

Supplementary Material

Hierarchical bionic neural network-like architecture towards high-performance microwave absorption and corrosion protection

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Fig. S1

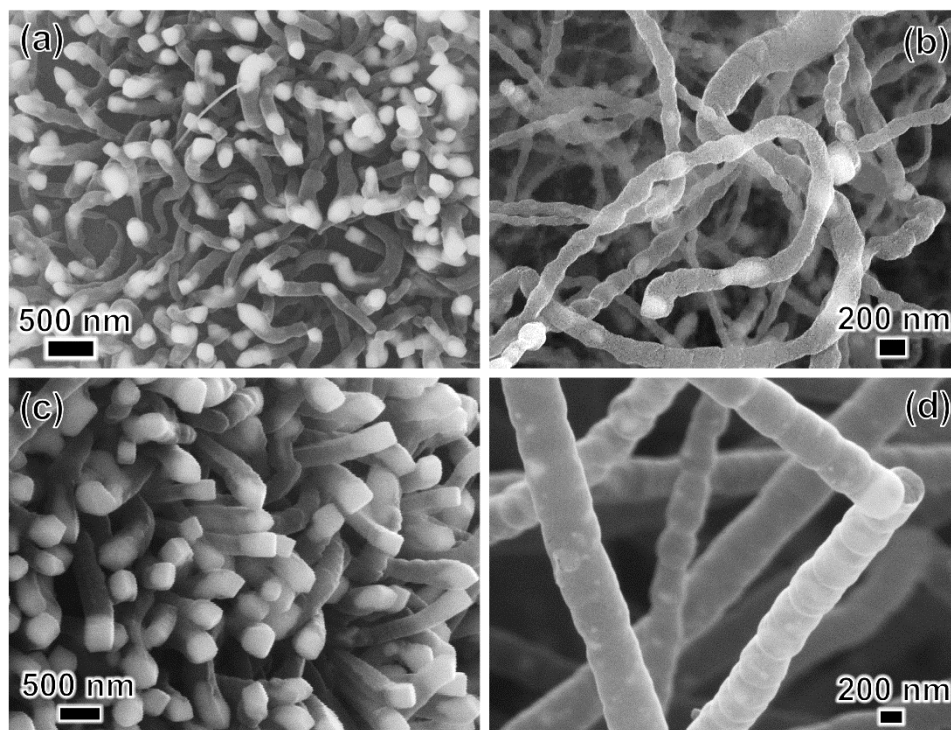


Fig. S1 SEM images of **a** short CNTs and **b** long CNTs of NNCF-1; **c** short CNTs and **d** long CNTs of NNCF-3

Fig. S2

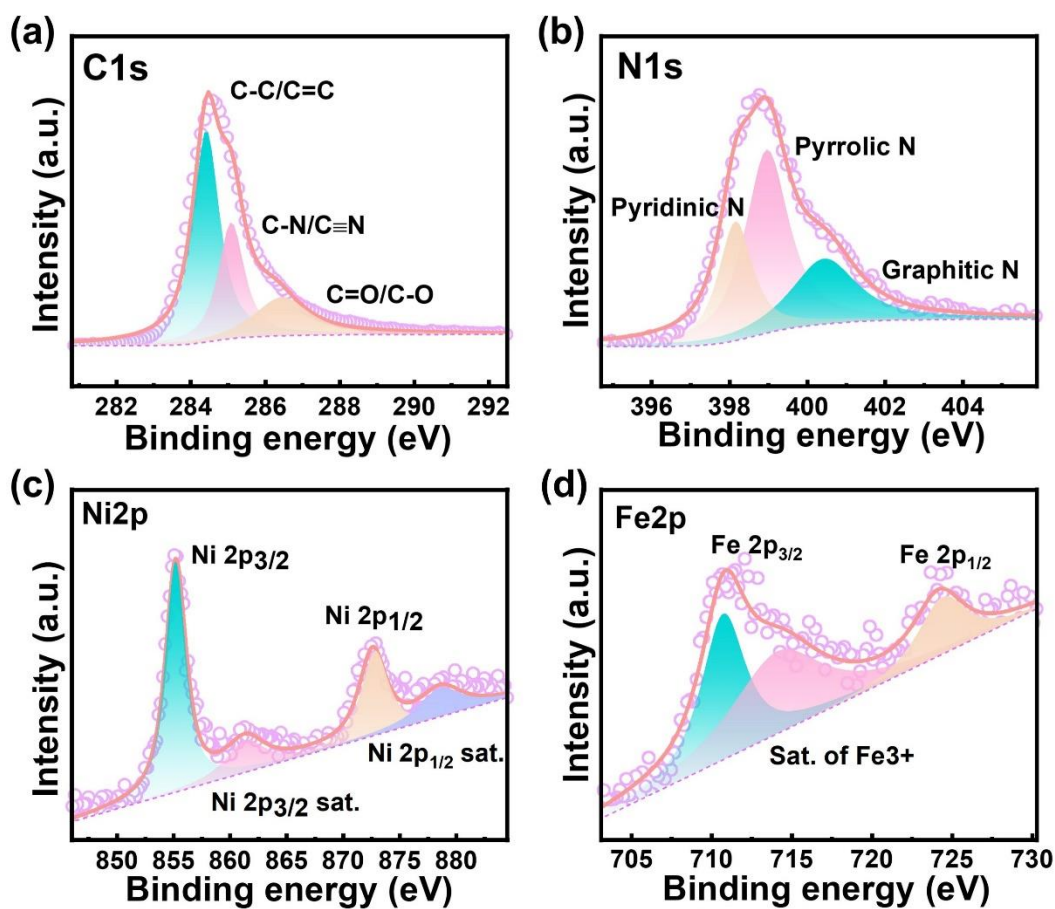


Fig. S2 XPS spectra of **a** C1s; **b** N1s; **c** Ni2p and **d** Fe2p of NNCF-2 composite

Fig. S3

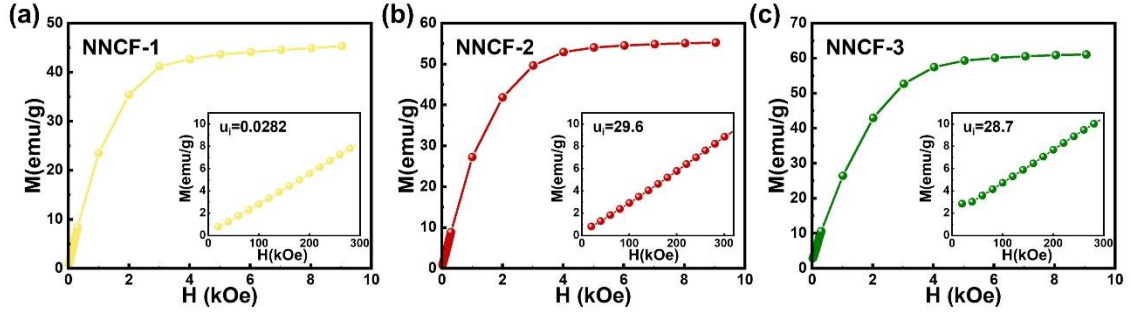


Fig. S3 The initial permeability of a NNCF-1; b NNCF-2; c NNCF-3

Fig. S4

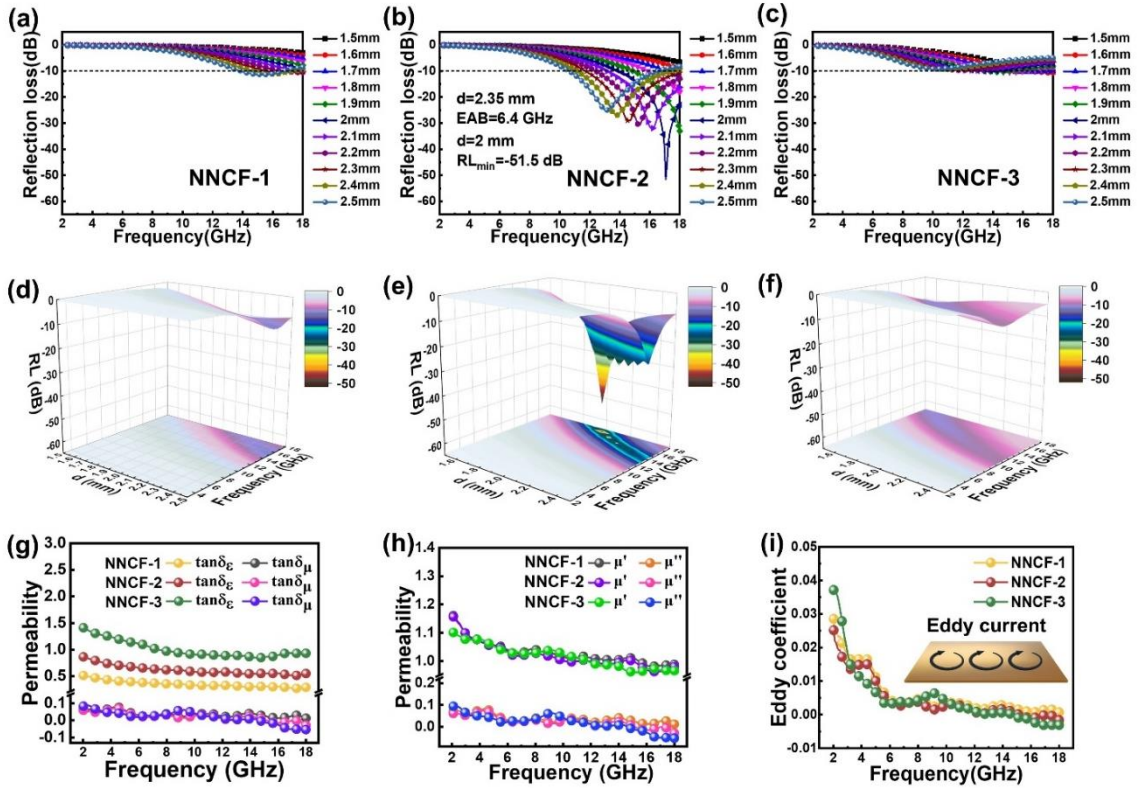


Fig. S4 Dependence of RL values on the thickness of a, d NNCF-1; b, e NNCF-2 and c, f NNCF-3 with

the filling ratio 10 wt% during 2-18 GHz; **g** dielectric and magnetic loss angle tangent of three samples; **h** the real and imaginary parts of the permeability of NNCF-1, NNCF-2 and NNCF-3; **i** eddy coefficient C_0 value of NNCF-1, NNCF-2 and NNCF-3

Therein, RL values were characterized by equations based on transmission line theory according to openly announced research [1].

$$RL = 20 \lg \frac{|Z_{in} - Z_0|}{|Z_{in} + Z_0|} \quad (1)$$

$$Z_0 = \sqrt{\frac{\mu_0}{\varepsilon_0}} \quad (2)$$

$$Z_{in} = Z_0 \sqrt{\frac{\mu_r}{\varepsilon_r}} \tanh \left[j \left(\frac{2\pi f d}{c} \right) \sqrt{\mu_r \varepsilon_r} \right] \quad (3)$$

where Z_0 is the characteristic impedance of free space, Z_{in} is the normalized input impedance of a metal-backed microwave absorbing layer, μ_0 and ε_0 is the permeability and the dielectric constant of free space, respectively, ε_r and μ_r is the measured relative permittivity ($\varepsilon_r = \varepsilon' - j\varepsilon''$) and permeability ($\mu_r = \mu' - j\mu''$), respectively, f is the frequency, c is the velocity of light, d is the thickness.

Besides, α is related to the EMW energy assimilated by the absorber and impedance matching Δ is associated with the degree that EMW propagates the inside of the absorber, which are evaluated by the following formulas [2]:

$$\alpha = \frac{\sqrt{2}\pi f}{c} \sqrt{(\mu''\varepsilon'' - \mu'\varepsilon') + \sqrt{(\mu''\varepsilon'' - \mu'\varepsilon')^2 + (\mu'\varepsilon'' - \mu''\varepsilon')^2}} \quad (4)$$

$$\Delta = \sin h^2 (kfd) - M \quad (5)$$

$$K = \frac{4\pi}{c} \sqrt{\varepsilon' \mu'} \frac{\sin\left(\frac{\delta_\varepsilon + \delta_\mu}{2}\right)}{\sqrt{\cos(\delta_\varepsilon) \cos(\delta_\mu)}} \quad (6)$$

$$M = \frac{4\varepsilon' \cos(\delta_\varepsilon) \mu' \cos(\delta_\mu)}{(\mu' \cos(\delta_\varepsilon) - \varepsilon' \cos(\delta_\mu))^2 \left(1 + \tan^2\left(\frac{\delta_\mu - \delta_\varepsilon}{2}\right)\right)} \quad (7)$$

where $\delta_\varepsilon = \arctan(\varepsilon''/\varepsilon')$ and $\delta_\mu = \arctan(\mu''/\mu')$ are the dielectric loss and magnetic loss

angle, respectively.

Fig. S5

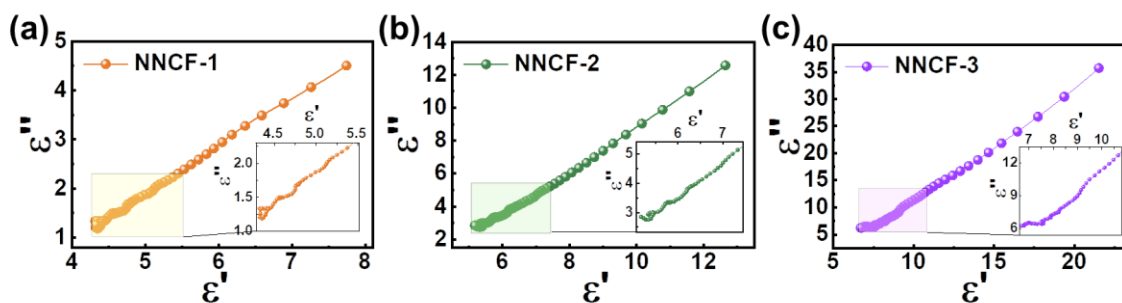


Fig. S5 Cole-Cole plots of **a** NNCF-1; **b** NNCF-2 and **c** NNCF-3 (The three insets are the local magnification of Cole-Cole semicircles in the high-frequency band for each sample, respectively)

Fig. S6

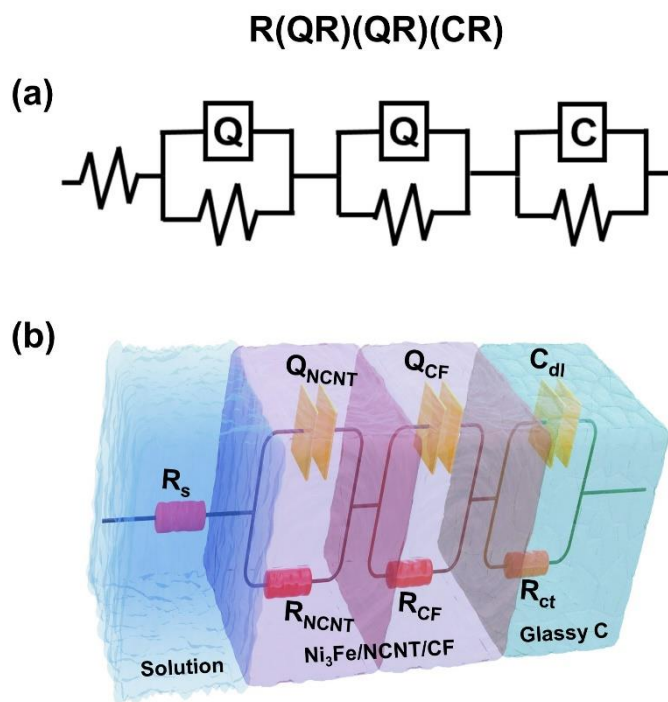


Fig. S6 Equivalent circuit of **a**, **b** NNCF-2 coating soaked in neutral 3.5wt% NaCl test environments for 720 hours (Here the circuit model is R(QR)(QR)(CR))

Fig. S7

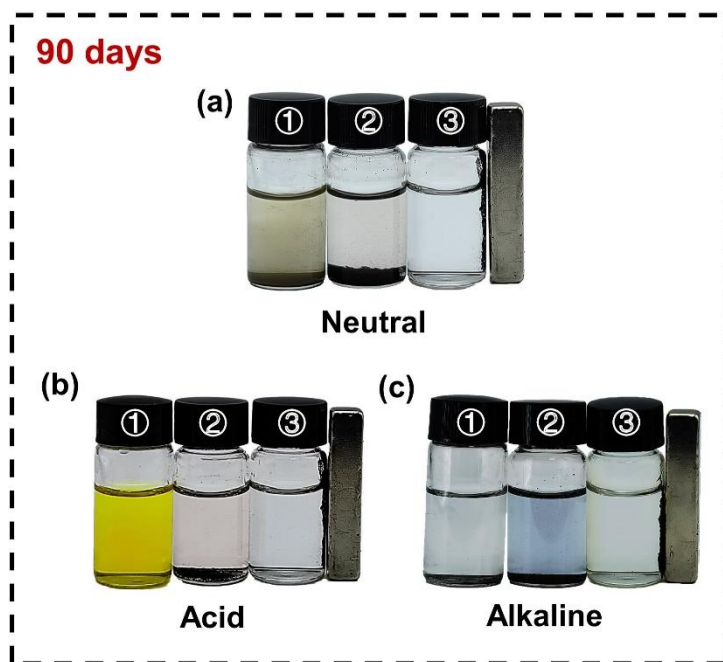


Fig. S7 NNCF-2 (right), together with CIP (left) and Co-MOF derivative (middle) immersed in three corrosive NaCl environments. **a** neutral; **b** acid; **c** alkaline. By contrast, NNCF-2 shows the most satisfactory corrosion resistance, comprehensively.

Table S1 Comparison of EMW absorbing performances of related advanced CF or CNT incorporated microwave absorbents (MAMs)

Absorbents	Filler loading [wt%]	Maximum RL [dB]^{a)}	Thickness [mm]	EAB [GHz]^{b)}	Refs
CF/Ni	25	-45	2	5.1	[2]
CF/Fe ₃ O ₄	30	-26.45	5	4.28	[3]
CF/CuNi	40	-50.2	1.6	2.5	[4]
Fe ₃ O ₄ @Ti ₃ C ₂ T _x /CNTs	20	-40.1	2	5.8	[5]
CF/CoNi@C	20	-60	1.6	6.07	[6]
CF/Co@C	20	-59.82	2.3	5.64	[7]
CF/Co	30	-46.2	2	4.8	[8]
CF/CNTs/Fe ₃ C/Fe ₃ O ₄	20	-40.47	2.11	6.0	[9]
CF/Ni/CNT	30	-47.0	1.8	5.8	[10]
CF/NiCo ₂ O ₄	40	-63.6	2.8	4.72	[11]
CoNi@G@NCNTs	55	-54	2.5	5.2	[12]
Co@NCNT	25	-53.0	1.8	6.2	[13]
Co ₁ Zn ₁ @HNCNTS	20	-44.2	1.7	4.8	[14]
MWCNT/Ni	60	-37.0	5.2	2.1	[15]
MWCNT/Fe	60	-39.0	4.3	2.7	[15]
MWCNT/Co	60	-37.0	5.3	2.8	[15]
CMT@CNT/Co	15	-52.2	2	5.1	[16]
Ni/SnO ₂ /MWCNT	75	-39.2	1.5	3.6	[17]
Fe ₃ O ₄ /PPy/CNT	20	-25.9	3	4.5	[18]
FeNi@CNT/CNRs	20	-47	2.3	4.5	[19]
CoNi@NCNT	10	-55.62	1.45	4.25	[20]
NiCo ₂ /CNT	50	-25.5	1.3	4.4	[21]
CF/Ni ₃ Fe/NCNT	10	-51.5	2.35	6.4	herein

^{a)} Maximum value of reflection loss; ^{b)} Effective absorption bandwidth

Table S2 Corrosion kinetic parameters of NNCF-2, CIP and Co/C coatings immersed in neutral 3.5 wt% NaCl solution for 720 hours, respectively

Sample	E_{corr} [V]	I_{corr} [A cm^{-2}]	β_a [mV]	β_c [mV]	R_p [Ω]
NNCF-2	0.03118	2.79E-08	86.53	-89.206	2.54E+07
CIP	-0.054788	3.28E-07	318.8	-76.362	7.83E+04
Co/C	-0.14277	2.26E-07	117.49	-116.27	1.17E+05

$$R_p = \frac{\beta_a \beta_c}{I_{\text{corr}} \ln(10) (\beta_a + \beta_c)}$$

Here, β_a and β_c are on behalf of the slopes of anodic and cathodic Tafel plots, respectively. It can be concluded from Table S2 that the value of I_{corr} is in the following order: $I_{\text{corr-NNCF-2}} < I_{\text{corr-CIP}} < I_{\text{corr-Co/C}}$, for R_p , $R_{p\text{-NNCF-2}}$ is the largest and $R_{p\text{-CIP}}$ is the smallest. In general, I_{corr} and R_p can be used as parameters for qualitatively judging the anti-corrosion property of the coating, [22] the smaller the value of I_{corr} , the better anti-corrosion property of the coating while for R_p , the smaller, the worse. Hence, it can be preliminarily confirmed that the anti-corrosion property of the NNCF-2 coating was the most favorable.

Table S3 Equivalent circuit parameters of the NNCF-2 coating with the passage of soaking time in the neutral 3.5 wt% NaCl environment

R(QR)(QR)(CR)

NNCF-2	3h	24h	168h	360h	720h
$R_s [\Omega \text{ cm}^2]$	51.18	42.98	34.19	31.34	30.26
$CPE_{\text{NCNT}} [\text{F cm}^{-2}]$	5.652E-5	6.638E-5	1.274E-4	7.657E-5	1.298E-4
n	0.7868	0.8203	0.6119	0.8299	0.8108
$R_{\text{NCNT}} [\Omega \text{ cm}^2]$	1075	1164	1048	986.4	900.6
$CPE_{\text{CF}} [\text{F cm}^{-2}]$	2.063E-4	1.16E-4	7.133E-5	3.282E-4	1.289E-4
n	0.4878	0.5994	0.8159	0.6295	0.7201
$R_{\text{CF}} [\Omega \text{ cm}^2]$	450.2	374.4	354.2	323.1	260.5
$C_{\text{dl}} [\text{F cm}^{-2}]$	2.928E-5	1.094E-5	1.034E-4	1.622E-4	1.207E-4
$R_{\text{ct}} [\Omega \text{ cm}^2]$	8.542E5	7.786E5	7.345E5	7.042E5	6.965E5

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