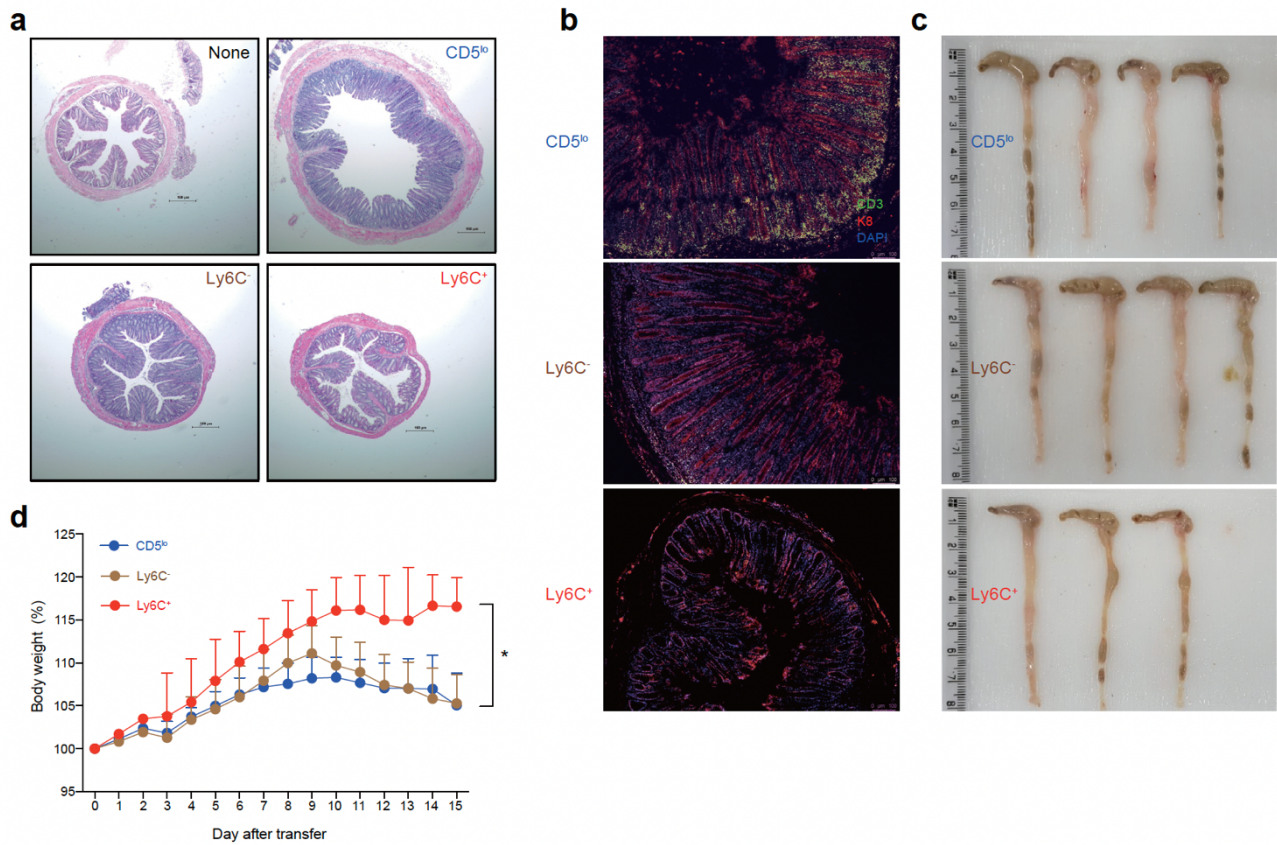


Supplementary information includes:

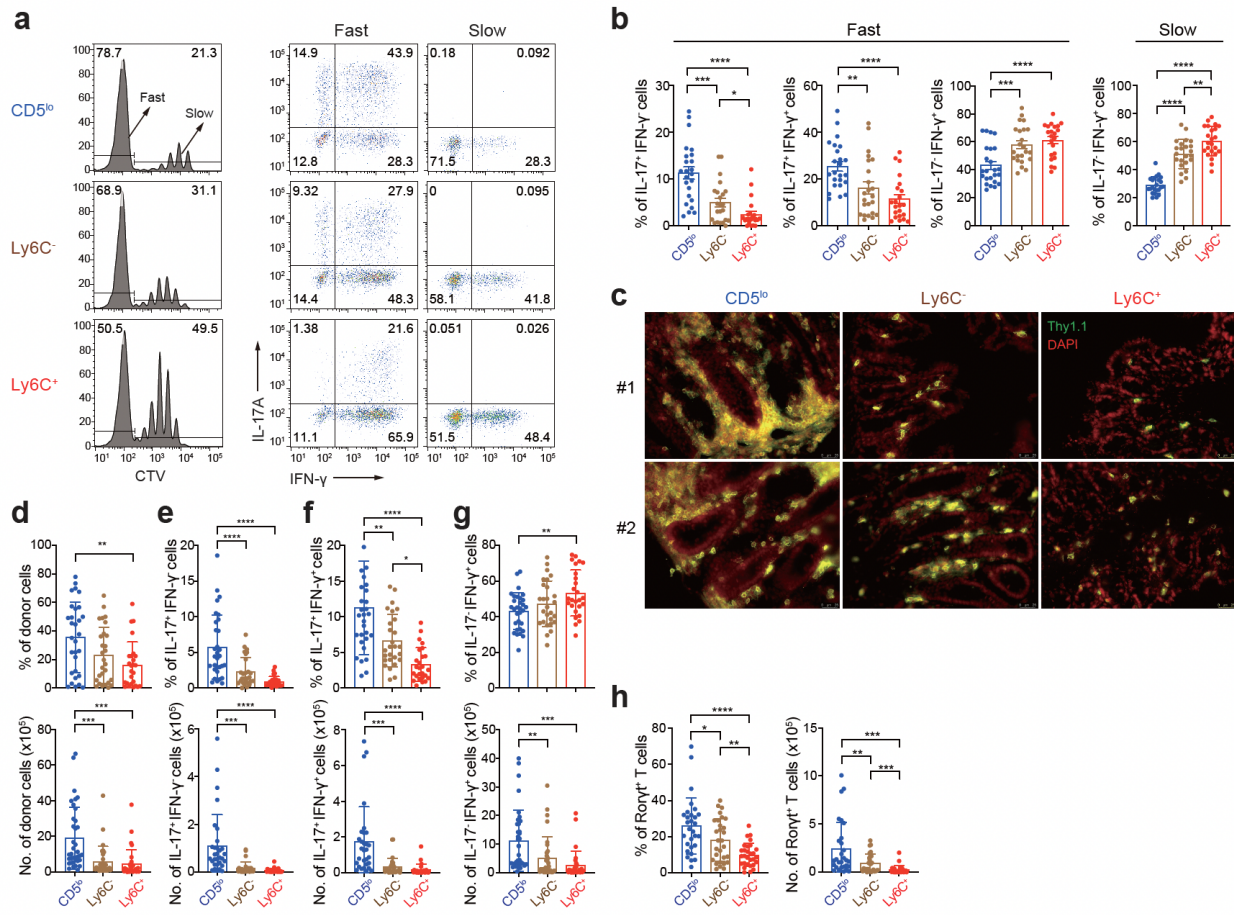
Extended Data Figures 1–6

Extended Data Figure legends 1–6

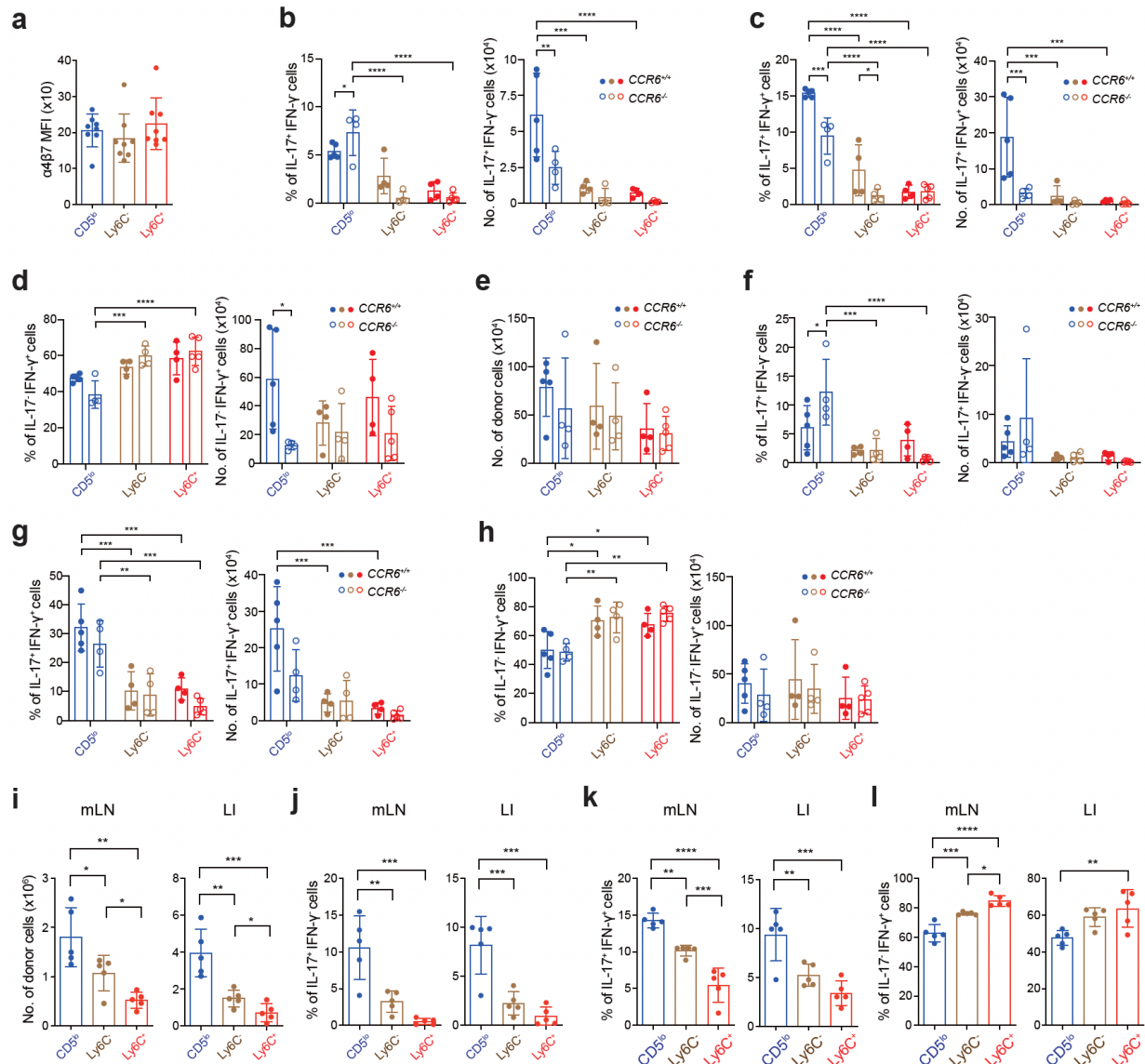
Supplementary Tabela 1 and 2



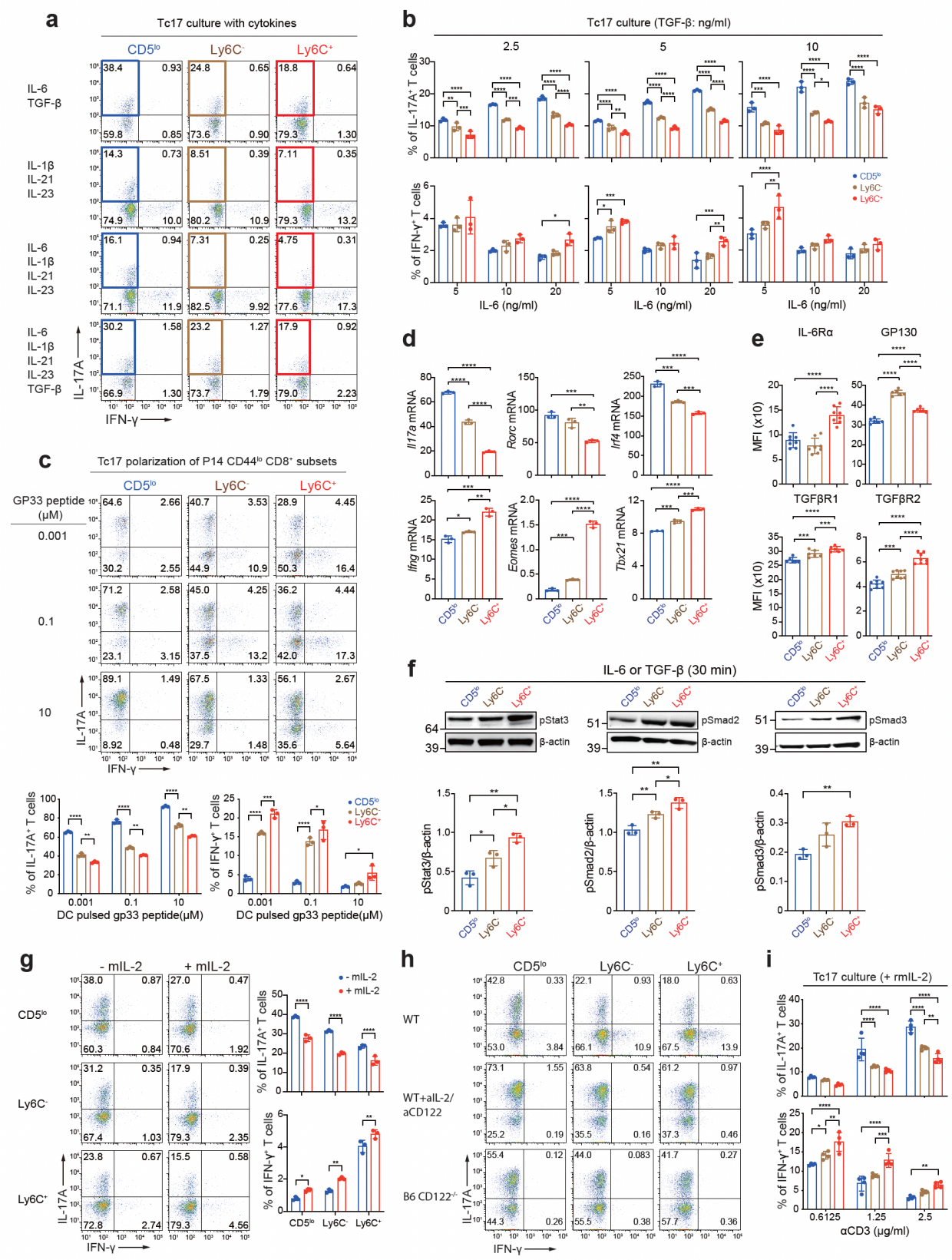
Extended Data Fig. 1. Pathologic symptoms induced by different CD8⁺ T_N subsets in *Rag1*^{-/-} mice. **a–c**, Representative H & E staining images (**a**; magnification, 40×), and representative immunofluorescence images (**b**; magnification, 100×), and photo images (**c**) for day 14 LI. **d**, Body weight changes of *Rag1*^{-/-} recipients after adoptive transfer with CD8⁺ T_N subsets. Data are representative of three (**a–d**) independent experiments (**a–c**, n=3–5; and **d**, n=6 mice/experiment) and presented as the mean ± SD (**d**). Statistical significance by Mann-Whitney test. *, *P* < 0.05; **, *P* < 0.01; ***, *P* < 0.001; ****, *P* < 0.0001.



Extended Data Fig. 2. Proliferation, colonic infiltration, and IL-17/IFN- γ production of adoptively transferred CD8⁺ T_N subsets in *Rag1*^{-/-} mice. **a**, CTV-labeled CD5^{lo}, Ly6C⁻, and Ly6C⁺ CD8⁺ T_N subsets were adoptively transferred into *Rag1*^{-/-} recipients and the proliferation of donor cells were analyzed at day 7 by measuring CTV dilution. Representative histograms (left) and FACS plots (right) show CTV dilution and IL-17A/IFN- γ production, respectively, for fast and slow proliferative donor cells. **b**, Percentage of IL-17A⁺IFN- γ ⁻, IL-17A⁺IFN- γ ⁺, and IL-17A⁻IFN- γ ⁺ cells for fast (left) and slow (right) proliferative donor subsets in day 7 mLN. **c-h**, Immunofluorescence images for Thy1.1⁺ donor cells (**c**; magnification, 200 \times), the percentage and number of total donor (**d**), IL-17A⁺IFN- γ ⁻ (**e**), IL-17A⁺IFN- γ ⁺ (**f**), IL-17A⁻IFN- γ ⁺ (**g**), and Rorγt⁺ (**h**) cells from day 14 LI. Data are pooled from three (**b**), two (**c**), and four (**d-h**) independent experiments (n=6–8 mice/experiment) and presented as the mean \pm SEM (**b,d-h**). Statistical significance by two-way ANOVA Multiple comparisons. *, $P < 0.05$; **, $P < 0.01$; ***, $P < 0.001$; ****, $P < 0.0001$.

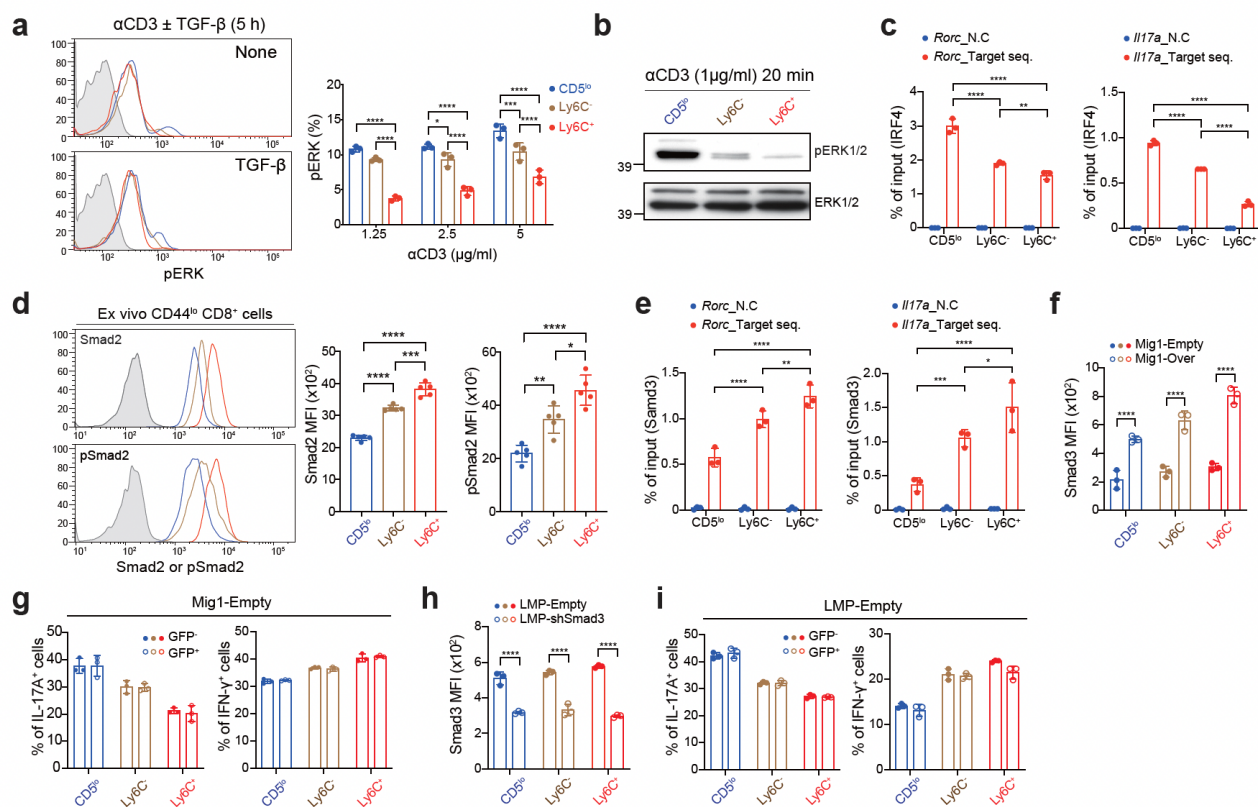


Extended Data Fig. 3. The impact of CCR6 deficiency on IL-17/IFN- γ production of adoptively transferred CD8⁺ T_N subsets in *Rag1*^{-/-} mice. **a**, Expression levels (MFI) of $\alpha 4\beta 7$ of transferred donor subsets from day 7 mLN. **b–h**, Percentage and number of IL-17A⁺IFN- γ ⁻ (**b,f**), IL-17A⁺IFN- γ ⁺ (**c,g**), and IL-17A⁻IFN- γ ⁺ (**d,h**) cells, and number of each donor subset (**e**) analyzed in LI (**b–d**) and mLN (**e–h**) at day 14 after adoptive transfer with either *Ccr6*^{+/+} or *Ccr6*^{-/-} CD8⁺ T_N subsets. **i–l**, Number of donor cells (**i**) and the percentage of IL-17A⁺IFN- γ ⁻ (**j**), IL-17A⁺IFN- γ ⁺ (**k**), and IL-17A⁻IFN- γ ⁺ (**l**) cells analyzed in LI at day 21 after transfer with *Ccr6*^{-/-} CD8⁺ T_N subsets. Data are representative of two (**a–l**) independent experiments (**a**, n=5–7; **b–d**, n=8–9; **e–h**, n=4–5; and **i–l**, n=5–10 mice/experiment) and presented as the mean \pm SD (**a–l**). Statistical significance by two-way ANOVA Multiple comparisons. *, $P < 0.05$; **, $P < 0.01$; ***, $P < 0.001$; ****, $P < 0.0001$.

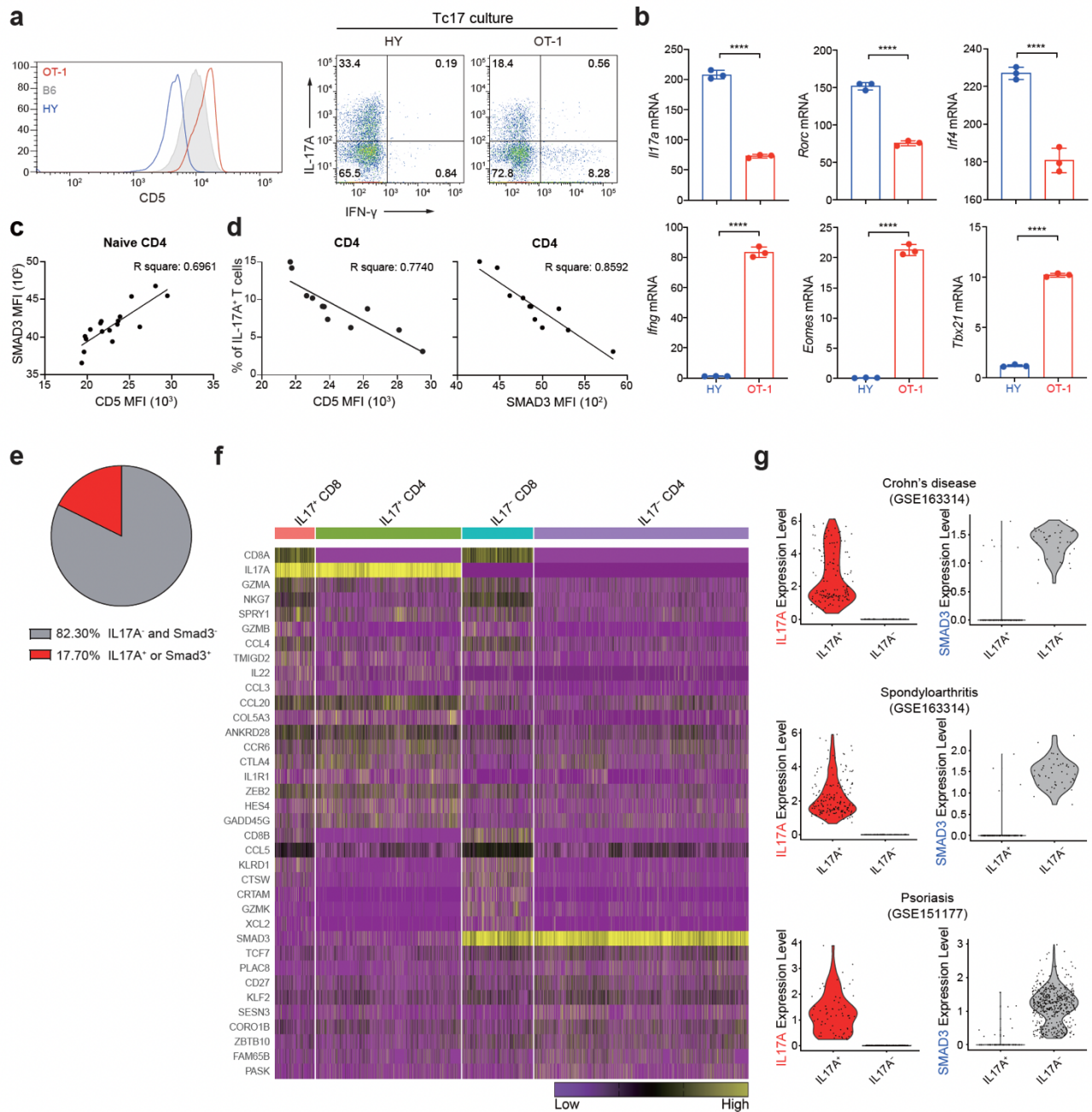


Extended Data Fig. 4. Differential Tc17-skewing potential of CD8⁺ T_N subsets under various Tc17-polarizing conditions *in vitro*. a, Representative FACS plots for IL-17A/IFN-γ production after

in vitro culture with B6 CD8⁺ T_N subsets under various Tc17-polarizing conditions. **b**, Percentage of IL-17A⁺ and IFN- γ ⁺ cells after Tc17-polarizing culture with B6 CD8⁺ T_N subsets in the presence of various concentrations of IL-6 and TGF- β . **c**, Representative FACS plots for IL-17A/IFN- γ production from P14 CD8⁺ T_N subsets stimulated with GP33 peptide-pulsed dendritic cells under Tc17-polarizing condition. **d**, qRT-PCR data for *Il17a*, *Rorc*, *Irf4*, *Ifng*, *Eomes*, and *Tbx21* after Tc17-polarizing culture with B6 CD8⁺ T_N subsets. **e**, Expression levels (MFI) of IL-6R α , GP130, TGF β RI, and TGF β RII on B6 CD8⁺ T_N subsets (n=6–8 mice/group). **f**, Levels of p-STAT3, p-SMAD2, and p-SMAD3 (shown in representative blot images, top, and intensity relative to β -actin, bottom). **g**, Representative FACS plots for IL-17A/IFN- γ production (left) and the percentage of IL-17A⁺ and IFN- γ ⁺ cells (right) after Tc17-polarizing culture with B6 CD8⁺ T_N subsets in the presence or absence of rmIL-2. **h**, Representative FACS plots for IL-17A/IFN- γ production after Tc17-polarizing culture with B6 CD8⁺ T_N subsets in the presence (middle) or absence (top) of anti-IL-2/CD122 or with *Cd122*^{-/-} CD8⁺ T_N subsets (bottom). **i**, Percentage of IL-17A⁺ and IFN- γ ⁺ cells after Tc17-polarizing culture of B6 CD8⁺ T_N subsets with various concentrations of anti-CD3 and rmIL-2. Data is representative of two to three independent experiments (**a–i**) and presented as the mean \pm SD (**b–g,i**). Statistical significance by two-way ANOVA Multiple comparisons. *, $P < 0.05$; **, $P < 0.01$; ***, $P < 0.001$; ****, $P < 0.0001$.



Extended Data Fig. 5. Differential levels of TCR-induced ERK activation and endogenous SMAD2 expression in CD8⁺ T_N subsets. **a**, Histogram (left) and percentage (right) for p-ERK expression among CD8⁺ T_N subsets stimulated with either anti-CD3 in the presence or absence of TGF-β (left) or with various concentrations of anti-CD3 (right). **b**, Representative blot images of p-ERK after 20 min stimulation with anti-CD3. **c**, B6 CD8⁺ T_N subsets were activated under Tc17-polarizing conditions for 72 h and subjected to ChIP using IRF4 antibody. Eluted DNA was analyzed by qPCR. **d**, Endogenous levels of SMAD2 and p-SMAD2 in *ex vivo* B6 CD8⁺ T_N subsets shown in histogram (left) and MFI (right) (n=5 mice/group). **e**, B6 CD8⁺ T_N subsets were activated under Tc17-polarizing conditions for 72 h and subjected to ChIP using SMAD3 antibody. Eluted DNA was analyzed by qPCR. **f**, MFI levels of SMAD3 from Tc17-polarized CD8⁺ T_N subsets transduced with either MigR-1 control (empty) or MigR-1 vector encoding *SMAD3* (over). **g**, Percentage of IL-17A⁺ and IFN-γ⁺ cells in GFP⁻ and GFP⁺ cells transduced with MigR-1 empty vector control. **h**, MFI levels of SMAD3 for Tc17-polarized CD8⁺ T_N subsets transduced with either LMP empty vector control or LMP vector containing *SMAD3* shRNA. **i**, Percentage of IL-17A⁺ and IFN-γ⁺ cells in GFP⁻ or GFP⁺ cells transduced with LMP empty vector control. Data are representative of two to three independent experiments (**a-i**) and presented as the mean ± SD (**a,c-i**). Statistical significance by two-way ANOVA Multiple comparisons. *, *P* < 0.05; **, *P* < 0.01; ***, *P* < 0.001; ****, *P* < 0.0001.



Extended Data Fig. 6. Inverse relationship between CD5 and SMAD3 expression and Tc17 differentiation potential in mice and humans. **a**, Expression levels of CD5 shown in histogram for HY and OT-1 *ex vivo* (left), and representative FACS plots for IL-17A/IFN- γ production (right) after Tc17-polarizing culture. **b**, qRT-PCR data for *Il17a*, *Rorc*, *Irf4*, *Ifng*, *Eomes*, and *Tbx21* analyzed for Tc17-polarized HY and OT-1 CD8⁺ T_N cells. **c**, Relationship between CD5 and SMAD3 levels *ex vivo* in CD4⁺ T_N populations from healthy human PBMC (n=17). **d**, Relationship between CD5 (left) or SMAD3 (right) levels *ex vivo* and the percentages of IL-17A⁺ cells after Th17-polarizing cultures with human CD4⁺ T_N populations (n=11). **e,f**, *IL17A* and *SMAD3* expression profiles in CD3⁺ cells (**e**) and

heatmap of differentially expressed genes of $IL17^+CD8^+$, $IL17^+CD4^+$, $IL-17^-CD8^+$, and $IL17^-CD4^+$ T cells (**f**) in public single cell RNA-sequencing (scRNA-seq) data set (GSE162335) performed with patients' tissues (lamina propria) with UC. **g**, $IL17A$ and $SMAD3$ expression of $CD3^+$ cells that are either $IL17A^+$ or $SMAD3^+$ in public scRNA-seq data sets (GSE162335, GSE163314, and GSE151177) performed with tissues from patients with Crohn's disease, Spondyloarthritis, and Psoriasis, respectively. Data are representative (**a,b**) or pooled (**c,d**) from two to three independent experiments and presented as the mean \pm SD (**d**). Statistical significance by simple linear regression two-way ANOVA Multiple comparisons. *, $P < 0.05$; **, $P < 0.01$; ***, $P < 0.001$; ****, $P < 0.0001$.

Supplementary Table 1.

Antibodies	Manufacturer	Catalog #
anti-CD16/32	ebioscience	14-0161-82
anti-V β 2 (FITC); clone B20.6	Biolegend	127906
anti-V β 3 (FITC); clone KJ25	BD Bioscience	553208
anti-V β 4 (FITC); clone KT4	BD Bioscience	553365
anti-V β 5.1/5.2 (FITC); clone MR9-4	ThermoFisher	11-5796-80
anti-V β 6 (FITC); clone RR4-7	BD Bioscience	553193
anti-V β 7 (FITC); clone TR310	Biolegend	118306
anti-V β 8.3 (FITC); clone 1B3.3	BD Bioscience	553663
anti-V β 9 (FITC); clone MR10-2	BD Bioscience	553201
anti-V β 10b (FITC); clone B21.5	BD Bioscience	553284
anti-V β 11 (FITC); clone RR3-15	BD Bioscience	553197
anti-V β 12 (FITC); clone MR11-1	BD Bioscience	553300
anti-V β 13 (FITC); clone MR12-3	BD Bioscience	553204
anti-V β 14 (FITC); clone 14-2	BD Bioscience	553258
anti-V β 17a (FITC); clone KJ23	BD Bioscience	553212
anti-CD3 ϵ (PB); clone 145-2C11	Biolegend	100334
anti-CD5 (PE); clone 53-7.3	Invitrogen	12-0051-83
anti-CD44 (eF450); clone IM7	Invitrogen	48-0441-82
anti-CD62L (PE); clone MEL-14	Biolegend	104408
anti-CD45.1 (BUV395); clone A20	BD Bioscience	565212
anti-CD45.2 (PB); clone 104	Biolegend	109820
anti-CD90.1 (FITC); clone HIS51	Invitrogen	11-0900-85
anti-CD90.2 (PE) (53-2.1)	ebioscience	15298609
anti-Ly6C (PE-cy7) (HK1.4)	ebioscience	15518606
anti-CD8 α (APC) (53-6.7)	Tonbo	20-0081-U100
anti-CD126 (APC) (D7715A7)	Biolegend	115812
anti-GP130 (APC); clone KGP130	ThermoFisher	17-1302-82
anti-TGFBRI (APC); clone 141231	R&D biosystems	FAB5871A
anti-TGFBRII (PE); polyclonal	R&D biosystems	FAB532P
anti- α 4 β 7 (APC); clone DATK32	ThermoFisher	17-5887-82
anti-CD195 (PE); clone HM-CCR5	ebioscience	12-1951-81
anti-CD196 (PE); clone 29-2L17	Biolegend	129804
anti-IFN- γ (APC); clone XMG1.2	Invitrogen	17-7311-82
anti-IL-17A (PE); clone eBio17B7	Invitrogen	12-7177-81
anti-Eomes (APC)	ebioscience	50-4875-82
anti-Ror γ t (PE); clone B2D	Invitrogen	12-6981-82
anti-Ror γ t (PE-eF610); clone B2D	Invitrogen	61-6981-82
anti-IRF4 (APC); clone IRF4.3E4	Biolegend	646408
anti-GM-CSF (PE); clone MP1-22E9	Invitrogen	12-7331-82
anti-pERK (PE); clone py204	BD Bioscience	612566
anti-hCD3 (APC-cy7); clone HIT3a	Biolegend	300318
anti-hCD4 (APC); clone A161A1	Biolegend	357408
anti-hCD5 (PE); clone L17F12	Biolegend	364014
anti-hCD8 (FITC); clone SK1	Biolegend	344704
anti-hCD45RA (PB); clone HI100	Biolegend	304123
anti-hCCR7 (PE-cy7); clone G043H7	Biolegend	353225
anti-hIFN- γ (APC); clone B27	Biolegend	506510
anti-hIL-17A (PE); clone BL168	Biolegend	512306

Supplementary Table 2.

Rorc region (IRF4)	Sense primer	Antisense primer
N.C_-1576 ~ -1737	TGAGCACACTATCACTCTCTTCAG	TGACCCTTGGGTAGGAGAGA
Target_+10747 ~ +10824	GGGCCCTGAGATGGTAAGTT	GGGTGCTGAGTAATCACAGGA

<i>Il17a</i> region (IRF4)	Sense primer	Antisense primer
N.C_-3387 ~ -3523	CTCCCATGTGGTCATTATTGC	GTGTCCTTAGGTCCTAAATGTAGG
Target_-1592~-1815	AATCCATGGAGCTGGAGAGA	TTTTTATACAACATAGGTCTTCATGG

<i>Rorc</i> region (Smad3)	Sense primer	Antisense primer
N.C_-727 ~ -881	GGTTGTTGGGTAAGCAGGAA	CACGACCCCGTAATTCTGTT
Target_-862 ~ -1181	CAACGGTGGAGAATGGAATG	TTCCTGCTTACCCAACAACC

<i>Il17a</i> region (Smad3)	Sense primer	Antisense primer
N.C_-1211 ~ -984	CAGGGATAATGCCAAGGGTA	AGCATGAGGTGGACCGATAG
Target_-11~-185	AACTTCTGCCCTTCCCATCT	GCTCCTTTCTCTTTTTATACGG

Smad3 overexpression

Forward	GACTCGAGATGTCGTCCATCCTGCCC
Reverse	GAGAATTCCTAAGACACACTTTAACAGCG

shRNA sequence for Smad3	TGCTGTTGACAGTGAGCGAACGCAGAACGTGAACACCAAGTAG TGAAGCCACAGATGTACTTGGTGTTCACGTTCTGCGTGTGCCTAC
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