

Stabilizing negative charge in organic molecules for high-efficiency, long-lifetime delayed electroluminescence

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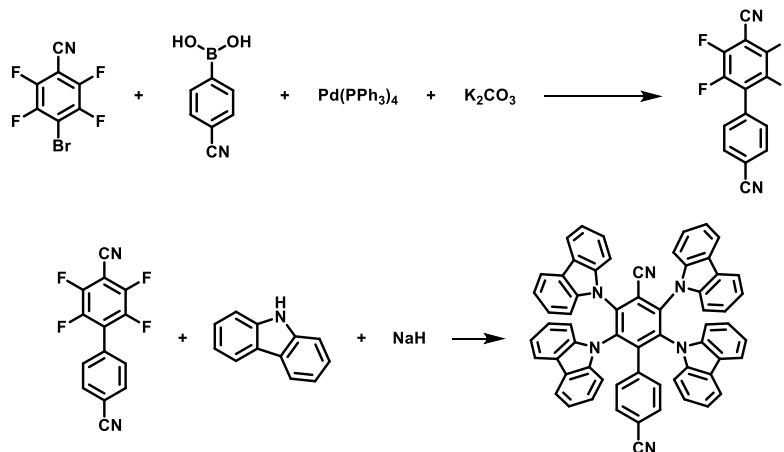
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S1. Materials synthesis and characterization

Synthesis of 4CzBN-PhCN. 4CzBN-PhCN was synthesized through a two-step process from 4-bromo-2,3,5,6-tetrafluorobenzonitrile and (4-cyanophenyl)boronic acid. The stepwise synthetic methods are shown in Scheme S1 and the general process is given below.



Scheme S1 Synthesis of 4CzBN-PhCN

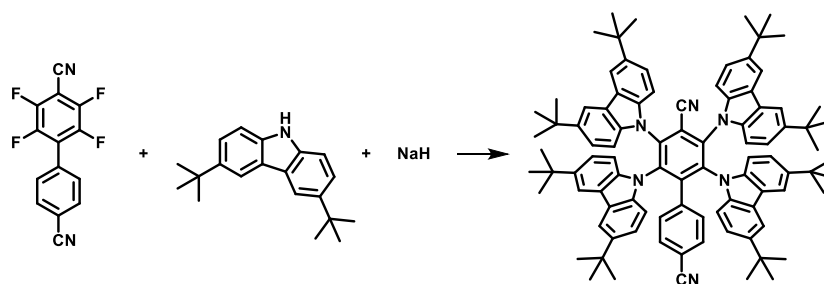
Synthesis of 2,3,5,6-tetrafluoro-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'-dicarbonitrile. A mixture of 4-bromo-2,3,5,6-tetrafluorobenzonitrile (5.00 g, 19.69 mmol), (4-cyanophenyl)boronic acid (3.18 g, 21.66 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (1.14 g, 0.98 mmol), and potassium carbonate (5.44 g, 39.37 mmol) dissolved in 1,4-dioxane/H₂O in a 2-neck round bottle was refluxed for 12 hours under nitrogen. The water was separated, and the organic layer was extracted with chloroform. The combined organic extracts were dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated by rotary evaporation. The crude product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using 1: 4 dichloromethane (DCM)/petroleum ether (PE) as eluent to afford a white solid (3.90 g, 72 % yield).

Synthesis of 4CzBN-PhCN. A mixture of carbazole (2.66 g, 15.93 mmol) and sodium hydride (60% in mineral oil, 0.87 g, 21.7 mmol) dissolved in dimethyl formaldehyde (DMF) was heated at 80°C for 1 hour. Then, 2,3,5,6-tetrafluoro-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'-dicarbonitrile (1.00 g, 3.62 mmol) was added to the reaction drop by drop and heated overnight. After cooling to room temperature, the solution was poured into ice water and the precipitation was filtered to get crude product. Afterwards, the product was purified by column chromatography on silica-gel (DCM: PE =5:1) to afford a yellow solid (2.50 g, 2.89 mmol, 80% yield).

¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.76 – 7.69 (m, 4H), 7.61 – 7.54 (m, 4H), 7.24 – 7.20 (m, 4H), 7.12 – 7.06 (m, 8H), 6.95 (m, 12H), 6.73 – 6.62 (dd, *J* = 11.5, 8.3 Hz, 4H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 139.3205, 138.9204, 131.2069, 128.1709, 125.5164, 125.2434, 124.1485, 123.3811, 121.2103, 120.7072, 120.2952, 120.1272, 112.2783, 110.0613, 109.6195.

MALDI-TOF-MS *m/z*: 864.37 [M]⁺



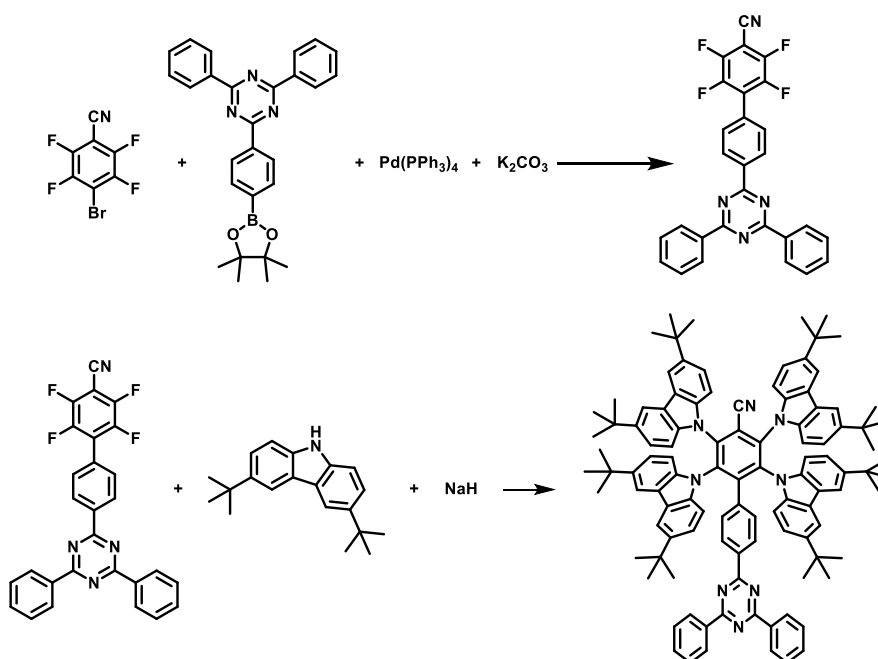
Scheme S2 Synthesis of 4tCzBN-PhCN

Synthesis of 4tCzBN-PhCN. As shown in Scheme S2, a mixture of 3,6-tert-butylcarbazole (4.45 g, 15.93 mmol) and sodium hydride (60% in mineral oil, 0.87 g, 21.7 mmol) dissolved in dimethyl formaldehyde (DMF) was heated at 80°C for 1 hour. Then, 2,3,5,6-tetrafluoro-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4,4'-dicarbonitrile (1.00 g, 3.62 mmol) was added to the reaction drop by drop and heated overnight. After cooling to room temperature, the solution was poured into ice water and the precipitation was filtered to get crude product. Afterwards, the product was purified by column chromatography on silica-gel (DCM: PE =5:1) to afford a yellow solid (3.96 g, 3.01 mmol, 83% yield).

¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.56 (d, *J* = 1.8 Hz, 4H), 7.45 (d, *J* = 1.8 Hz, 4H), 7.02 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 6.95 (dd, *J* = 8.7, 1.8 Hz, 4H), 6.87 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 4H), 6.83 (dt, *J* = 8.6, 2.1 Hz, 6H), 6.59 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 4H), 1.34 (s, 36H), 1.30 (s, 36H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 148.2400, 143.8188, 143.3146, 141.3521, 138.2856, 137.8515, 137.1944, 135.4780, 131.5297, 129.1458, 124.5381, 123.7244, 122.8810, 122.6045, 115.7702, 115.6259, 111.8658, 109.7246, 108.9686, 77.4102, 77.0917, 76.7764, 34.6014, 34.5275, 31.9593, 31.9105.

MALDI-TOF-MS *m/z*: 1313.47 [M]⁺



Scheme S3 Synthesis of 4tCzBN-TRZ

Synthesis of 4'-(4,6-diphenyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)-2,3,5,6-tetrafluoro-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-carbonitrile. A mixture of 4-bromo-2,3,5,6-tetrafluorobenzonitrile (5.00 g, 19.69 mmol), 2,4-

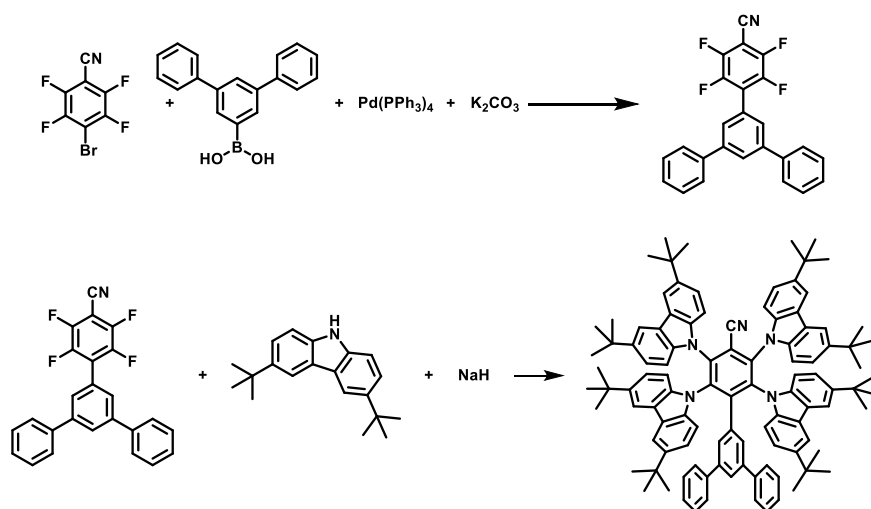
diphenyl-6-(4-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)phenyl)-1,3,5-triazine (9.43 g, 21.66 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (1.14 g, 0.98 mmol), and potassium carbonate (5.44 g, 39.37 mmol) dissolved in 1,4-dioxane/H₂O in a 2-neck round bottle was refluxed for 12 hours under nitrogen. The water was separated, and residue was filtered and washed by DCM. The crude product is a white solid and used directly without further purification due to the poor solubility (5.50 g, 58 % yield).

Synthesis of 4tCzBN-TRZ. A mixture of 3,6-tert-butylcarbazole (2.55 g, 9.12 mmol) and sodium hydride (60% in mineral oil, 0.50 g, 12.44 mmol) dissolved in dimethyl formaldehyde (DMF) was heated at 80°C for 1 hour. Then, 4'-(4,6-diphenyl-1,3,5-triazin-2-yl)-2,3,5,6-tetrafluoro-[1,1'-biphenyl]-4-carbonitrile (1 g, 2.07 mmol) was added to the reaction drop by drop and heated overnight. After cooling to room temperature, the solution was poured into ice water and the precipitation was filtered to get crude product. Afterwards, the product was purified by column chromatography on silica-gel (DCM: PE =5:1) to afford a yellow solid (2.70 g, 1.78 mmol, 86% yield).

¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 8.42 (dd, *J* = 7.1, 1.7 Hz, 4H), 8.07 – 7.97 (m, 2H), 7.57 (d, *J* = 1.9 Hz, 4H), 7.43 (q, *J* = 2.8 Hz, 6H), 7.36 (dd, *J* = 8.3, 6.8 Hz, 4H), 6.99 – 6.92 (m, 4H), 6.90 – 6.82 (m, 8H), 6.72 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 4H), 1.36 (s, 36H), 1.28 (s, 36H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 171.2924, 170.3967, 149.9348, 143.5338, 142.9249, 140.9966, 137.9551, 137.8878, 137.5745, 136.0042, 135.9179, 135.5608, 132.4428, 128.8857, 128.8067, 128.5086, 128.4539, 124.4151, 123.9086, 122.7961, 122.5552, 118.0665, 115.6843, 115.5563, 113.3240, 109.6899, 109.2051, 77.4071, 77.0909, 76.7744, 34.5991, 34.4956, 31.9996, 31.9352.

MALDI-TOF-MS *m/z*: 1520.02 [M]⁺



Scheme S4 Synthesis of 4tCzBN-TPh

Synthesis of 2,3,5,6-tetrafluoro-5'-phenyl-[1,1':3',1''-terphenyl]-4-carbonitrile. A mixture of 4-bromo-2,3,5,6-tetrafluorobenzonitrile (5.00 g, 19.69 mmol), [1,1':3',1''-terphenyl]-5'-ylboronic acid (5.94 g, 21.66 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (1.14 g, 0.98 mmol), and potassium carbonate (5.44 g, 39.37 mmol) dissolved in toluene/H₂O in a 2-neck round bottle was refluxed for 12 hours under nitrogen. The water was separated, and the organic layer was extracted with chloroform. The combined organic extracts were dried over Na₂SO₄ and concentrated by rotary evaporation. The crude product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel using 1: 5 dichloromethane (DCM)/petroleum

ether (PE) as eluent to afford a white solid (6.50 g, 82 % yield).

Synthesis of 4tCzBN-TPh. A mixture of 3,6-tert-butylcarbazole (3.05 g, 10.91 mmol) and sodium hydride (60% in mineral oil, 0.59 g, 14.87 mmol) dissolved in dimethyl formaldehyde (DMF) was heated at 80°C for 1 hour. Then, 2,3,5,6-tetrafluoro-5'-phenyl-[1,1':3',1''-terphenyl]-4-carbonitrile (1 g, 2.48 mmol) was added to the reaction drop by drop and heated overnight. After cooling to room temperature, the solution was poured into ice water and the precipitation was filtered to get crude product. Afterwards, the product was purified by column chromatography on silica-gel (DCM: PE =5:1) to afford a yellow solid (2.90 g, 2.01 mmol, 81% yield).

¹H NMR (400 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 7.61 (d, *J* = 1.4 Hz, 4H), 7.49 (d, *J* = 1.8 Hz, 4H), 7.09 – 7.00 (m, 10H), 6.97 – 6.86 (m, 10H), 6.82 (s, 1H), 6.74 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 4H), 6.26 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 4H), 1.35 (s, 36H), 1.29 (s, 36H).

¹³C NMR (101 MHz, Chloroform-*d*) δ 151.4508, 143.6963, 142.7815, 142.1894, 140.7954, 140.5217, 138.5363, 137.8126, 136.1550, 133.6745, 128.2674, 126.9336, 126.1814, 126.0482, 124.6344, 123.4939, 122.9763, 122.6698, 117.5142, 115.7861, 115.3572, 113.3701, 109.9428, 109.4310, 77.4137, 77.0935, 76.7767, 34.6096, 34.5238, 31.9747.

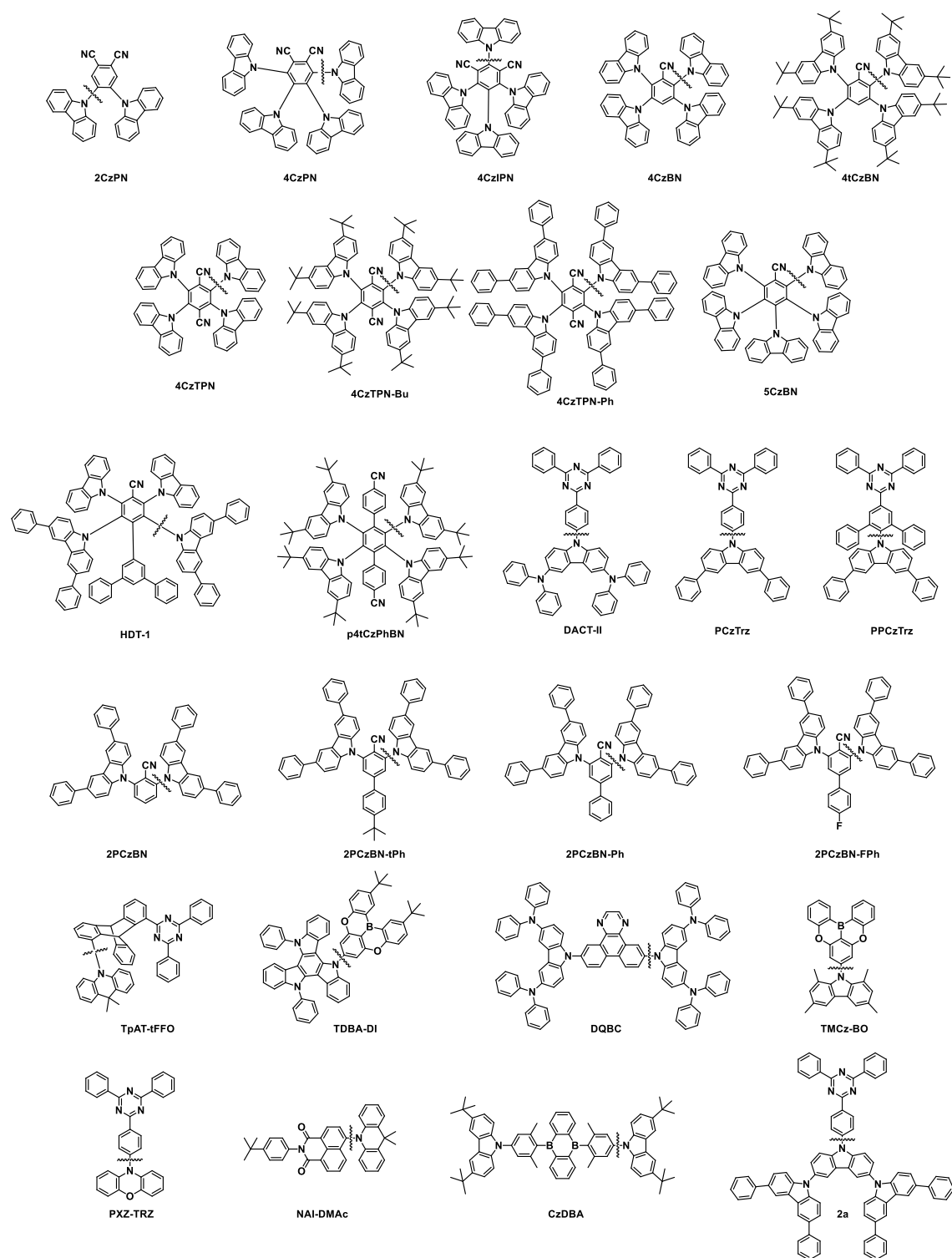
MALDI-TOF-MS *m/z*: 1441.00 [M]⁺

Synthesis of 3Cz2DPhCzBN and 5Cz-TRZ. 3Cz2DPhCzBN and 5Cz-TRZ was synthesized according to the methods reported in the corresponding literature and characterized by NMR and MALDI-TOF-MS.

S2. Quantum chemistry calculation

Supplementary Table 1 Bond dissociation energy values of the TADF emitters

	BDE(-) / eV	BDE / eV	BDE(+) / eV
4CzBN-PhCN	3.78	4.15	4.89
4tCzBN-PhCN	3.94	4.36	5.08
4tCzBN-TRZ	3.84	4.24	4.93
4tCzBN-TPh	3.62	4.36	5.03
3Cz2DPhCzBN	3.47	4.09	4.67
5Cz-TRZ	3.63	4.29	4.73



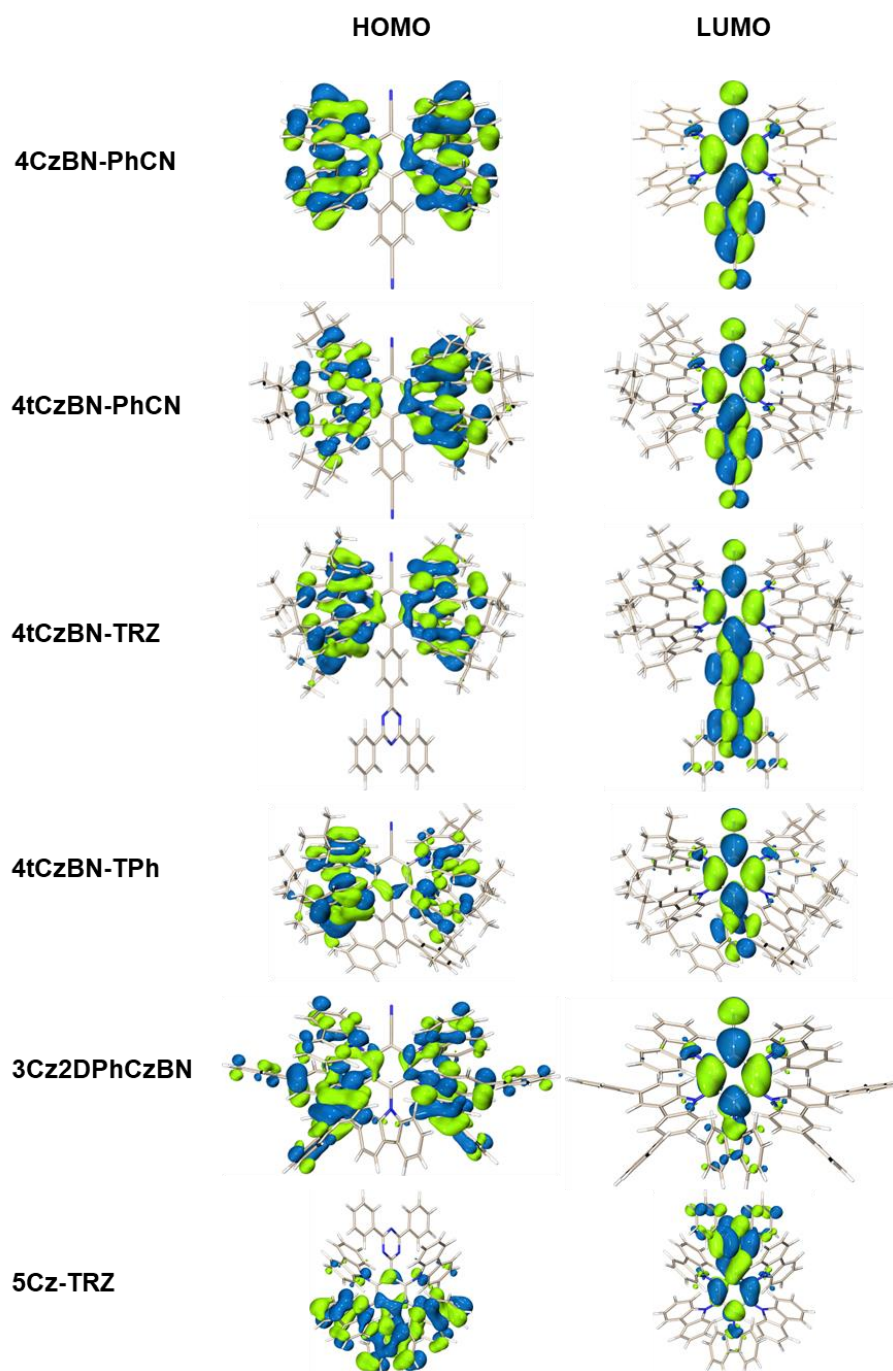
Supplementary Figure 1 Chemical structures of the reported TADF emitters for cross-comparison of BDE values. The positions of the C-N bonds are marked by wavy line in each structure.

Supplementary Table 2 BDE values of the reported TADF emitters for cross-comparison

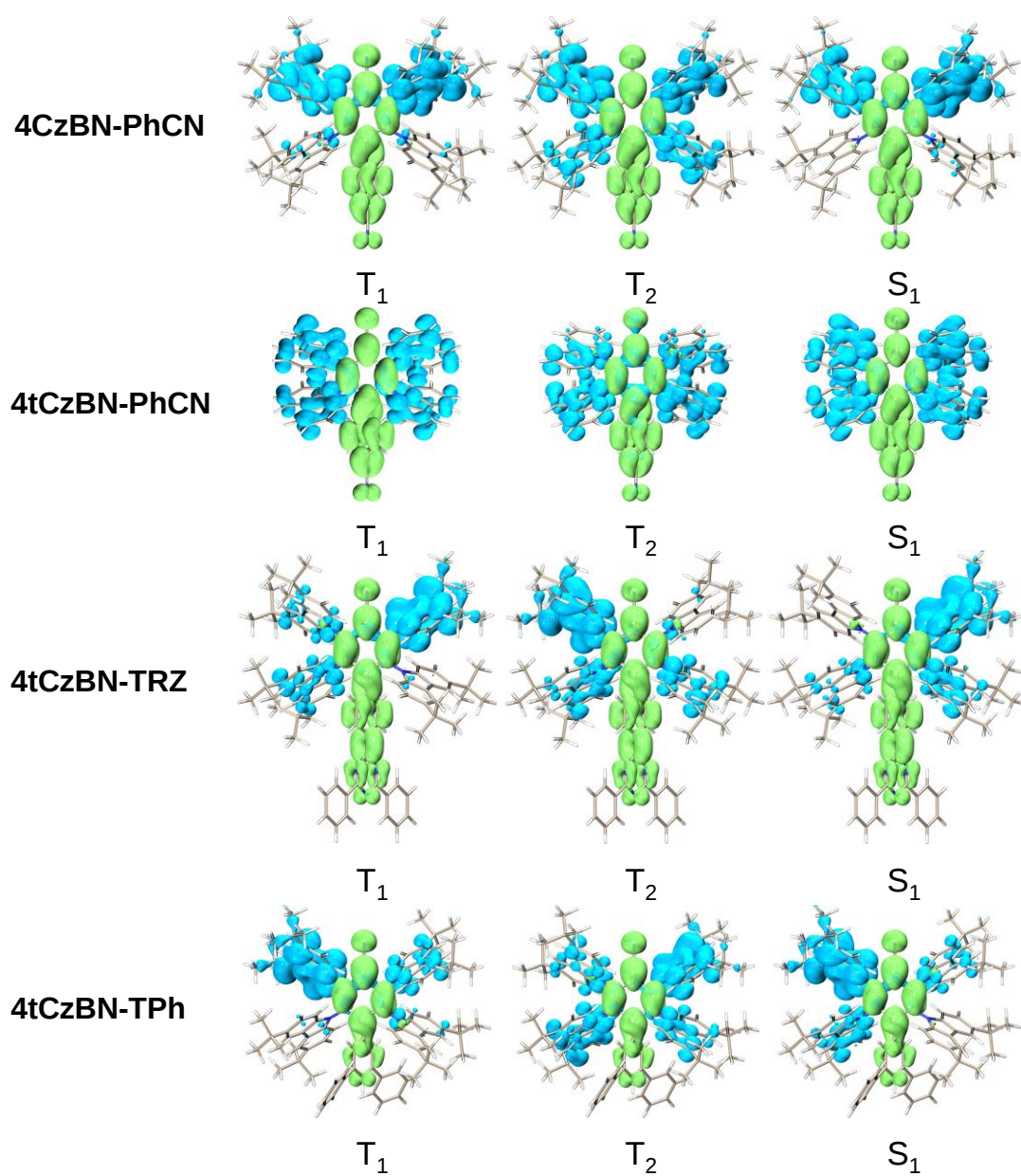
	BDE(-) / eV	BDE / eV	BDE(+) / eV	Ref.
2CzPN	3.46	3.95	4.09	5
4CzPN	3.79	5.06	4.11	6
4CzIPN	3.83	4.45	4.21	6
4CzBN	3.22	4.53	4.13	7
4tCzBN	3.46	5.16	4.41	7
4CzTPN	3.98	4.91	4.18	6
4CzTPN-Bu	4.15	5.05	4.41	6
4CzTPN-Ph	4.21	5.07	4.45	6
5CzBN	3.36	4.62	4.08	7
HDT-1	3.45	4.96	4.40	8
p4tCzPhBN	3.83	5.10	4.36	9
DACT-II	2.50	5.88	3.63	10
PCzTrz	2.58	5.28	3.83	11
PPCzTRZ	2.74	4.97	3.90	11
2PCzBN	2.35	4.80	3.80	12
2PCzBN-Ph	2.70	4.77	3.82	12
2PCzBN-tPh	2.68	4.64	3.82	12
2PCzBN-FPh	2.74	4.78	3.82	12
TpAT-tFFO	3.50	3.72	4.09	13
TDBA-DI	2.12	5.09	3.61	14
DQBC	2.52	5.01	3.64	15
TMCz-BO	2.48	4.66	3.51	16
PXZ-TRZ	2.75	6.83	5.11	17
NAI-DMAc	3.35	4.93	3.37	18
CzDBA	3.57	4.83	3.84	19
2a	2.29	5.73	3.82	20

Supplementary Table 3 Spin-orbital coupling constants for the TADF emitters

	S₁	T₁	T₂	T₃	$\Delta E_{S_1-T_1}$	$\Delta E_{S_1-T_2}$	$\Delta E_{S_1-T_3}$	λ_{SOC} (S₁-T₁) [cm⁻¹]	λ_{SOC} (S₁-T₂)	λ_{SOC} (S₁-T₃)
	[eV]									
4CzBN-PhCN	2.6438	2.5347	2.5877	2.6565	0.1091	0.0561	-0.0127	0.01	0.73	0.20
4tCzBN-PhCN	2.5514	2.4643	2.4893	2.5598	0.0871	0.0621	-0.0084	0.08	0.71	0.21
4tCzBN-TRZ	2.5751	2.4986	2.5158	2.5616	0.0765	0.0593	0.0135	0.05	0.66	0.28
4tCzBN-TPh	2.6761	2.587	2.6247	2.7014	0.0891	0.0514	-0.0253	0.36	0.60	0.40



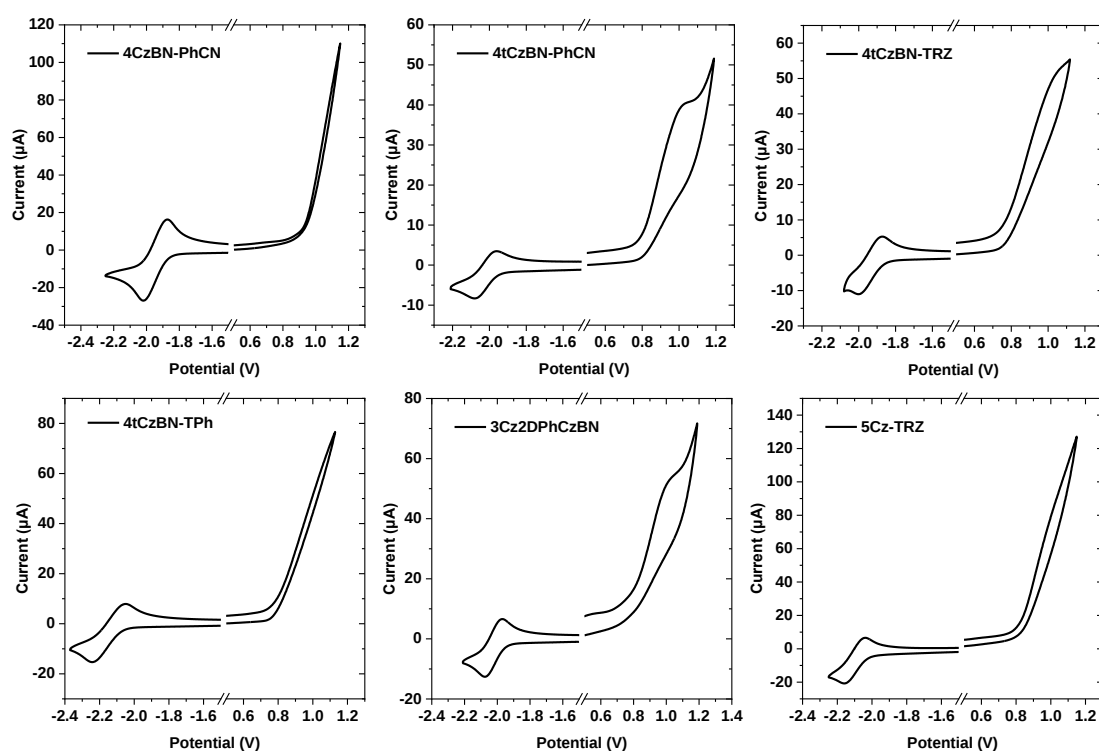
Supplementary Figure 2 HOMO and LUMO distribution of the TADF molecules.



Supplementary Figure 3 Hole-electron analysis of the TADF molecules (Blue isovalue surface for hole distribution and green isovalue surface for electron distribution).

S3. Electrochemical properties

The electrochemical measurements were performed with a Potentiostat/Galvanostat Model 283 (Princeton Applied Research) electrochemical workstation by using Pt as the working electrode, platinum wire as the auxiliary electrode, and an Ag wire as the reference electrode standardized against ferrocene/ferrocenium. The oxidation potentials were measured in dichloromethane (CH_2Cl_2) solution containing 0.1 M $n\text{-Bu}_4\text{NPF}_6$ as the supporting electrolyte at a scan rate of 100 mV s^{-1} . The reduction potentials were measured in N, N-Dimethylformamide (DMF) solution containing 0.1 M $n\text{-Bu}_4\text{NClO}_4$ as the supporting electrolyte at a scan rate of 100 mV s^{-1} .

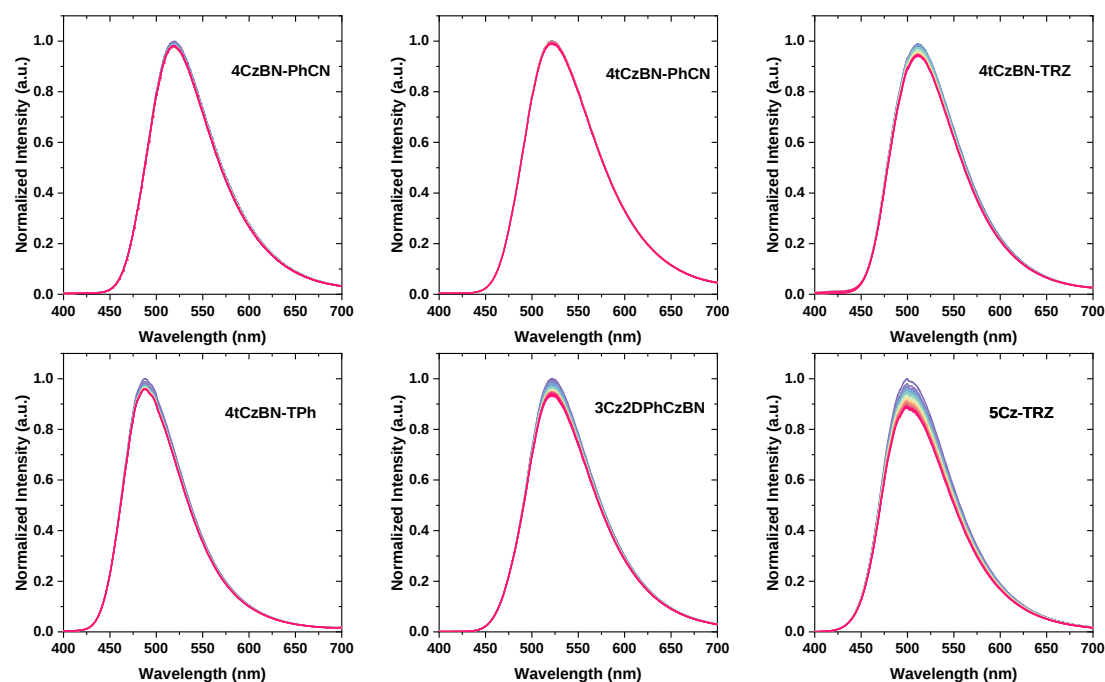


Supplementary Figure 4 CV curves of the TADF emitters

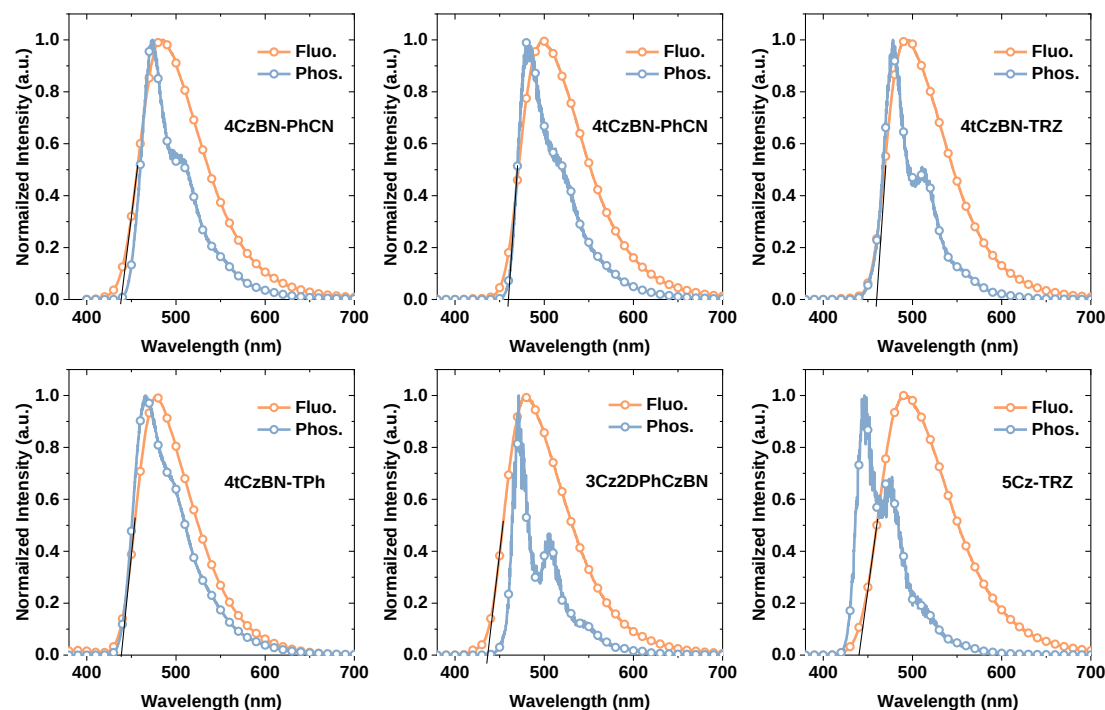
Supplementary Table 4 HOMO, LUMO and E_g of the TADF emitters.

	HOMO [eV]	LUMO [eV]	E_g [eV]
4CzBN-PhCN	-5.90	-2.81	3.09
4tCzBN-PhCN	-5.68	-2.73	2.95
4tCzBN-TRZ	-5.68	-2.74	2.94
4tCzBN-TPh	-5.71	-2.53	2.98

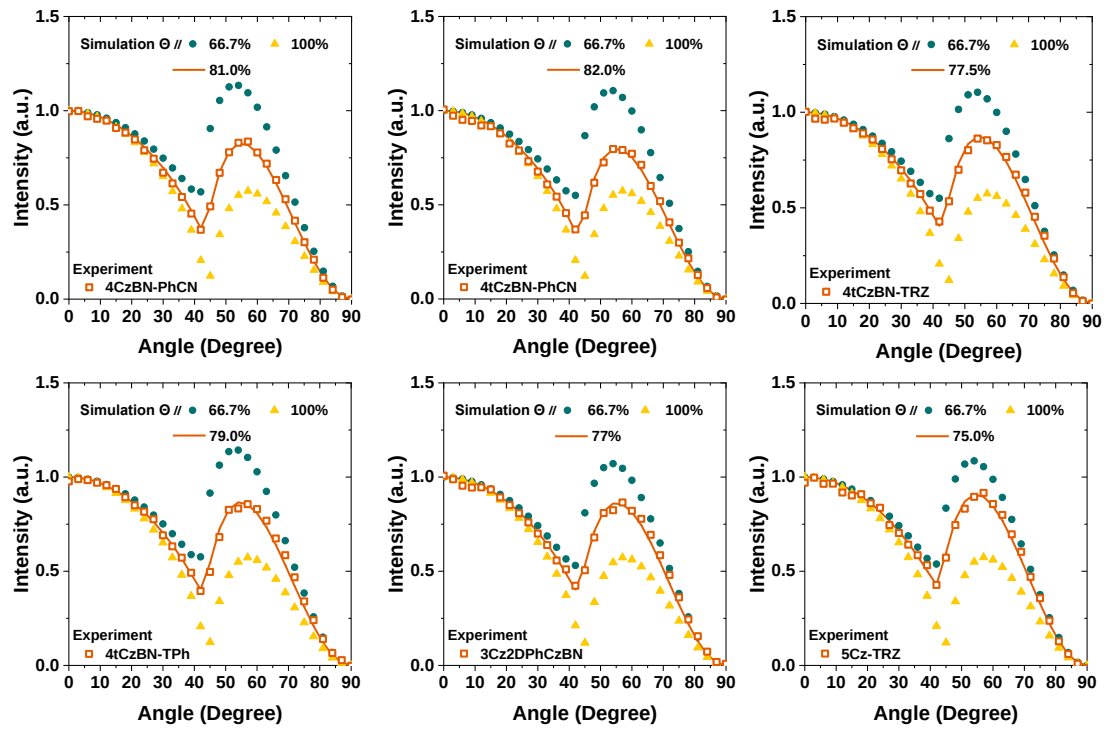
S4. Photophysical properties



Supplementary Figure 5 Photo-degradation spectra of the TADF-emitters.

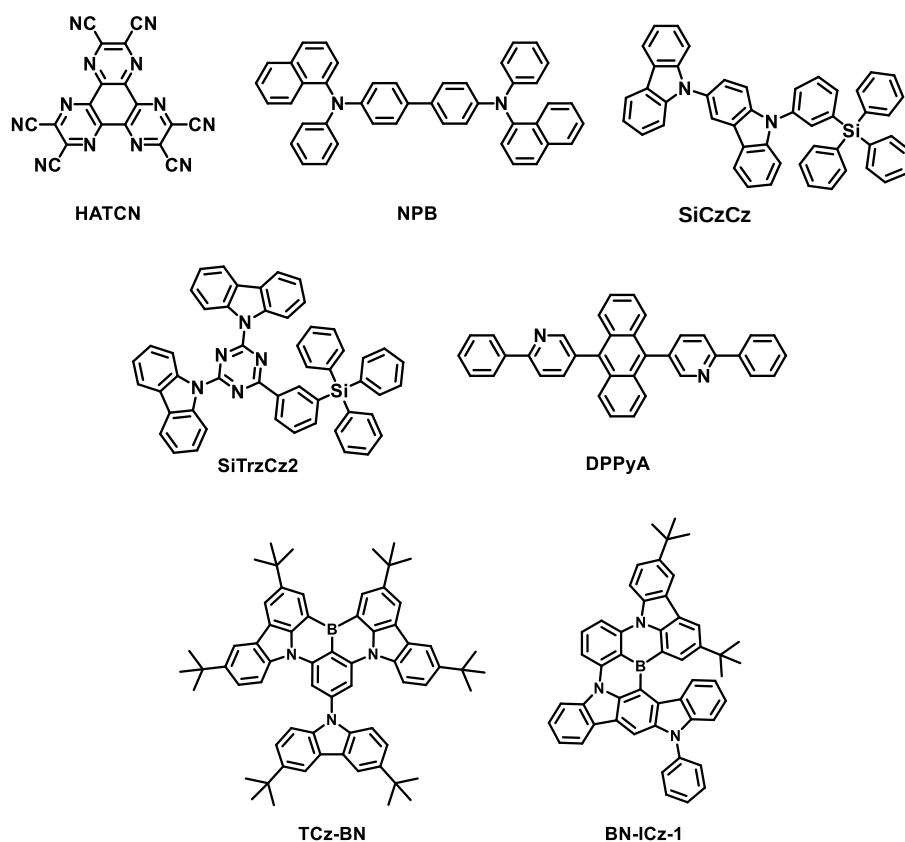


Supplementary Figure 6 Fluorescence and phosphorescence spectra of the TADF-emitters.

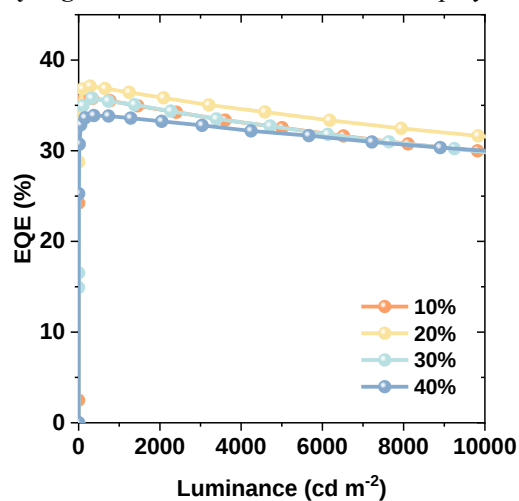


Supplementary Figure 7 Angle-dependent PL spectra of the TADF emitters doped in SiCzCz: SiTrzCz2 films.

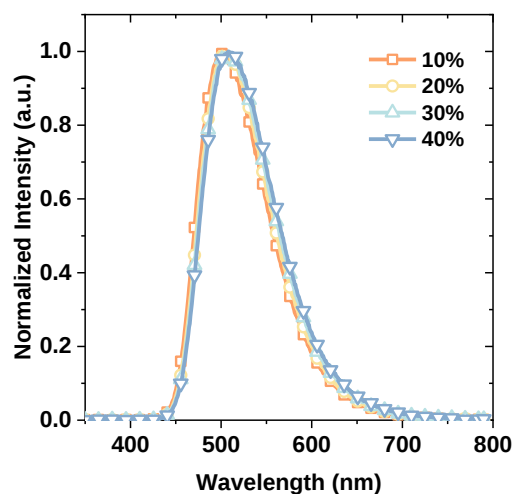
S5. Device performance



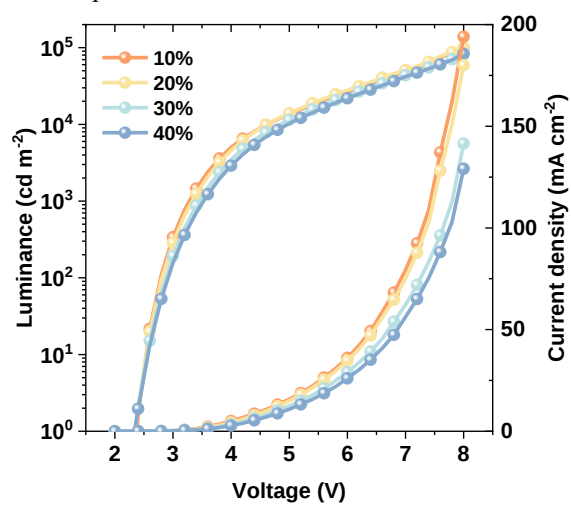
Supplementary Figure 8 The functional materials employed in the devices.



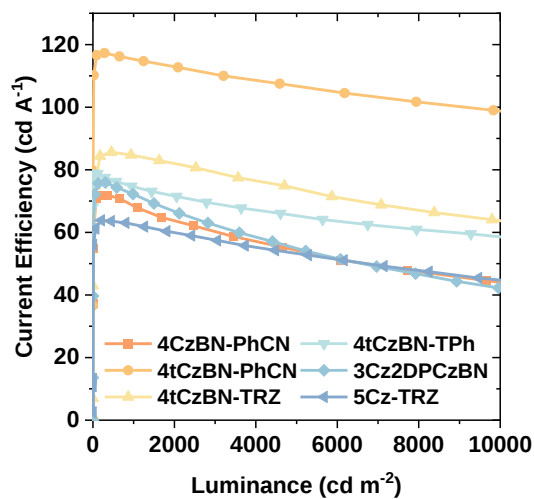
Supplementary Figure 9 EQE-luminance characteristics of 4tCzBN-PhCN devices with different doping concentration.



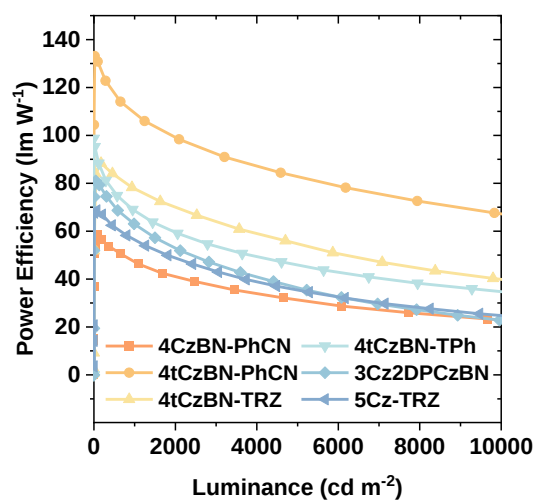
Supplementary Figure 10 EL spectra of 4tCzBN-PhCN devices with different doping concentration.



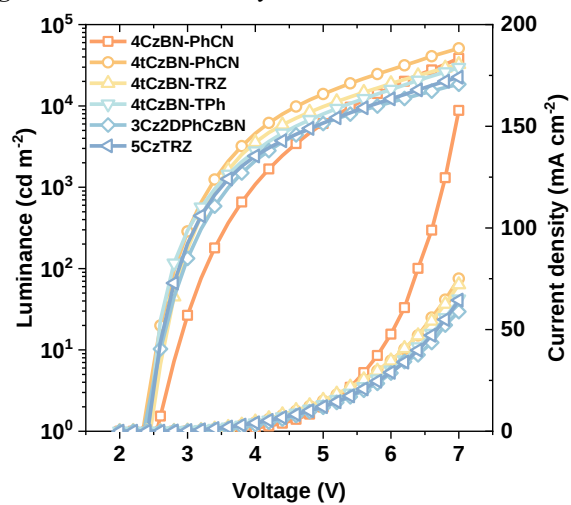
Supplementary Figure 11 J-V-L characteristics of 4tCzBN-PhCN devices with different doping concentration.



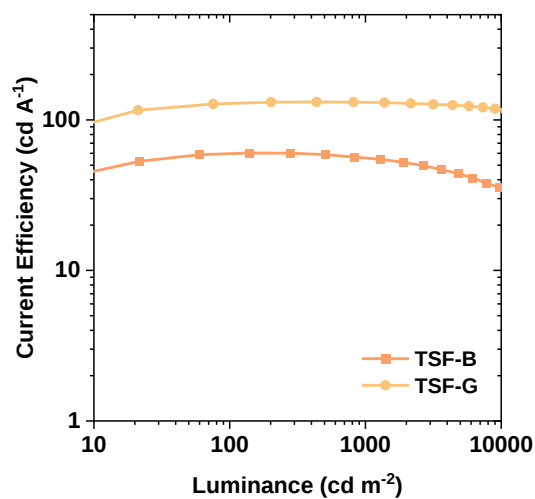
Supplementary Figure 12 Current efficiency-luminance characteristics of the TADF-devices.



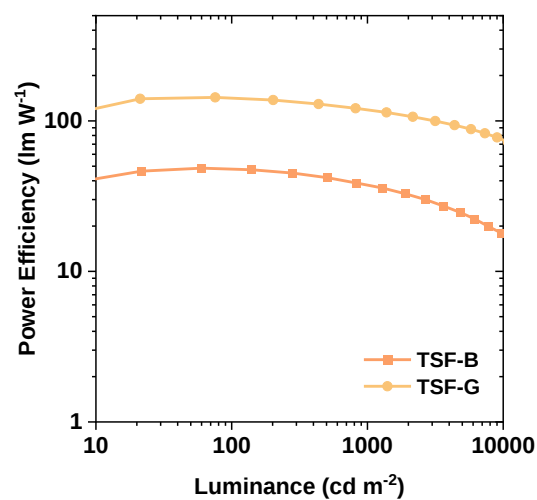
Supplementary Figure 13 Power efficiency-luminance characteristics of the TADF-devices.



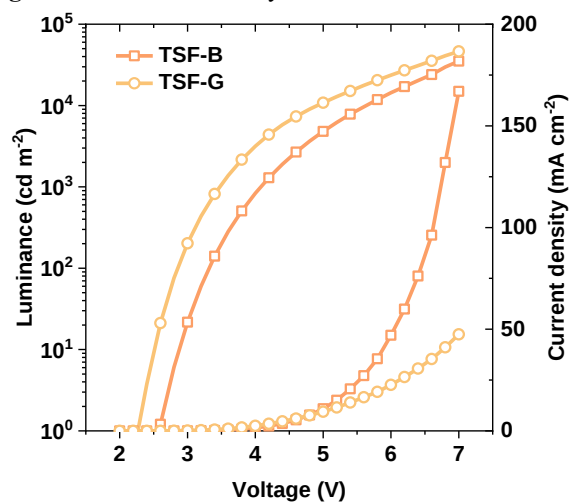
Supplementary Figure 14 J-V-L characteristics of the TADF-devices.



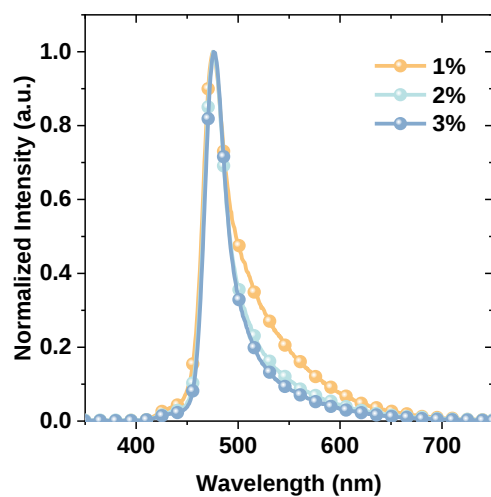
Supplementary Figure 15 Current efficiency-luminance characteristics of the TSF-devices.



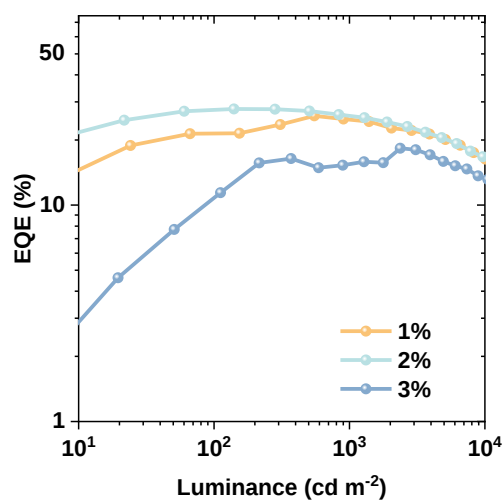
Supplementary Figure 16 Power efficiency-luminance characteristics of the TSF-devices.



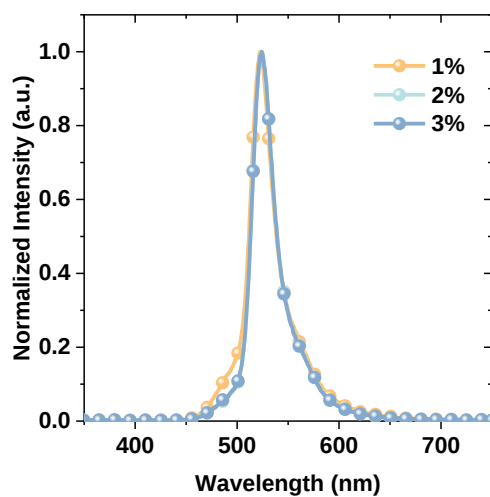
Supplementary Figure 17 J-V-L characteristics of the TSF-devices.



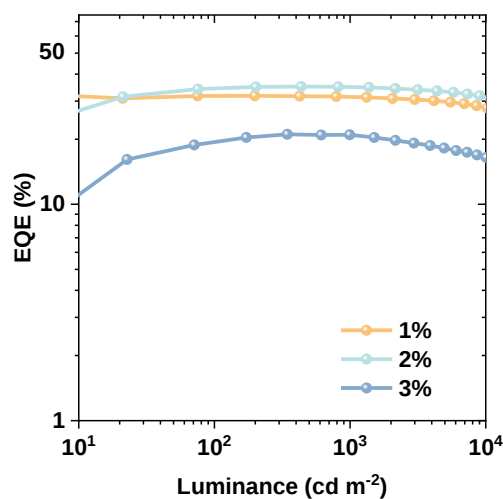
Supplementary Figure 18 EL spectra of TSF-B devices with different MR-emitter doping concentration.



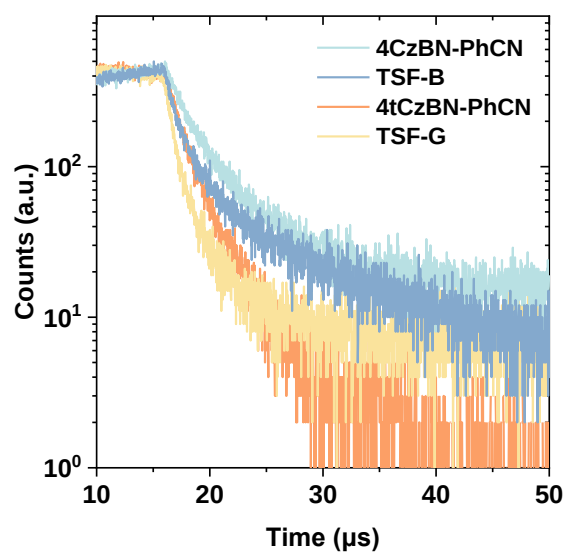
Supplementary Figure 19 EQE-luminance characteristics of TSF-B devices with different MR-emitter doping concentration.



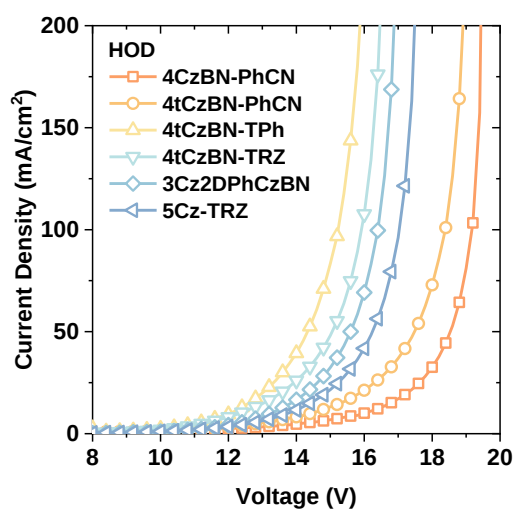
Supplementary Figure 20 EL spectra of TSF-G devices with different MR-emitter doping concentration.



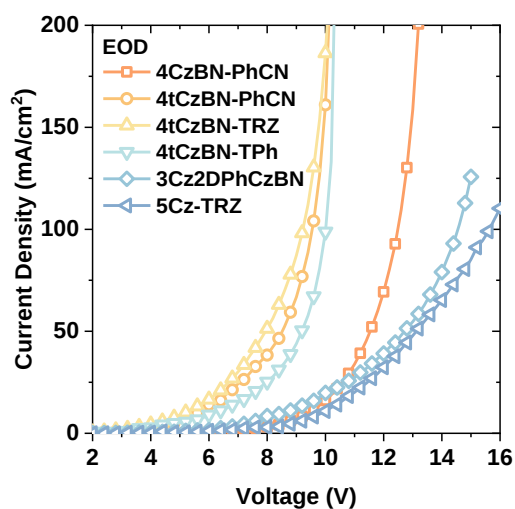
Supplementary Figure 21 EQE-luminance characteristics of TSF-G devices with different MR-emitter doping concentration.



Supplementary Figure 22 Transient electroluminescence decay curves of the TADF and TSF-devices.



Supplementary Figure 23 J-V-L characteristics of the hole-only devices.



Supplementary Figure 24 J-V-L characteristics of the electron-only devices.

Supplementary Table 5 Summarized CIE_y /LT95 of blue and green TADF/TSF-OLEDs with considerable device operating lifetime.

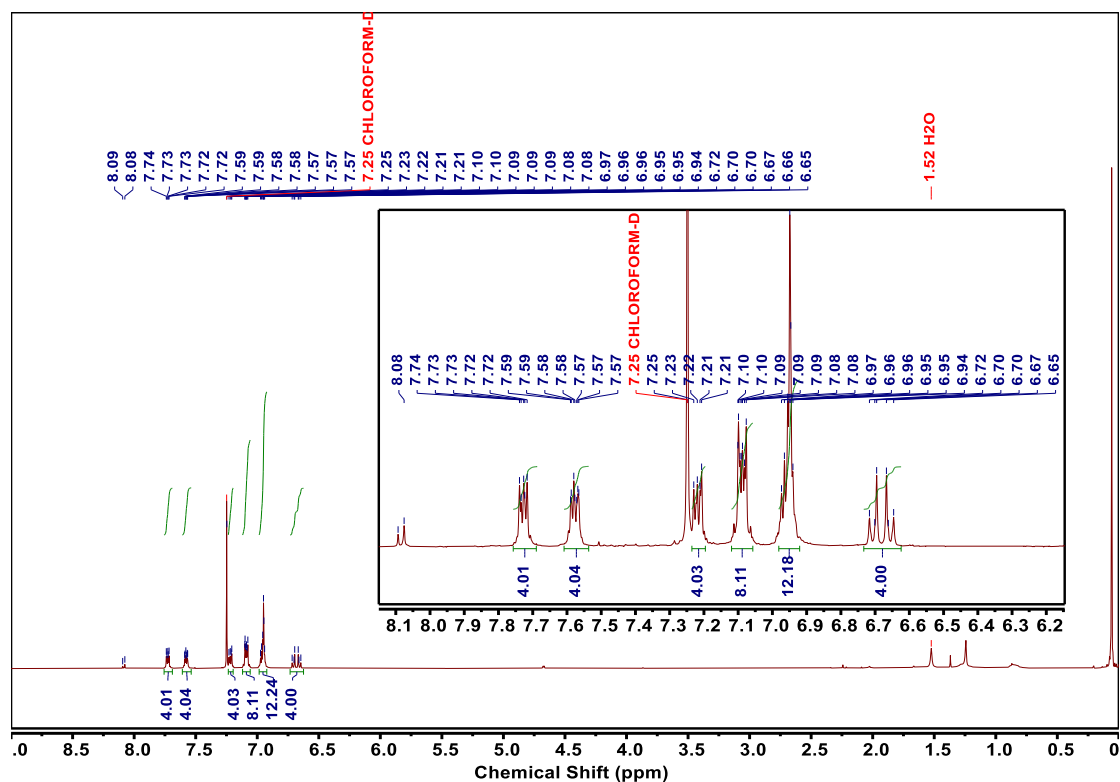
	LT95 @1000 cd m⁻² (h)	CIE_y	Ref.
TSF-B	460	0.27	This work
TSF-G	2469	0.71	This work
p4tCzPhBN	~9	0.12	9
HDT-1 (Tandem)	~20	0.16	8
HDT-1 (Single Emission Layer)	~12	0.2	8
PPCzTrz (Top Emission)	~6	0.17	11
3Ph2CzCzBN	~10	0.36	21
5tCzBN	~20	0.4	7
3Cz2DPhCzBN	~210	0.44	22
ICBNTrz3	~220	0.54	23
4CzIPN	1315	0.58	24
tPhBODIPY	~100	0.66	25

S6. X-ray structural analysis

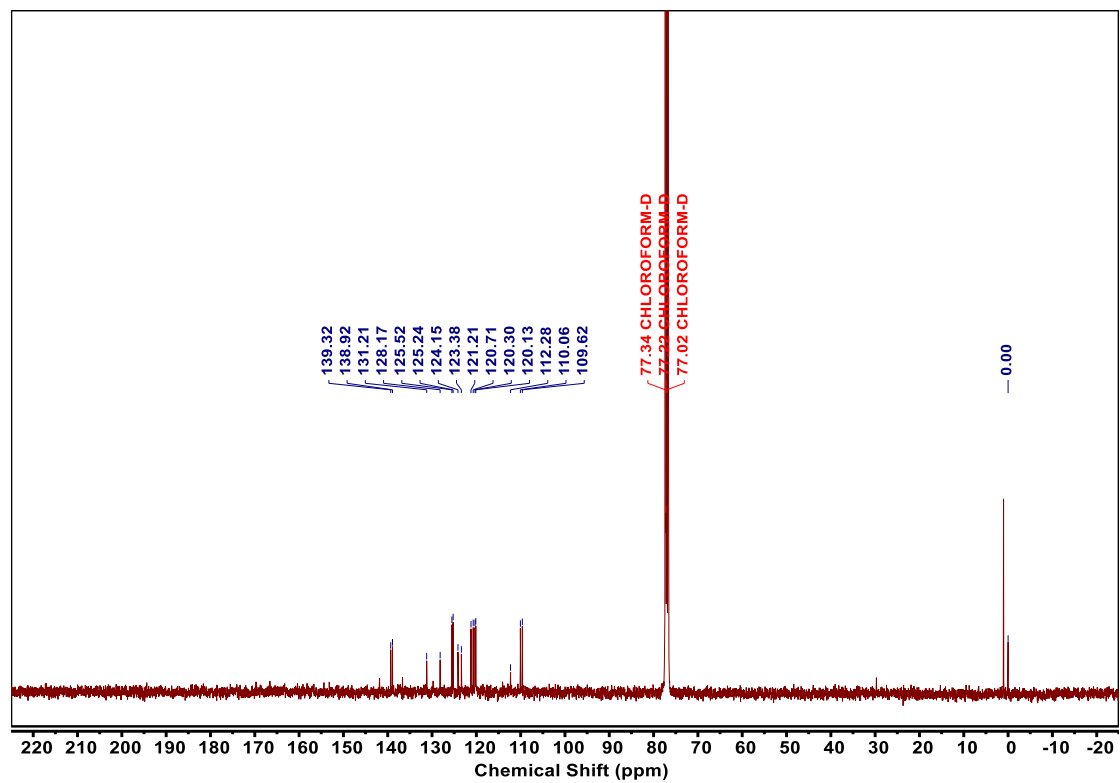
Supplementary Table 6 X-ray structural information of the TADF materials.

	4CzBN-PhCN	4tCzBN-PhCN	4tCzBN-TRZ	4tCzBN-TPh
CCDC Number	2232729	2232730	2232731	2232732
Empirical formula	C ₆₂ H ₃₆ N ₆	C ₉₄ H ₁₀₀ N ₆	2(C ₁₀₈ H ₁₁₀ N ₈)	C ₁₀₅ H ₁₀₉ N ₅
Formula weight	864.97	1313.81	3040.07	1440.97
Crystal system	Monoclinic	Triclinic	Triclinic	Monoclinic
<i>T</i> (K)	170	173	293	293
space group	P21/c	P-1	P-1	I2/a
<i>a</i>/Å	12.3683(2)	11.3892(4)	17.5848(4)	22.3924(3)
<i>b</i>/Å	9.5383(2)	15.5799(6)	18.0059(4)	20.2088(2)
<i>c</i>/Å	37.6166(12)	23.4822(10)	33.6335(7)	21.9560(2)
<i>α</i>/°	90	100.858(3)	87.395(2)	90
<i>β</i>/°	95.220(2)	91.212(3)	84.576(2)	105.202(1)
<i>γ</i>/°	90	99.560(3)	64.102(2)	90
<i>V</i>/Å³	4419.32(18)	4029.4(3)	9536.9(4)	9587.93(19)
<i>Z</i>	4	2	2	4
density, g/cm³	1.300	1.083	1.059	0.998
<i>F</i> (000)	1800	1412.0	3256.0	3096.0
<i>h,k,l</i>_{max}	14,10,42	14,19,29	22,22,42	25,22,24
<i>N</i>_{ref}	6708	16004	38047	7358
<i>μ</i> (mm⁻¹)	0.601	0.474	0.468	0.433
<i>R</i>1 (all data)	0.0727(5521)	0.0590(13055)	0.0850(29423)	0.0427(6528)
<i>wR</i>2 (all data)	0.2122(6708)	0.1765(16004)	0.2642(38047)	0.1196(7358)

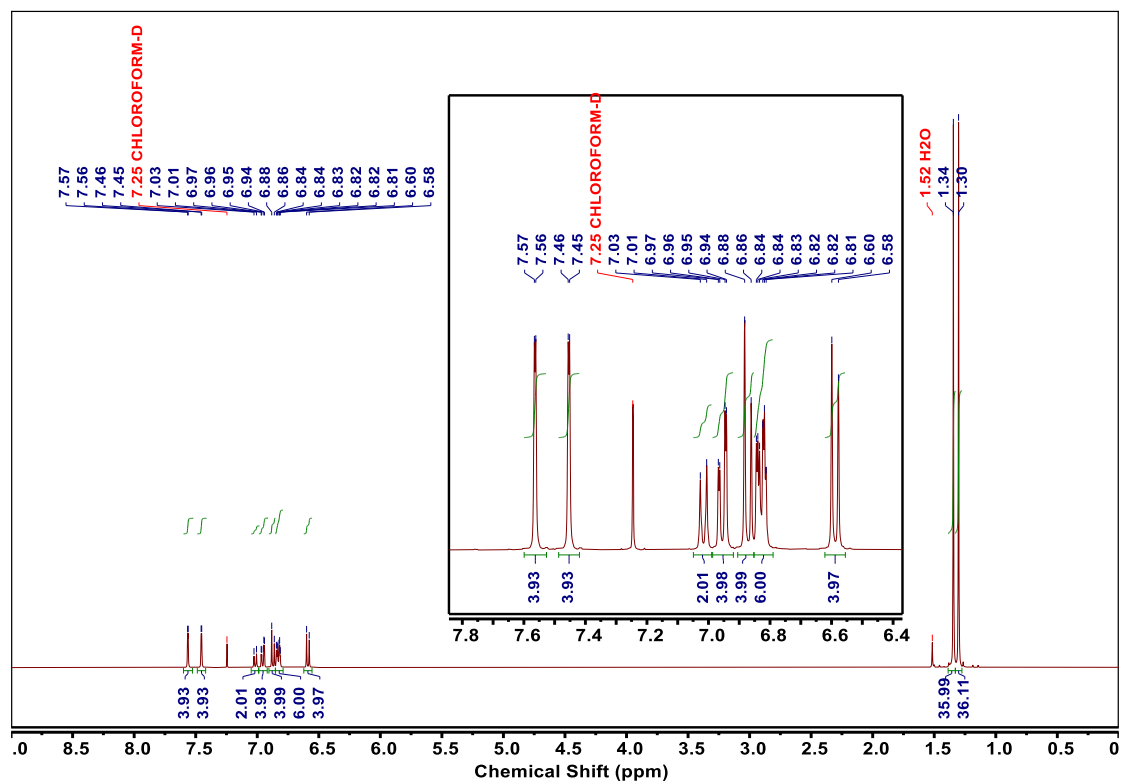
S7. NMR and MALDI-TOF-MS spectra



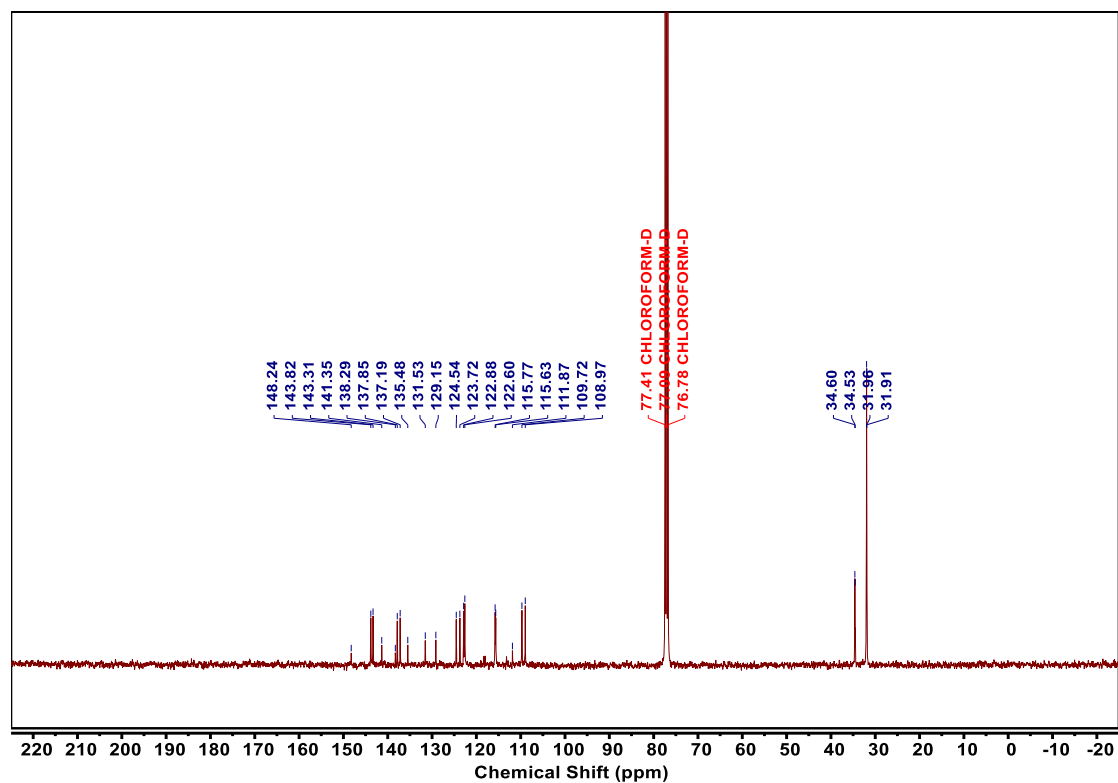
Supplementary Figure 25 ¹H NMR of 4CzBN-PhCN



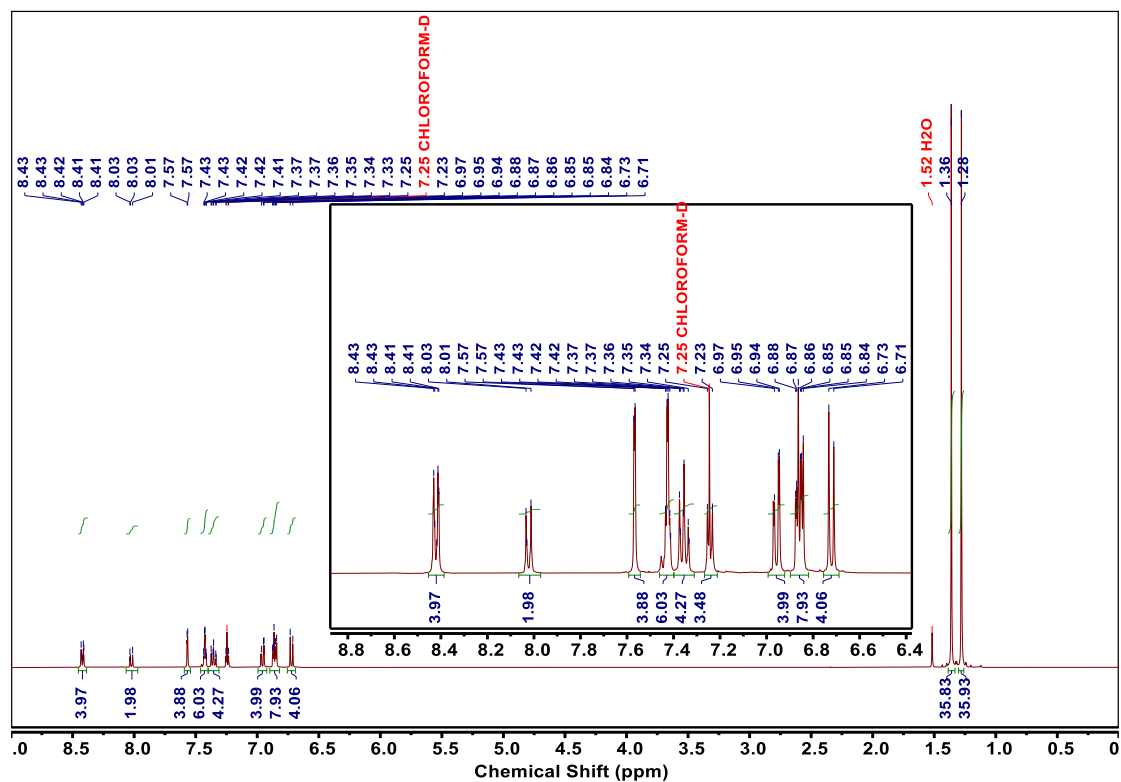
Supplementary Figure 26 ¹³C NMR of 4CzBN-PhCN



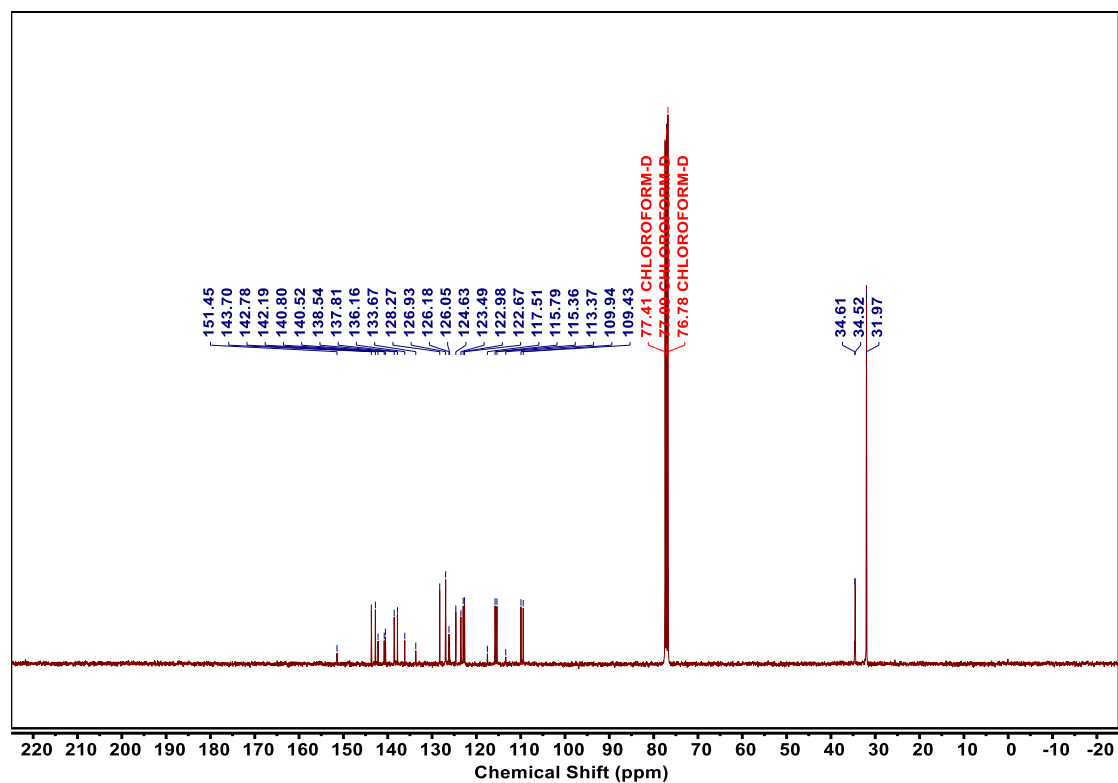
Supplementary Figure 27 ¹H NMR of 4tCzBN-PhCN



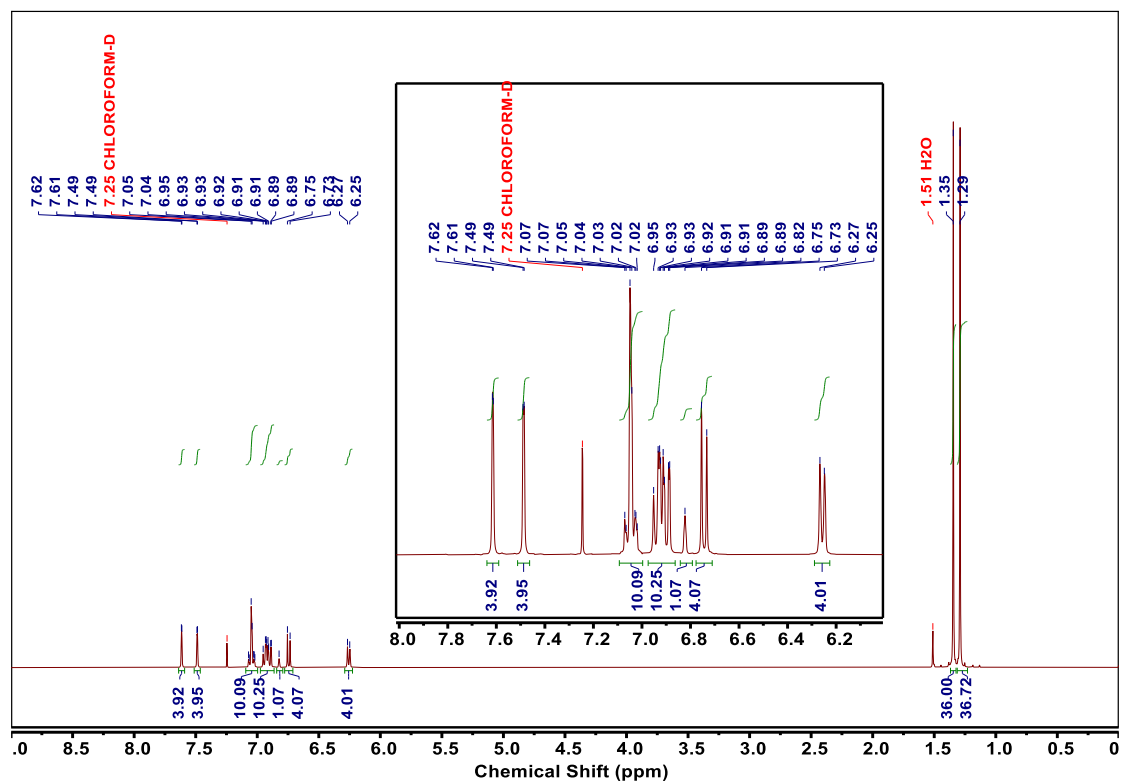
Supplementary Figure 28 ¹³C NMR of 4tCzBN-PhCN



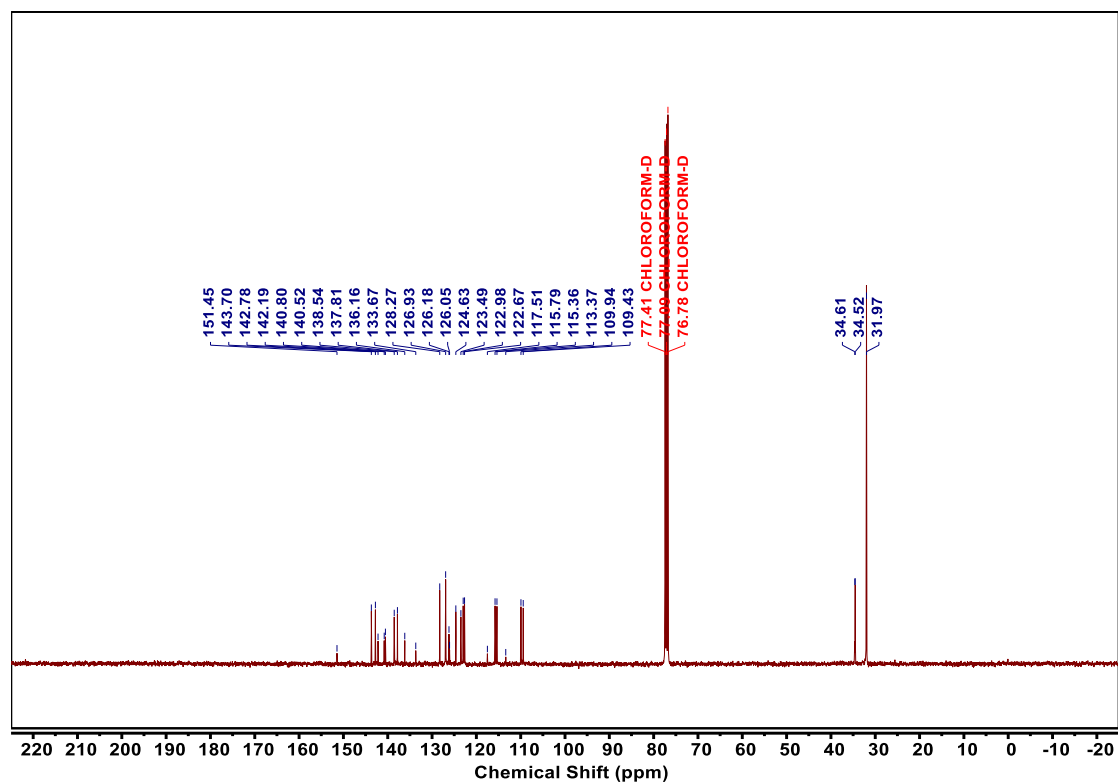
Supplementary Figure 29 ¹H NMR of 4tCzBN-TRZ



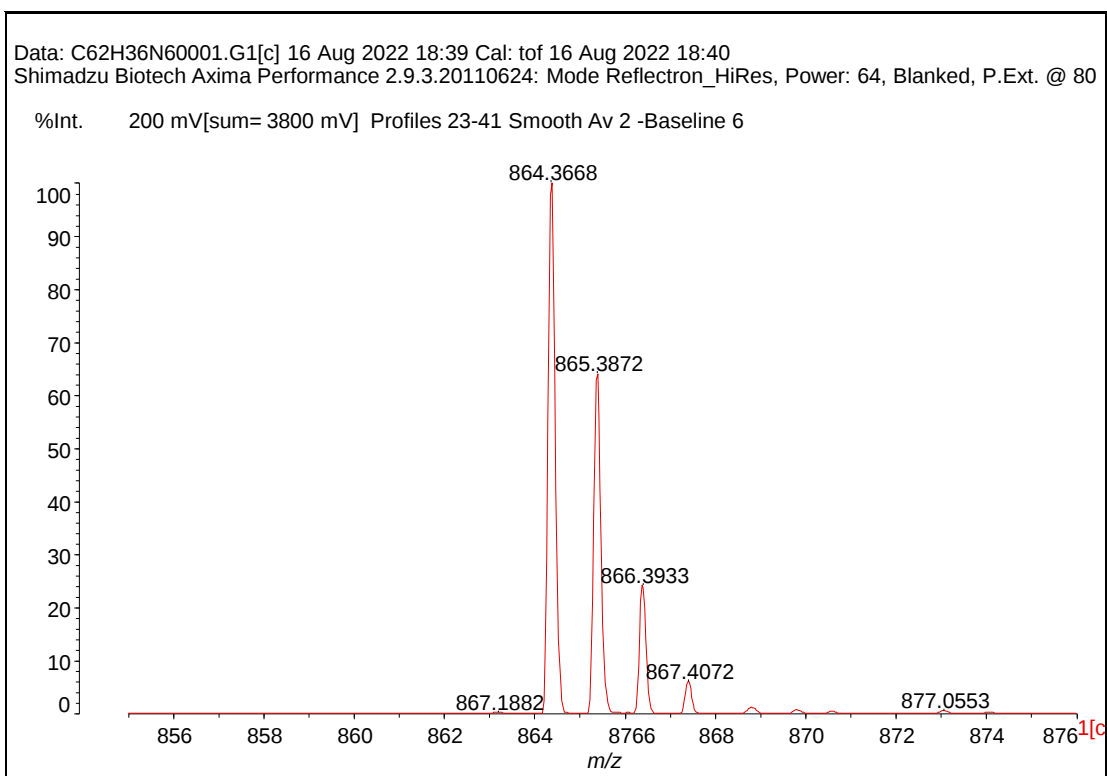
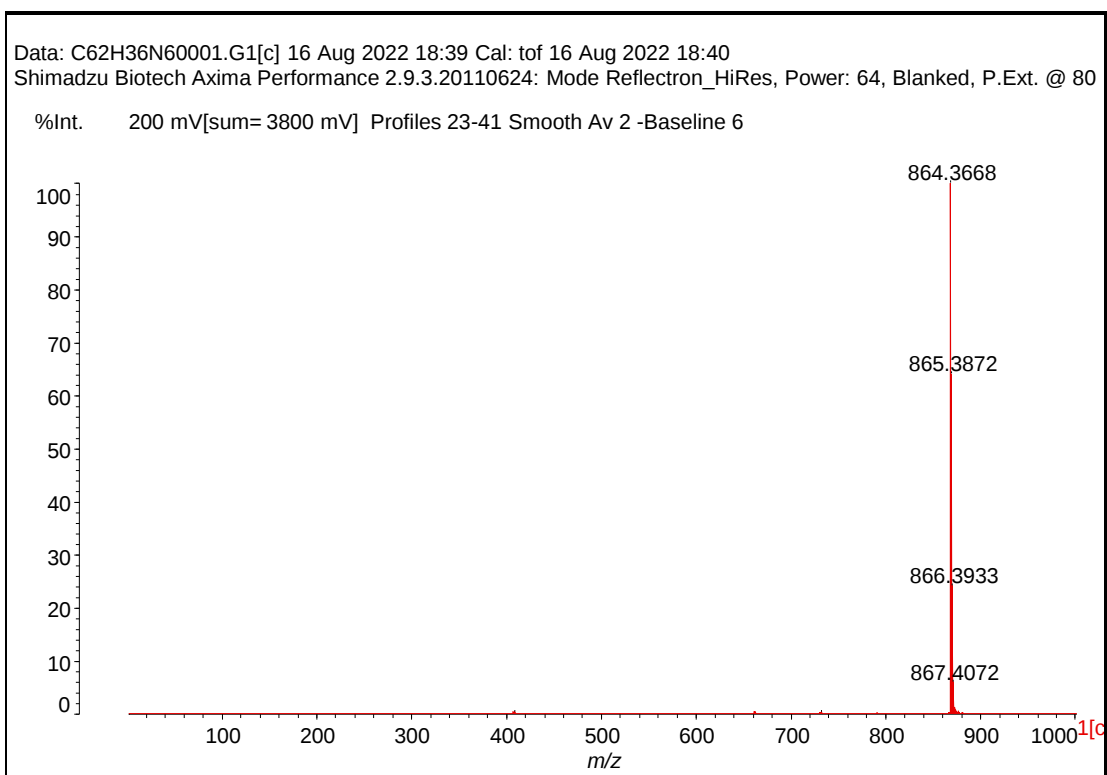
Supplementary Figure 30 ¹³C NMR of 4tCzBN-TRZ



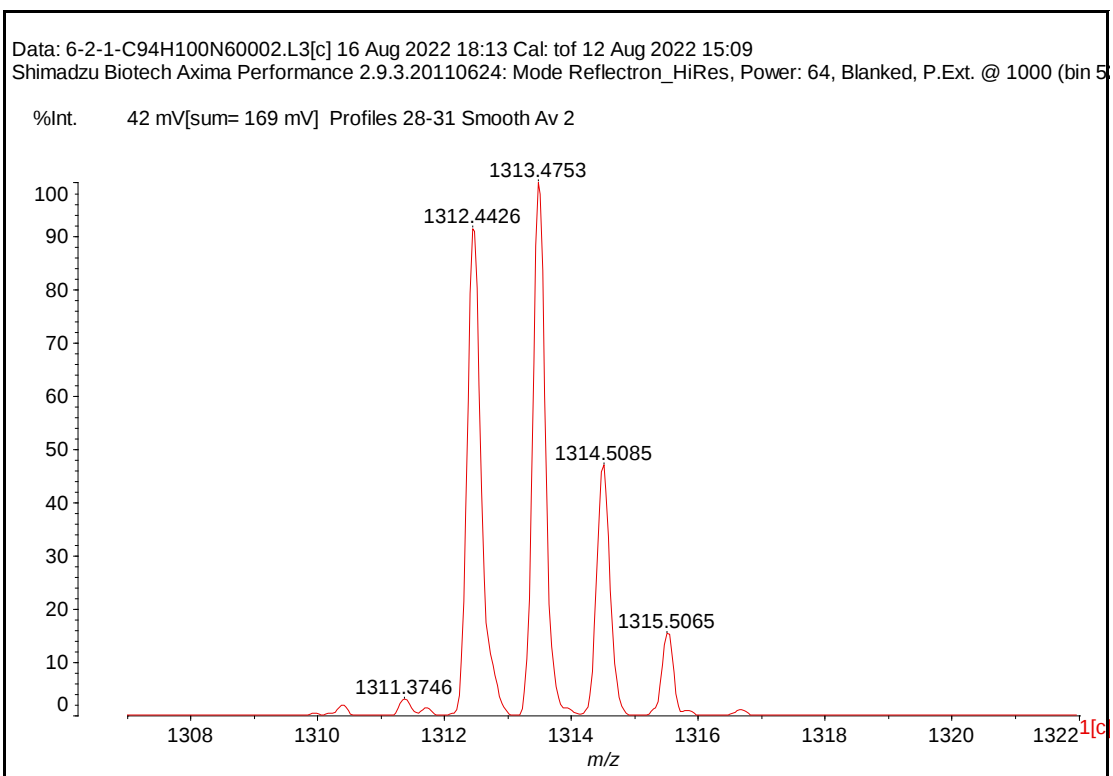
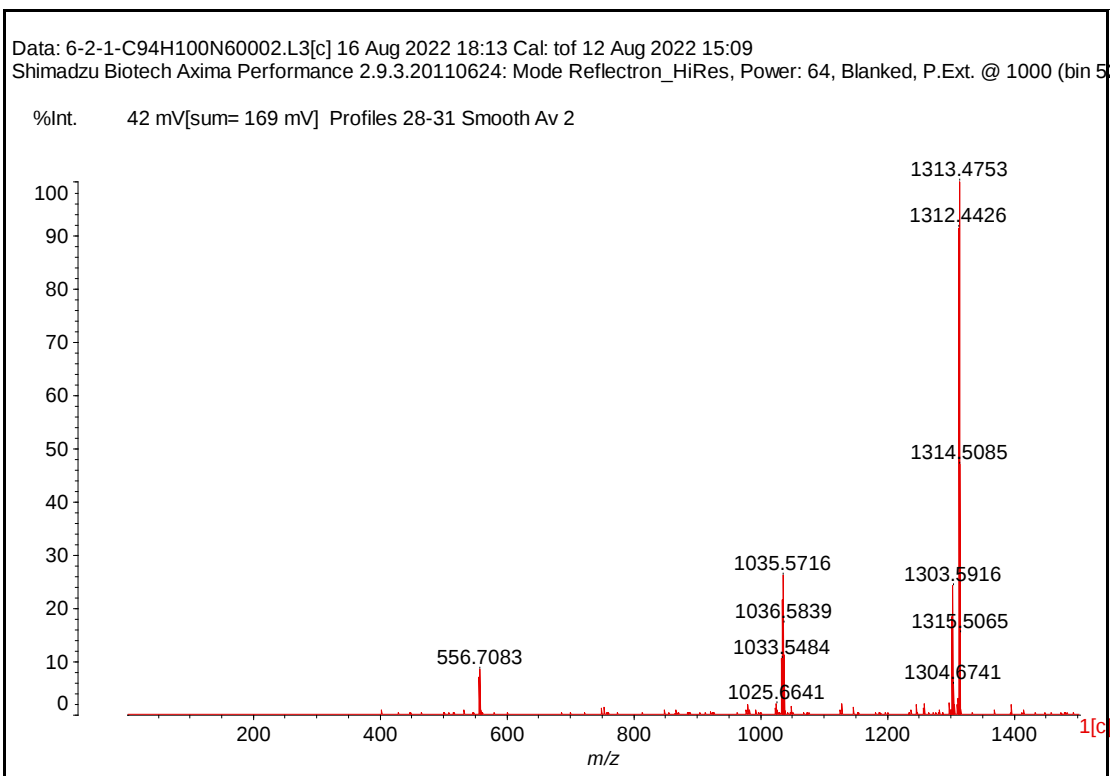
Supplementary Figure 31 ¹H NMR of 4tCzBN-TPh



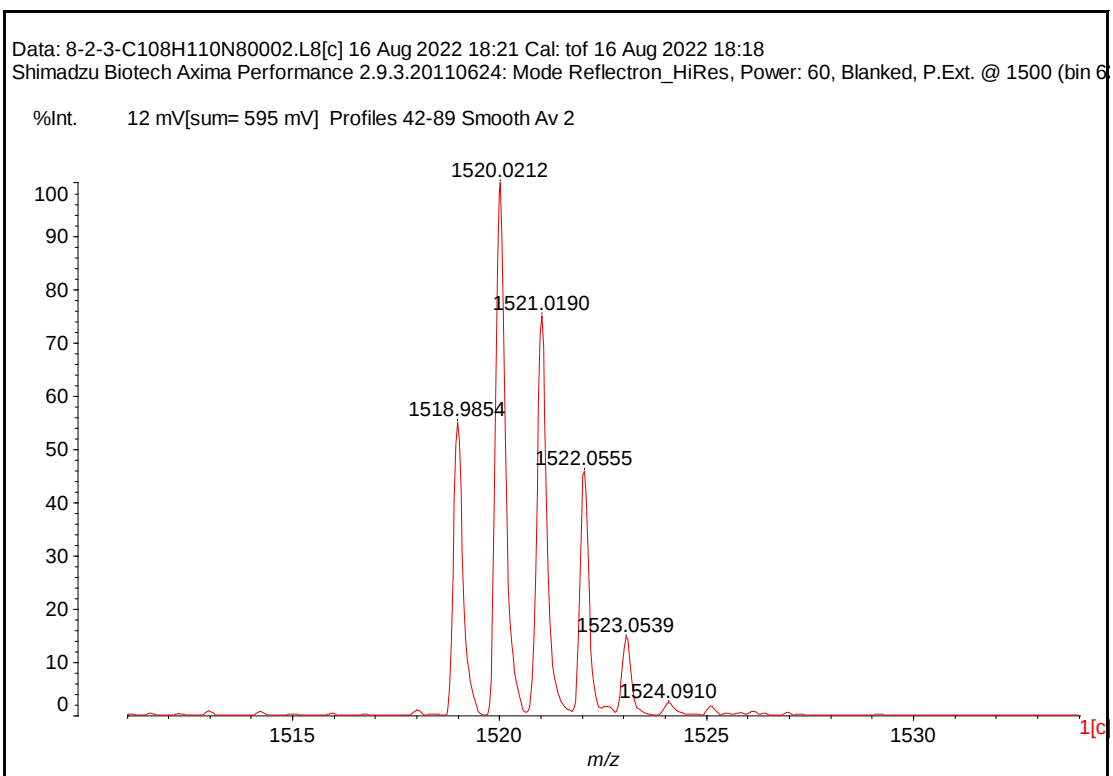
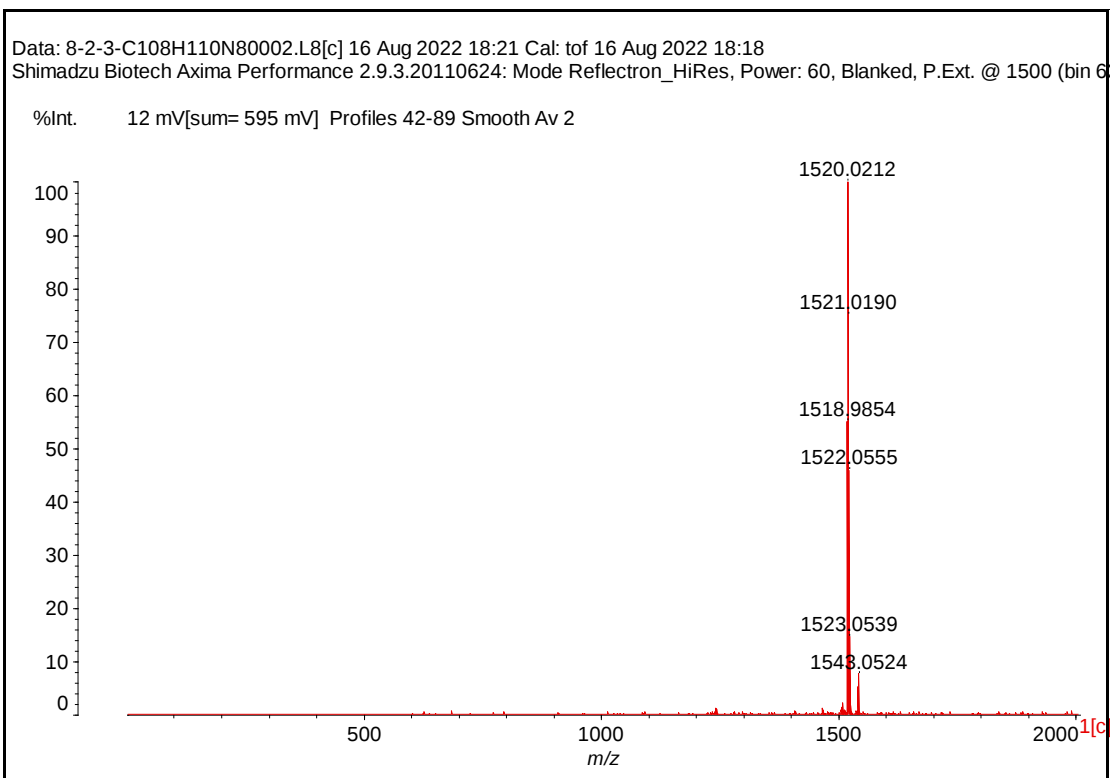
Supplementary Figure 32 ¹³C NMR of 4tCzBN-TPh



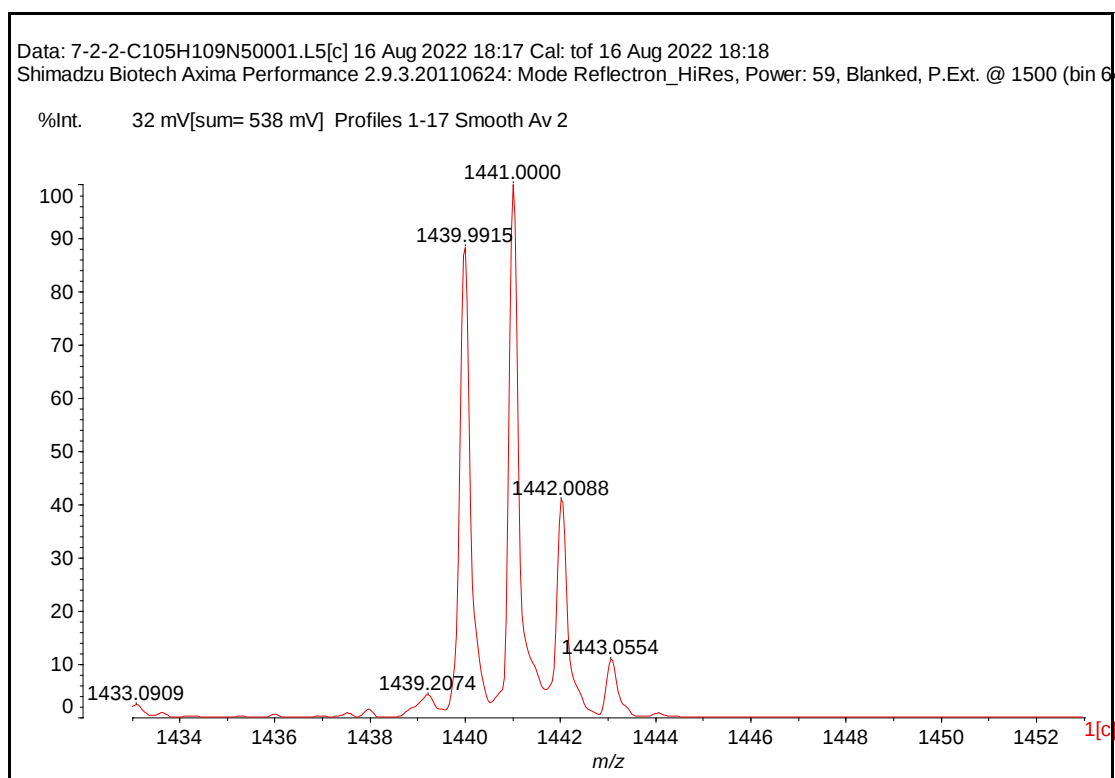
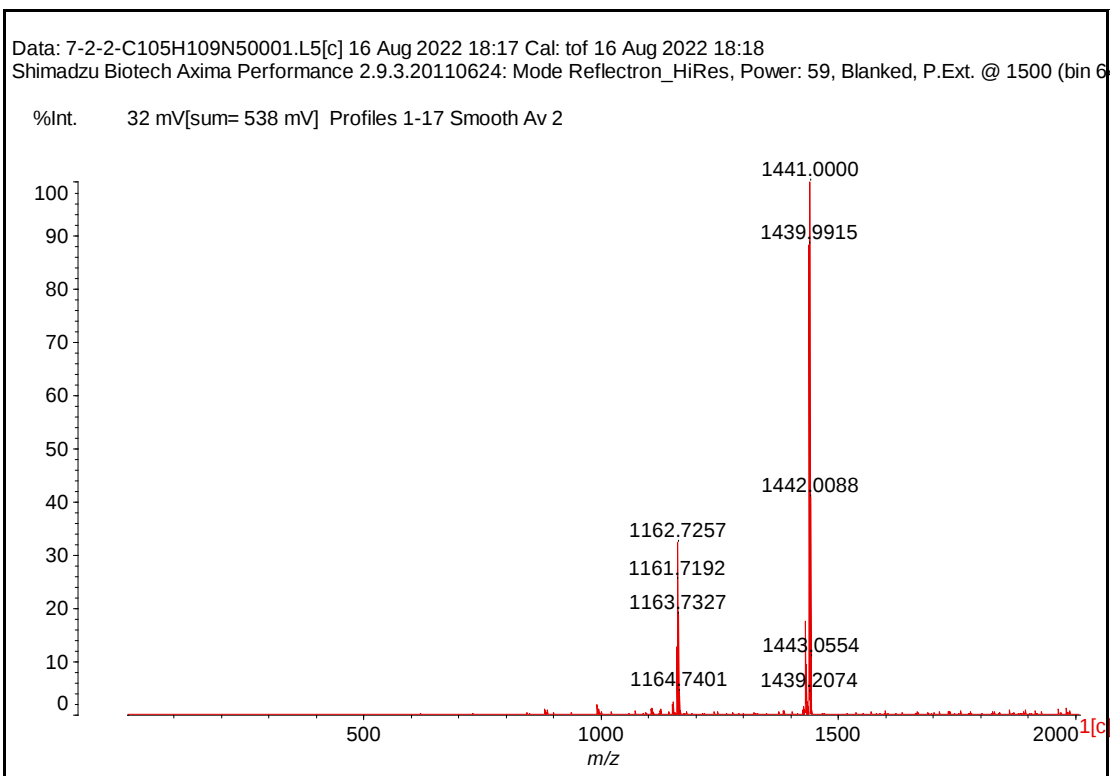
Supplementary Figure 33 MALDI-TOF-MS of 4CzBN-PhCN



Supplementary Figure 34 MALDI-TOF-MS of 4tCzBN-PhCN



Supplementary Figure 35 MALDI-TOF-MS of 4tCzBN-TRZ



Supplementary Figure 36 MALDI-TOF-MS of 4tCzBN-TPh

S8. References

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