

Supporting Information

SANS investigation of fungal loosening reveals substrate dependent impacts of protein action on inter-fibril distance and packing order of cellulosic substrates

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Table S1. Chemical shifts (ppm) for the $^{13}\text{C}^b$ carbons of the four cysteine residues in oxidized *PcaLOOL12*.

	C26	C50	C73	C76
<i>PcaLOOL12</i>	39.4	40.1	---	35.7

Table S2. Summary of the statistics for the NMR solution structures of *PcaLOOL12*.^a

Protein Name	<i>PcaLOOL12</i>
PDB ID	9CE9
BMRB ID	31180
Restraints for Structure Calculations	
Total NOEs	1300
Intraresidue NOEs	290
Sequential (i, i + 1) NOEs	327
Medium-range (i, i + j; 1 < j ≤ 4) NOEs	121
Long-range (i, i + j; j > 4) NOEs	492
Phi (□) angle restraints	75
Psi (□) angle restraints	75
Hydrogen bond restraints (2 restraints/bond)	68
Disulfide bond restraints (3 restraints/bond)	6
Structure Calculations	
Number of structures calculated	100
Number of structures used in ensemble	20
RMSD to Mean (Å) for PSVS Ordered Residues^b	
Backbone N-C [□] -C=O Atoms	0.50 ± 0.07 Å
All Heavy Atoms	0.84 ± 0.06 Å
Ramachandran Plot Summary (from Procheck)	
Most favored regions	90.7 %
Additionally allowed regions	9.3 %
Generously favored regions	0.0 %
Disallowed	0.0 %
Global Quality Scores (Z-score (raw))^c	
Procheck (all)	-3.31(-0.56)
Procheck (□□□□)	-2.20 (-0.64)
MolProbity clash score	0.30 (7.15)

^aAll statistics are for the ensemble deposited in the Protein Data Bank.

^bOrdered residues: T10 -T21, L23-P74, G77-T104.

Table S3. Monosaccharide and lignin content of untreated native wood (Eucalyptus and Spruce) and holocellulose samples after 6 hours delignification with NaOCl₂.

Samples	Native eucalyptus (mg/g sample)	Eucalyptus holocellulose (6 h) (mg/g sample)	Native spruce (mg/g sample)	Spruce holocellulose (6 h) (mg/g sample)
Fucose	0.4± 0.2	0.6± 0.3	0.3± 0.0	0.3± 0.1
Rhamnose	0.2± 0.3	3.7± 2.2	1.8± 2.0	1.6± 1.4
Arabinose	2.8± 0.1	4.1± 4.6	15.7± 0.4	15.0± 0.3
Galactose	13.2± 2.2	14.4± 10.5	22.0± 3.0	22.1± 0.8
Glucose	506.0± 77.5	575.8± 58.8	513.3± 61.2	593.9± 54.7
Xylose	129.9± 15.3	168.2± 23.3	71.1± 6.3	83.9± 7.2
Mannose	7.5± 0.9	9.5± 7.3	128.5± 12.2	130.3± 19.8
4O-MeGlcA	1.4± 0.4	0.8± 0.8	8.2± 3.4	7.9± 3.9
GalA	0.6± 0.3	3.3± 3.0	2.6± 1.0	3.3± 1.9
GlcA	6.4± 0.8	4.1± 3.6	7.4± 1.9	4.0± 1.4
Lignin	336.6± 7.0	43.8± 16.5	302.1± 2.9	74.9± 3.5
Total	1005.1	828.5	1073.0	937.2

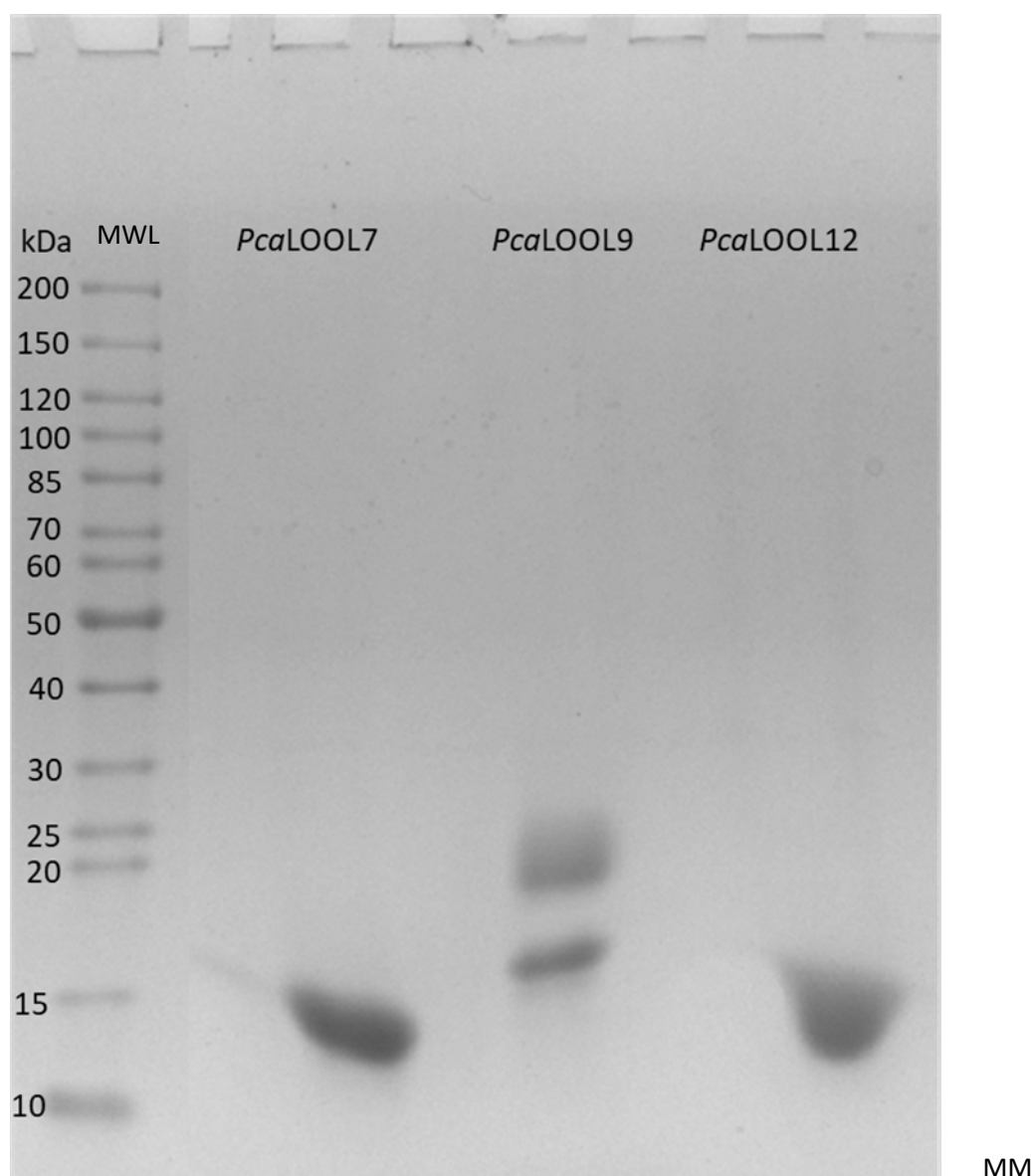


Figure S1. Confirmation of *PcaLOOL* purity following recombinant production in *Pichia pastoris*. Affinity-purified proteins were separated on a 4 - 20% Mini-PROTEAN® TGX™ gel and stained with Coomassie G-250 using the PageBlue™ Protein Staining Solution. MWL: PageRuler™ Prestained Protein Ladder

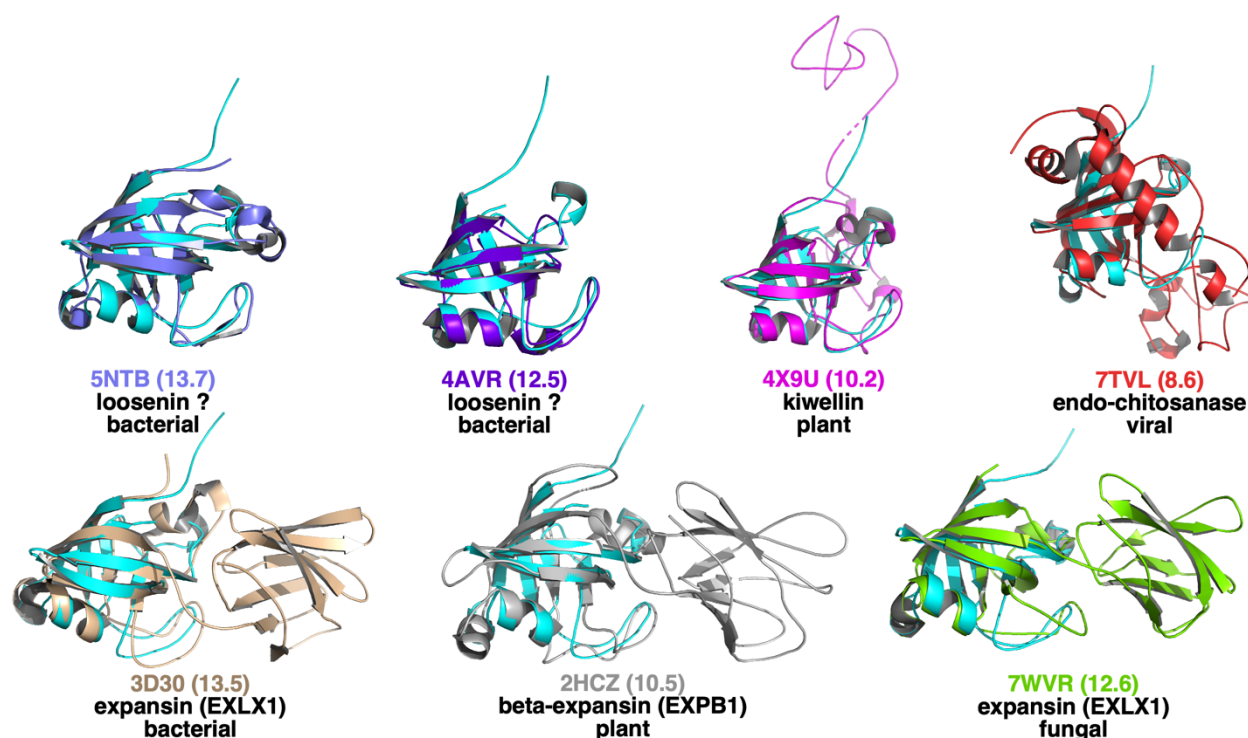


Figure S3. Alignment of the structure of *PcaLOOL12* (9CE9) (<https://www.rcsb.org/alignment>) onto the top seven similar structures identified using the Dali server (<http://ekhidna2.biocenter.helsinki.fi/dali/>). The structure of *PcaLOOL12* is colored cyan in all the comparisons with the Z-score indicated in brackets next to the PDB ID. 5NTB - *Streptomyces mobaraensis* papain inhibitor; 4AVR - *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* Pa4485; 4X9U – *Actinidia chinensis* kiwellin; 7TVL – soil phage auxiliary metabolic gene product with endo-chitosanase activity; 3D30 – *Bacillus subtilis* expansin EXLX1; 2HCZ – *Zea mays* expansin EXPB1; 7WVR – *Talaromyces leycettanus* expansin EXLX1.

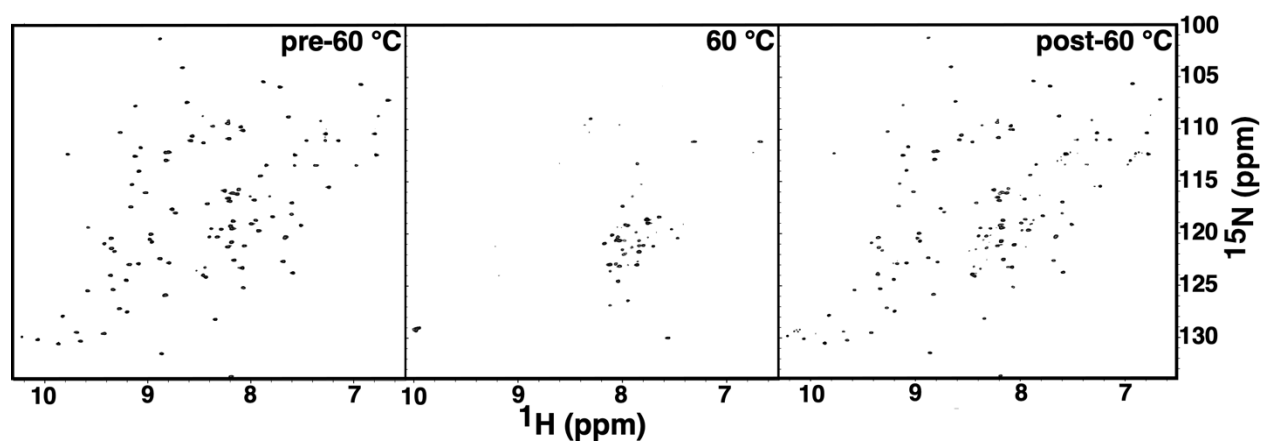


Figure S4. A series of ^1H - ^{15}N HSQC spectra collected on the same 0.2 mM sample of ^{15}N -labelled *PcaLOOL12* at a ^1H resonance frequency of 600 MHz at 20 °C pre-heating, 60 °C, and 20 °C post-heating.

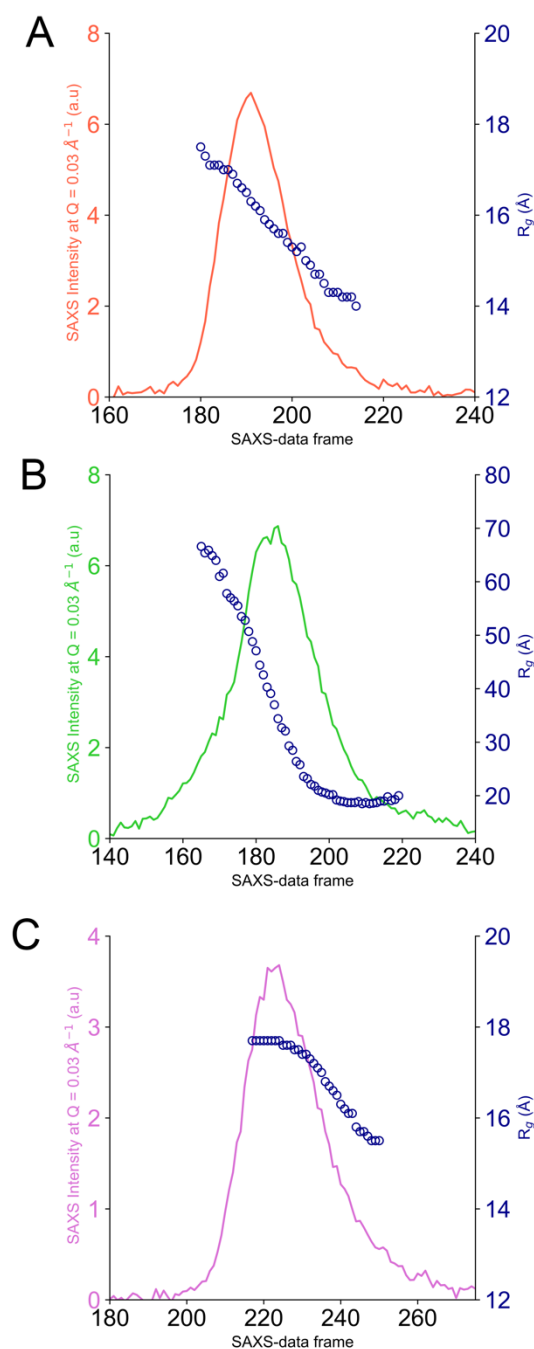


Figure S5. SEC-SAXS analysis of *PcaLOOL* proteins. Each plot show the SAXS intensity at $Q = 0.03 \text{ \AA}^{-1}$ for each SAXS frame vs. SAXS frame number (pink line). The radius of gyration (R_g) for each frame is represented by open blue circles. Panel A is *PcaLOOL7*, injected onto the SEC column at a concentration of 13 mg/mL. Panels B and C are for *PcaLOOL9* and *PcaLOOL12* injected at a concentration of 23 mg/mL and 13 mg/mL, respectively. The running buffer was 20 mM sodium acetate, 150 mM NaCl, pH 5.5.

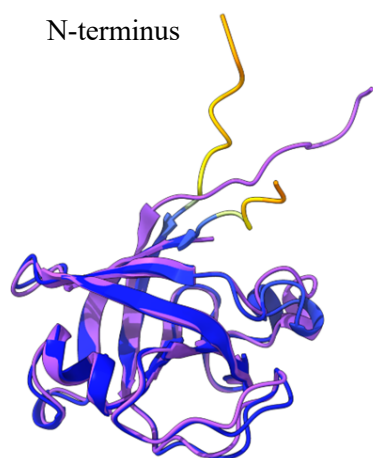


Figure S6. AlphaFold2 model of *PcaLOOL12* (color code based on pLDDT values) overlaid with NMR solution structure (purple). The additional residues at the C-terminus of the AlphaFold2 model is associated with the His₆-tag present in the samples measured by SEC-SAXS.

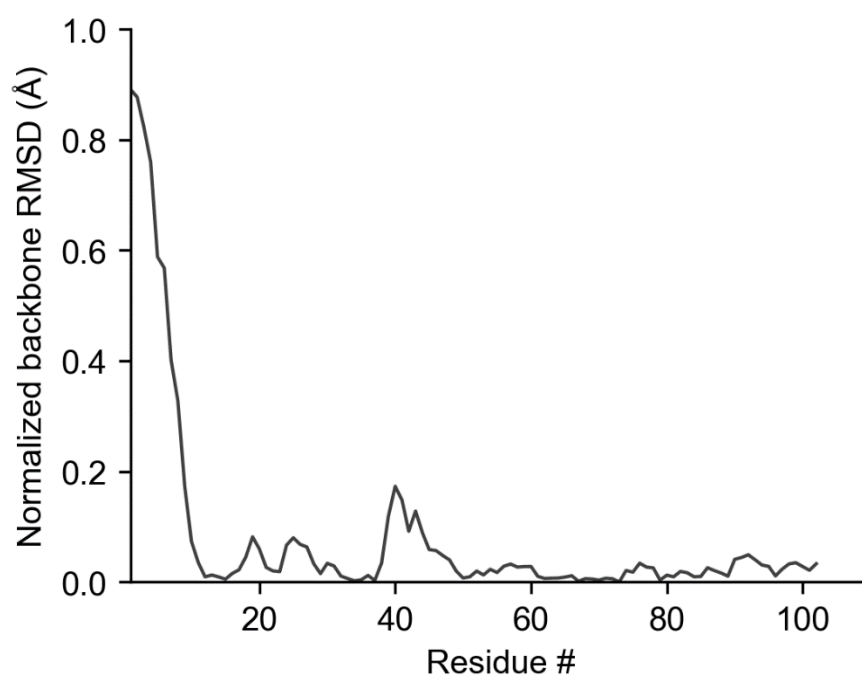


Figure S7. Normalized backbone RMSD between *PcaLOOL12* model obtained using Normal Mode Analysis and NMR structure.

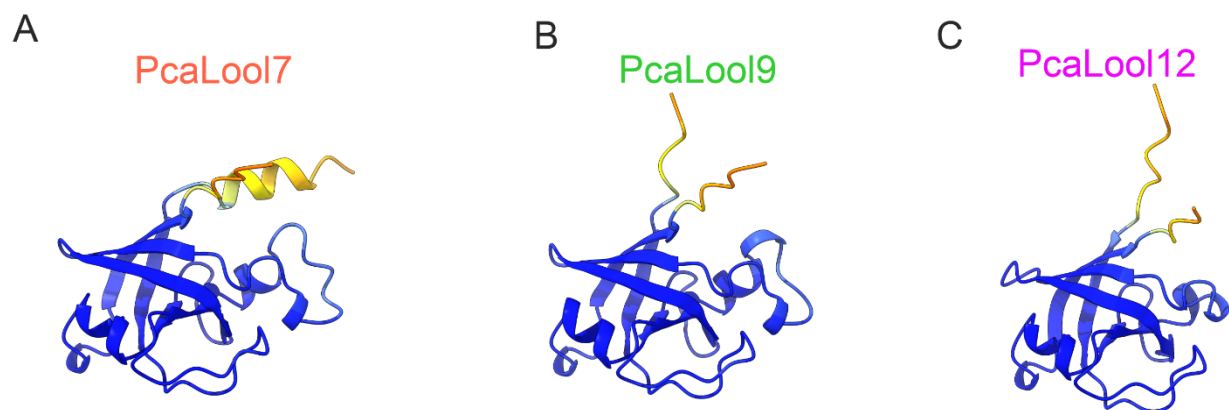


Figure S8. Alphafold2 models of all *PcaLOOL* proteins. AlphaFold2 models for *PcaLOOL7* (A), *PcaLOOL9* (B), and *PcaLOOL12* (C). All AlphaFold2 models color-coded based on pLDDT scores (0-100): dark blue (>90), light blue (90-70), yellow (70-50), and red (<50).