order in **MeOH** was determined according to the following procedure:

To a 10 mL Schlenk tube was charged with **Cat.1** (5.5 mg 10%), Zn(OTf)₂(7.2 mg, 10 mol%), *p*-Toluenethiol **(10)** (0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) and an oven-dried stirring bar. The Schlenck tube was subjected to three cycles of pressurization—depressurization using dry argon. After that, under the protection of argon atmosphere, HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M), MeOH (from 0.4M to 1.2M) and dodecane as an internal standard was added and the reaction mixture was stirred at 150 °C, Subsequently, appropriate time to take sample 1-2 drops to check yield by GC.



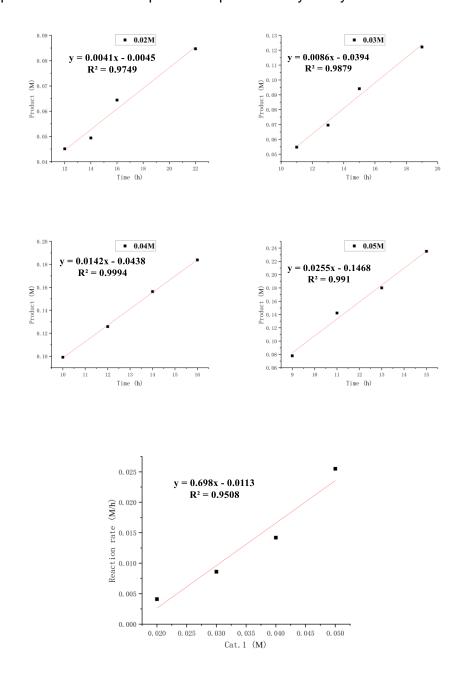
7.4 Kinetic Studies in Hexane

A: Kinetic Order in Cat.1 in Hexane

The order in **Cat.1** was determined according to the following procedure:

To a 10 mL Schlenk tube was charged with **Cat.1** (from 0.02M to 0.05M), Zn(OTf)₂ (7.2 mg, 10 mol%), *p*-Toluenethiol **(1o)** (0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) and an oven-dried stirring bar. The Schlenck tube was subjected to three cycles of pressurization—

depressurization using dry argon. After that, under the protection of argon atmosphere, Hexane (0.5 mL, 0.4 M), MeOH (16 μ L, 2.0 equiv.) and dodecane as an internal standard was added and the reaction mixture was stirred at 150 °C, Subsequently, appropriate time to take sample 1-2 drops to check yield by GC.

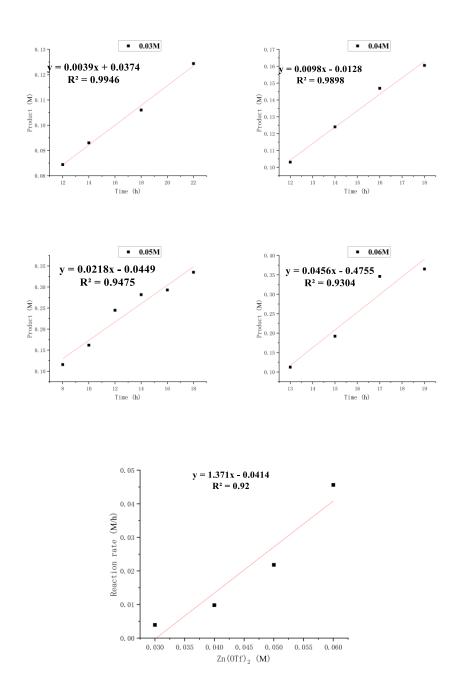


B: Kinetic Order in Zn(OTf)₂ in Hexane

The order in **Zn(OTf)**₂ was determined according to the following procedure:

To a 10 mL Schlenk tube was charged with **Cat.1** (5.5 mg 10%), Zn(OTf)₂ (from 0.03M to 0.06M), *p*-Toluenethiol **(1o)** (0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) and an oven-dried stirring bar.

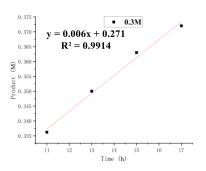
The Schlenck tube was subjected to three cycles of pressurization—depressurization using dry argon. After that, under the protection of argon atmosphere, Hexane (0.5 mL, 0.4 M), MeOH (16µL, 2.0 equiv.) and dodecane as an internal standard was added and the reaction mixture was stirred at 150 °C, Subsequently, appropriate time to take sample 1-2 drops to check yield by GC.

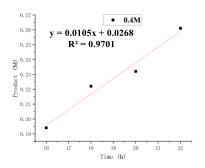


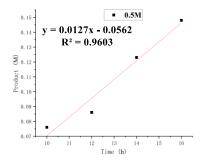
C: Kinetic Order in p-Toluenethiol (10) in Hexane

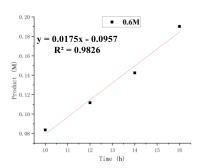
The order in **p-Toluenethiol (1o)** was determined according to the following procedure:

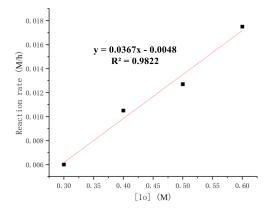
To a 10 mL Schlenk tube was charged with **Cat.1** (5.5 mg 10%), $Zn(OTf)_2(7.2 \text{ mg}, 10 \text{ mol}\%)$, p-Toluenethiol **(10)** (from 0.3M to 0.6M) and an oven-dried stirring bar. The Schlenck tube was subjected to three cycles of pressurization—depressurization using dry argon. After that, under the protection of argon atmosphere, HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M), MeOH (16µL, 2.0 equiv.) and dodecane as an internal standard was added and the reaction mixture was stirred at 150 °C, Subsequently, appropriate time to take sample 1-2 drops to check yield by GC.







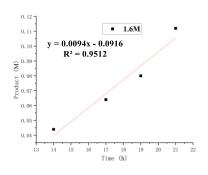


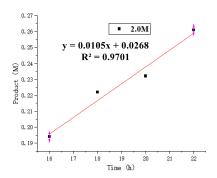


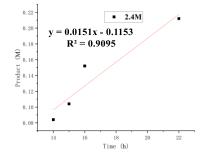
D: Kinetic Order in MeOH in Hexane

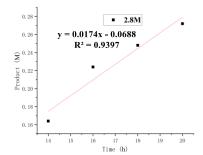
The order in **MeOH** was determined according to the following procedure:

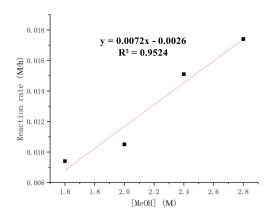
To a 10 mL Schlenk tube was charged with **Cat.1** (5.5 mg 10%), Zn(OTf)₂(7.2 mg, 10 mol%), *p*-Toluenethiol **(10)** (0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv.) and an oven-dried stirring bar. The Schlenck tube was subjected to three cycles of pressurization—depressurization using dry argon. After that, under the protection of argon atmosphere, HFIP (0.5 mL, 0.4 M), MeOH (from 1.6 M to 2.8 M) and dodecane as an internal standard was added and the reaction mixture was stirred at 150 °C, Subsequently, appropriate time to take sample 1-2 drops to check yield by GC.











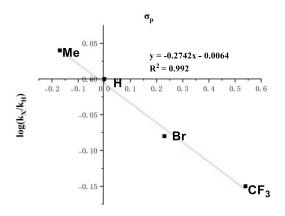
7.5 Hammett plot

To a 10 mL Schlenk tube was charged with **Cat.1** (11 mg, 20 mol%), $Zn(OTf)_2$ (14.4 mg, 10 mol%), The Schlenck tube was subjected to three cycles of pressurization—depressurization using dry argon. After that, under the protection of argon atmosphere, mixture two different p-substituted substrates **1** (**10** and **1tt**; **1g** and **1tt**; **1u** and **1tt**, 0.2 mmol each, 1.0 equiv), HFIP (1 mL), MeOH (32 μ L 2.0 equiv.) and CH_2Br_2 (7 μ L) was added as an internal standard and then the reaction mixture was stirred at 150 °C. The aliquot (approximately 50 μ L) of the reaction mixture was taken at the indicated time intervals, and immediately added with CD_3Cl to filter with a filter head. The composition of mixture was analyzed by ¹H NMR to determine the reduced molar amount of **1**. The k_X / k_H data was calculated based on the reduced molar amount of **1** and the results were summarized as follows equation.

$$\frac{K_X}{K_H} = \frac{\frac{C_{X0} - C_{Xt}}{t}}{\frac{C_{H0} - C_{Ht}}{t}} = \frac{\frac{n_{X0} - n_{Xt}}{V}}{\frac{n_{H0} - n_{Ht}}{V}} = \frac{n_{X0} - n_{Xt}}{n_{H0} - n_{Ht}}$$

Entry	k _X /k _H	<i>p</i> -substituted X	$\sigma_{p}^{\;a}$	log(k _X /k _H)
1	1.1	CH ₃	-0.17	0.04
2	1	Н	0	0
3	0.827	Br	0.23	-0.08
4	0.7	CF ₃	0.54	-0.15

^aData from: Hansch, C.; Leo, A.; Taft, R. W. A survey of Hammett substituent constants and resonance and field parameters. *Chem. Rev.* **1991**, *91*, 165–195.



Hammett plots of log(k_X/k_H) vs σ_{ρ}

7.6 DFT calculations

Section 1. Computational Details

All DFT calculations were using the Gaussian16 quantum chemistry package⁶⁹. Structures were optimized at the B3LYP^{70,71} theoretical levels in conjunction with the D3 dispersion correction,^{72–73} Stuttgart-Dresden ECP (SDD) basis set⁷⁴ was used for Zn and 6-31G(d, p) basis set for other atoms. Frequency calculations were carried out at the same level of theory to obtain free energy corrections at 423.15 K^{75–76} and to confirm the nature of the optimized geometries as minima (no imaginary frequency) or transition states (TS, one imaginary frequency). The single-point calculations of the optimized geometries were performed with B3LYP functional, SDD basis set for Zn and 6-311+G(2d,2p) basis set for other atoms. Solvent effects were considered in the single-point calculations with SMD continuum solvation model⁷⁷ in MeOH.

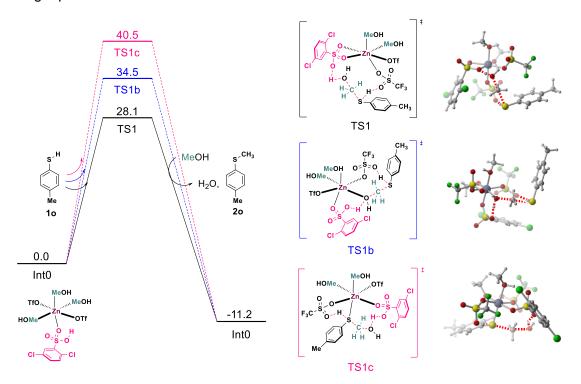


Fig. S1. Gibbs free energy profile (kcal/mol) for reaction profile of benzenethiol S-methylation (alternative pathways).

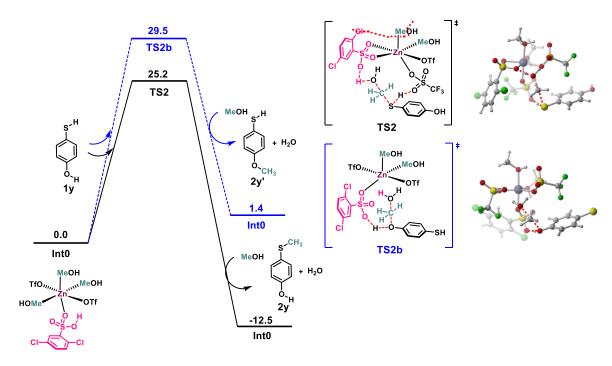
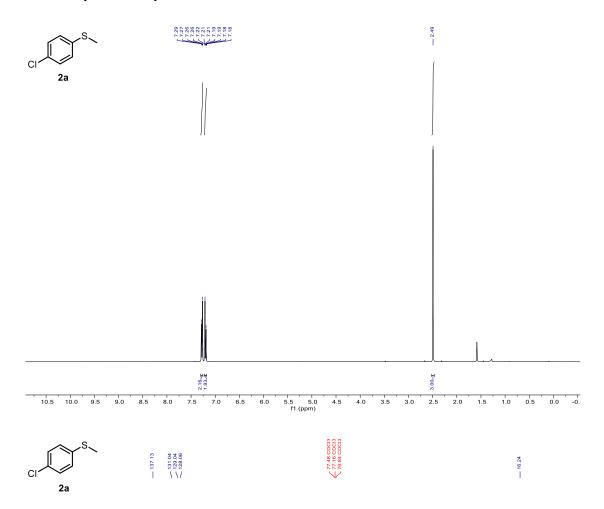
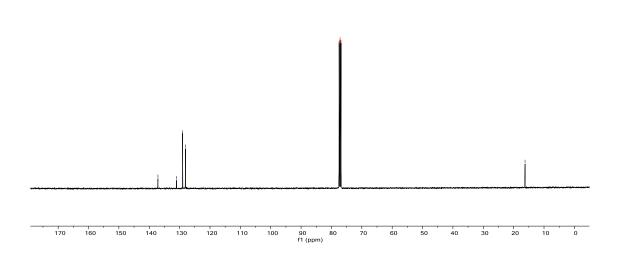
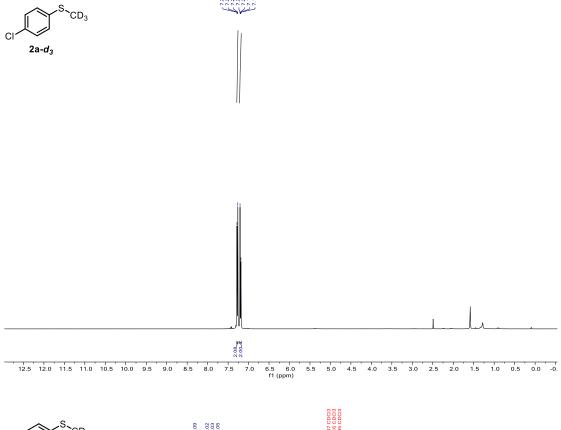


Fig. S2. Gibbs free energy profile (kcal/mol) for reaction profile of selective S-methylation over O-methylation

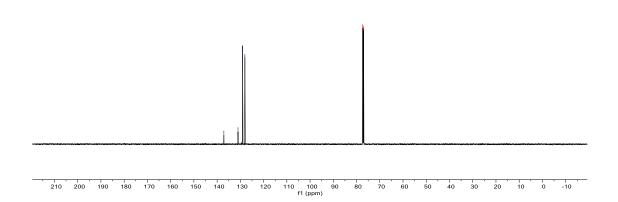
8 NMR spectroscopic data

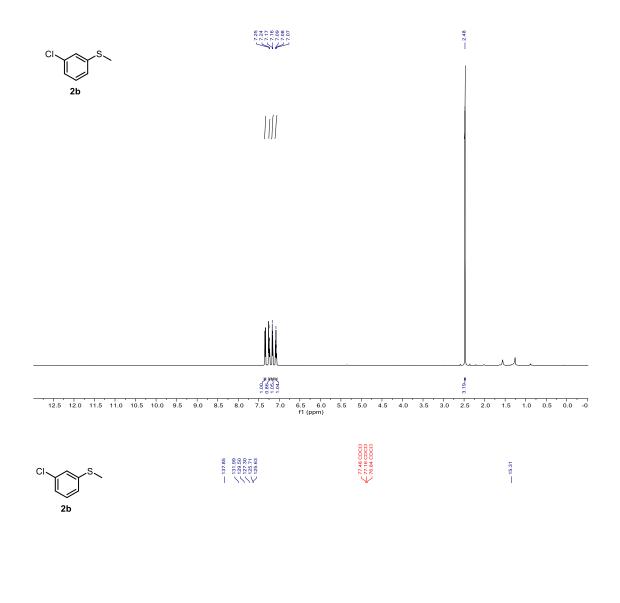


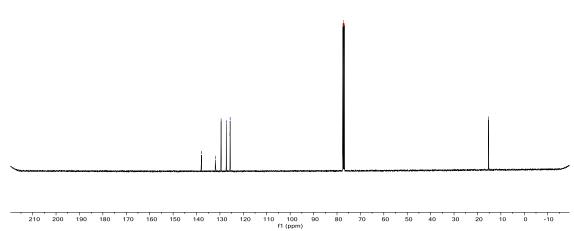




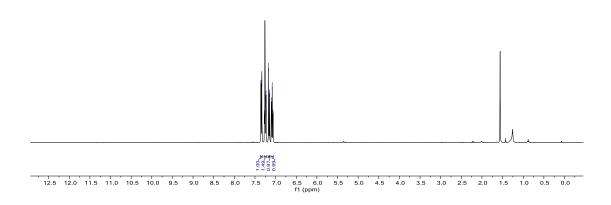


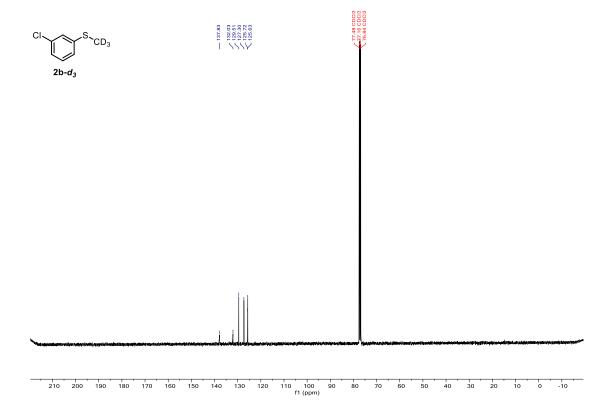


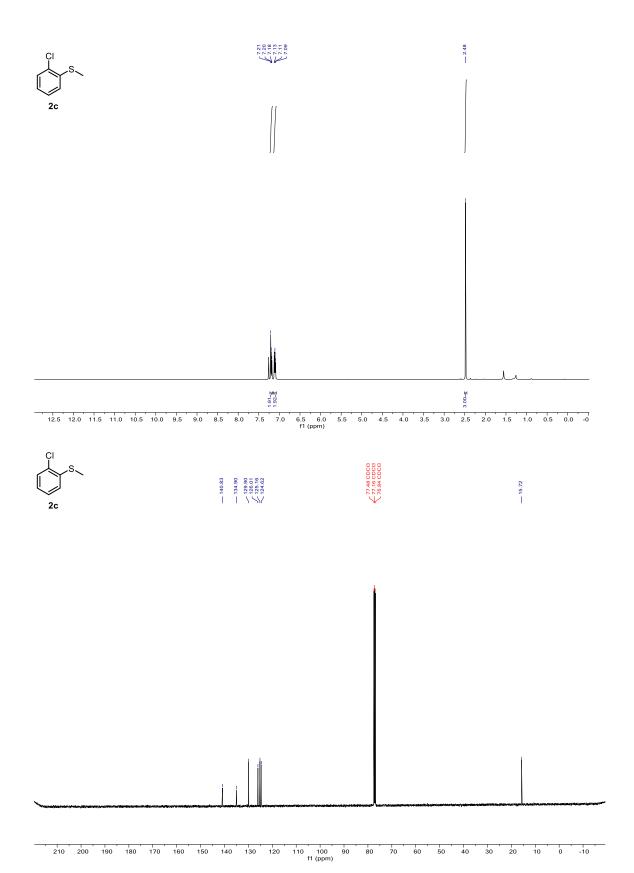


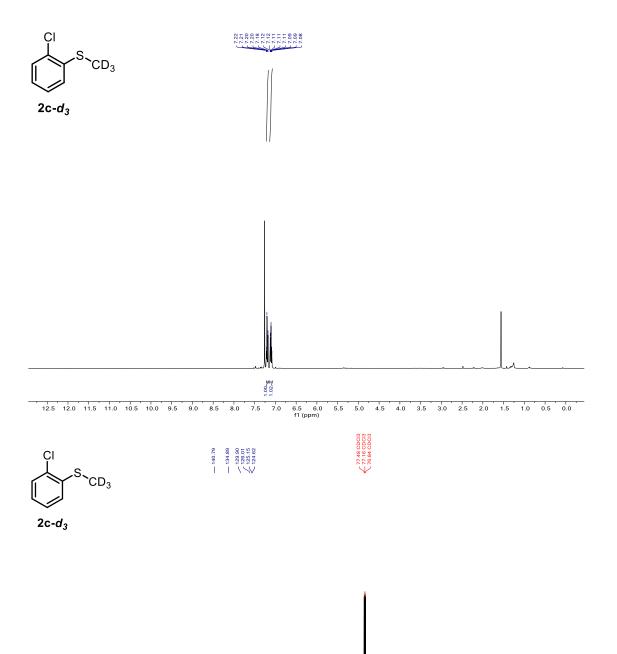


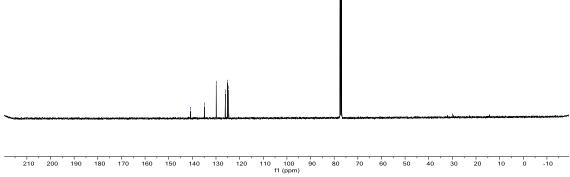


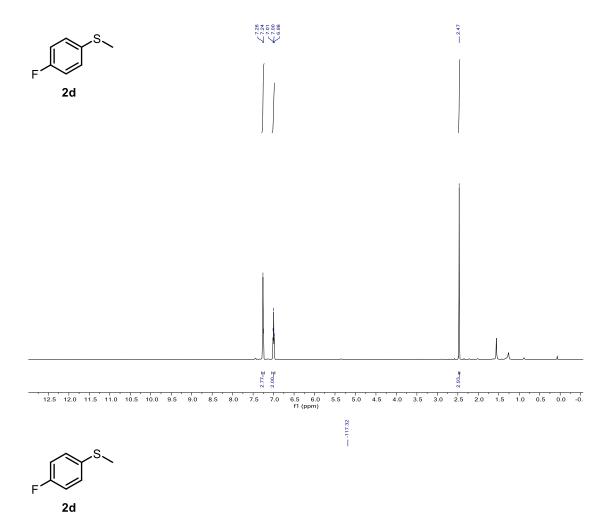


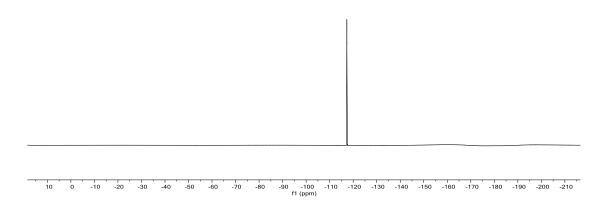




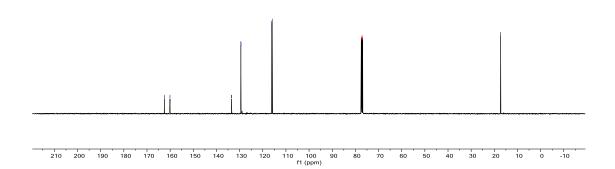


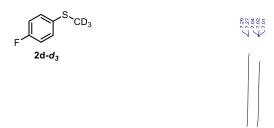


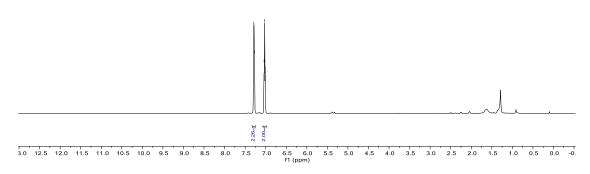




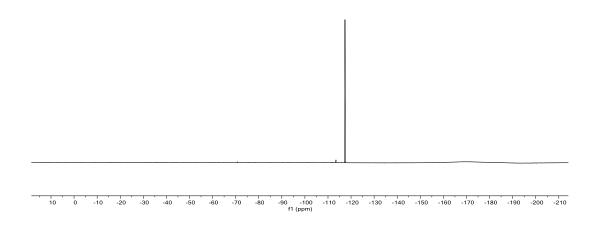


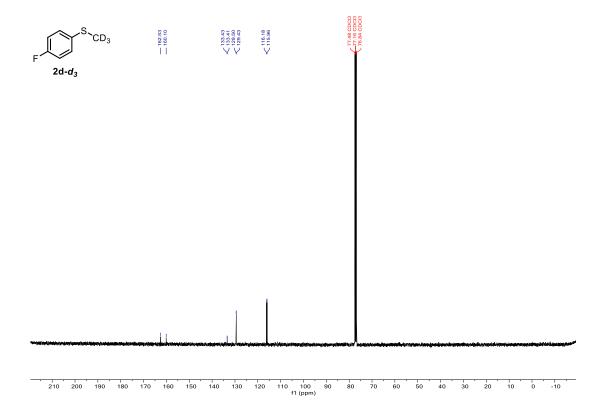


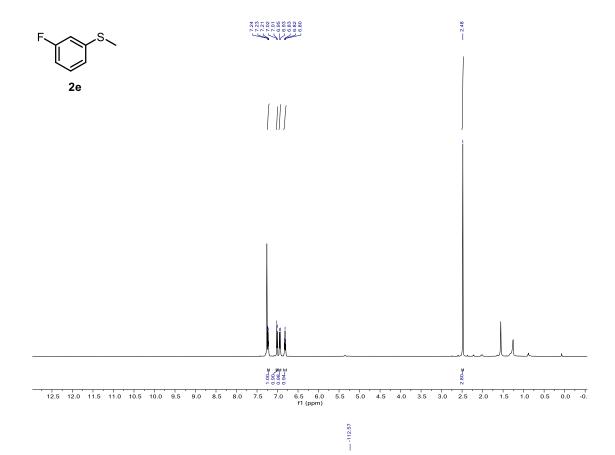


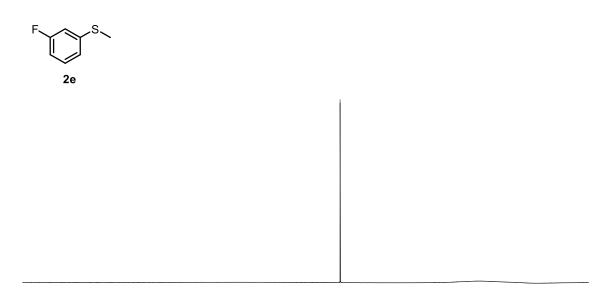






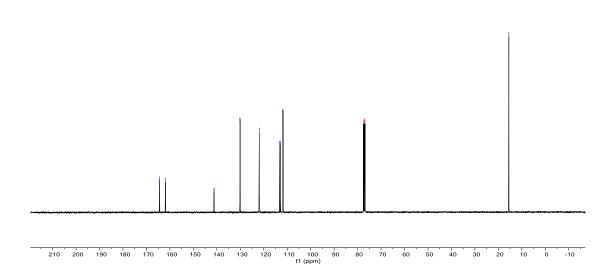




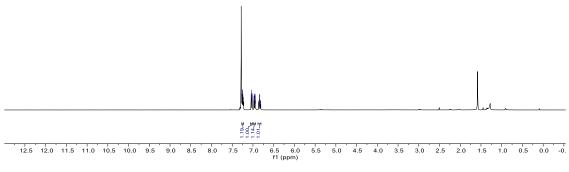


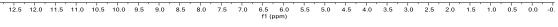
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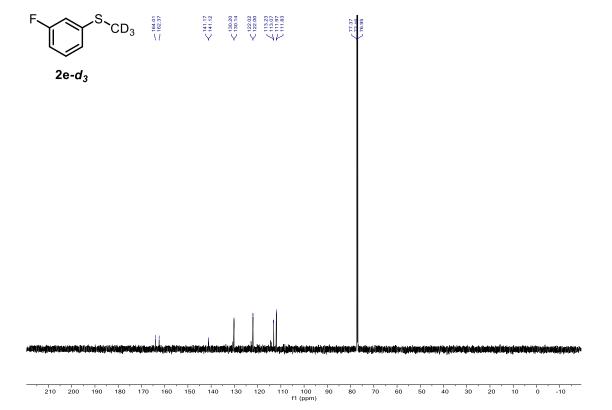


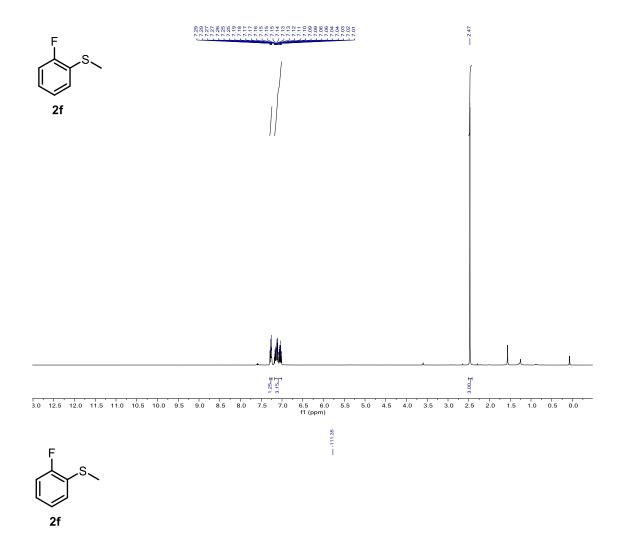


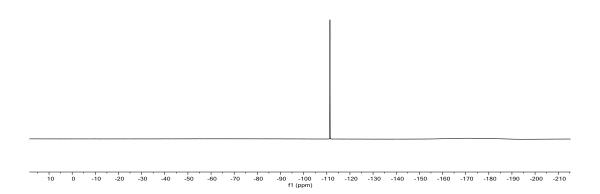




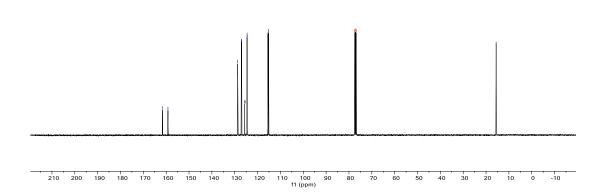




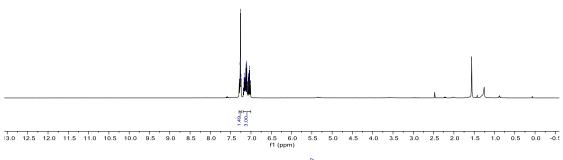




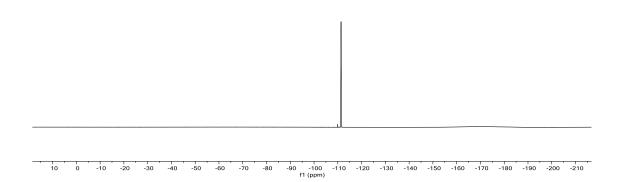


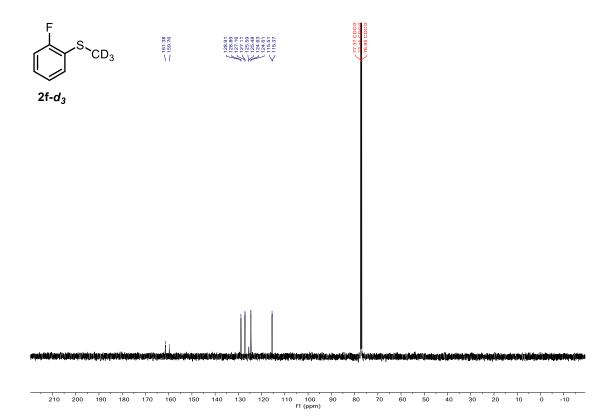


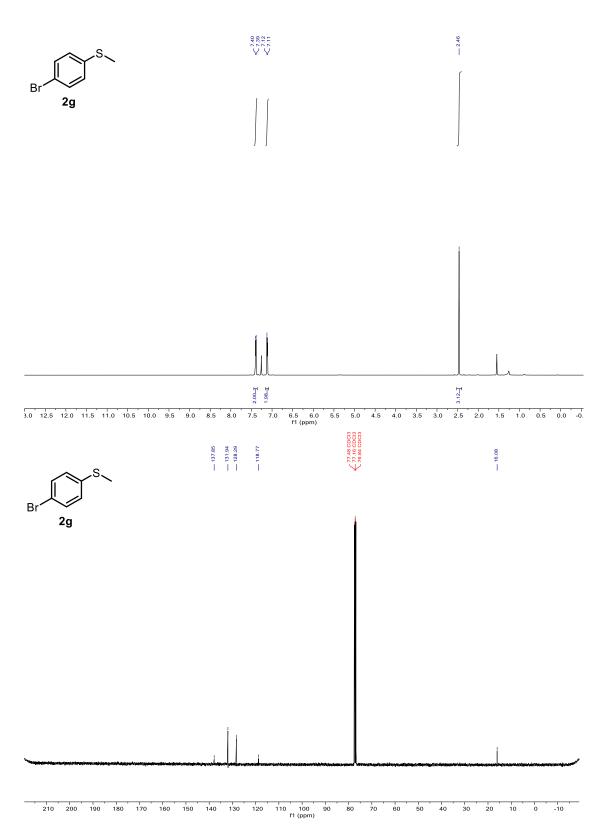


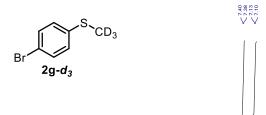


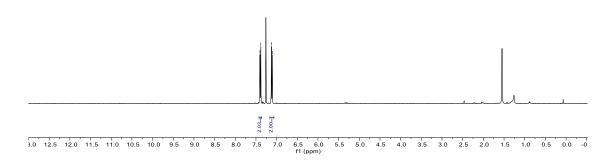


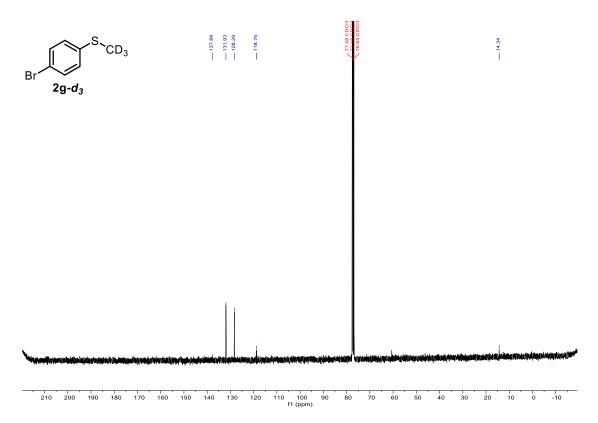


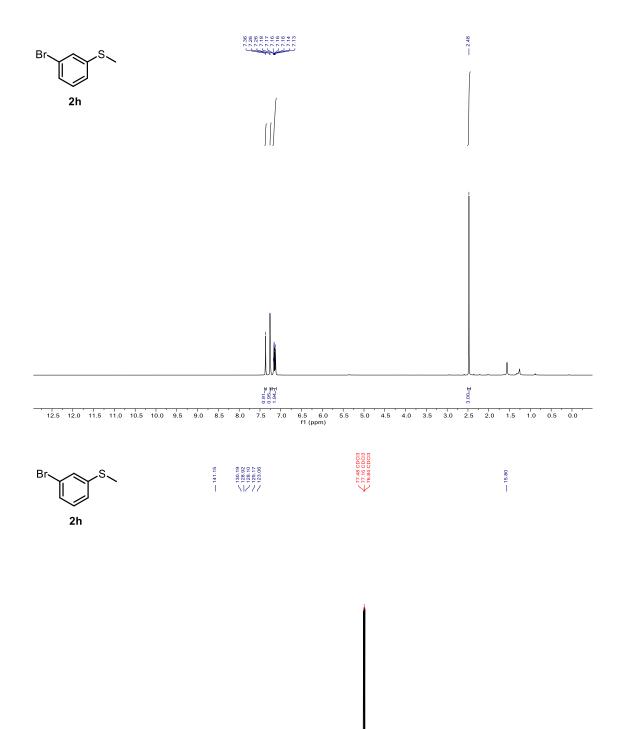




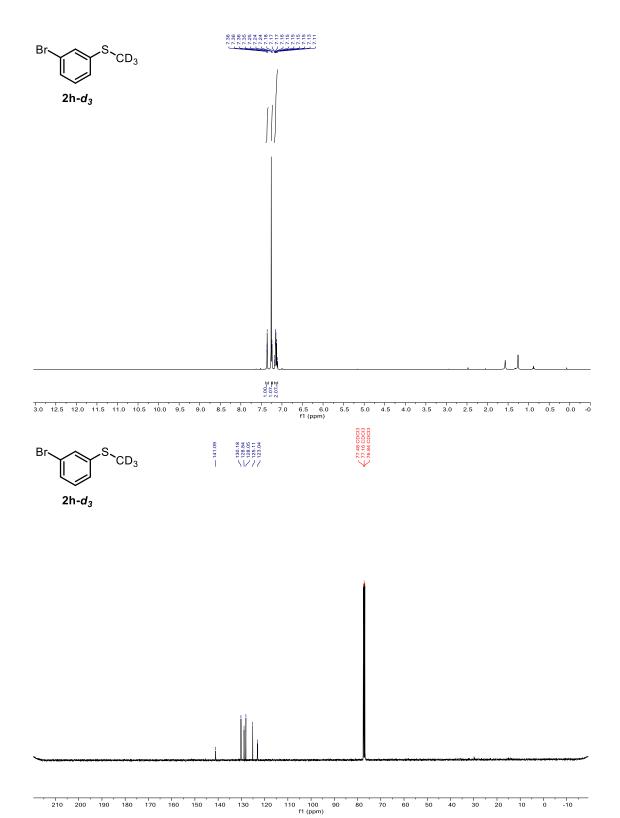


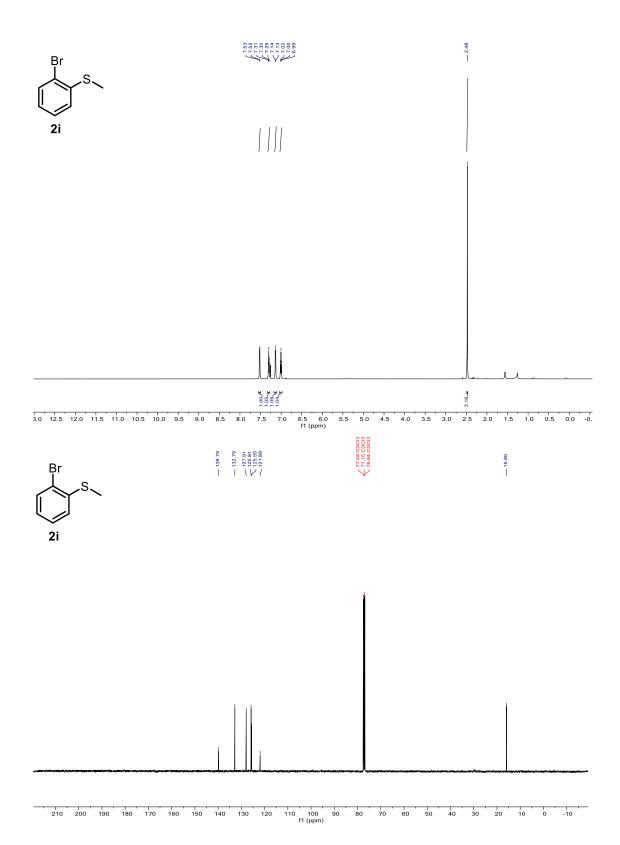




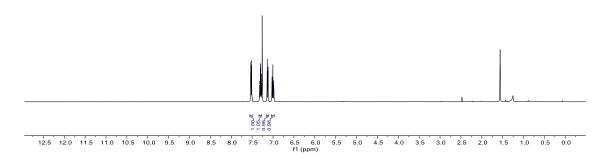


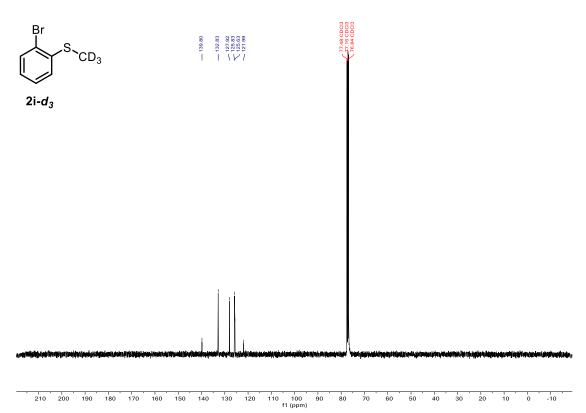
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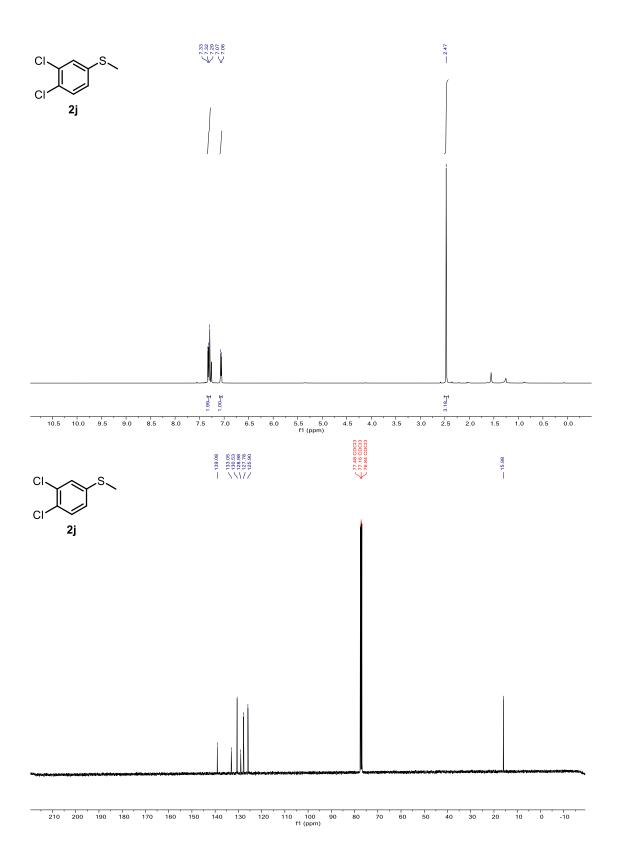


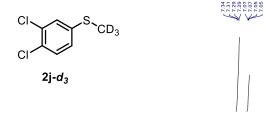


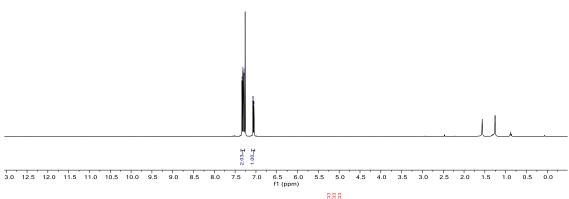




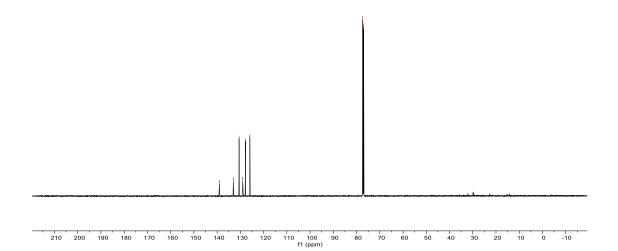


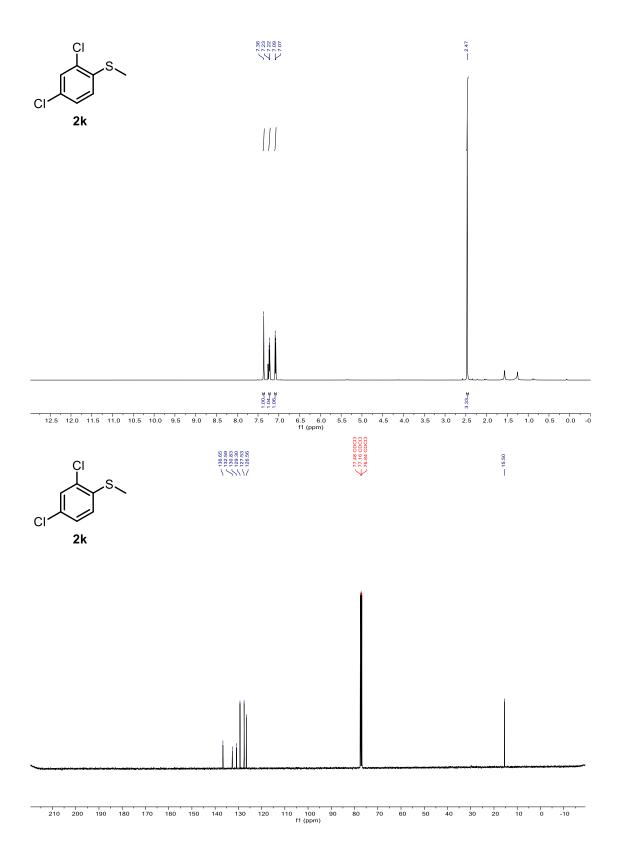


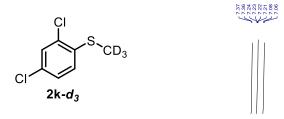


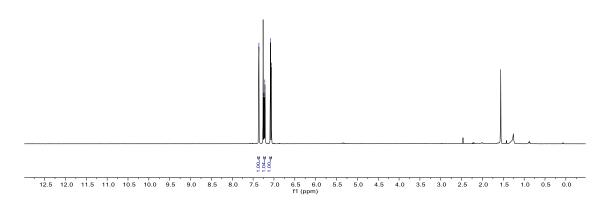


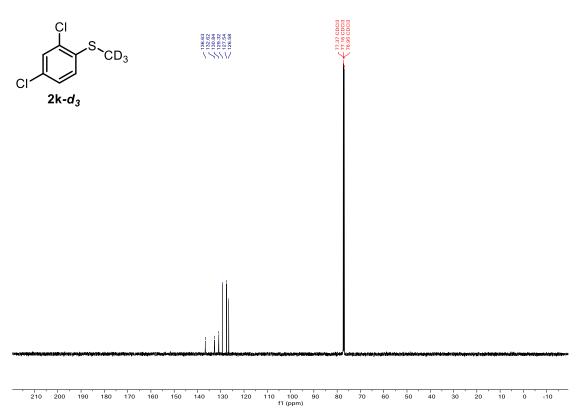


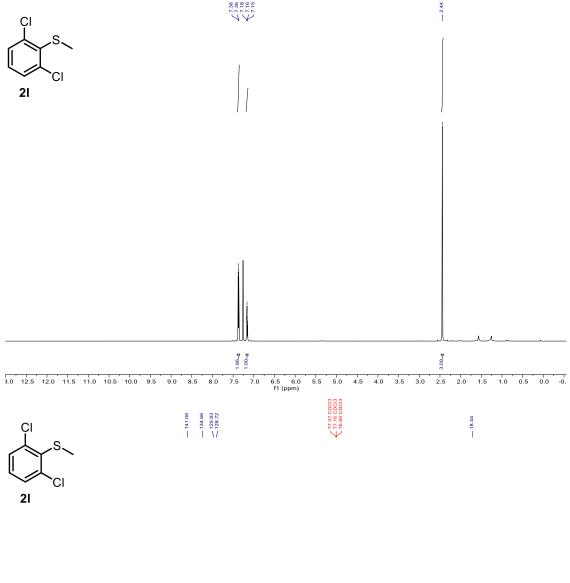


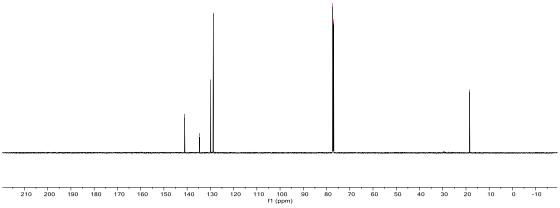


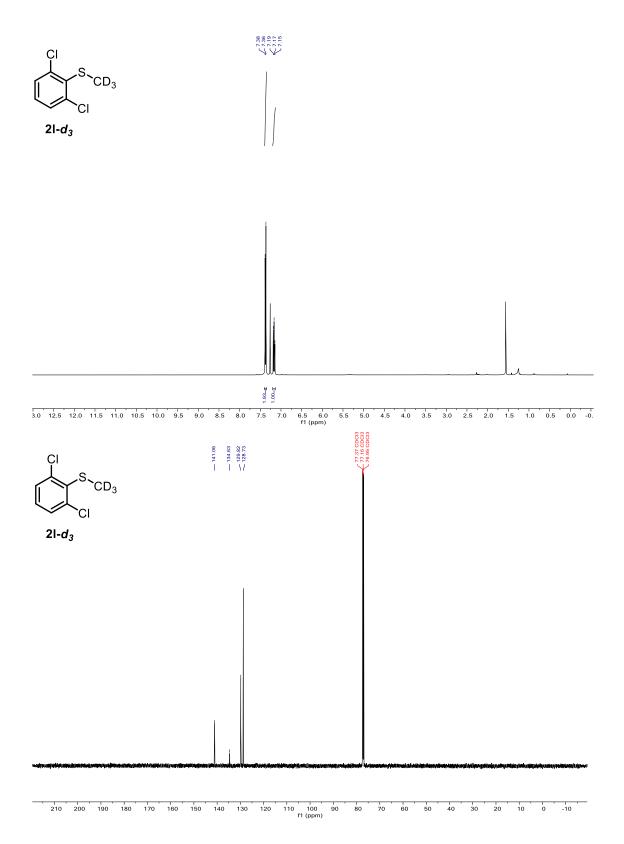


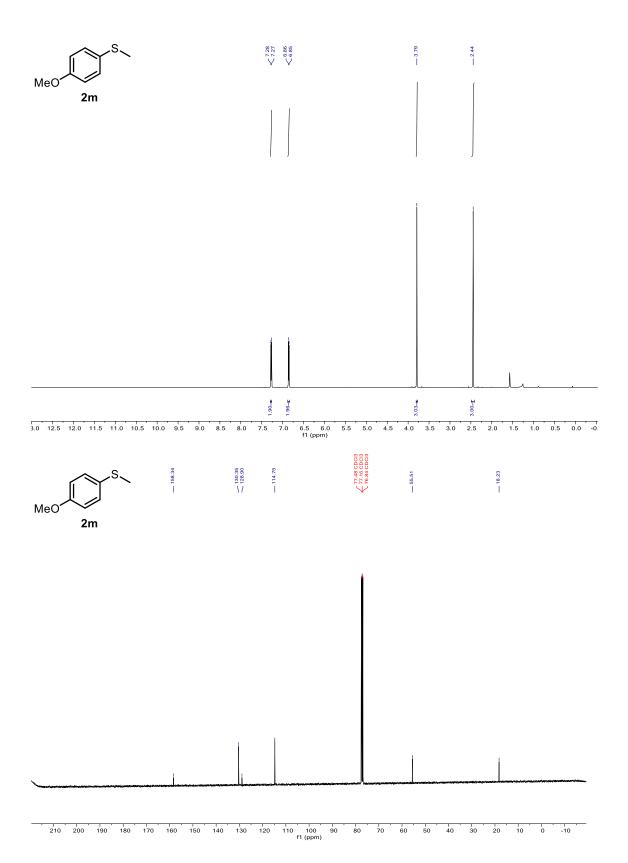


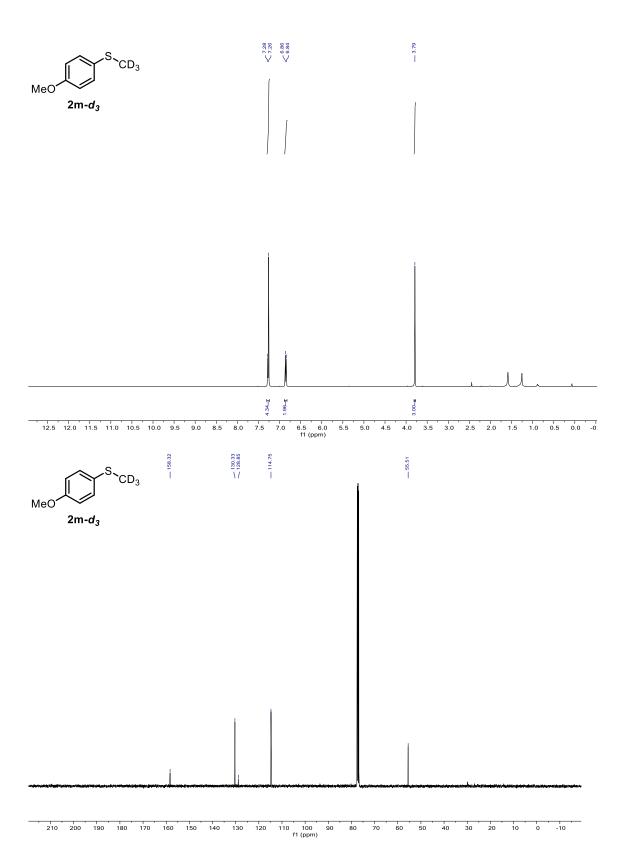


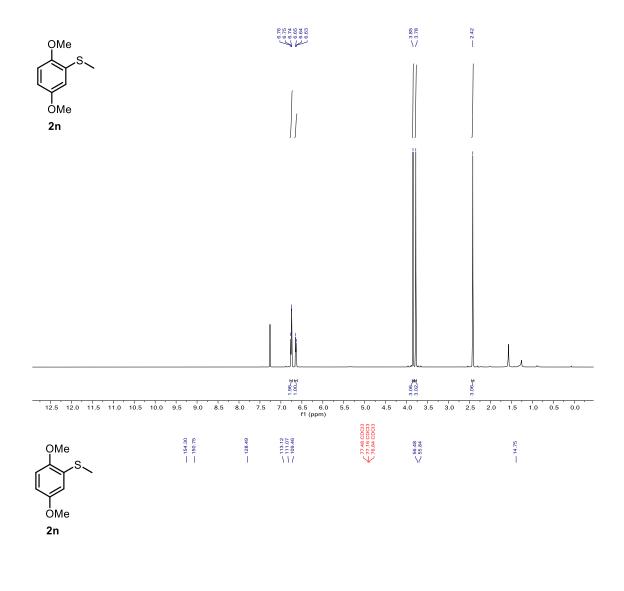


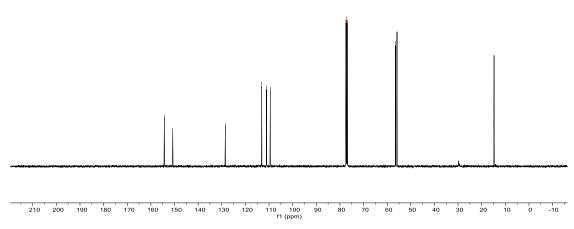




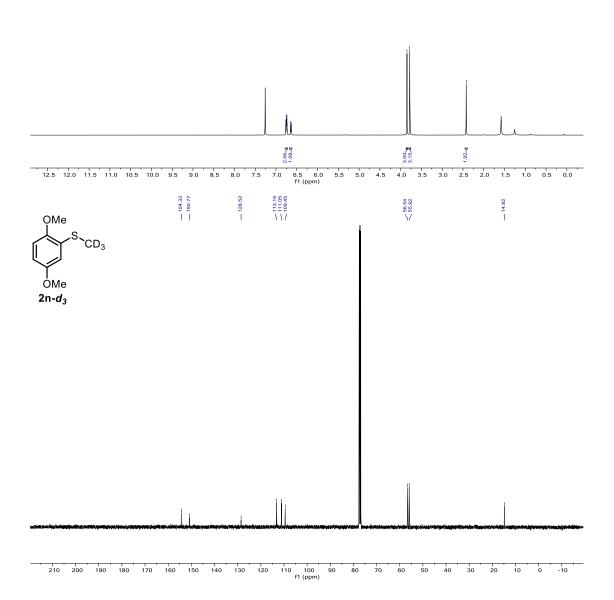


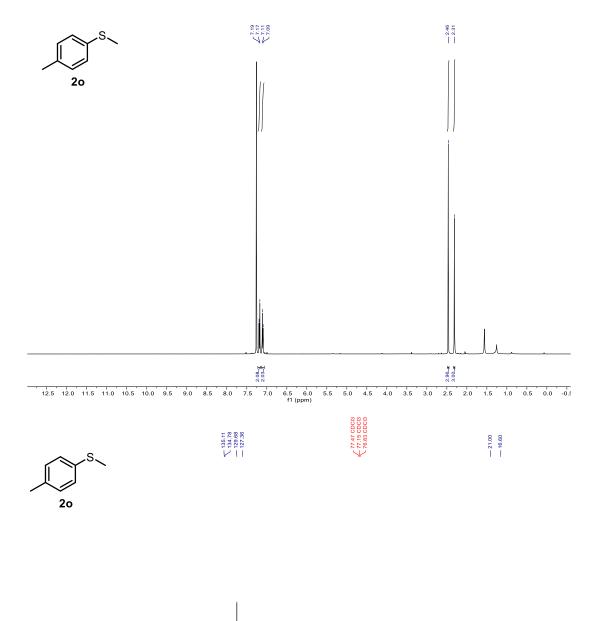


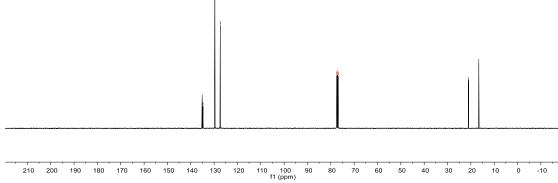


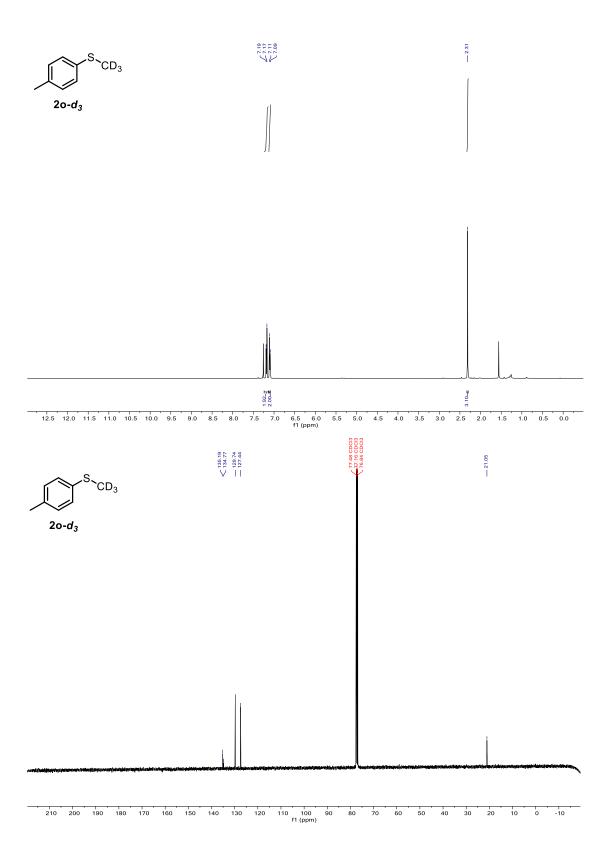


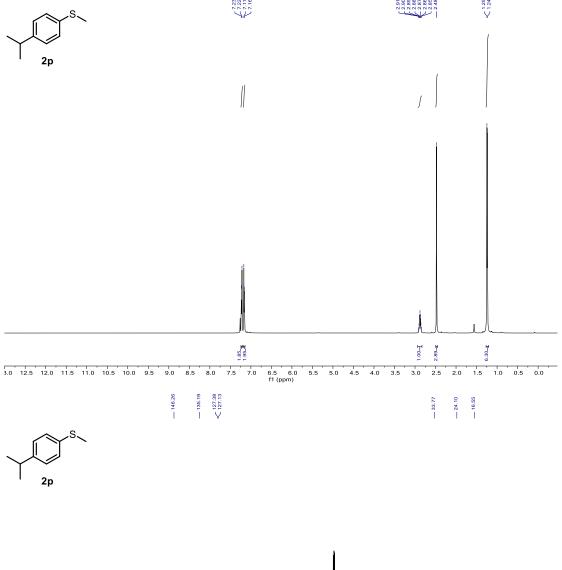


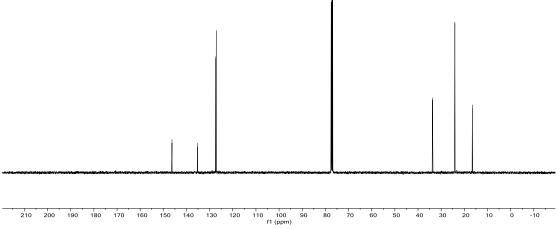


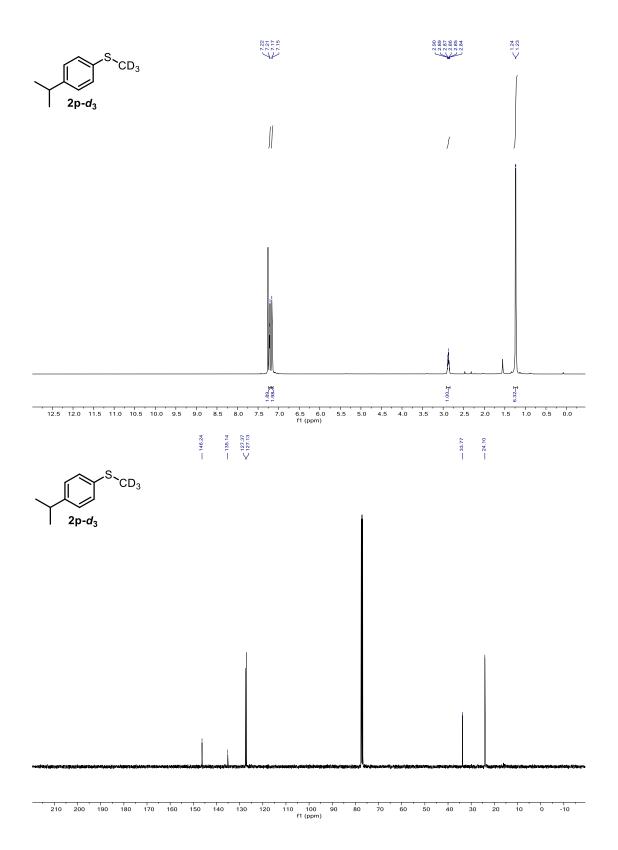


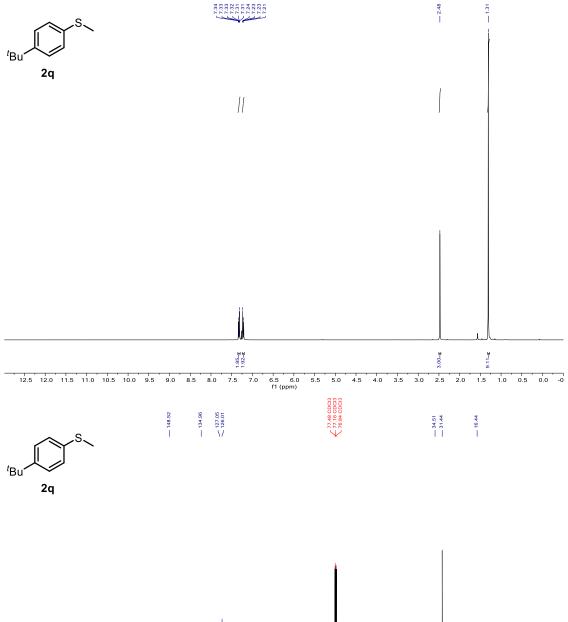


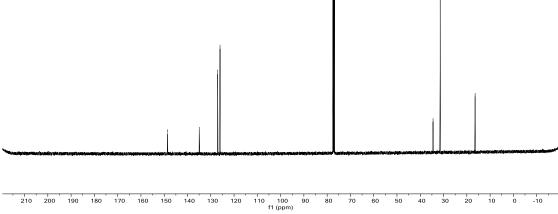


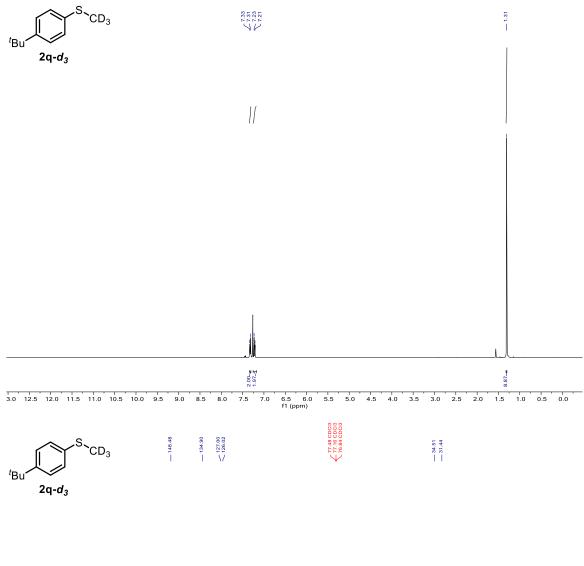


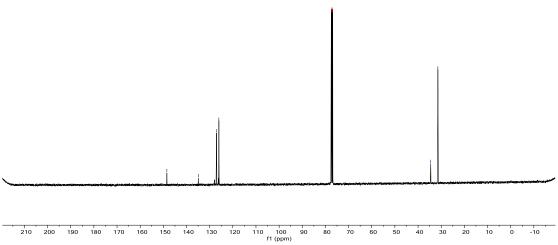


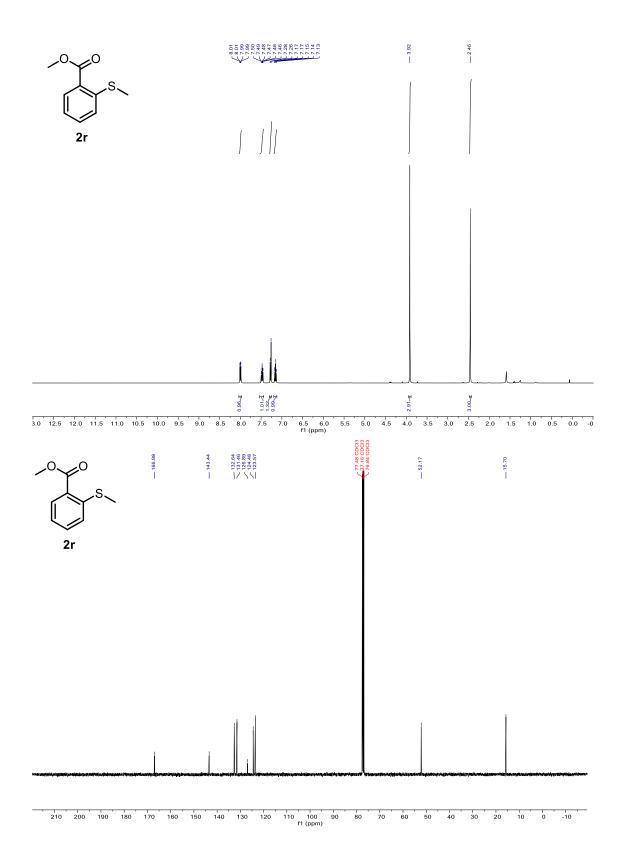


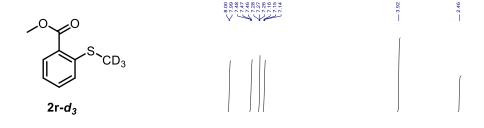


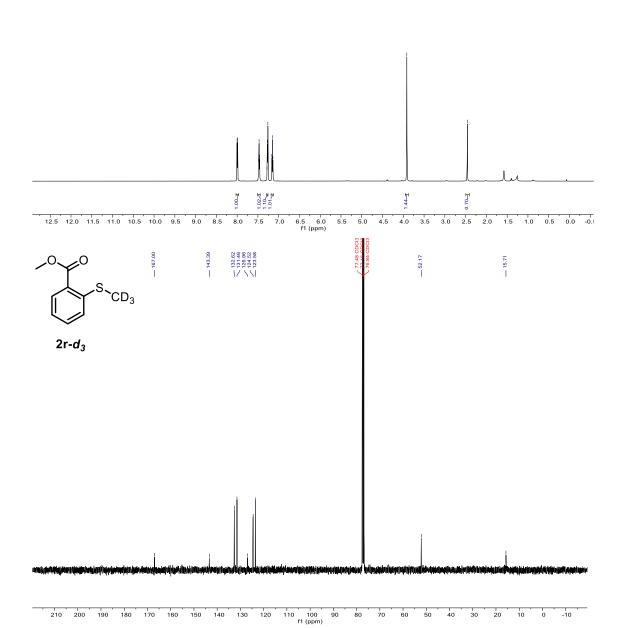


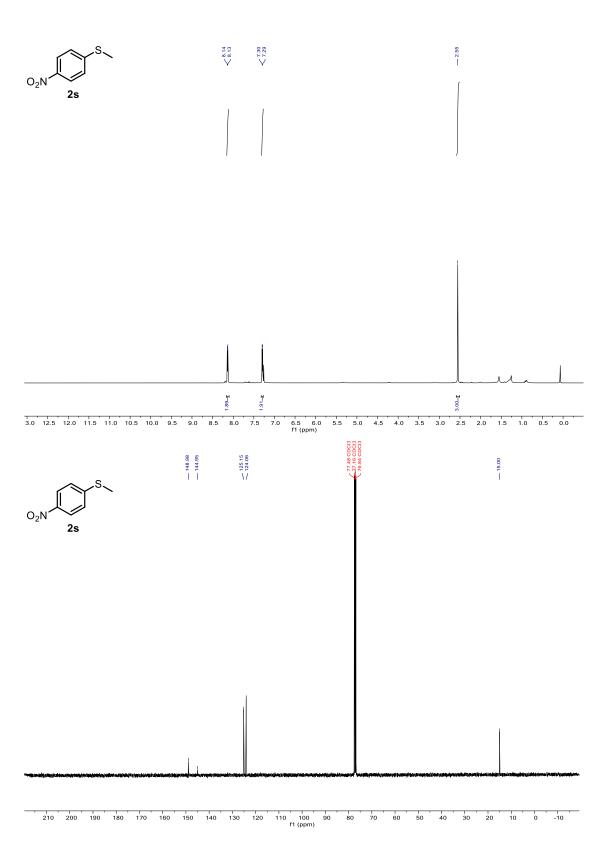


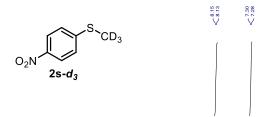


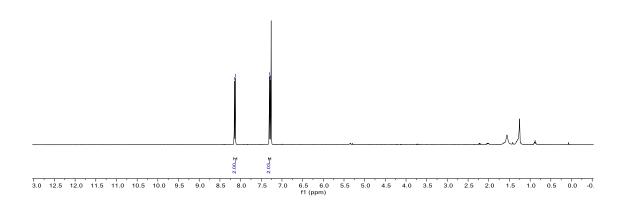


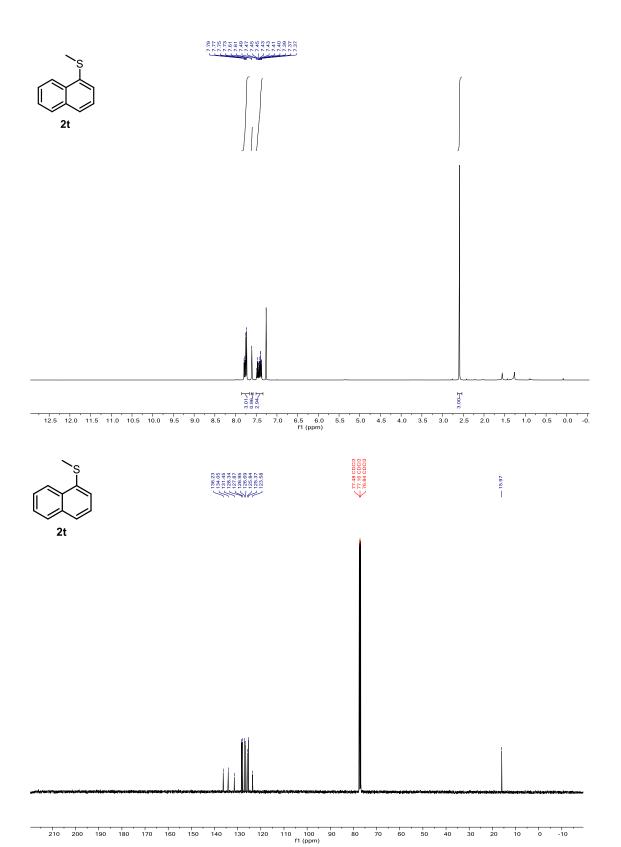


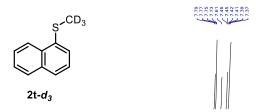


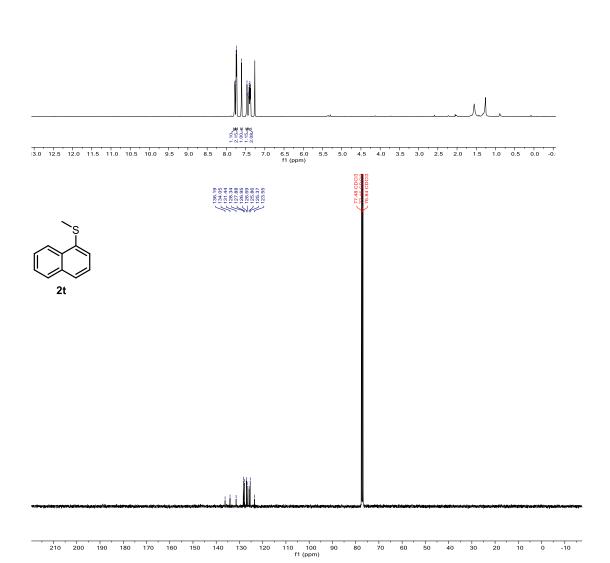


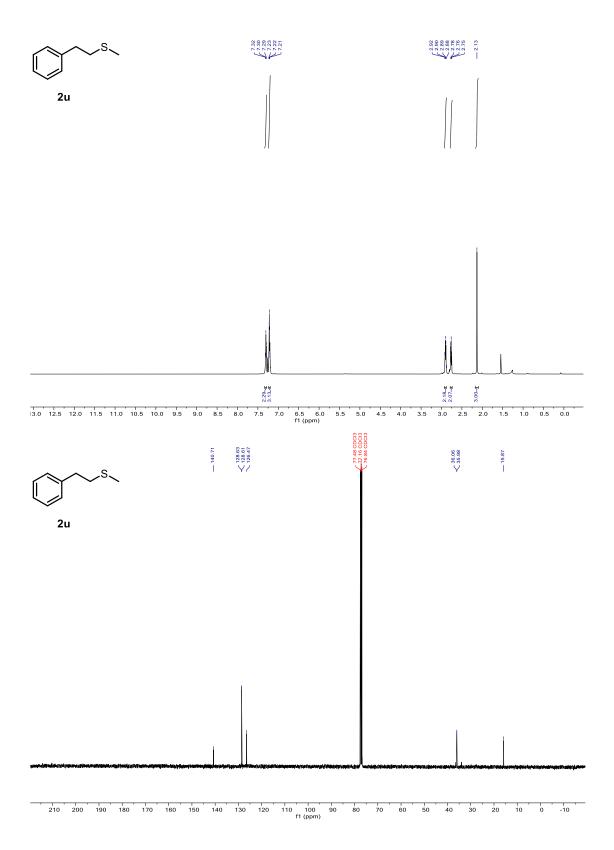


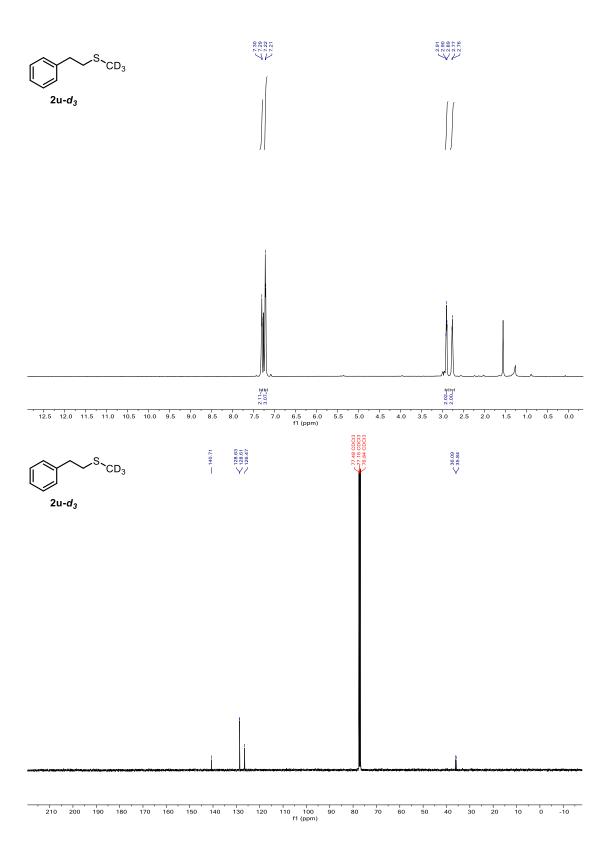


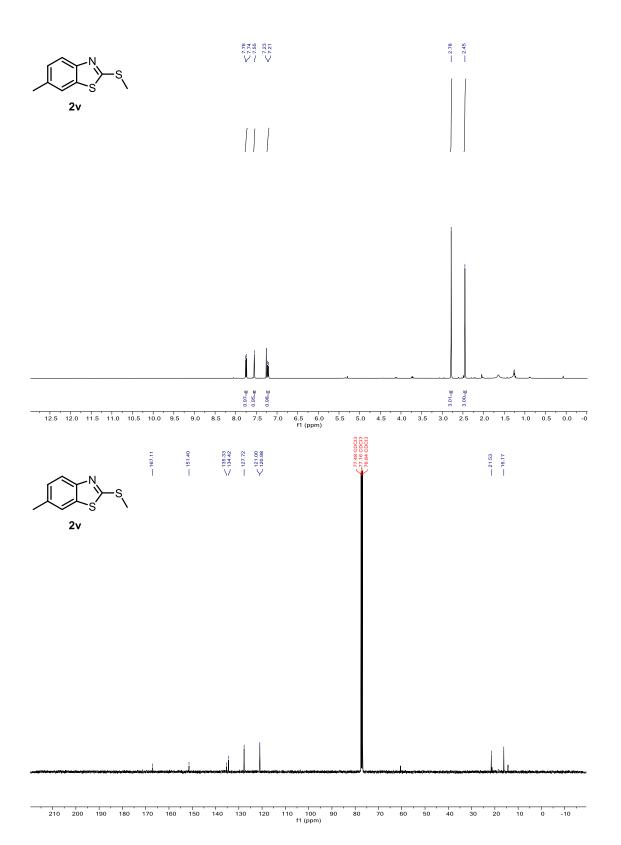


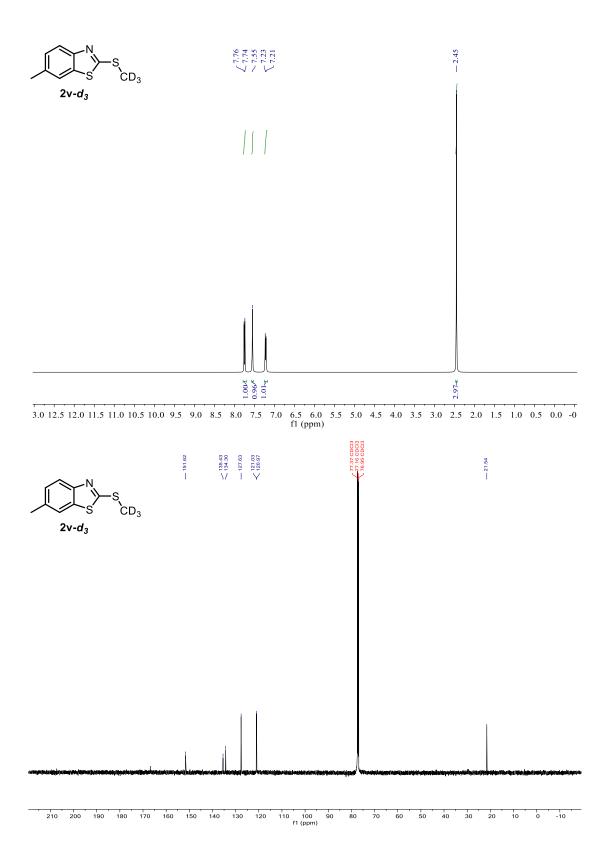


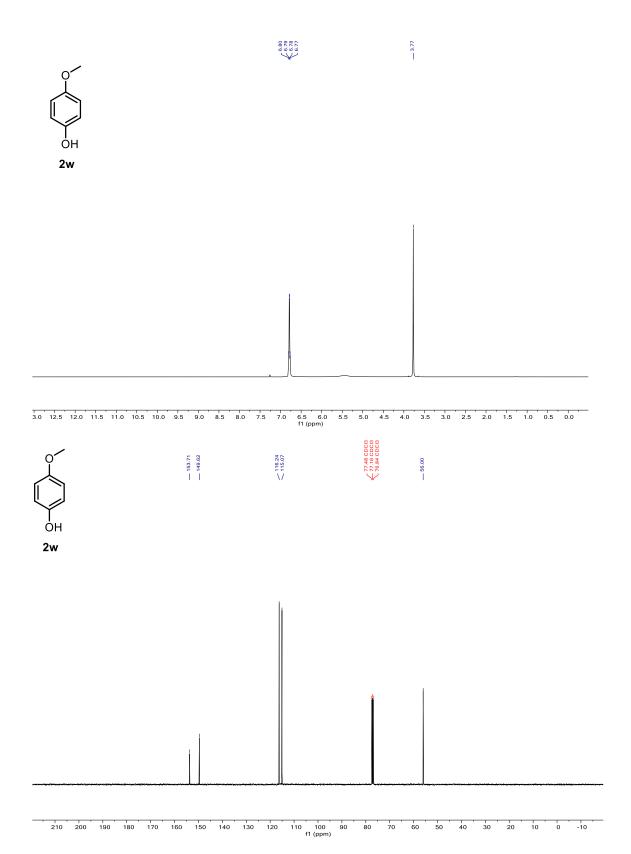


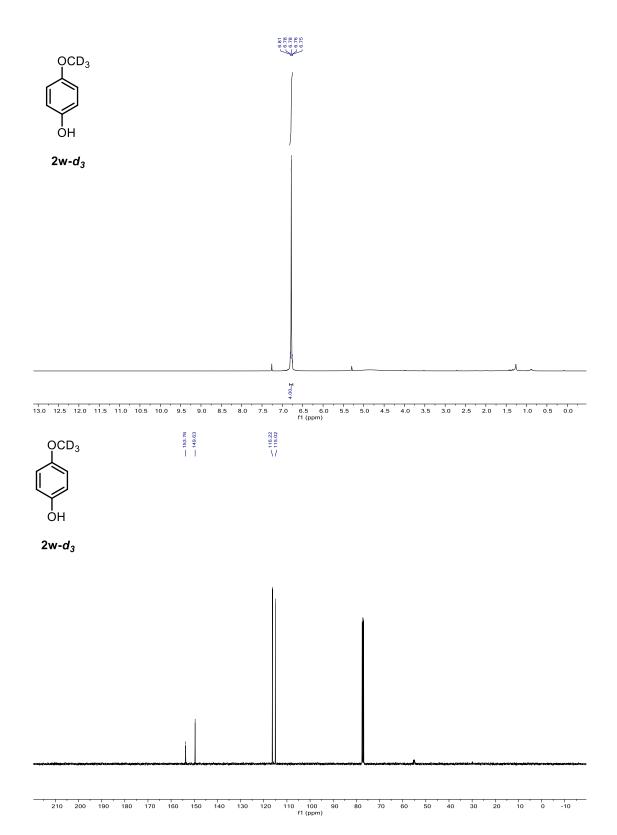


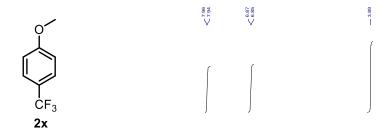


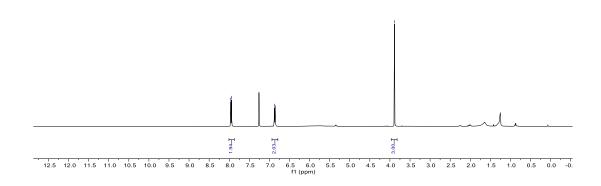




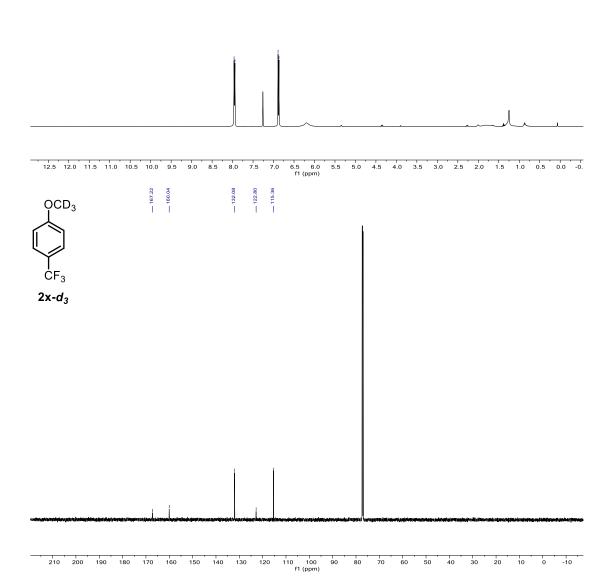


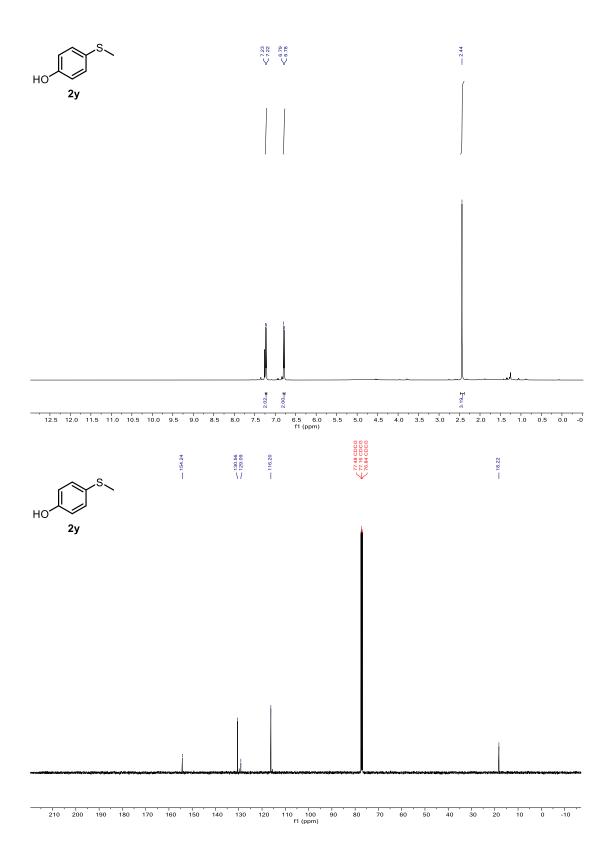




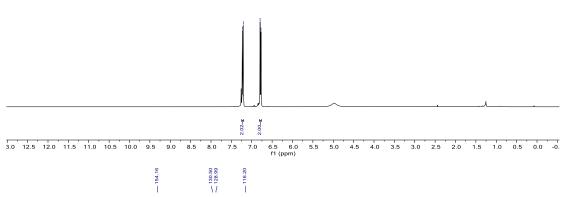




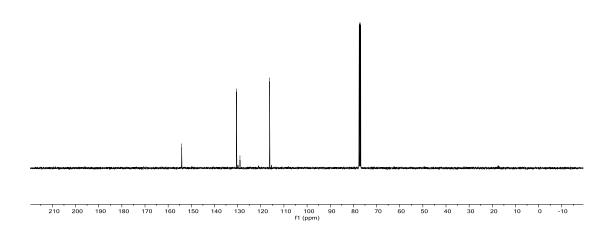


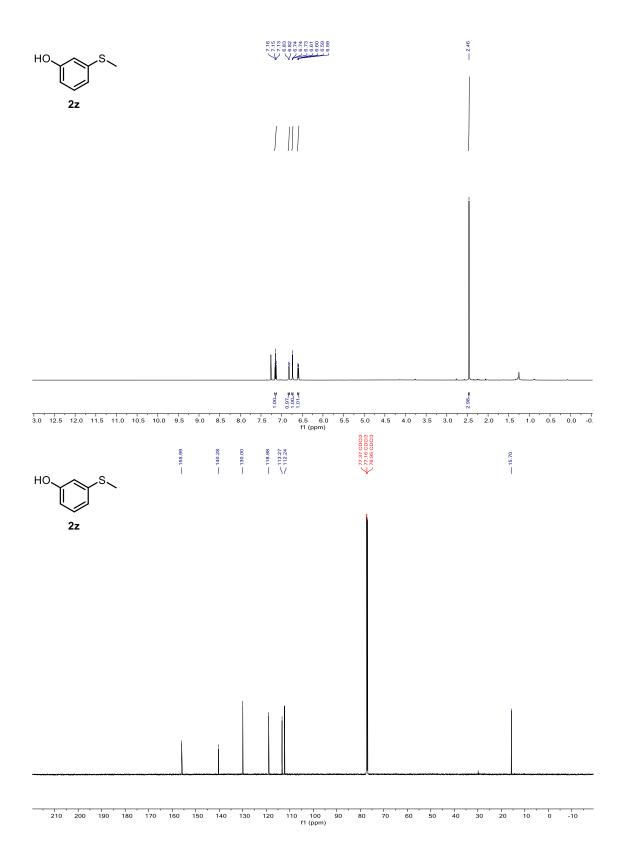




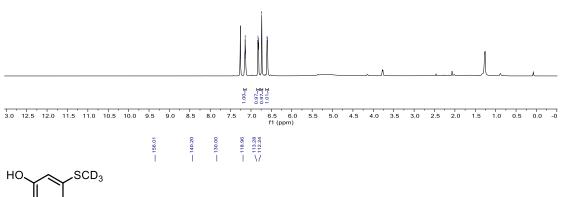


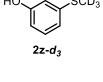
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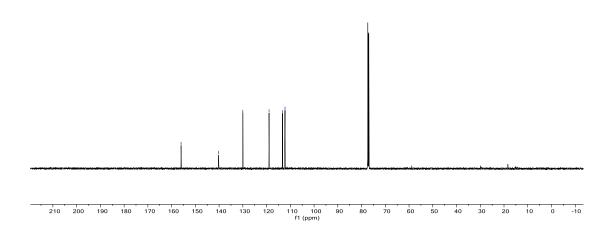


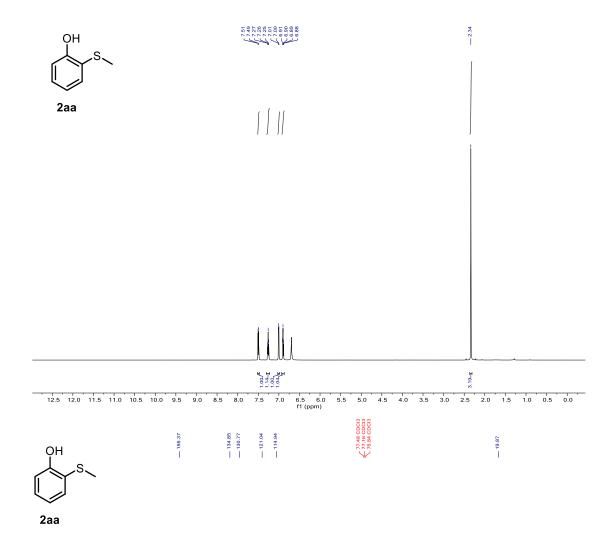


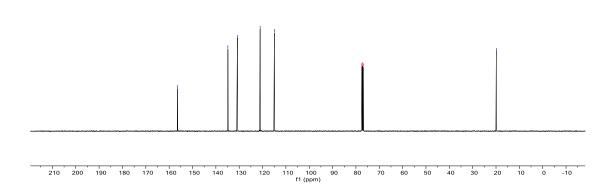










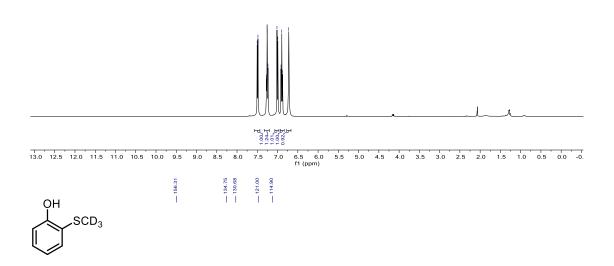


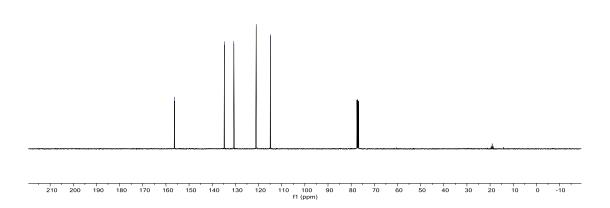


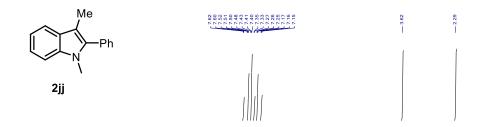
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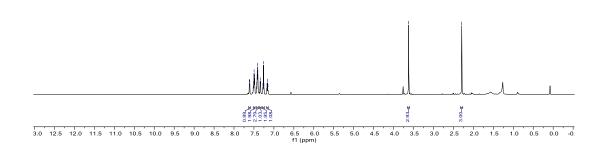
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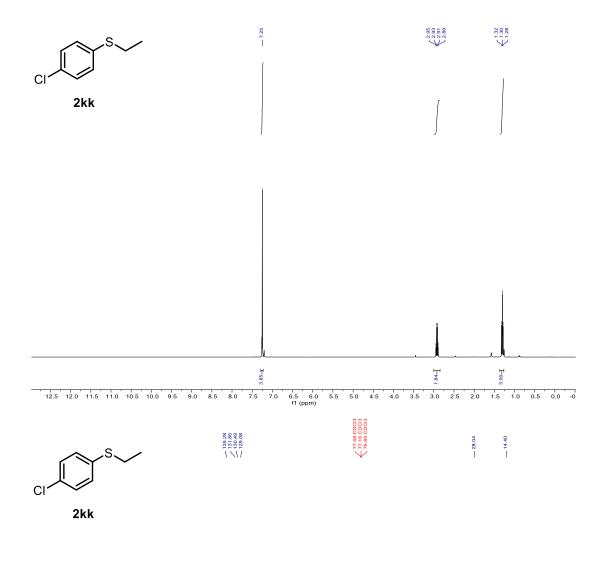


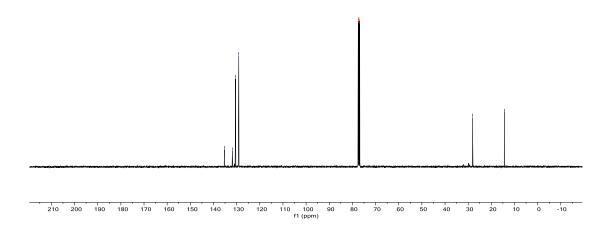


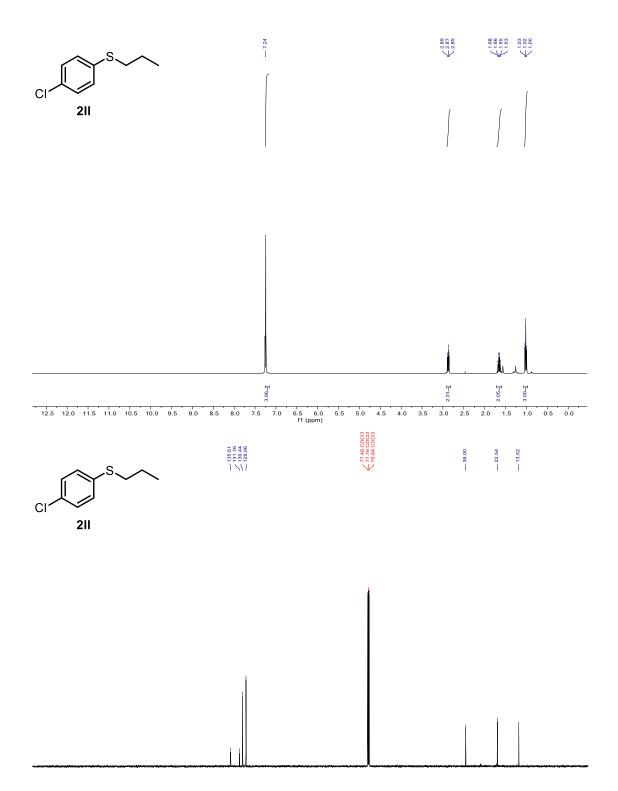




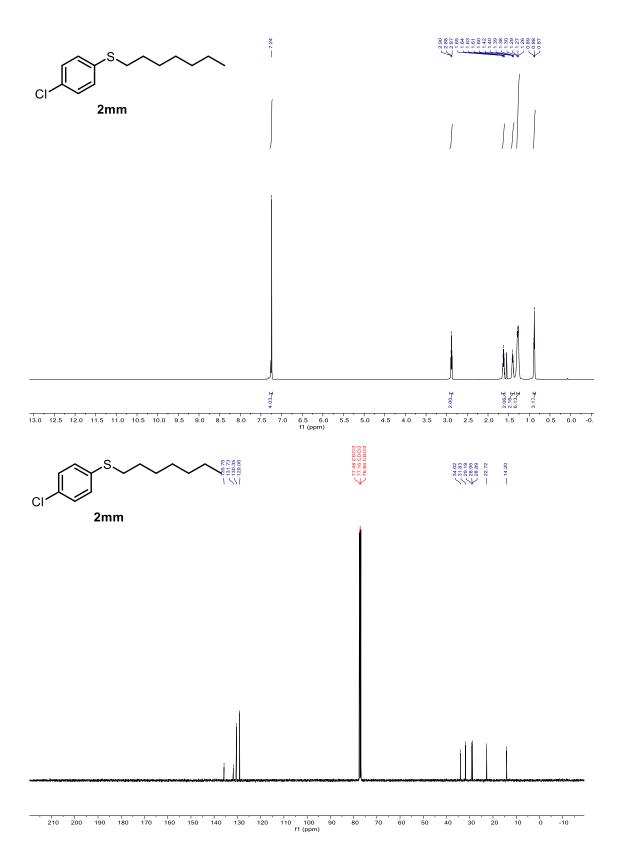


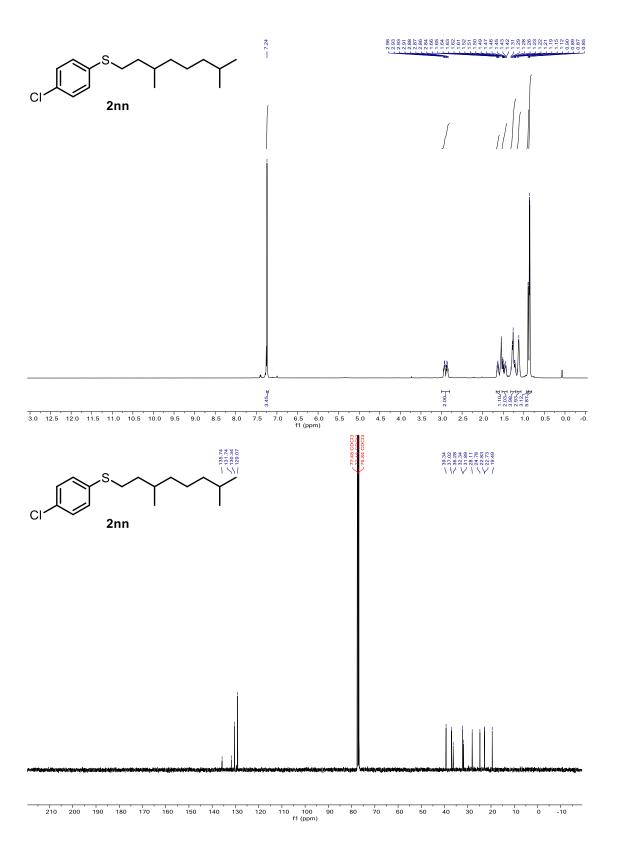


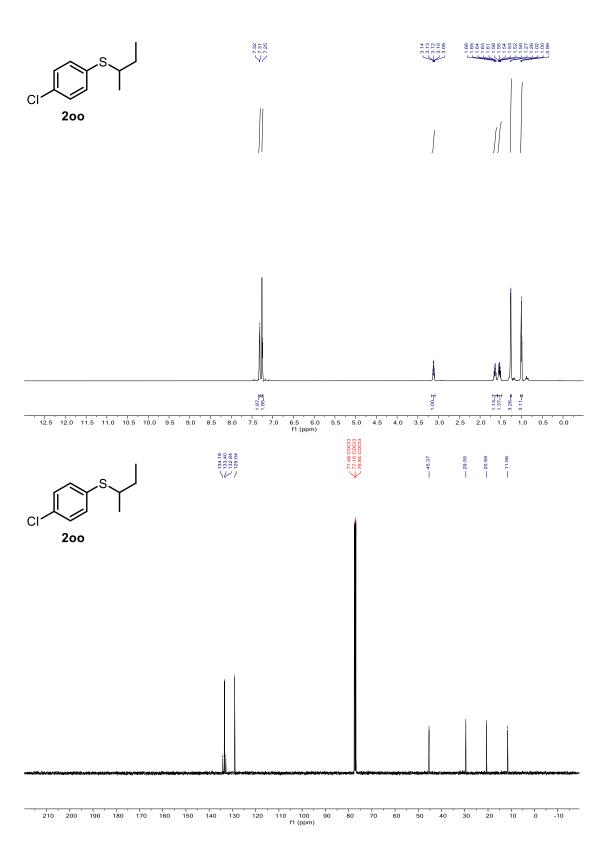


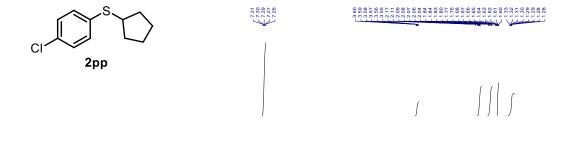


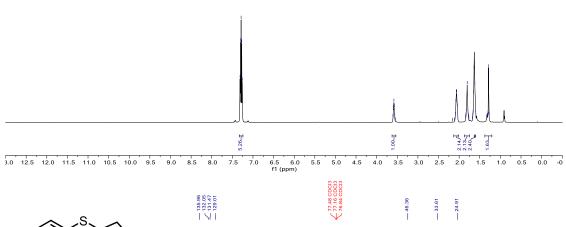
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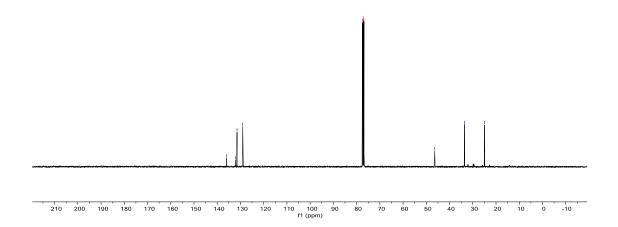


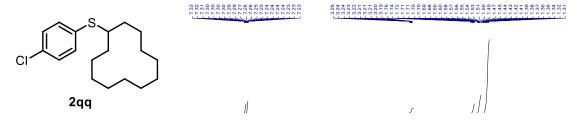


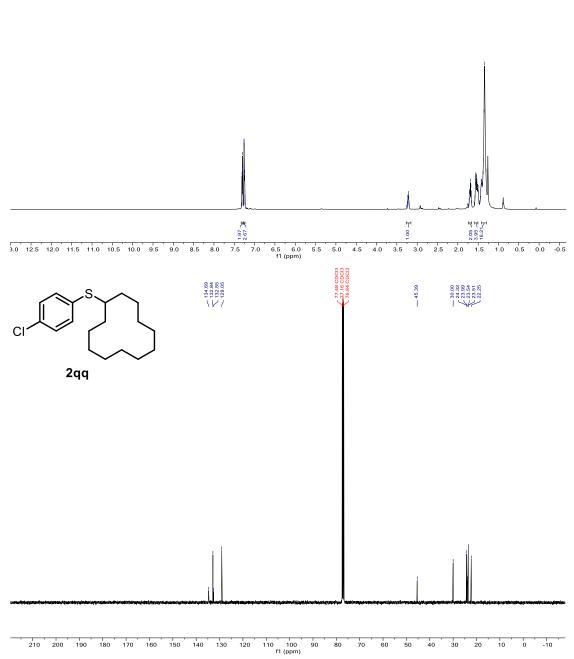


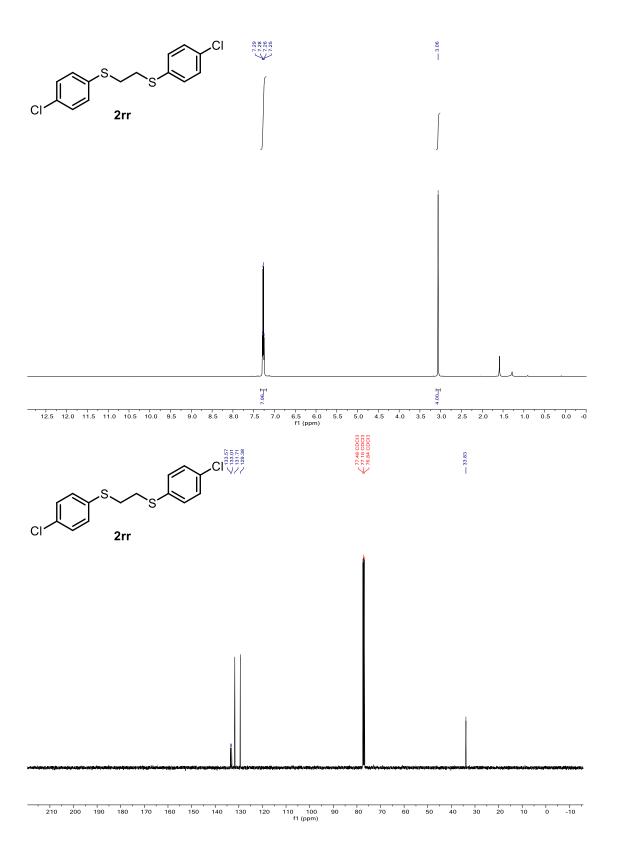


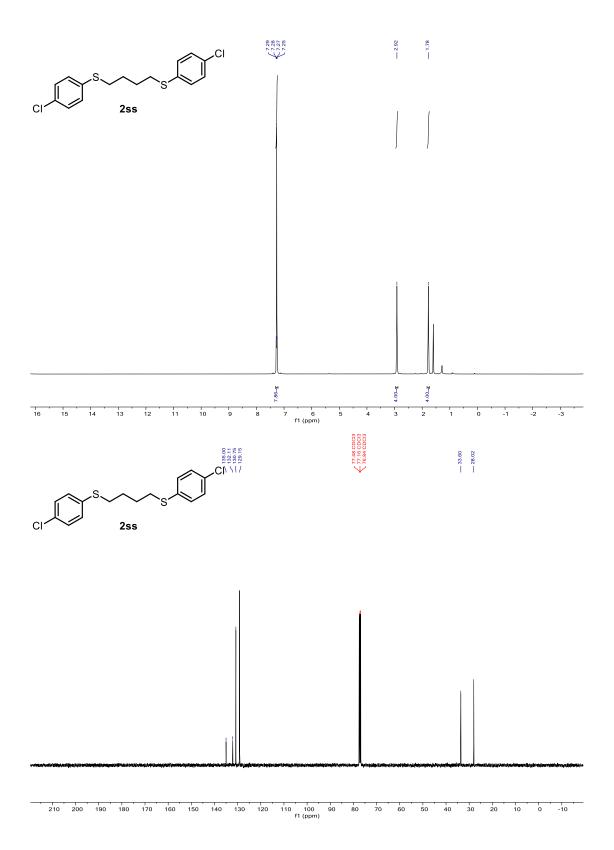


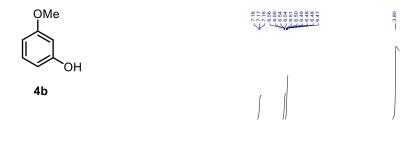


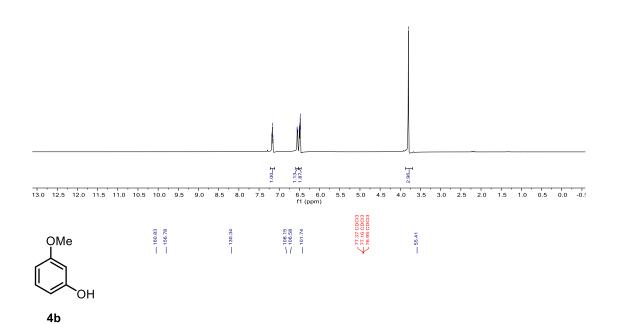


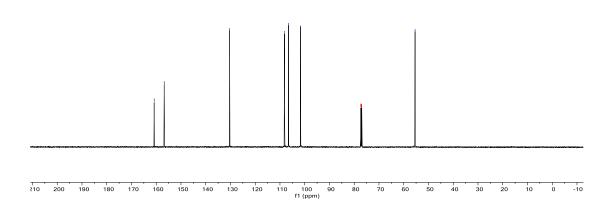


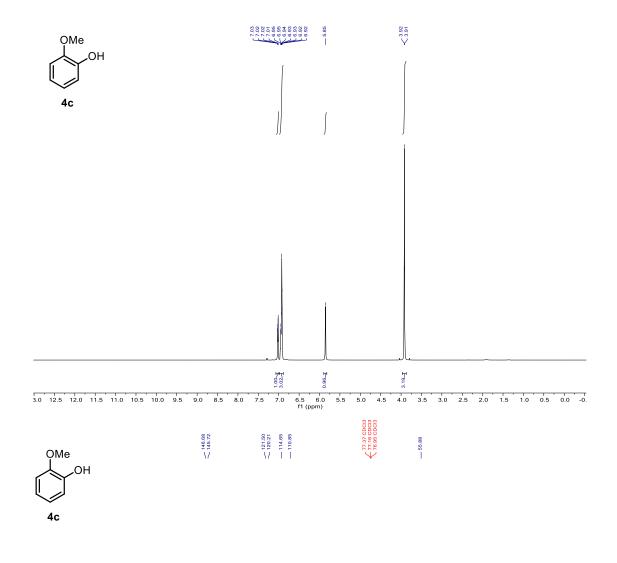


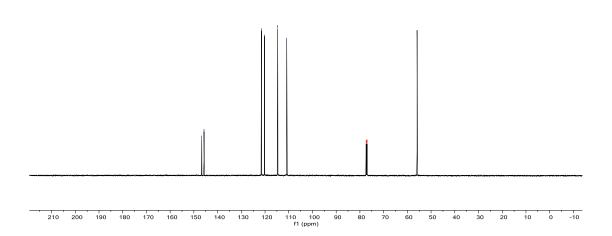


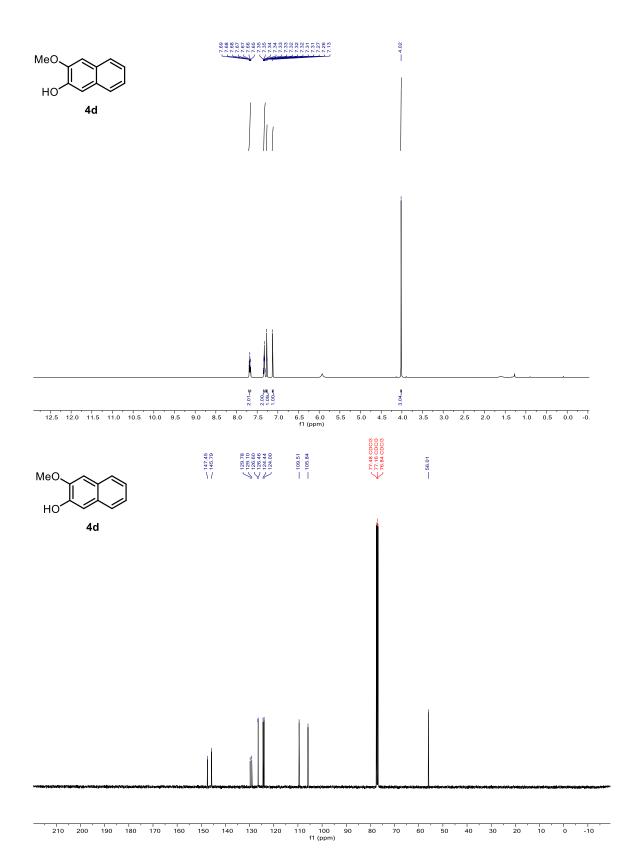


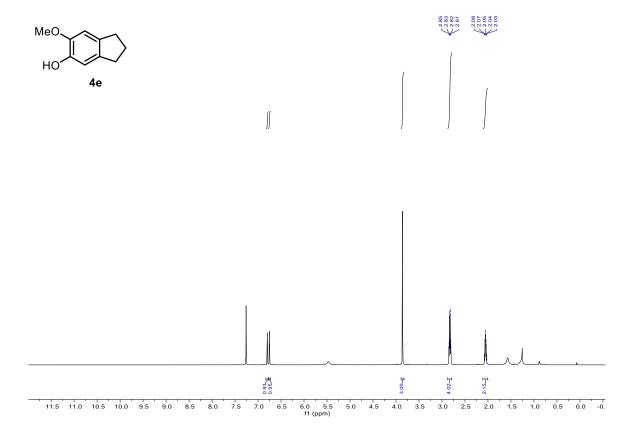


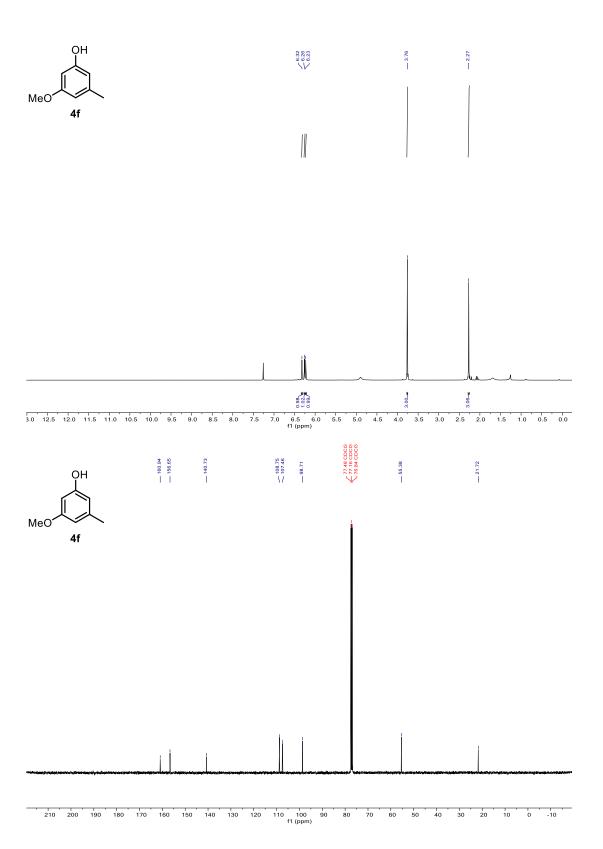


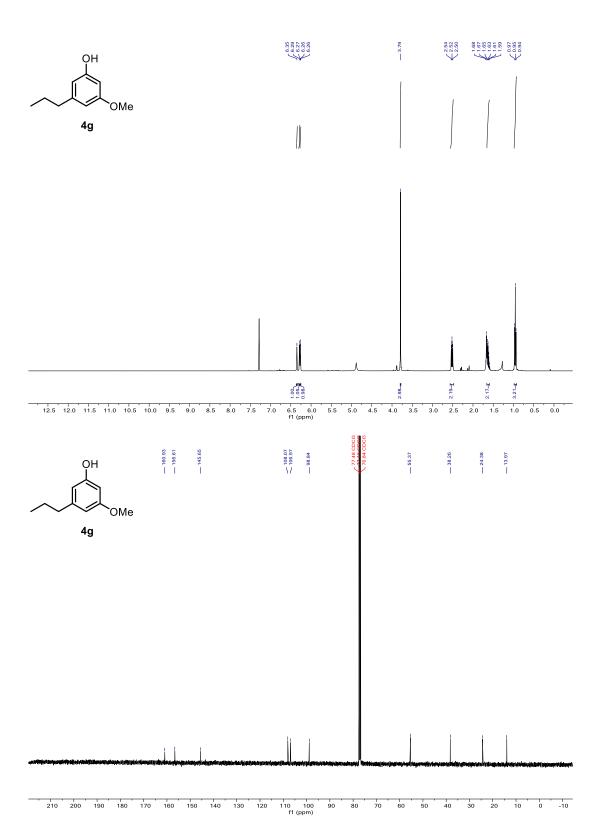


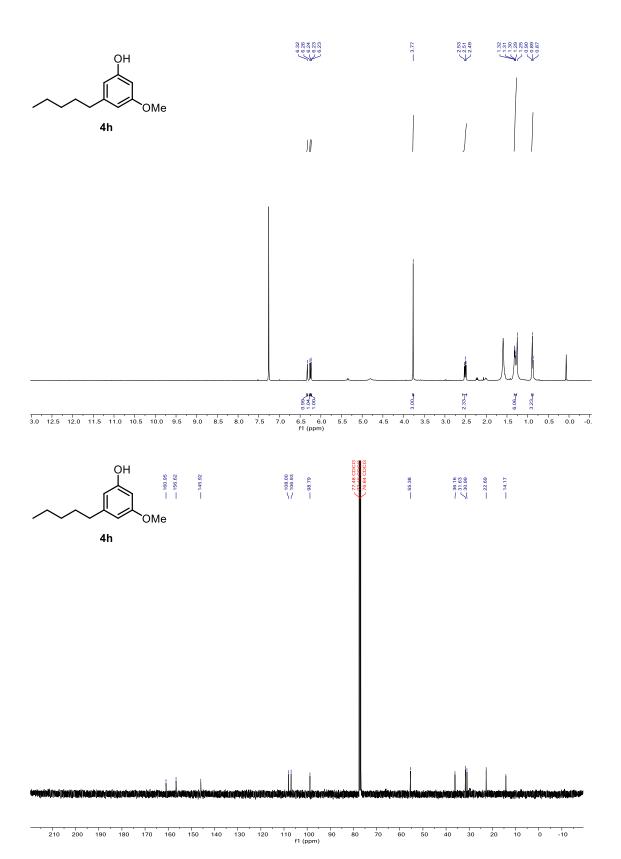


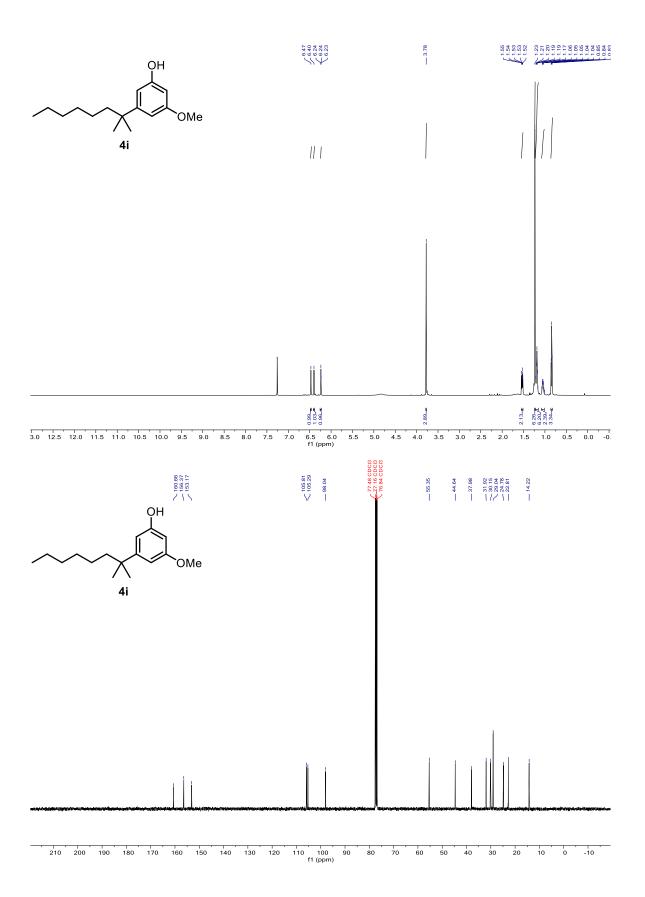


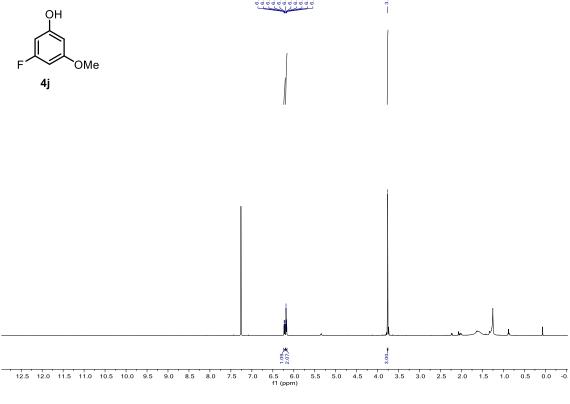




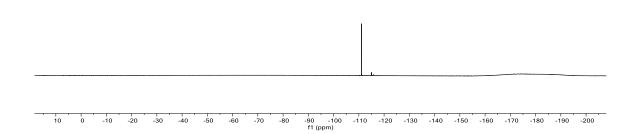


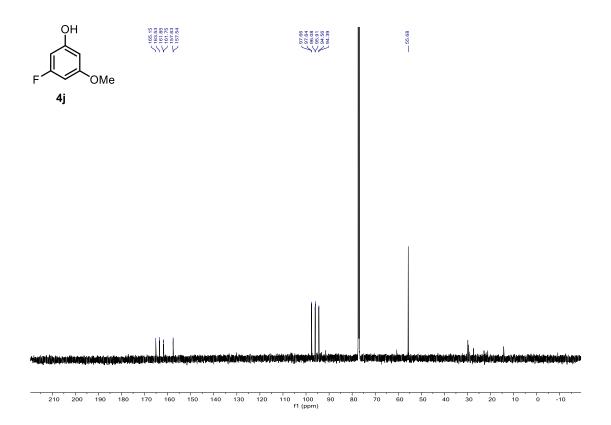


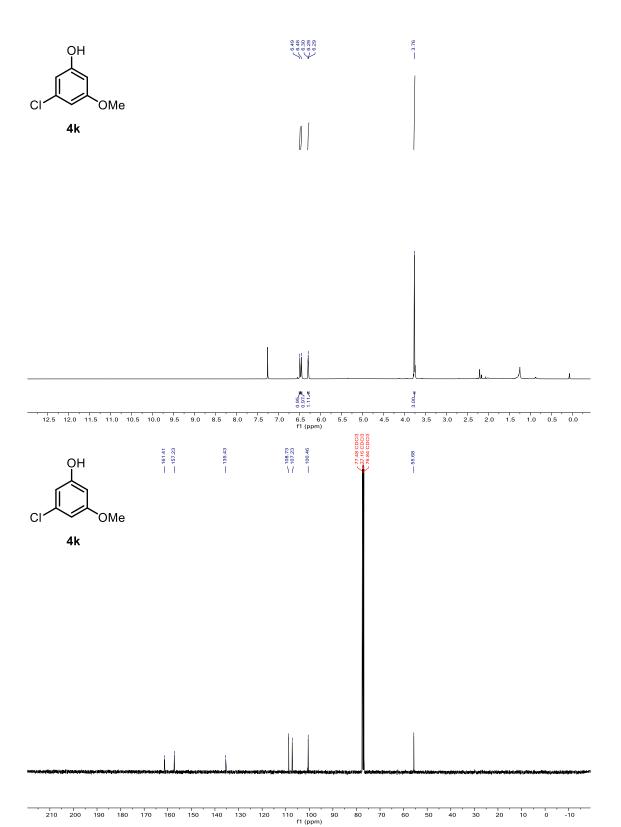




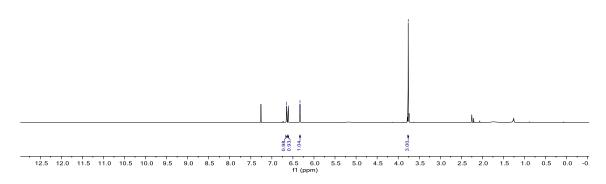


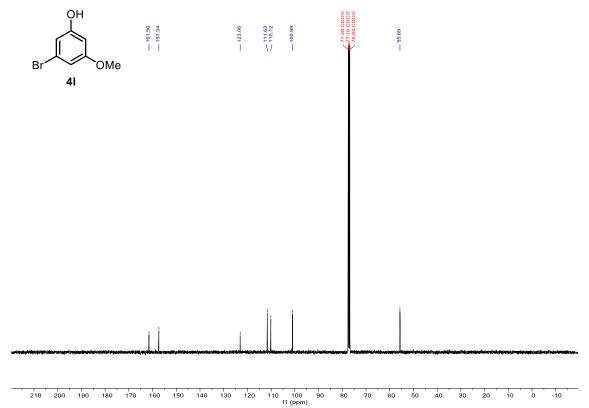


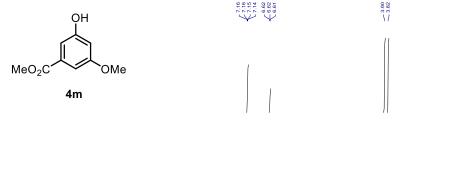


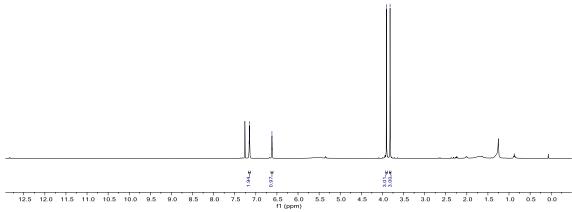


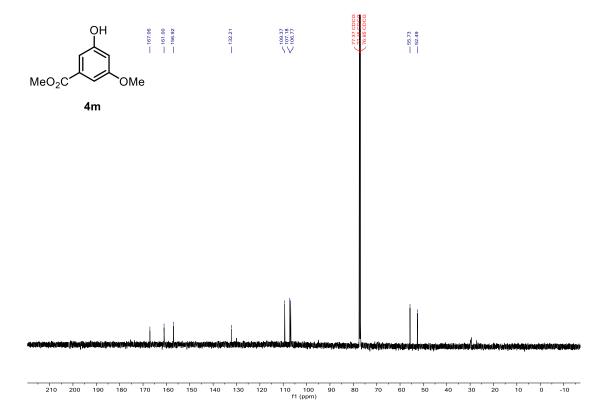


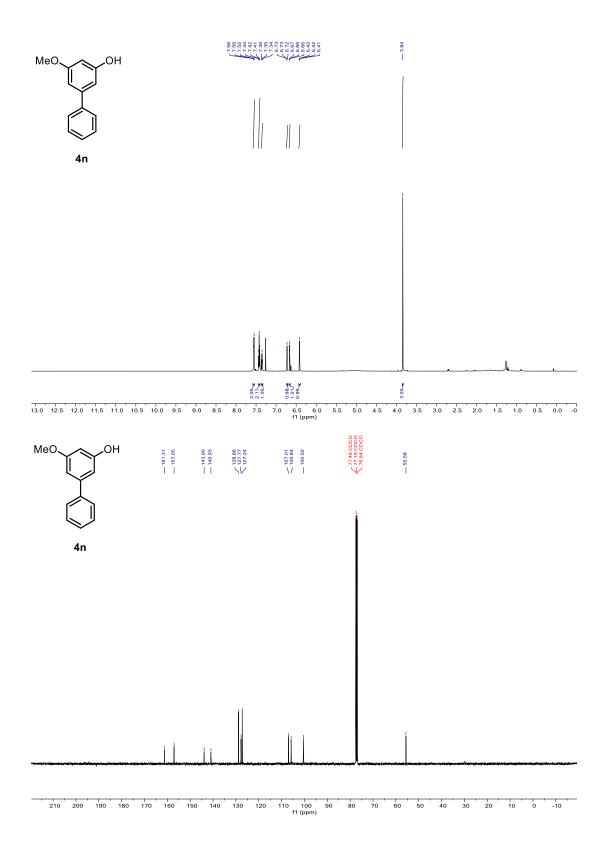




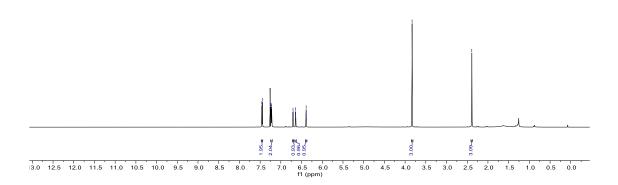


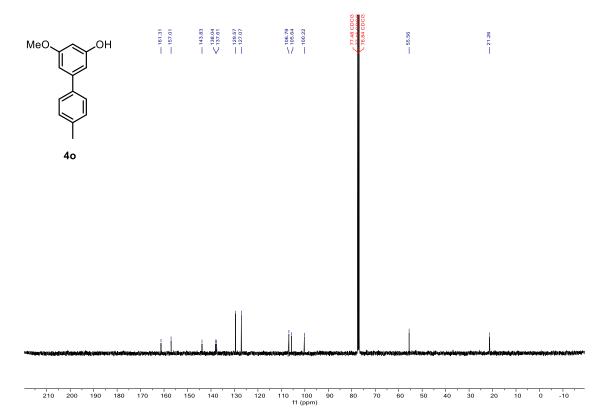


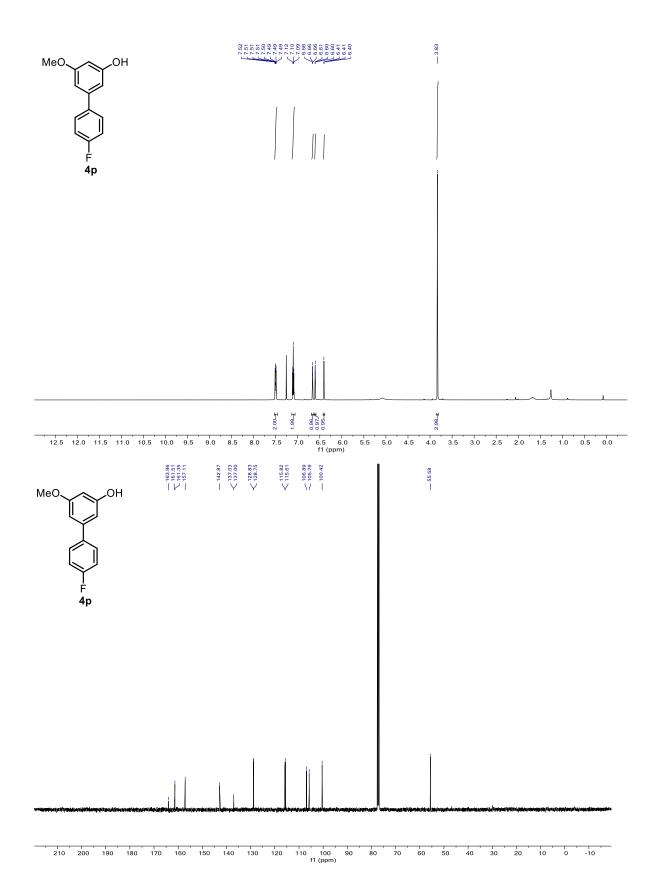


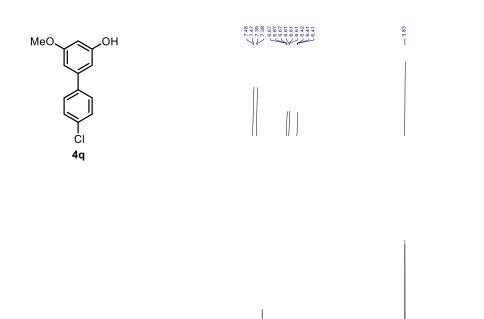


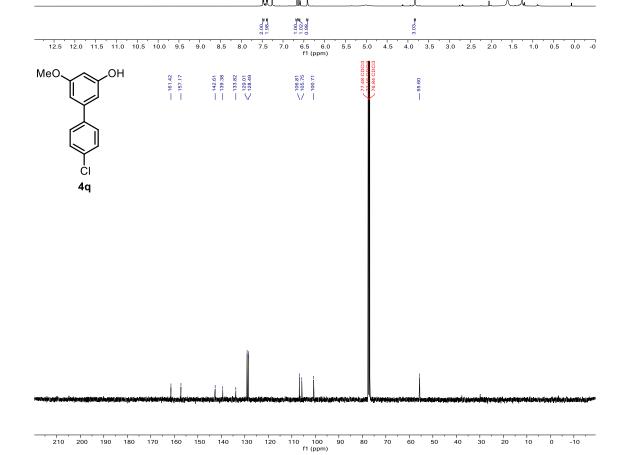


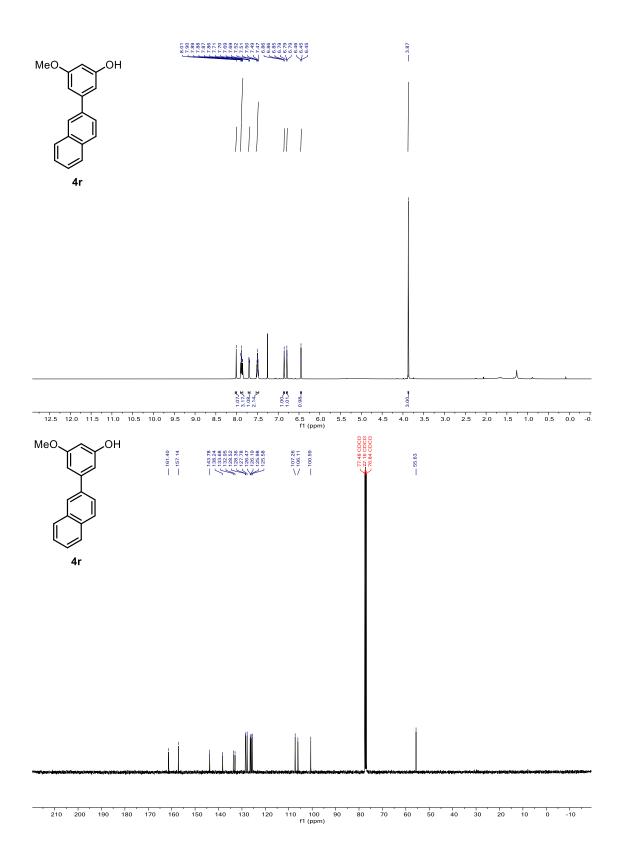


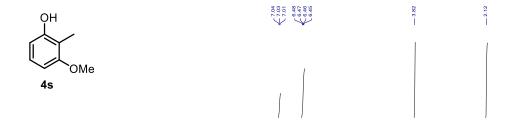


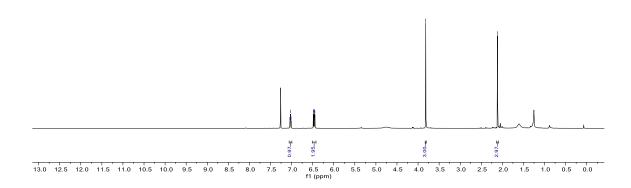


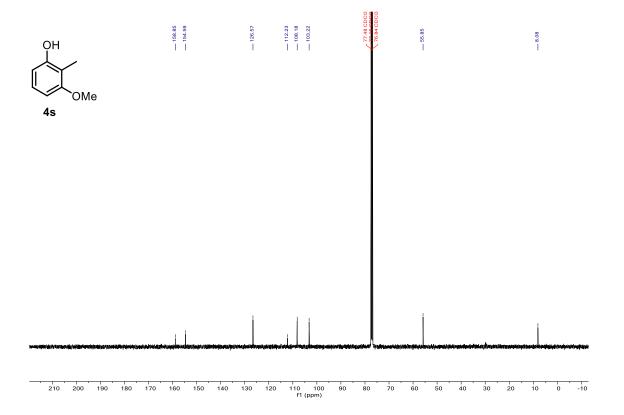




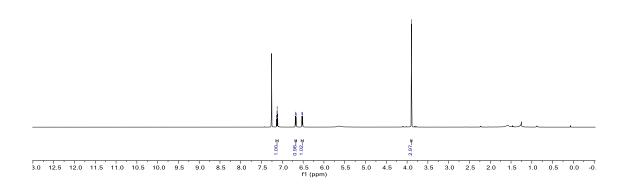


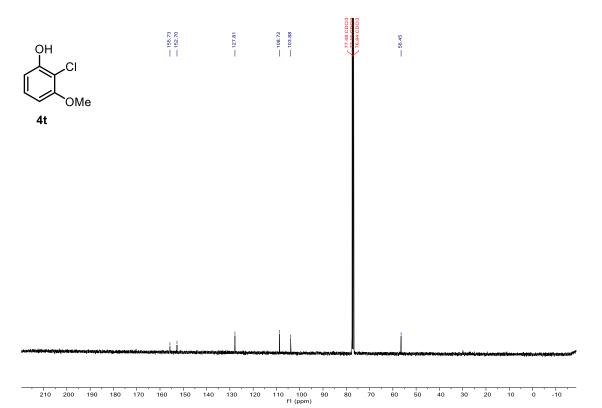


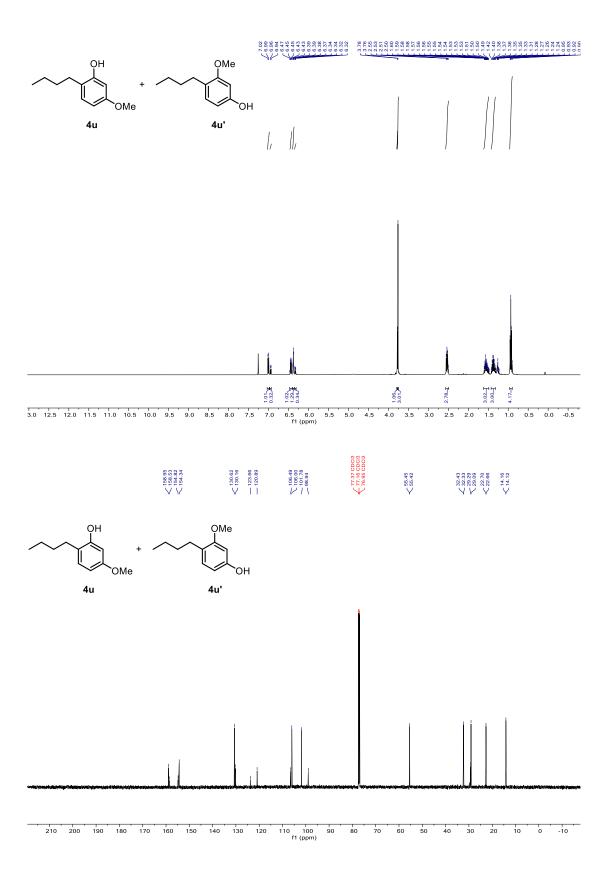


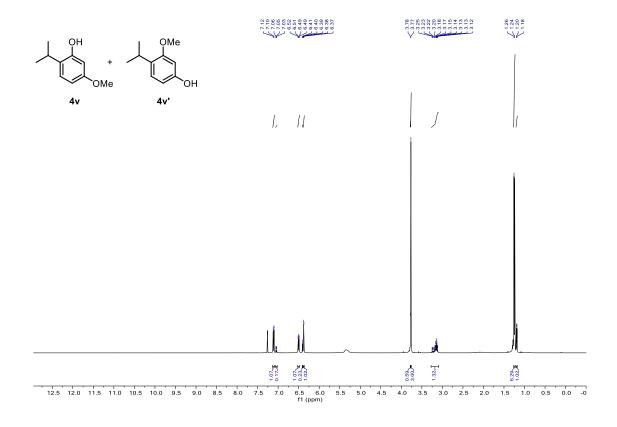


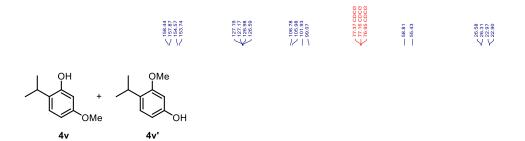


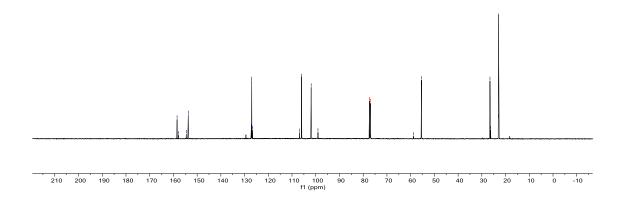


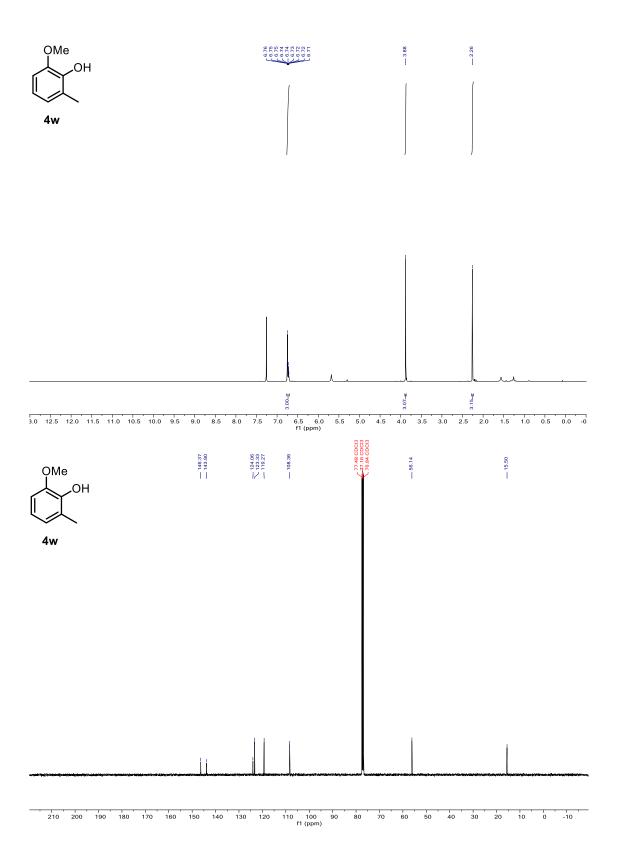


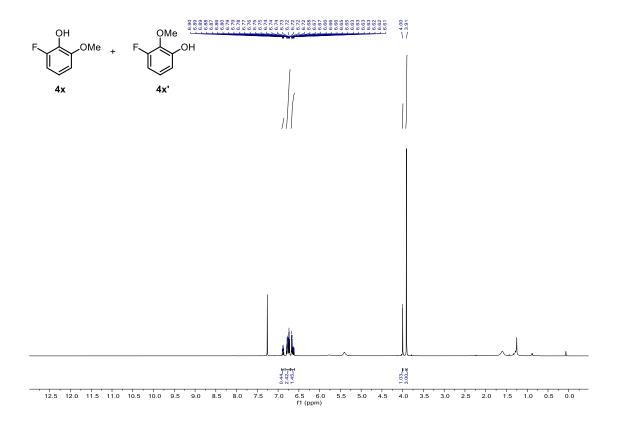




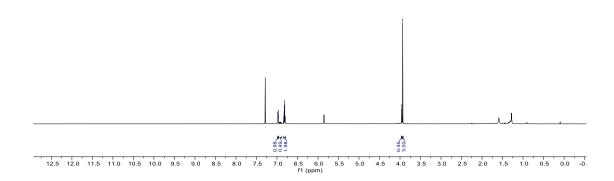


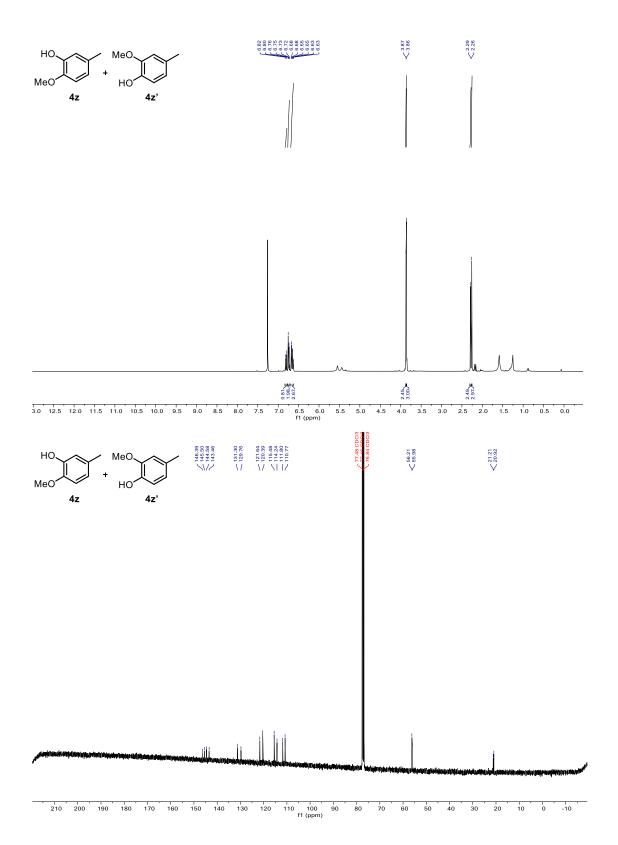


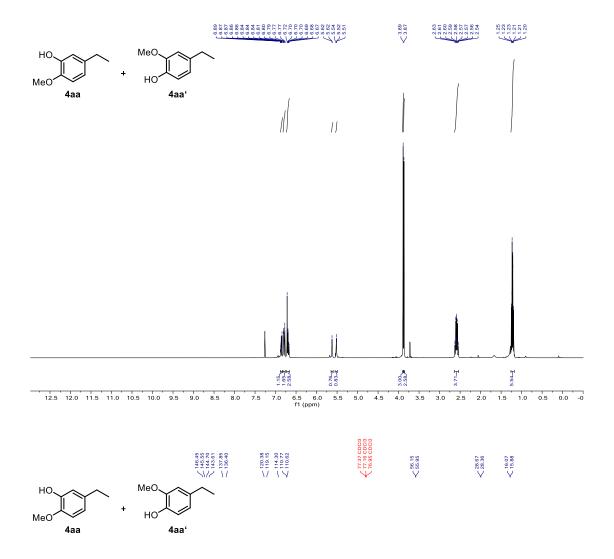


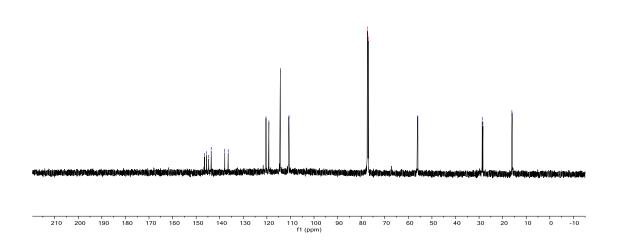


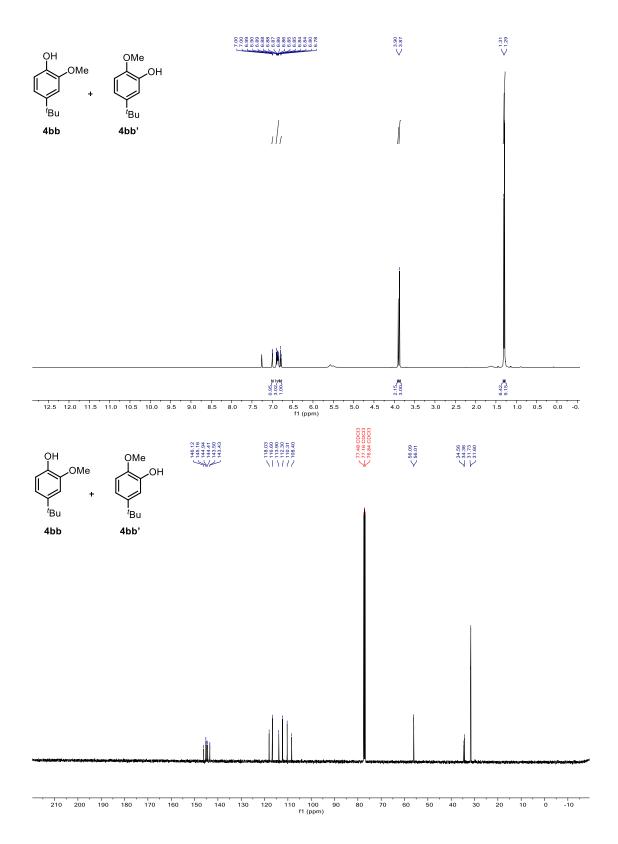


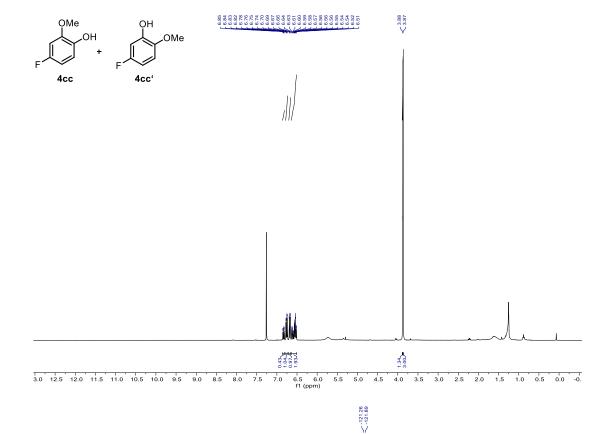


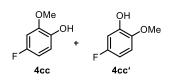


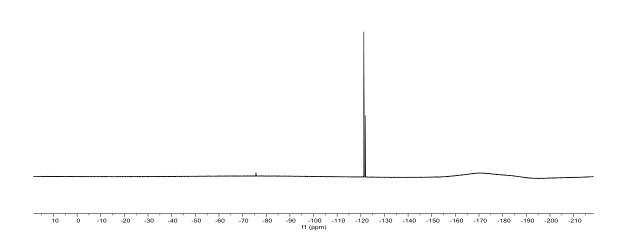


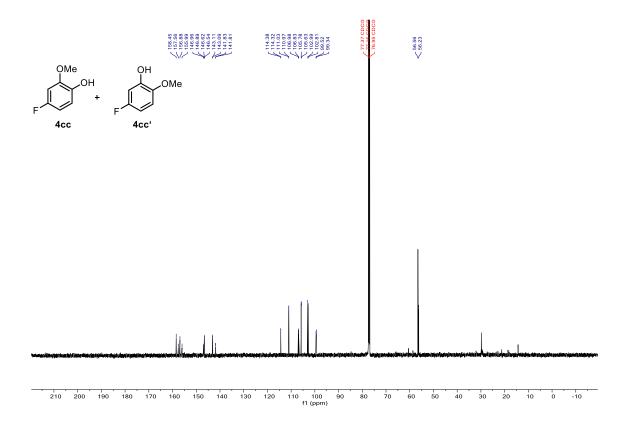


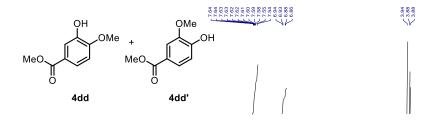


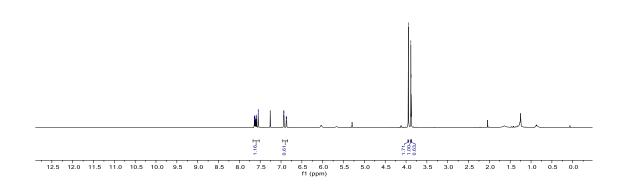


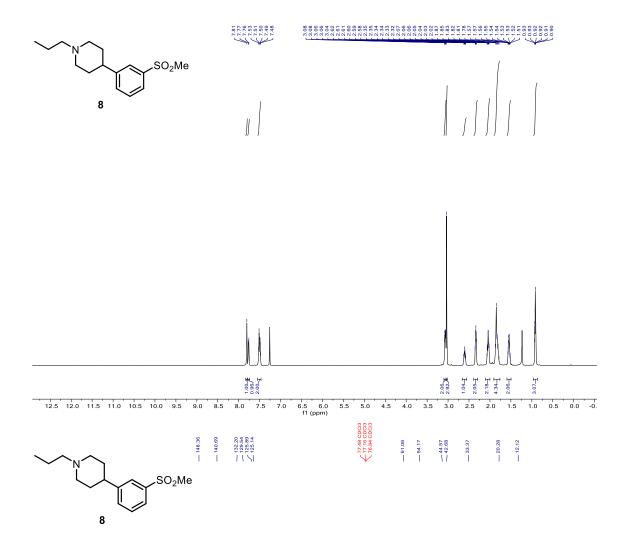


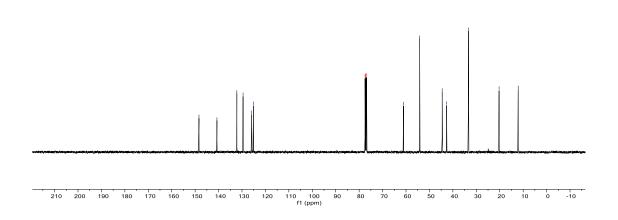


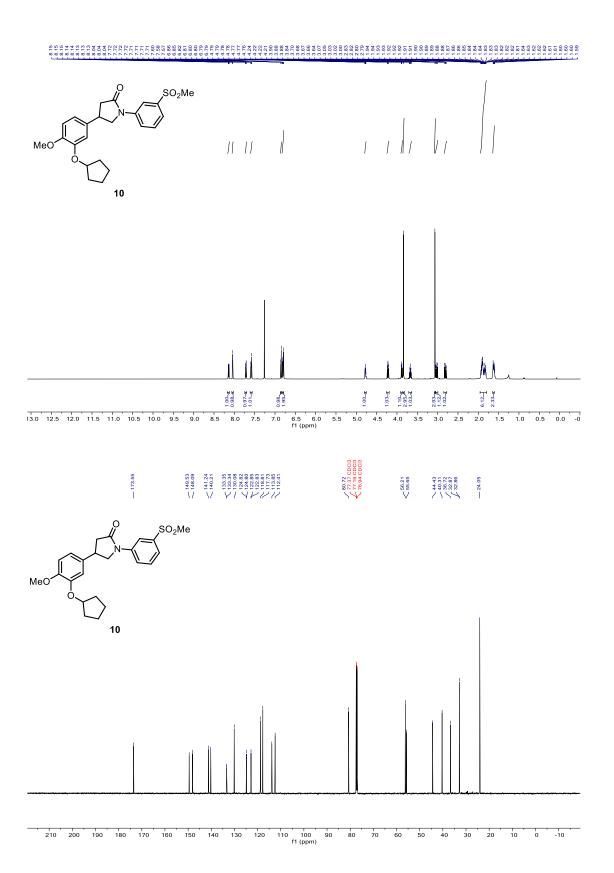


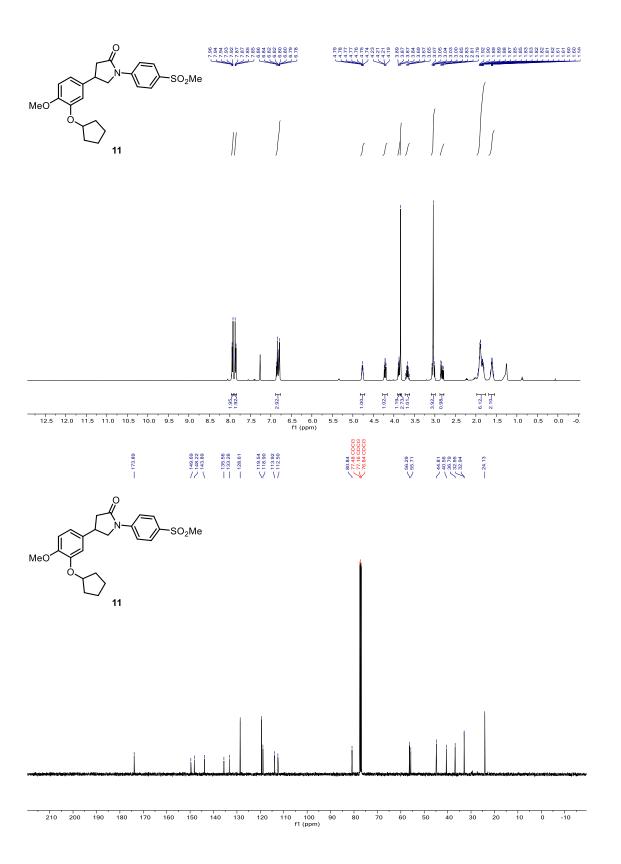




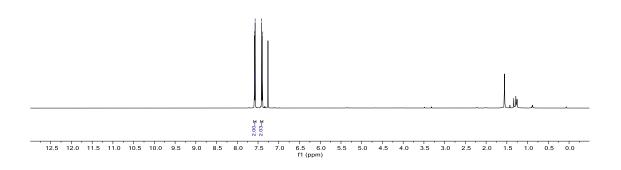




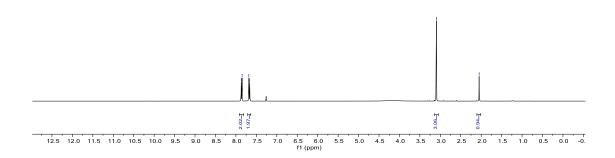




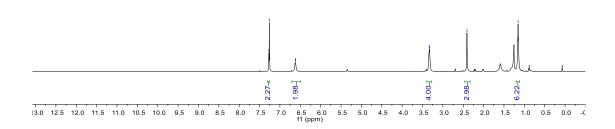


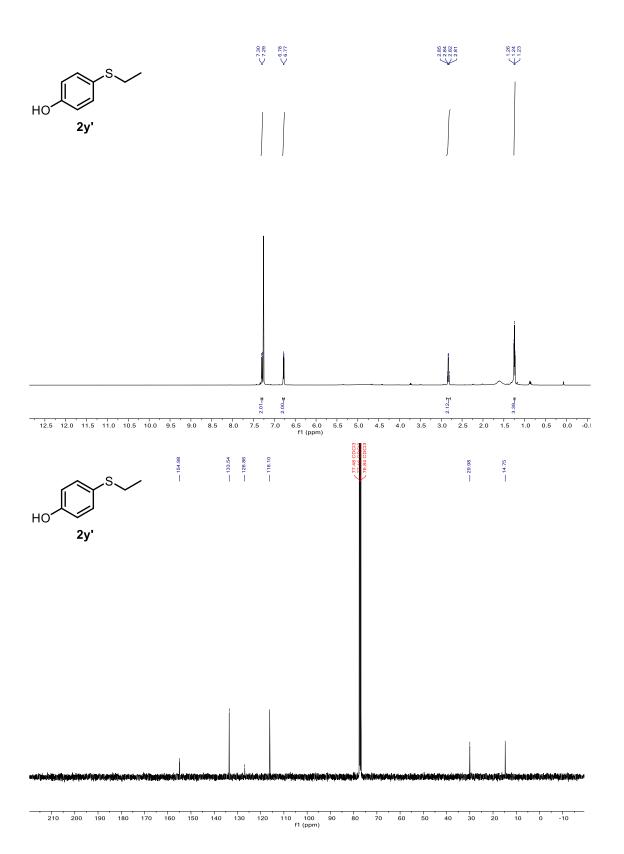


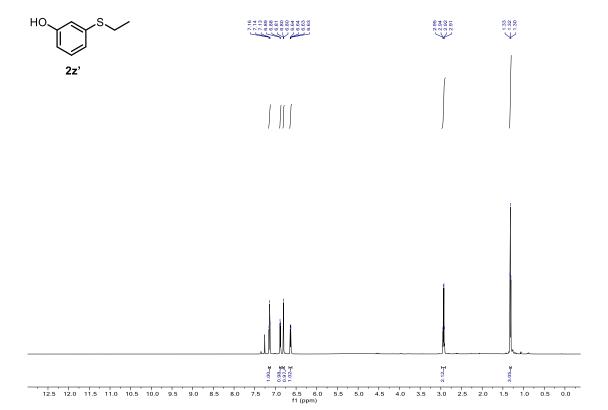


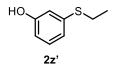


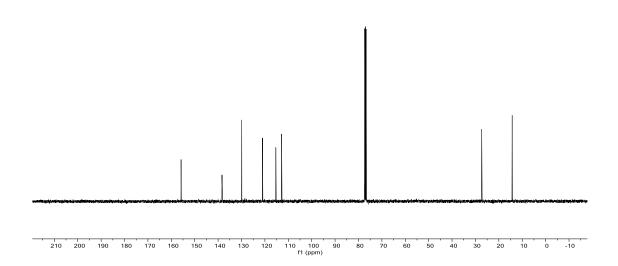




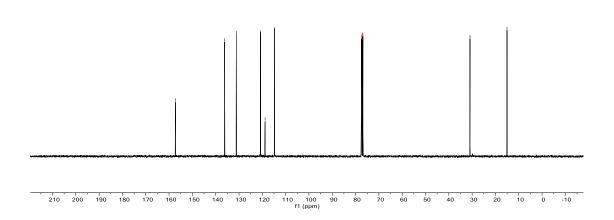


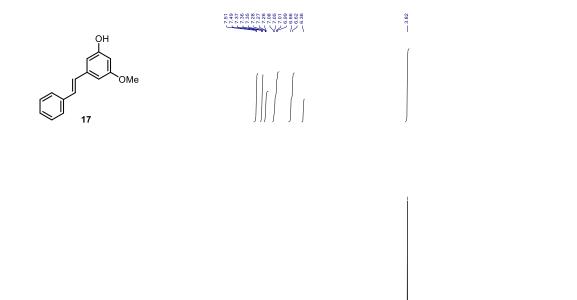






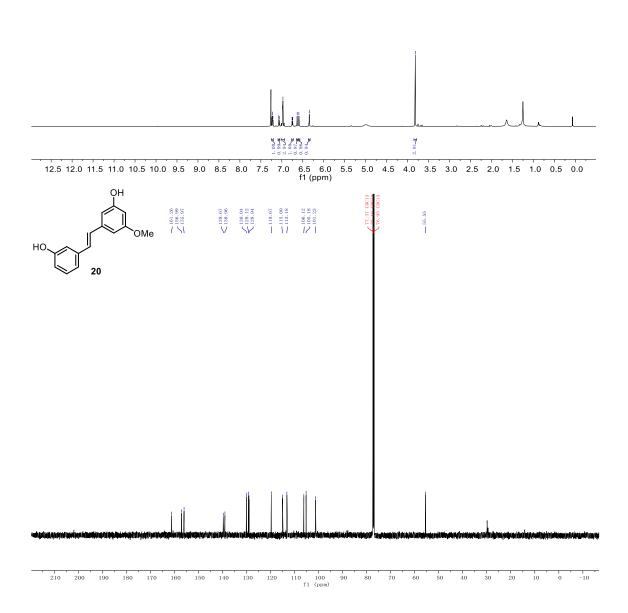


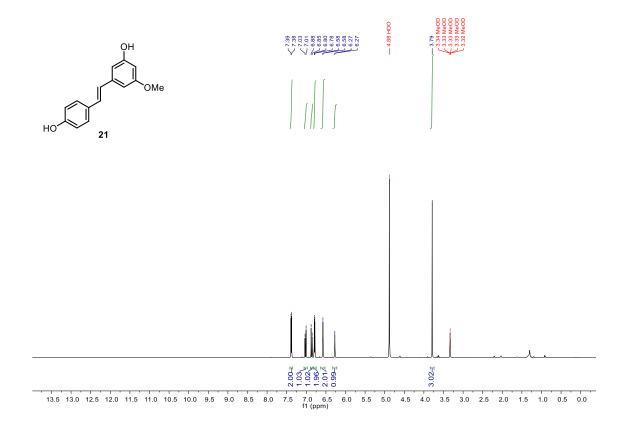


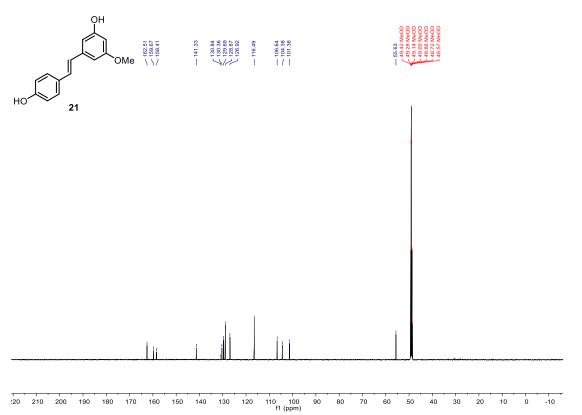


| 13.0 | 12.5 | 12.0 | 11.5 | 11.0 | 10.5 | 10.0 | 9.5 | 9.0 | 8.5 | 8.0 | 7.5 | 7.0 | 6.5 | 6.0 | 5.5 | 5.0 | 4.5 | 4.0 | 3.5 | 3.0 | 2.5 | 2.0 | 1.5 | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.0 | fl (ppm)









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