

## Reporting Summary

Nature Portfolio wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Portfolio policies, see our [Editorial Policies](#) and the [Editorial Policy Checklist](#).

### Statistics

For all statistical analyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.

n/a Confirmed

- The exact sample size ( $n$ ) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement
- A statement on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly
- The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided  
*Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.*
- A description of all covariates tested
- A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons
- A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)
- For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g.  $F$ ,  $t$ ,  $r$ ) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and  $P$  value noted  
*Give  $P$  values as exact values whenever suitable.*
- For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings
- For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes
- Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's  $d$ , Pearson's  $r$ ), indicating how they were calculated

*Our web collection on [statistics for biologists](#) contains articles on many of the points above.*

### Software and code

Policy information about [availability of computer code](#)

Data collection  All the codes are available in GitHub and links are provided in the manuscript

Data analysis  Fully described in the Methods section

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors and reviewers. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Portfolio [guidelines for submitting code & software](#) for further information.

### Data

Policy information about [availability of data](#)

All manuscripts must include a [data availability statement](#). This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A description of any restrictions on data availability
- For clinical datasets or third party data, please ensure that the statement adheres to our [policy](#)

The data that support the findings of this study are openly available in:

Supplementary Data Table 1. Greenhouse setup. [https://github.com/tyakylol/rhizobialStrains2\\_Data/blob/main/greenhouse.xlsx](https://github.com/tyakylol/rhizobialStrains2_Data/blob/main/greenhouse.xlsx)

Supplementary Data Table 2. Genotype table for the faba bean cultivars. [https://github.com/tyakylol/rhizobialStrains2\\_Data/blob/main/snps.csv.zip](https://github.com/tyakylol/rhizobialStrains2_Data/blob/main/snps.csv.zip)

Supplementary Data Table 3. Rhizobial strain read counts in nodule samples (raw).

[https://github.com/tyakyl/rhizobialStrains2\\_Data/blob/main/countsPlantRaw.csv](https://github.com/tyakyl/rhizobialStrains2_Data/blob/main/countsPlantRaw.csv)  
 Supplementary Data Table 4. Rhizobial strain read counts in inoculum samples (raw).  
[https://github.com/tyakyl/rhizobialStrains2\\_Data/blob/main/countsInoculum.csv](https://github.com/tyakyl/rhizobialStrains2_Data/blob/main/countsInoculum.csv)  
 Supplementary Data Table 3. Rhizobial strain read counts in nodule samples (adjusted).  
[https://github.com/tyakyl/rhizobialStrains2\\_Data/blob/main/countsPlantAdjusted.csv](https://github.com/tyakyl/rhizobialStrains2_Data/blob/main/countsPlantAdjusted.csv)

## Research involving human participants, their data, or biological material

Policy information about studies with [human participants or human data](#). See also policy information about [sex, gender \(identity/presentation\), and sexual orientation](#) and [race, ethnicity and racism](#).

Reporting on sex and gender

NA

Reporting on race, ethnicity, or other socially relevant groupings

NA

Population characteristics

NA

Recruitment

NA

Ethics oversight

NA

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

## Field-specific reporting

Please select the one below that is the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.

Life sciences

Behavioural & social sciences

Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences

For a reference copy of the document with all sections, see [nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf](https://nature.com/documents/nr-reporting-summary-flat.pdf)

## Life sciences study design

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.

Sample size

603 samples

Data exclusions

We excluded five samples with read counts below 2,000

Replication

3

Randomization

Random position on the greenhouse and for analysis we perform Random forest prediction

Blinding

NA

## Reporting for specific materials, systems and methods

We require information from authors about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material, system or method listed is relevant to your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.

### Materials & experimental systems

n/a	Involved in the study
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Antibodies
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Eukaryotic cell lines
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Palaeontology and archaeology
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Animals and other organisms
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Clinical data
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Dual use research of concern
<input type="checkbox"/>	Plants

### Methods

n/a	Involved in the study
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	ChIP-seq
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Flow cytometry
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	MRI-based neuroimaging

## Dual use research of concern

Policy information about [dual use research of concern](#)

### Hazards

Could the accidental, deliberate or reckless misuse of agents or technologies generated in the work, or the application of information presented in the manuscript, pose a threat to:

No	Yes
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Public health
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	National security
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Crops and/or livestock
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Ecosystems
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Any other significant area

### Experiments of concern

Does the work involve any of these experiments of concern:

No	Yes
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Demonstrate how to render a vaccine ineffective
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Confer resistance to therapeutically useful antibiotics or antiviral agents
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Enhance the virulence of a pathogen or render a nonpathogen virulent
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Increase transmissibility of a pathogen
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Alter the host range of a pathogen
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Enable evasion of diagnostic/detection modalities
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Enable the weaponization of a biological agent or toxin
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Any other potentially harmful combination of experiments and agents

## Plants

### Seed stocks

Seed stocks from the ProFaba panel described in (Skovbjerg et al., 2023).

### Novel plant genotypes

C. K. Skovbjerg, D. Angra, T. Robertson-Shersby-Harvie, J. Kreplak, G. Keeble-Gagnère, S. Kaur, W. Ecke, A. Windhorst, L. K. Nielsen, A. Schiemann, J. Knudsen, N. Gutierrez, V. Tagkouli, L. I. Fechete, L. Janss, J. Stougaard, A. Warsame, S. Alves, H. Khazaei, W. Link, A. M. Torres, D. M. O'Sullivan, and S. U. Andersen, "Genetic analysis of global faba bean diversity, agronomic traits and selection signatures," *Theor. Appl. Genet.*, vol. 136, no. 5, p. 1141, 2023, doi: 10.1007/s00122-023-04360-8.

Describing the methods by which all novel plant genotypes are produced. This includes the generation by traditional approaches, gene editing, chemical/induction-based mutagenesis, or hybridization. For transgenic lines, describe the transformation method, the number of independent lines analyzed and the generation upon which experiments were performed. For gene-edited lines, describe the editor used, the endogenous sequence targeted for editing, the targeting guide RNA sequence (if applicable) and how the editor was applied.

### Authentication

NA