

NRF2 activation by cysteine as a survival mechanism for triple-negative breast cancer cells

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Supplementary material

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Supplementary figures

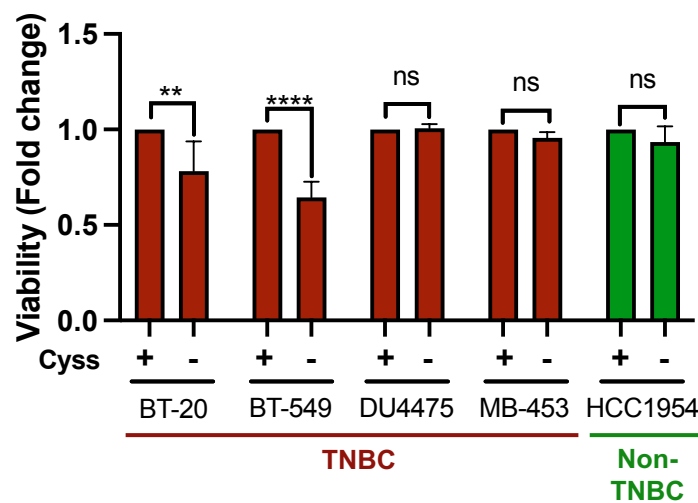


Fig. S1. Cell survival of the indicated TNBC and non-TNBC cell lines was measured after 24 h of Cyss deprivation using a cell viability assay. Viability values were calculated for each cell line as fold change relative to cells growing in complete medium.

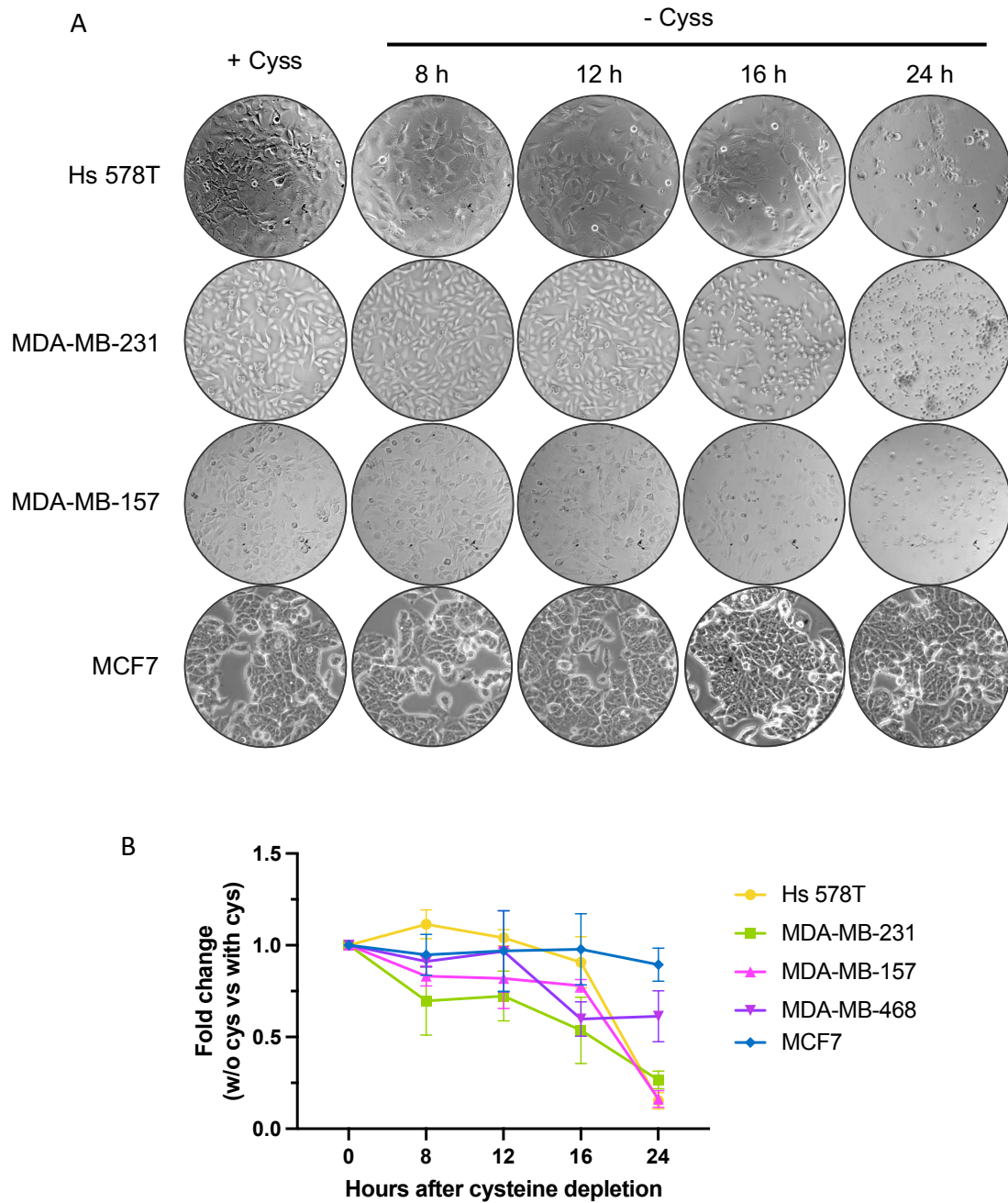
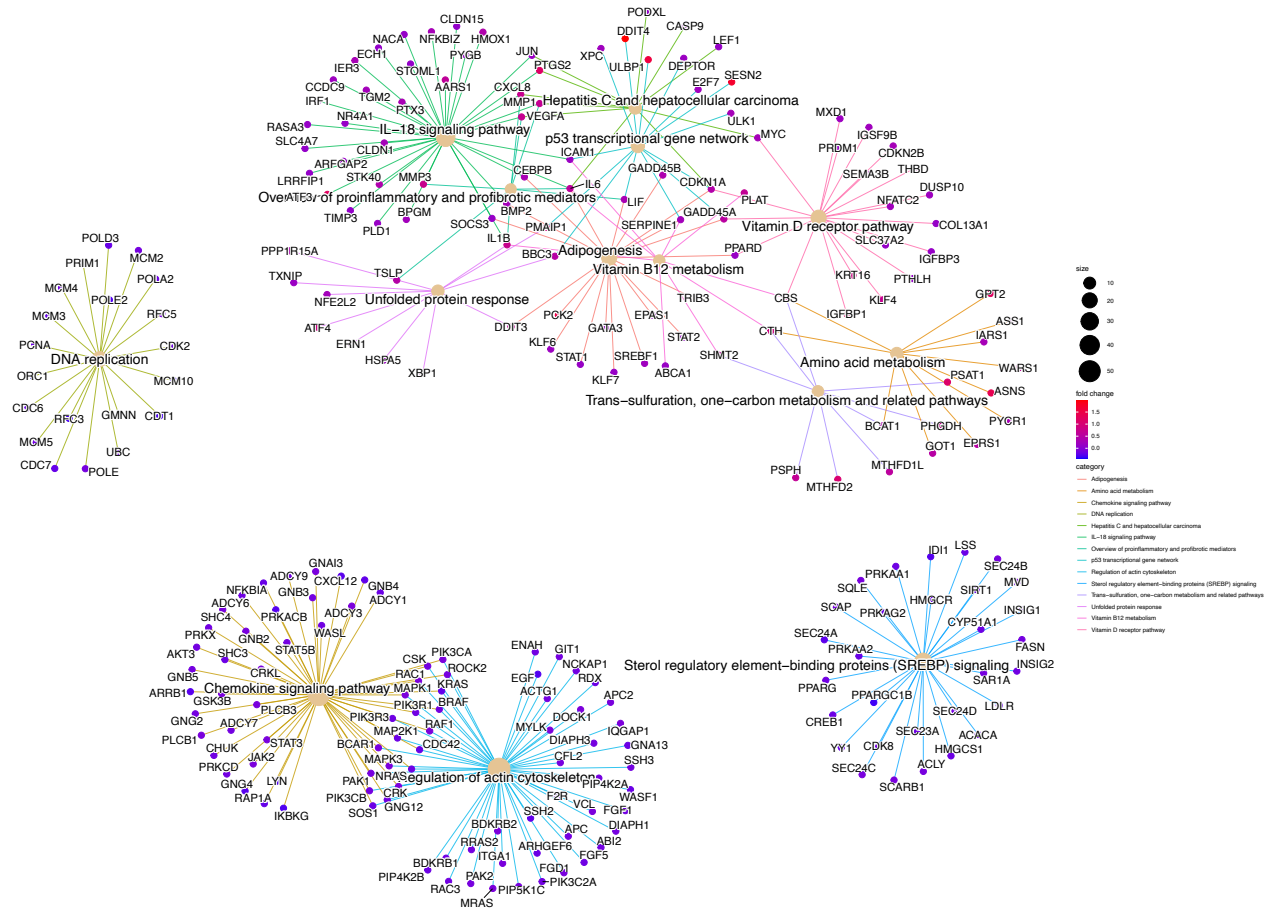


Fig. S2. A Bright-field microscopy images of TNBC (Hs 578T, MDA-MB-231, MDA-MB-157, and MDA-MB-468) and non-TNBC (MCF7) cell lines. **B** Cell survival of the indicated TNBC and non-TNBC (MCF7) cell lines was measured at the indicated time points following Cyss deprivation using a cell viability assay. Viability values were calculated for each cell line as fold change relative to cells growing in complete medium.



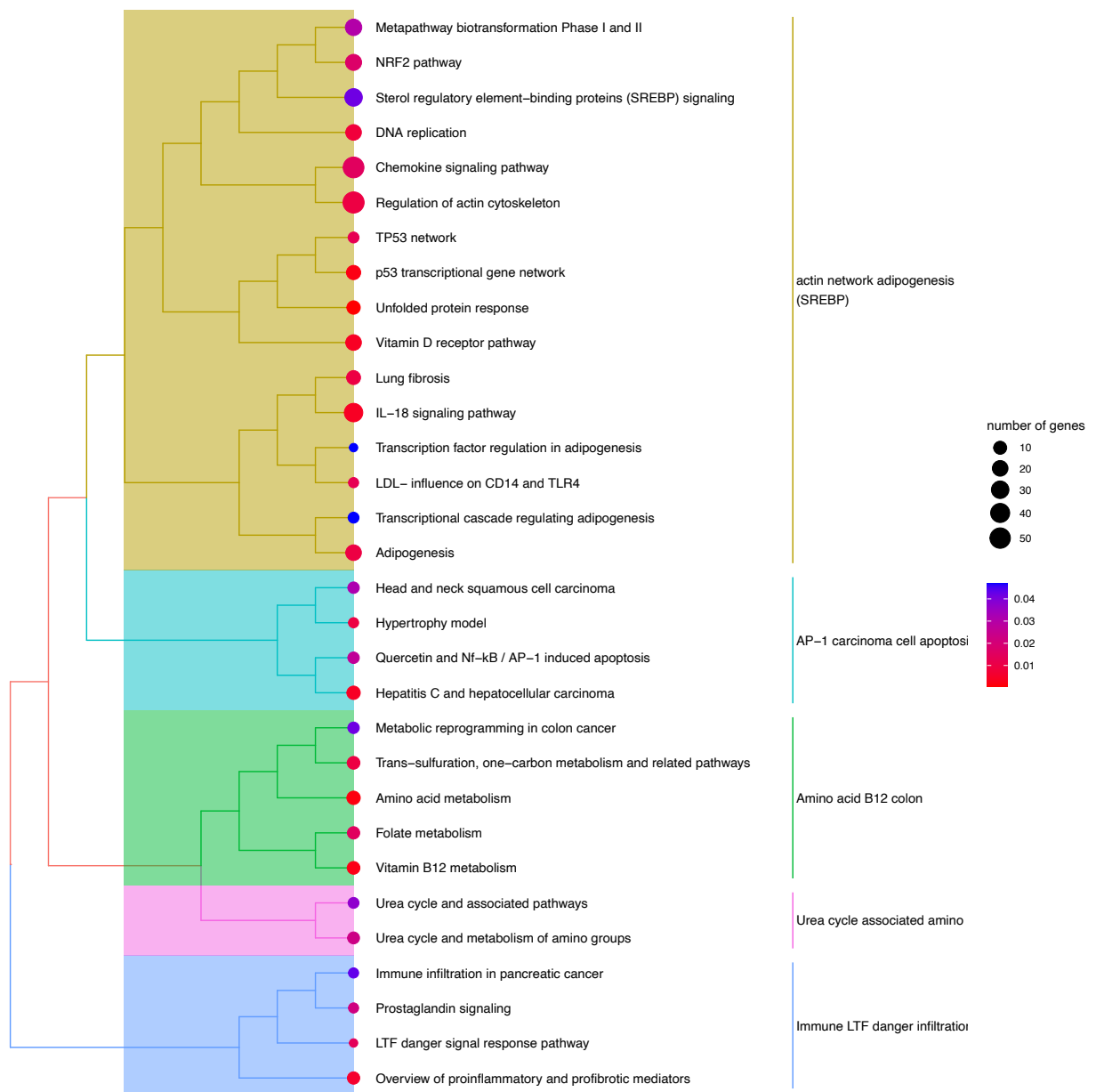


Fig. S4. Hierarchical clustering of modulated pathways based on the pairwise Jaccard similarity index, using Ward.D as the agglomeration method of average similarities between groups.

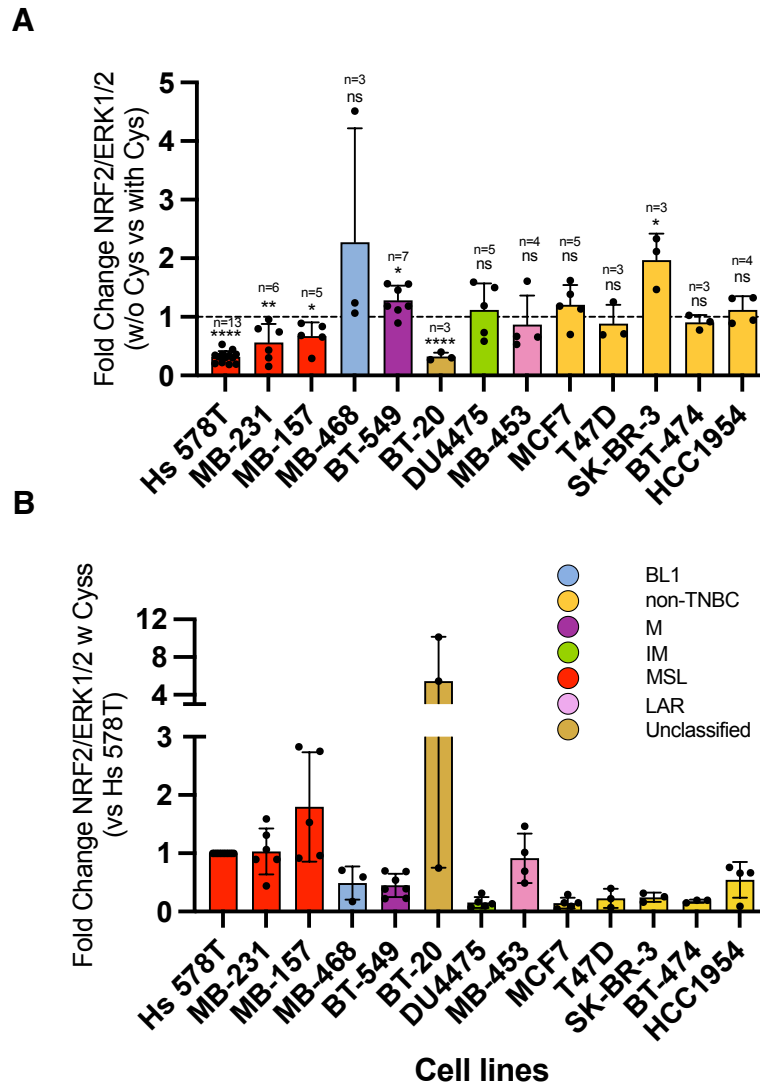


Fig. S5. Free Cyss induce NRF2 expression and activity in TNBC cell lines of the mesenchymal stem-like subtype. Representation of the NRF2 expression values in Fig. 3B as bar charts. p values and the number of independent experiments are indicated at the top of the columns.

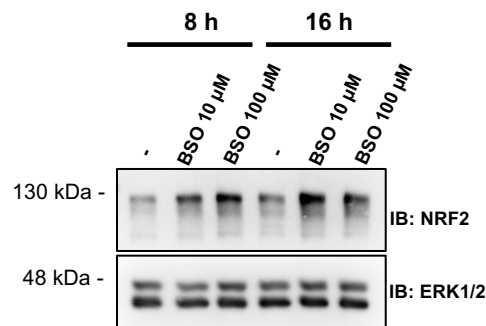


Fig. S6: In Hs 578T cells, NRF2 expression is not downregulated by interruption of biosynthetic GSH pathway. Hs 578T cells were treated with the indicated concentrations of BSO for 8 or 16 h, and NRF2 level was analyzed by Western blot. Analysis of total ERK1/2 expression was used as loading control.

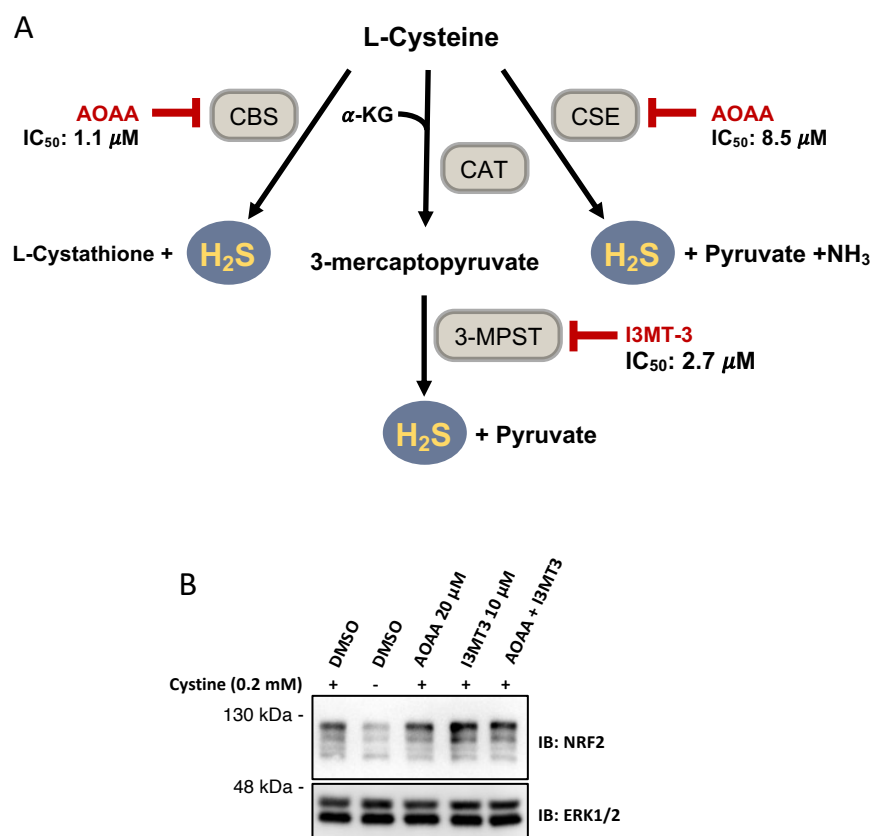


Fig. S7: In breast cancer cells, Cyss-dependent NRF2 stabilization is not dependent on intracellular H₂S. **A** Schematic representation of H₂S formation from cysteine in mammalian cells and the inhibitors used. CBS: cystathionine-β-synthase; CSE: cystathionine-γ-lyase, CAT: cysteine aminotransferase, 3-MPST: 3-mercaptopyruvate sulfurtransferase, α- KG: α-ketoglutarate, AOAA: aminooxyacetic acid. **B** Hs 578T cells were treated with pharmacological inhibitors of endogenous H₂S-producing enzymes AOAA (36) and I3MT-3 (37) for 16 h, and NRF2 level was analyzed by Western blot. As a control, an 8-hour incubation in growth media without cystine was performed. Analysis of total ERK1/2 expression was used as loading control.

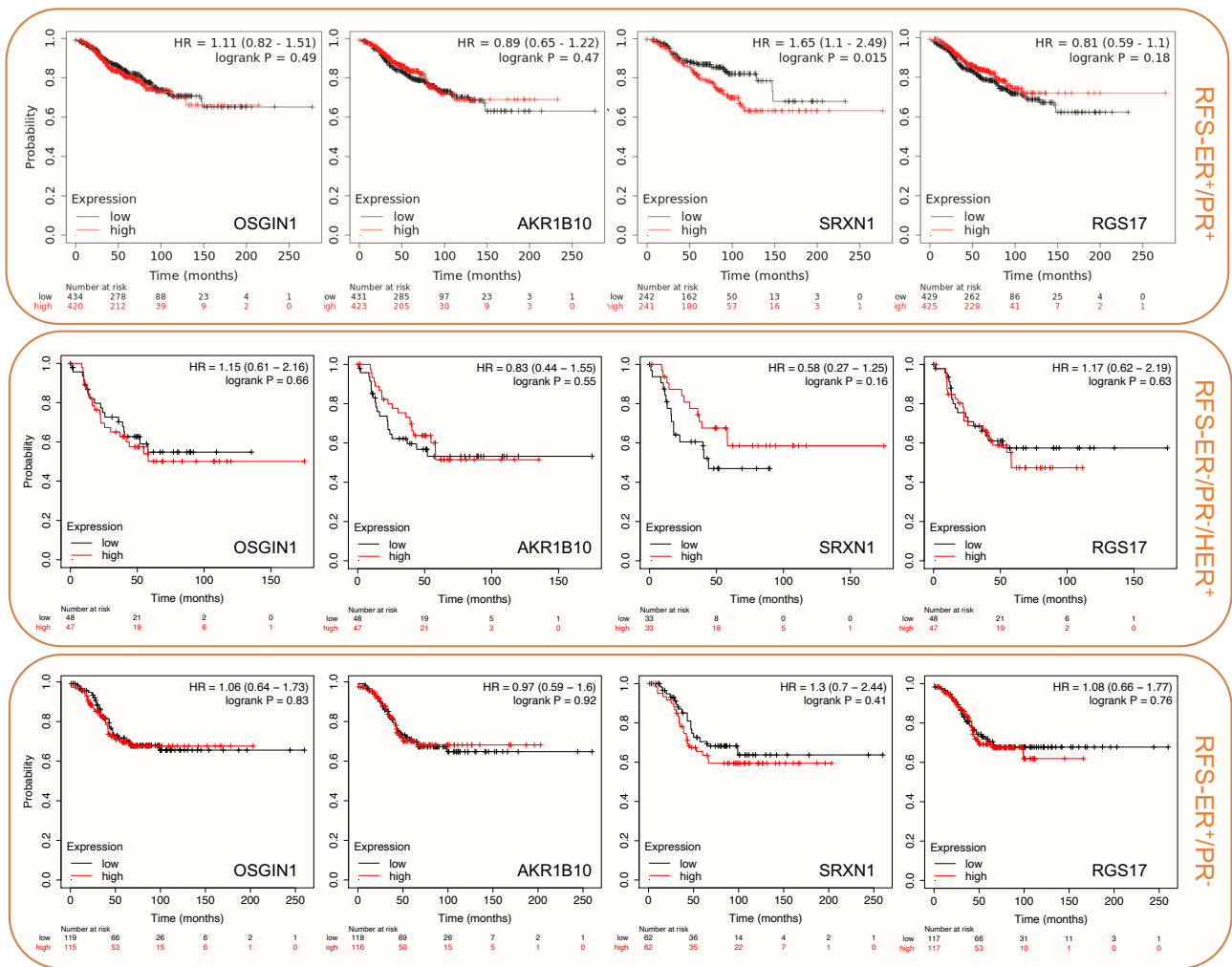


Fig. S8. Kaplan-Meier plots of the indicated genes for non-TNBC patients.

Supplementary tables

Tab. S1: Cell lines used in the study.

Cell line	TNBC subtype	Breast cancer subtype	Molecular subtype	Medium
TNBC				
BT-20	Unclassified	Basal A	Basal	MEM + 0.1mM NEAA + 1mM NaPyr + 10% FBS + 2mM L-Glut
MDA-MB-468	Basal-like 1 (BL1)	Basal A	Basal	RPMI 1640 + 10% FBS + 2mM L-Glut
DU4475	Immunomodulatory (IM)	Basal A	Basal	RPMI 1640 + 20% FBS + 2mM L-Glut + 1mM NaPyr + 10mM HEPES + 2.5 g/L D-Glucose
MDA-MB-157	Mesenchymal stem-like (MSL)	Basal B	Claudin low	DMEM/F12 + 10%FBS + 2mM L-Glu
MDA-MB-231	Mesenchymal stem-like (MSL)	Basal B	Claudin low	DMEM + 10%FBS + 2mM L-Glu
BT-549	Mesenchymal-like (M)	Basal B	Claudin low	RPMI 1640 + 10% FBS + 2mM L-Glut + 0.023U/ml human insulin
Hs 578T	Mesenchymal stem-like (MSL)	Basal B	Claudin low	DMEM + 10%FBS + 2mM L-Glu + 0.01 mg/ml human insulin
MDA-MB-453	Luminal Androgen Receptor (LAR)	Luminal	Luminal AR	DMEM + 10%FBS + 2mM L-Glu
non-TNBC				
HCC1954		HER2 positive	Basal A Her ⁺ ER ⁻ PR ⁻	
BT-474		Luminal B	luminal Her ⁺ ER ⁺ PR ⁺	DMEM/F12 + 10% FCS + 2mM L-Glu
MCF7		Luminal A	luminal Her ⁺ ER ⁺ PR ⁺	RPMI 1640 + 10% FBS + 2mM L-Glut + 0.01 mg/ml human insulin
SK-BR3		HER2 positive	luminal Her ⁺ ER ⁻ PR ⁻	DMEM + 10%FBS + 2mM L-Glu
T-47D		Luminal A	luminal Her ⁺ ER ⁺ PR ⁺	DMEM + 10%FBS + 2mM L-Glu

Tab. S2: Primers for RT-qPCR used in the study.

Gene		5'-3' oligonucleotide sequence
<i>GCLM</i>	For	GGAACCTGCTGAACTGGGG
<i>GCLM</i>	Rev	CCCTGACCAAATCTGGGGTTGA
<i>GSR</i>	For	GCCTTCACGAGTGATCCCAA
<i>GSR</i>	Rev	CTGCACCAACAATGACGCTG
<i>NQO1</i>	For	CGCAGACCTTGTGATATTCCAG
<i>NQO1</i>	Rev	CGTTTCTTCCATCCTTCCAGG
<i>MGST1</i>	For	TCGTGACAAAGCAAATTGTCTGG
<i>MGST1</i>	Rev	CCATTACCTGGGTGAGGTCAA
<i>OSGIN1</i>	For	CTCCAGAAAGGACCACCTCG
<i>OSGIN1</i>	Rev	TAGGGTGTGTAGCCGGAGAG
<i>AKR1B10</i>	For	AAACTGGAGGGCCTGTAACG
<i>AKR1B10</i>	Rev	ACAGCACCTCGATTCTCGTC

Tab. S3: Antibodies used in the study.

Antigen	Antibody	Host/clonality	Cat #
NRF2	NRF2	Rabbit polyclonal	#16396-1-AP – ProteinTech
SLC7A11	SLC7A11 Antibody (711589)	Rabbit polyclonal	# 711589 Thermo Fisher Scientific
KEAP1	KEAP1 (OTI1B4-formerly 1B4)	Mouse monoclonal	#TA502059 – Origene
NQO1	NQO1 antibody (A180)	Mouse monoclonal	#sc-32793 – Santa Cruz Biotechnology
ERK1/2	p44/42 MAPK (Erk 1/2)	Rabbit polyclonal	#9102S – Cell Signaling
β-ACTIN	Anti-β-actin (AC-15)	Mouse monoclonal	#A5441 – Sigma-Aldrich
IgG RABBIT	Peroxidase-conjugated AffinityPure Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG (H+L)	Goat polyclonal	#111-035-003 – Jackson Immuno Research
IgG MOUSE	Peroxidase-conjugated AffinityPure Goat Anti-Mouse IgG (H+L)	Goat polyclonal	#115-035-003 – Jackson Immuno Research

Supplementary methods.*Plasmid construction*

Lentiviral plasmid for NRF2-ΔN89 expression was obtained by amplifying human NRF2 ORF from codon 90 (Q) to the STOP codon with the following oligonucleotides: 5'-GAGAGGATCCACCATGCAGCACATCCAGTCAGAA-3' and 5'-GAGAGTCGACCTAGTTTTTCTTAACATCTGGC-3'. Lentiviral plasmids for Myc-DDK-tagged AKR1B10 (NM_020299) and SRXN1 (NM_080725) expression were obtained by PCR amplification of the human ORFs from plasmid RC203177 and RC207654 (ORIGENE, Rockville, MD, USA), respectively, with the following oligonucleotides: 5'-GGAATTCGTCGACTGGATC-3' and 5'-GAGAGTCGACGTAAACCTTATCGTCG-3'. Lentiviral plasmid for OSGIN1 expression was obtained by PCR amplification of the human ORF (NM_182981) with the following oligonucleotides: 5'-GAGAAGATCTCCACCATGAGCTCCTCCAGAAAGG-3' and 5'-GAGAGTCGACTTAGGGTGGCTTCCTGGTC-3'. Lentiviral plasmid for DDK-tagged RGS17 (NM_012419.5) expression was obtained by PCR amplification of the human ORFs by nested RT-PCR from Hs 578T RNA with the following oligonucleotides: 5'-CACAGTAGCCTGAGGAATGC-3', 5'-GAGAAGATCTACCATGCGAAAAAGGCAGCAGTC-3' and 5'-GAGAGTCGACTTACTTGTCGTCATCGTCTTTGTAGTCGCCAGATTCAGAAGAAGAGCCAG-3'. All the amplicons were inserted BamHI-SalI in pCCLsin.hPGK.GFP.pre replacing the GFP ORF. The plasmid pCCLsin.hPGK.GFP.pre was used as negative control expressing GFP in lentiviral transduction experiments.