

Pharmacological fingerprint of antipsychotic drugs at the serotonin 5-HT_{2A} receptor

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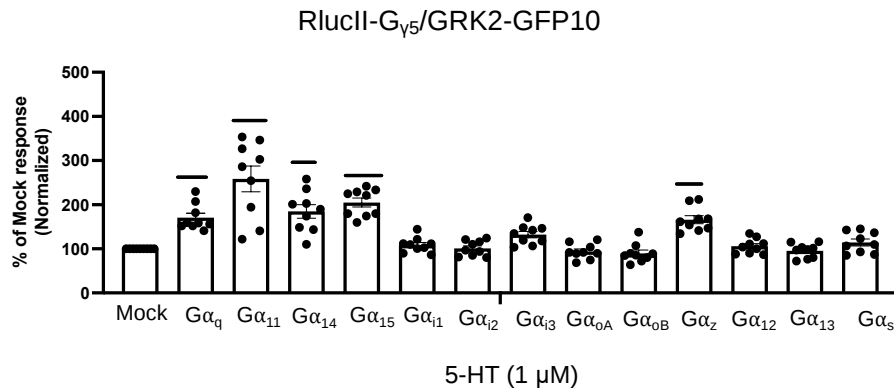
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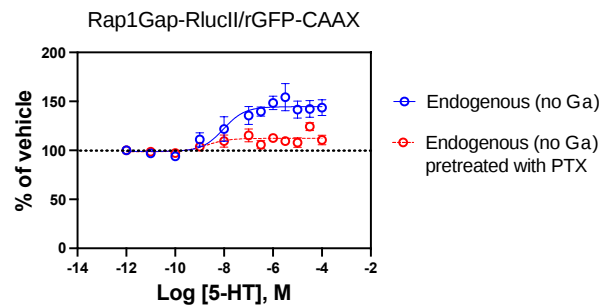
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (SI)

SUPPLEMENTARY FIGURES:

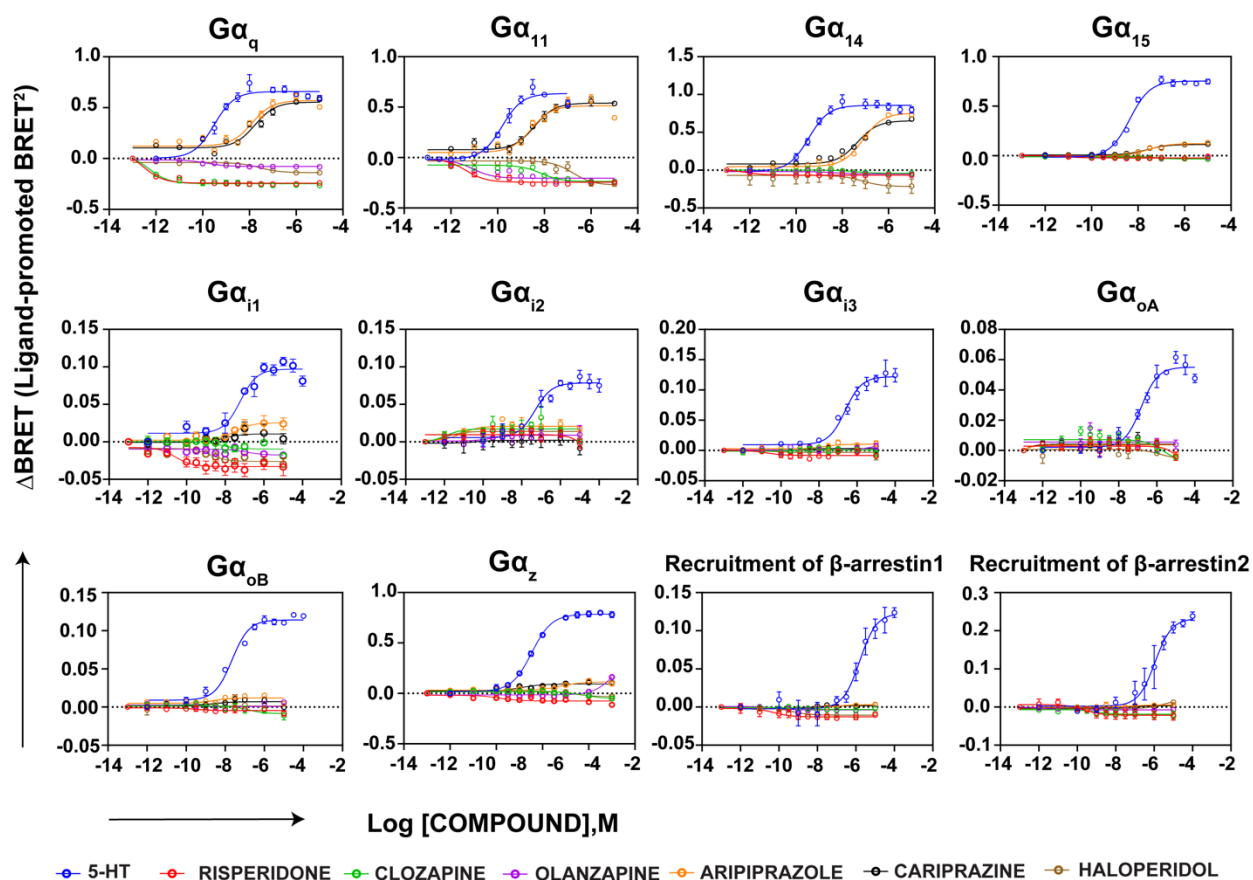
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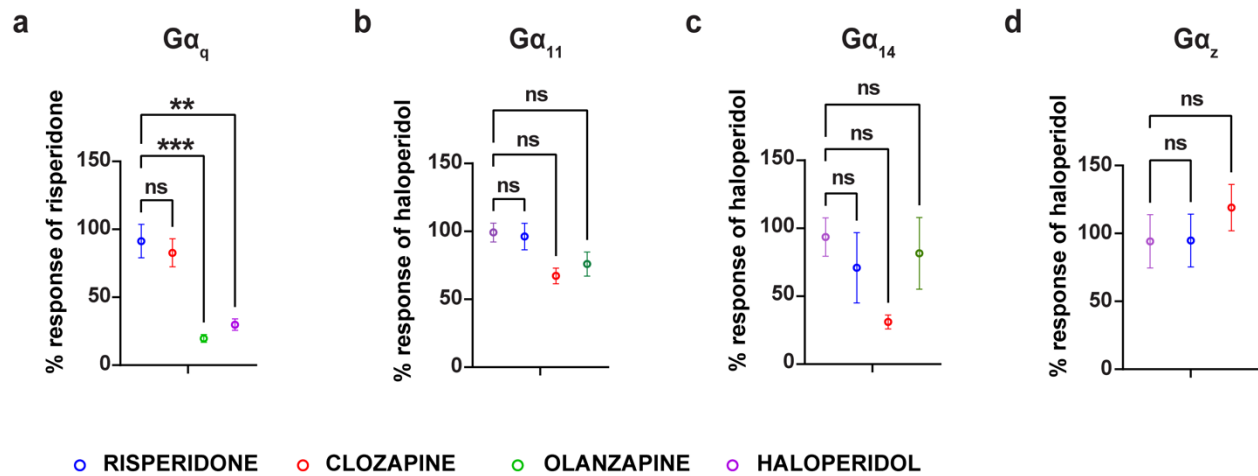
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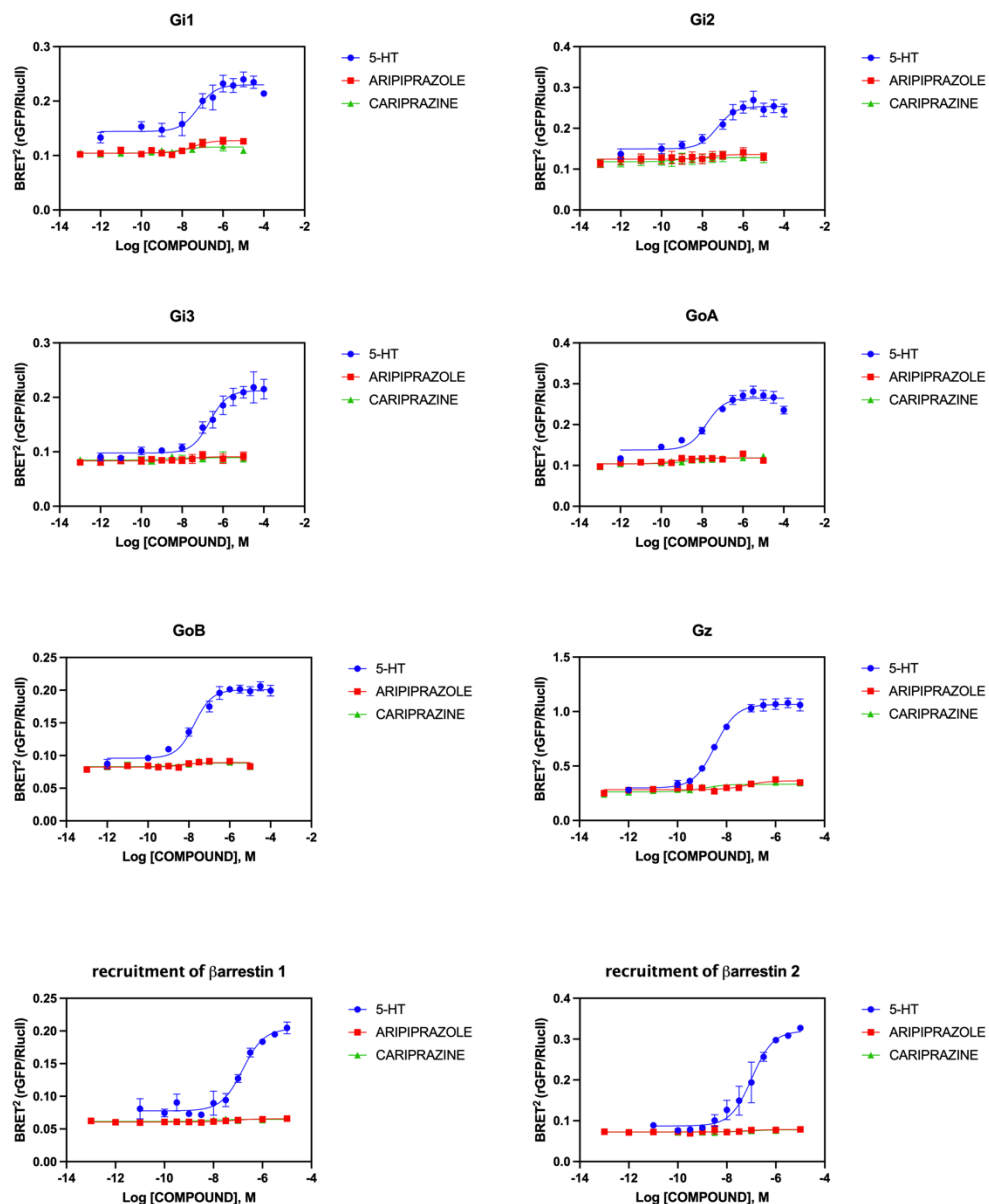
Supplementary Fig. 1: The signaling profile of 5-HT at the 5-HT_{2A} receptor in HEK293 cells. **a** The complete G protein activation profile of 5-HT (1 μ M; 15 min) with HEK293 cells heterologously expressing the untagged 5-HT_{2A} receptor and the biosensor (RlucII-G_{V5}/GRK2-GFP10, G β ₁ and the respective G α subunits). Results are expressed as BRET ratio (GFP10/RlucII) as % of mock condition (in the absence of heterologously expressed G α subunit) (mean $\pm$ SEM; $n = 3$; one-way ANOVA followed by Dunnett's post hoc: *** $p = 0.0002$, and **** $p < 0.0001$ compared to the mock condition). **b** Concentration response curves showing activation of the endogenous G $\alpha_{i/o/z}$ family (with the EMTA biosensor in HEK293 cells heterologously expressing the untagged 5-HT_{2A} receptor and the biosensor (Rap1Gap-RlucII/rGFP-CAAX) in the absence and presence of pertussis toxin (PTX). The inhibition of the response indicates direct response through the G $\alpha_{i/o}$ family. Results are expressed as BRET² (% over vehicle) (mean $\pm$ SEM; $n = 3$)



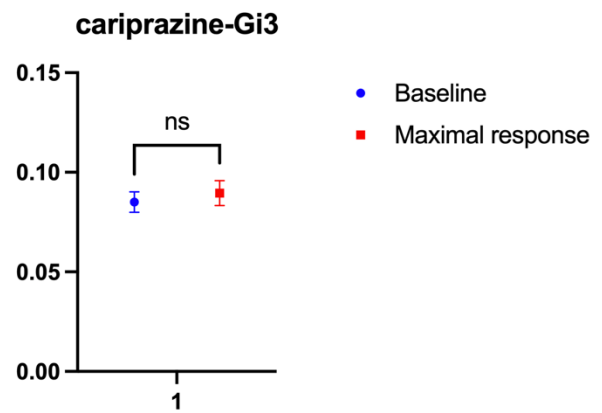
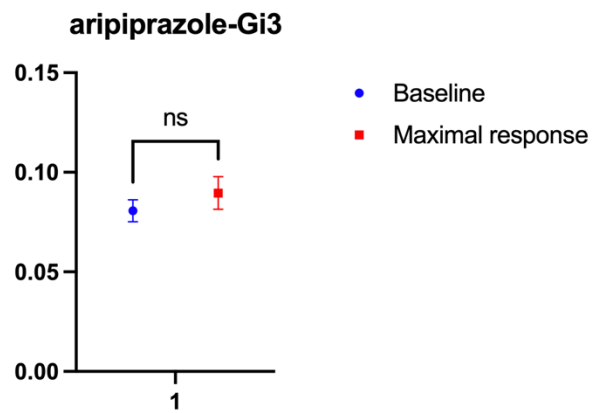
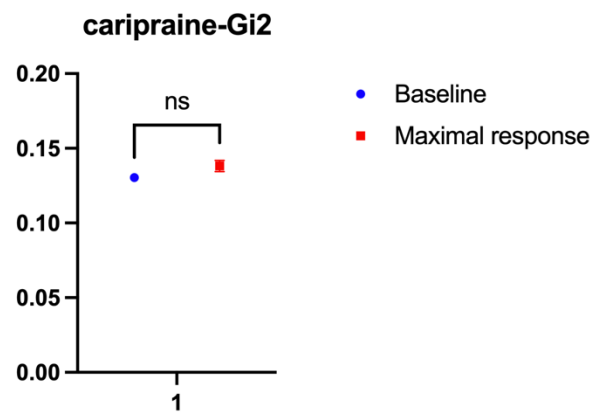
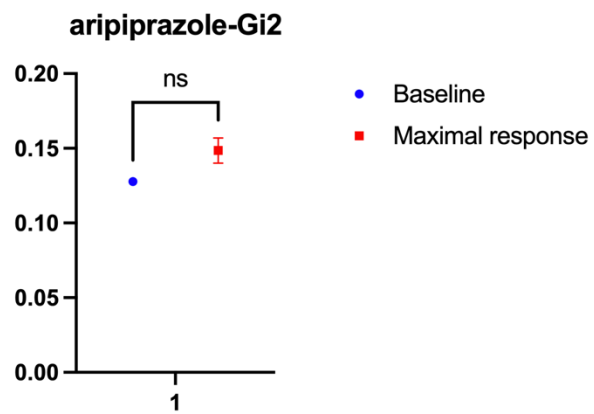
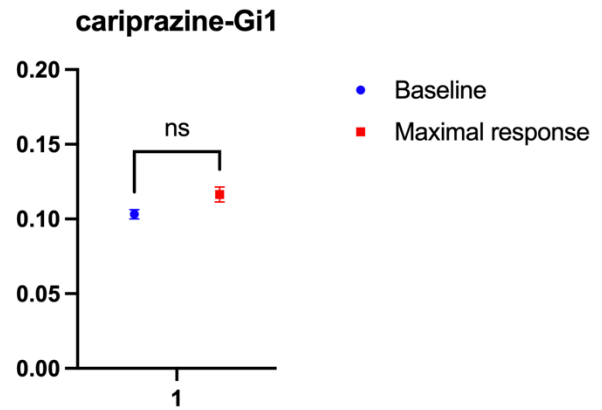
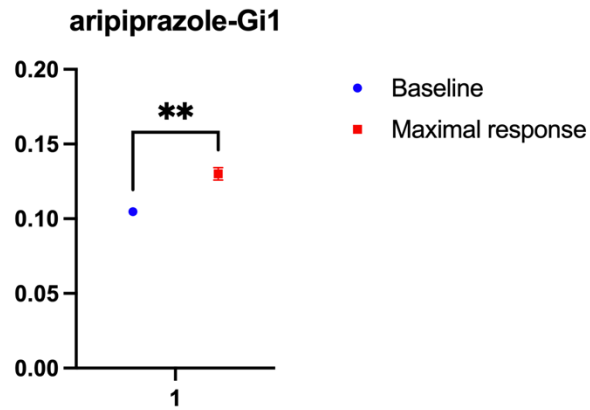
Supplementary Fig. 2: Concentration response curves of 5-HT along with the six antipsychotic drugs to detect the activation or inactivation of the $G\alpha_q$ and $G\alpha_{i/o/z}$ families, and for the recruitment of β -arrestin 1 and β -arrestin 2 using the EMTA biosensors. Results are expressed as ΔBRET (ligand-promoted BRET) (mean $\pm$ SEM; $n = 3$).



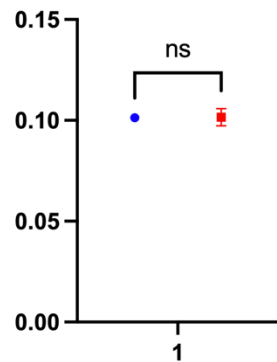
Supplementary Fig. 3: Inverse agonist activity of risperidone, clozapine, olanzapine and haloperidol. **a** Graph represents the efficacy of the inverse agonist activity at $G\alpha_q$ (**a**), $G\alpha_{11}$ (**b**), $G\alpha_{14}$ (**c**) and $G\alpha_z$ (**d**), normalized with respect to the efficacy of risperidone (**a**, mean $\pm$ SEM; $n = 3$; one-way ANOVA followed by Dunnetts's post hoc: compared to risperidone for $G\alpha_q$) or haloperidol (**b-d**, mean $\pm$ SEM; $n = 3-5$) (one-way ANOVA followed by Dunnetts's post hoc test compared to risperidone for $G\alpha_q$ and haloperidol for $G\alpha_{11}$, $G\alpha_{14}$ and $G\alpha_z$). ** $p = 0.0022$, *** $p = 0.0008$, ns not significant.



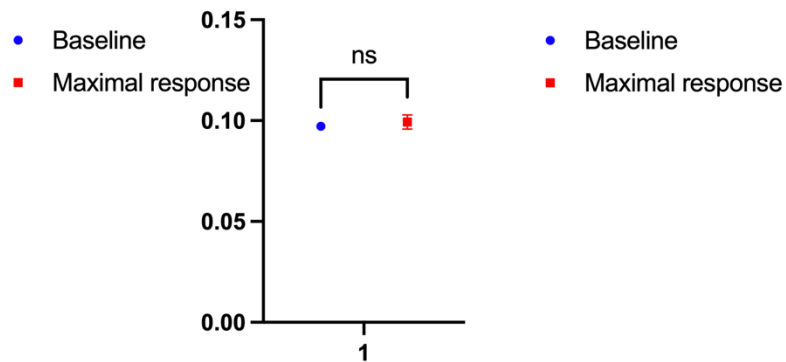
Supplementary Fig. 4: Concentration response curves showing the activation of the G $\alpha_{i/o/z}$ family by 5-HT, aripiprazole and cariprazine using the EMTA biosensor in HEK293 cells heterologously expressing the untagged 5-HT_{2A} receptor and the biosensor (Rap1GAP-RLucII/rGFP-CAAX and the respective G α subunits). Results are expressed as BRET ratio (GFP10/RLucII).



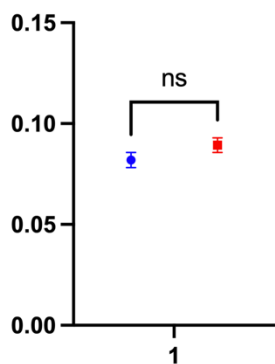
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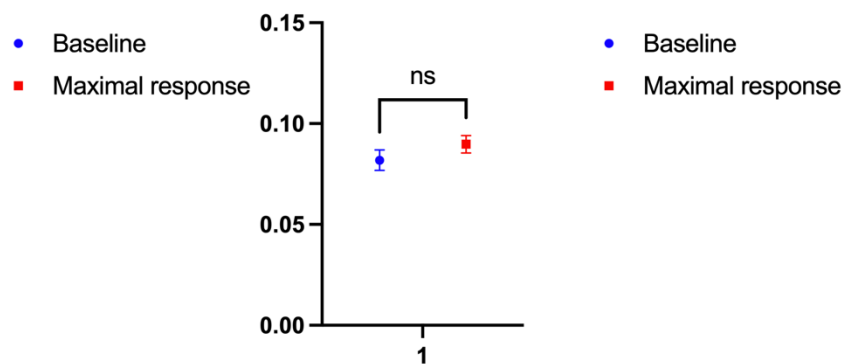
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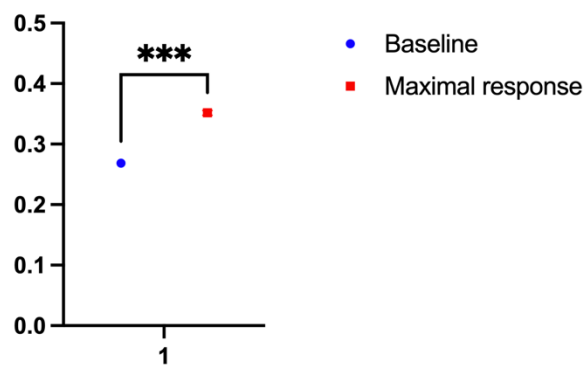
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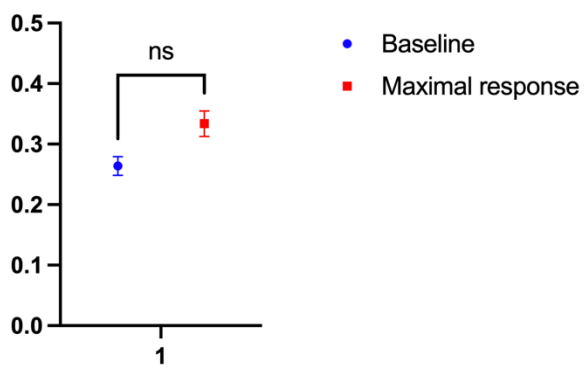
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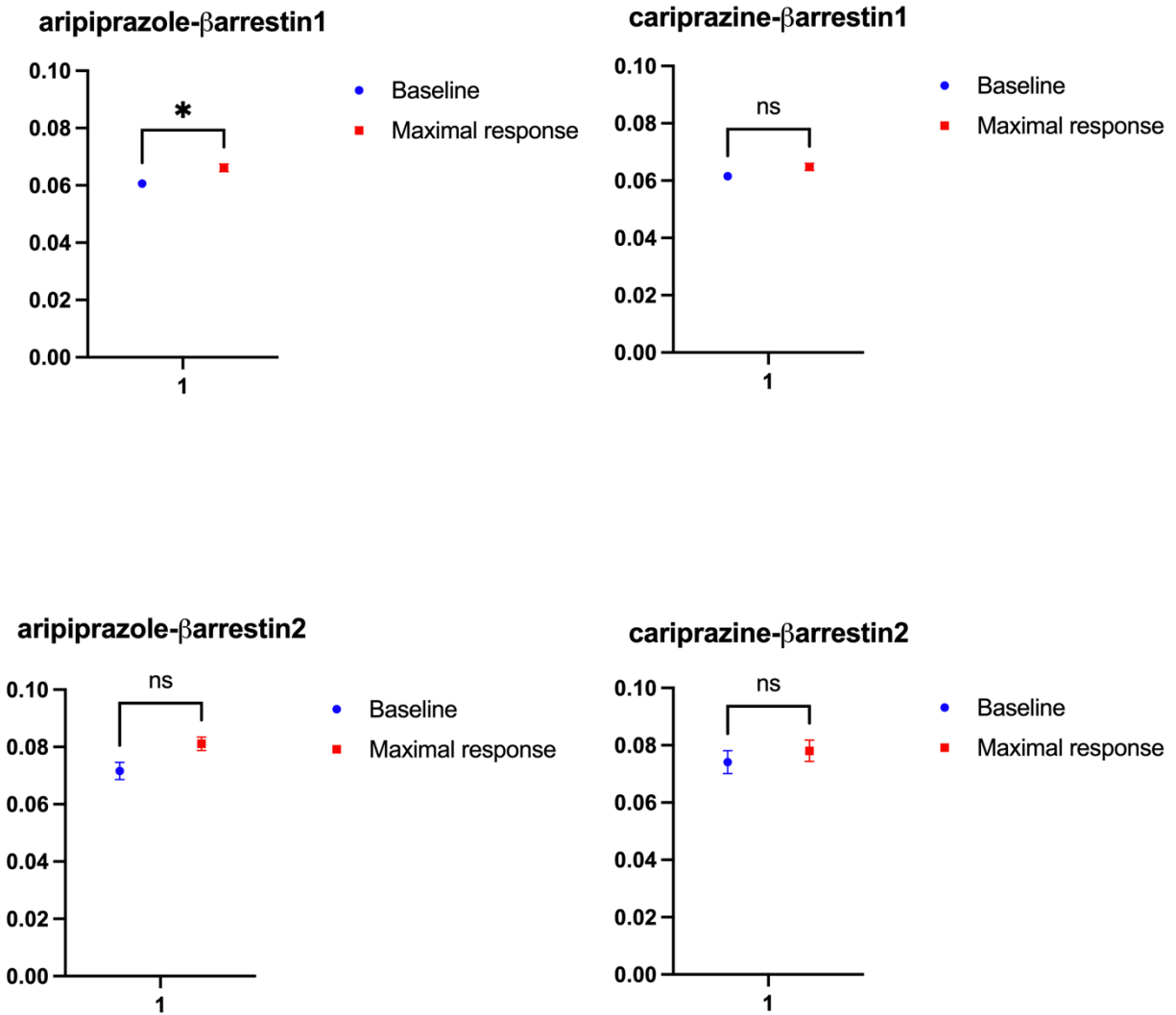


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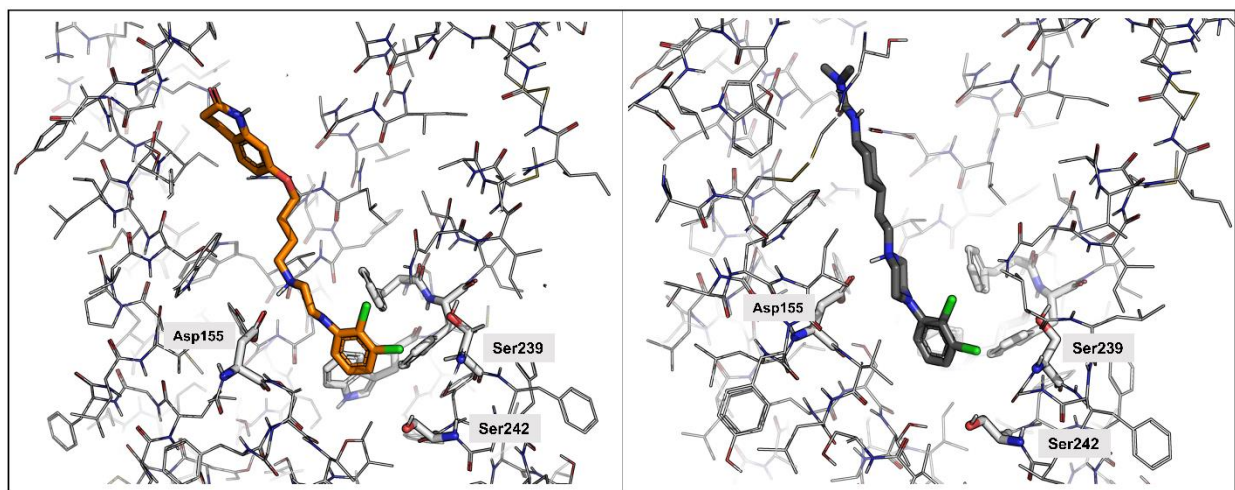


cariprazine-Gz





Supplementary Fig. 5 Graphs comparing the baseline and maximal response [mean $\pm$ SEM; unpaired t test (two-tailed)] from Supplementary Fig. 2 of aripiprazole and cariprazine respectively at $G\alpha_{i1}$: (mean $\pm$ SEM; $n = 3$; $**p = 0.0072$ for aripiprazole), $G\alpha_{i2}$: (mean $\pm$ SEM; $n = 3$), $G\alpha_{i3}$: (mean $\pm$ SEM; $n = 3$), $G\alpha_{oA}$: (mean $\pm$ SEM; $n = 3$), $G\alpha_{oB}$: (mean $\pm$ SEM; $n = 4$), $G\alpha_z$: (mean $\pm$ SEM; $n = 3$; $***p = 0.0005$ for aripiprazole), recruitment of β -arrestin1: (mean $\pm$ SEM; $n = 3$; $*p = 0.0451$ for aripiprazole) and β -arrestin2: (mean $\pm$ SEM; $n = 3$).



Supplementary Fig. 6: Alternative poses for aripiprazole (left) and cariprazine (right), obtained from docking studies.

SUPPLEMENTARY TABLES:

Supplementary Table 1: logEC₅₀ and logEC₈₀ of 5-HT at the different G protein pathways and for recruitment of the β -arrestins

Pathway	logEC ₅₀ $\pm$ SEM	logEC ₈₀ $\pm$ SEM
G α_q	-9.49 $\pm$ 0.14	-8.89 $\pm$ 0.14
G α_{11}	-9.81 $\pm$ 0.09	-9.20 $\pm$ 0.09
G α_{14}	-9.47 $\pm$ 0.07	-8.86 $\pm$ 0.07
G α_{15}	-8.35 $\pm$ 0.05	-7.75 $\pm$ 0.05
G α_{i1}	-7.26 $\pm$ 0.21	-6.66 $\pm$ 0.21
G α_{i2}	-7.66 $\pm$ 0.22	-7.06 $\pm$ 0.22
G α_{i3}	-8.02 $\pm$ 0.24	-7.41 $\pm$ 0.24
G α_{oA}	-7.79 $\pm$ 0.19	-7.19 $\pm$ 0.19
G α_{oB}	-7.65 $\pm$ 0.10	-7.05 $\pm$ 0.10
G α_z	-8.472 $\pm$ 0.05	-7.87 $\pm$ 0.05
β -arrestin1 recruitment	-6.812 $\pm$ 0.09	-6.21 $\pm$ 0.09
β -arrestin2 recruitment	-7.020 $\pm$ 0.15	-6.42 $\pm$ 0.15

Supplementary Table 2: Inverse agonist activity of antipsychotics at the G protein pathways

	Risperidone	Clozapine	Olanzapine	Haloperidol
G α_q	-12.56 $\pm$ 0.14	-12.31 $\pm$ 0.21	-9.81 $\pm$ 0.22	-7.58 $\pm$ 0.21
G α_{11}	-11.35 $\pm$ 0.18	-8.16 $\pm$ 0.19	-11.06 $\pm$ 0.25	-6.77 $\pm$ 0.21
G α_{14}	-12.20 $\pm$ 0.28	-7.45 $\pm$ 0.30	-8.35 $\pm$ 0.34	-7.13 $\pm$ 0.84
G α_z	-9.86 $\pm$ 0.36	-6.17 $\pm$ 0.29	NA	-6.70 $\pm$ 0.49
G α_{i1}	-10.61 $\pm$ 0.42	-8.24 $\pm$ 0.70	-6.87 $\pm$ 0.81	-8.77 $\pm$ 0.29

logEC₅₀ ($\pm$ SEM)

NA: no activity

Supplementary Table 3: Partial agonist activity of aripiprazole and cariprazine at the G protein pathways (normalized as % response of 5-HT)

	Aripiprazole		Cariprazine	
	logEC ₅₀	E _{max}	logEC ₅₀	E _{max}
G α_q	-7.87 $\pm$ 0.15	67.74 $\pm$ 4.97	-7.70 $\pm$ 0.13	67.99 $\pm$ 4.29
G α_{11}	-8.56 $\pm$ 0.13	70.75 $\pm$ 4.97	-8.42 $\pm$ 0.08	70.72 $\pm$ 4.97
G α_{14}	-6.94 $\pm$ 0.10	73.28 $\pm$ 3.61	-7.72 $\pm$ 0.09	68.10 $\pm$ 3.05
G α_{15}	-7.59 $\pm$ 0.09	16.29 $\pm$ 0.71	-7.61 $\pm$ 0.08	13.93 $\pm$ 0.53
G α_{i1}	-7.89 $\pm$ 0.37	26.30 $\pm$ 3.70	-8.91 $\pm$ 0.59	12.72 $\pm$ 3.42
G α_{i2}	-7.73 $\pm$ 0.27	17.15 $\pm$ 1.93	-8.92 $\pm$ 0.22	11.72 $\pm$ 2.50
G α_{i3}	-7.47 $\pm$ 0.26	21.85 $\pm$ 2.90	-7.76 $\pm$ 0.32	16.05 $\pm$ 2.57
G α_{oA}	-9.37 $\pm$ 0.37	11.59 $\pm$ 2.90	-8.56 $\pm$ 0.46	11.59 $\pm$ 2.44
G α_{oB}	-8.43 $\pm$ 0.38	6.64 $\pm$ 1.46	-8.17 $\pm$ 0.74	4.32 $\pm$ 2.16
G α_z	-7.18 $\pm$ 0.30	10.64 $\pm$ 1.68	-8.90 $\pm$ 0.21	9.02 $\pm$ 0.88
β arrestin1	NA	NA	NA	NA
β arrestin2	NA	NA	NA	NA

logEC₅₀ ($\pm$ SEM)

E_{max} (% $\pm$ SEM)

NA: no activity

Supplementary Table 4a: The potency ($\log IC_{50}$) of the six antipsychotics for the inhibition of the 5-HT (EC80)-mediated activation of the different G protein pathways and recruitment of β -arrestin1 and β -arrestin2

	RISPERIDONE	CLOZAPINE	OLANZAPINE	ARIPIRAZOLE	CARIPRAZINE	HALOPERIDOL
Gq	-10.27 $\pm$ 0.05	-8.01 $\pm$ 0.07	-9.06 $\pm$ 0.06	NA	NA	-6.42 $\pm$ 0.08
G11	-9.58 $\pm$ 0.08	-7.53 $\pm$ 0.08	-8.29 $\pm$ 0.08	NA	NA	-6.22 $\pm$ 0.11
G14	-11.46 $\pm$ 0.13	-7.90 $\pm$ 0.12	-8.77 $\pm$ 0.12	NA	NA	-6.48 $\pm$ 0.15
G15	-9.17 $\pm$ 0.07	-6.47 $\pm$ 0.10	-7.52 $\pm$ 0.09	$\log IC_{50} > 10 \mu M$	$\log IC_{50} > 10 \mu M$	$\log IC_{50} > 10 \mu M$
Gi1	-9.44 $\pm$ 0.28	-5.94 $\pm$ 0.28	-7.05 $\pm$ 0.29	-5.71 $\pm$ 0.28	-6.13 $\pm$ 0.26	-6.45 $\pm$ 0.33
GoB	-12.01 $\pm$ 0.29	-7.52 $\pm$ 0.16	-8.56 $\pm$ 0.15	-6.35 $\pm$ 0.16	-6.74 $\pm$ 0.16	-6.31 $\pm$ 0.20
Gz	-10.03 $\pm$ 0.13	-7.02 $\pm$ 0.15	-8.46 $\pm$ 0.21	-6.40 $\pm$ 0.19	-6.42 $\pm$ 0.24	-6.34 $\pm$ 0.19
β arrestin1	-8.42 $\pm$ 0.09	-7.29 $\pm$ 0.09	-8.22 $\pm$ 0.07	-5.97 $\pm$ 0.16	-6.32 $\pm$ 0.10	-7.74 $\pm$ 0.07
β arrestin2	-8.64 $\pm$ 0.10	-7.56 $\pm$ 0.11	-8.47 $\pm$ 0.08	-6.06 $\pm$ 0.11	-6.45 $\pm$ 0.07	-7.83 $\pm$ 0.09

NA: no activity

$\log IC_{50}$ ($\pm$ SEM)

Supplementary Table 4b: The efficacy (% inhibition) of the six antipsychotics for the inhibition of the 5-HT (EC80)-mediated activation of the different G protein pathways and recruitment of β -arrestin1 and β -arrestin2

	RISPERIDONE	CLOZAPINE	OLANZAPINE	ARIPIRAZOLE	CARIPRAZINE	HALOPERIDOL
Gq	113.80 $\pm$ 2.53	101.70 $\pm$ 3.21	109.60 $\pm$ 3.02	NA	NA	134.50 $\pm$ 5.52
G11	157.70 $\pm$ 6.25	157.40 $\pm$ 6.84	154.60 $\pm$ 5.50	NA	NA	175.90 $\pm$ 10.71
G14	115.80 $\pm$ 6.89	102.70 $\pm$ 6.17	102.00 $\pm$ 5.62	NA	NA	124.10 $\pm$ 9.20
G15	93.38 $\pm$ 3.20	105.00 $\pm$ 5.24	98.75 $\pm$ 4.51	$\log IC_{50} > 10 \mu M$	$\log IC_{50} > 10 \mu M$	$\log IC_{50} > 10 \mu M$
Gi1	58.21 $\pm$ 7.67	97.59 $\pm$ 16.42	79.78 $\pm$ 11.97	81.08 $\pm$ 16.91	84.84 $\pm$ 12.48	62.88 $\pm$ 10.18
GoB	66.55 $\pm$ 11.70	81.07 $\pm$ 6.73	54.86 $\pm$ 3.82	105.70 $\pm$ 8.27	97.86 $\pm$ 7.66	98.32 $\pm$ 10.19
Gz	87.39 $\pm$ 4.97	96.01 $\pm$ 7.35	63.75 $\pm$ 6.12	88.97 $\pm$ 8.43	73.31 $\pm$ 8.67	107.00 $\pm$ 10.43
β arrestin1	105.90 $\pm$ 4.36	89.36 $\pm$ 3.53	97.99 $\pm$ 3.28	101.00 $\pm$ 10.03	104.60 $\pm$ 6.03	114.30 $\pm$ 3.67
β arrestin2	101.50 $\pm$ 4.79	98.90 $\pm$ 4.82	93.39 $\pm$ 3.34	100.30 $\pm$ 6.43	100.20 $\pm$ 3.78	117.40 $\pm$ 4.69

NA: no activity

% inhibition ($\pm$ SEM)

Supplementary Table 5: The equilibrium dissociation constant ($\log K_B$) of the antipsychotics for the different pathways calculated based on the modified Cheng-Prusoff equation

	RISPERIDONE	CLOZAPINE	OLANZAPINE	ARIPRAZOLE	CARIPRAZINE	HALOPERIDOL
Gq	-10.27 ± 0.05	-8.01 ± 0.07	-9.06 ± 0.06	NA	NA	-6.42 ± 0.08
G11	-9.58 ± 0.08	-7.53 ± 0.08	-8.29 ± 0.08	NA	NA	-6.22 ± 0.11
G14	-11.46 ± 0.13	-7.90 ± 0.12	-8.77 ± 0.12	NA	NA	-6.48 ± 0.15
G15	-9.17 ± 0.07	-6.47 ± 0.10	-7.52 ± 0.09	$\log IC_{50} > 10 \mu M$	$\log IC_{50} > 10 \mu M$	$\log IC_{50} > 10 \mu M$
Gi1	-9.44 ± 0.28	-5.94 ± 0.28	-7.05 ± 0.29	-5.71 ± 0.28	-6.13 ± 0.26	-6.45 ± 0.33
GoB	-12.01 ± 0.29	-7.52 ± 0.16	-8.56 ± 0.15	-6.35 ± 0.16	-6.74 ± 0.16	-6.31 ± 0.20
Gz	-10.03 ± 0.13	-7.02 ± 0.15	-8.46 ± 0.21	-6.40 ± 0.19	-6.42 ± 0.24	-6.34 ± 0.19
β arrestin1	-8.42 ± 0.09	-7.29 ± 0.09	-8.22 ± 0.07	-5.97 ± 0.16	-6.32 ± 0.10	-7.74 ± 0.07
β arrestin2	-8.64 ± 0.10	-7.56 ± 0.11	-8.47 ± 0.08	-6.06 ± 0.11	-6.45 ± 0.07	-7.83 ± 0.09

NA: no activity