

A specific dispiropiperazine derivative that arrests cell cycle, induces apoptosis, necrosis and DNA damage

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Supplementary Information

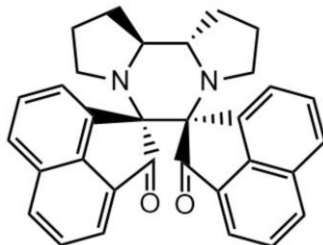
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1. Characterization of SPOPP-3 (1) and SPOPP-5 (2).

Spiro[2',3]-bis(acenaphthene-1'-one)perhydrodipyrrolo-[1,2-a:1,2-d]-pyrazine (SPOPP-3, **1**) and Spiro[2',5]-bis(acenaphthene-1'-one)perhydrodipyrrolo-[1,2-a:1,2-d]-pyrazine (SPOPP-5, **2**) were synthesized as described in the Materials and Methods section.

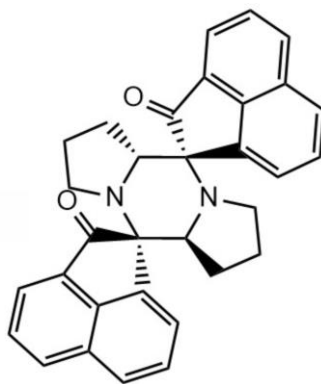
SPOPP-3 (1)



Orange powder; $R_f = 0.33$ (1 Ethyl acetate: 9 hexanes, ran twice); **LRESI-MS** $[M+H]^+$ m/z of 471 **1H -NMR** ($CDCl_3$, 600 MHz) $\delta = 7.67$ (app d, $J = 8.1$ Hz, 2H), 7.65 (app d, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 2H), 7.47 (app d, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 2H), 7.43 (app t, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 7.39 (d, $J = 8.2$ Hz, 2H), 7.18 (app t, $J = 7.7$ Hz, 2H), 3.91-3.86 (m, 2H), 2.60 (td, $J = 8.6, 2.9$ Hz, 2H), 2.17-2.13 (m, 2H), 2.01-1.95 (m, 2H), 1.82-1.75 (m, 2H), 1.73-1.67 (m, 2H), 1.64-1.57 ppm (m, 4H); **^{13}C -NMR** ($CDCl_3$, 125 MHz) $\delta = 207.3, 141.4, 136.9, 134.1, 130.8, 130.2, 127.9, 127.7, 124.8, 123.3, 119.4, 72.3, 60.5, 47.6, 27.9, 21.3$ ppm.

This is a known compound and our data is consistent with the published data of the compound.¹

SPOPP-5 (2)



$C_{32}H_{26}N_2O_2$: Yellow powder, $R = 0.53$ (1 ethyl acetate: 9 hexanes, resolved twice on the same TLC); **LRESI-MS** $[M+H]^+$ m/z of 471. **1H -NMR** ($CDCl_3$, 400 MHz) $\delta = 8.16$ -8.13 (m, 4H), 7.97-7.86 (m, 4H), 7.75 (m, 4H), 4.88 (dd, $J = 8.4, 5.7$ Hz, 2H), 2.58-2.36 (m, 4H), 1.62-1.30 (m, 6H), 0.66-0.49 ppm (m, 2H). **^{13}C -NMR** ($CDCl_3$, 100 MHz) $\delta = 208.4, 141.5, 140.4, 131.8, 131.3, 129.9, 128.3, 127.6, 124.0, 121.2, 120.2, 74.6, 60.3, 45.7, 24.4, 24.4$ ppm.

2. Supplementary Figures.

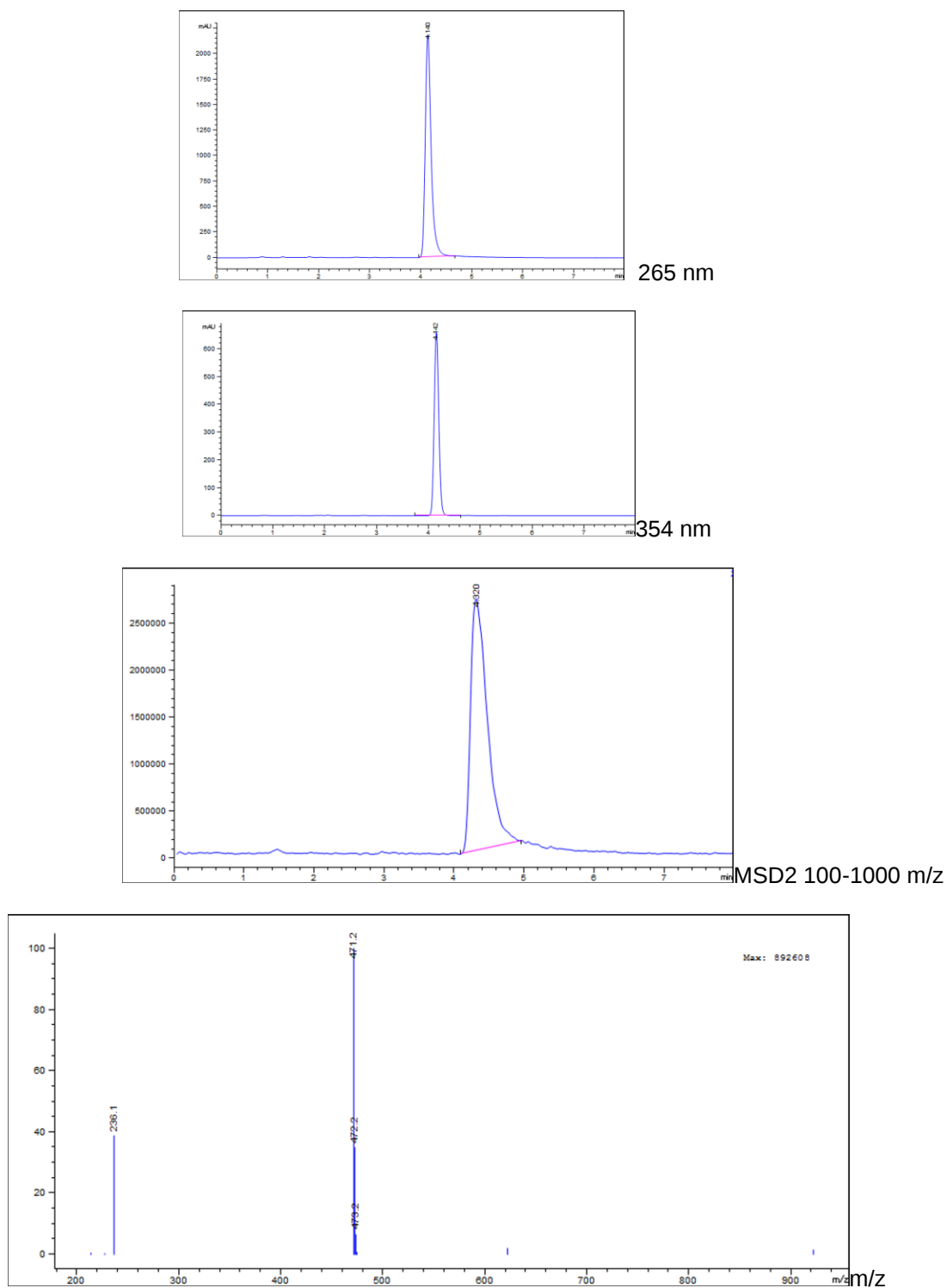


Figure S1: HPLC-chromatogram (265 and 354 nm), and MS-spectra of SPOPP-3 (**1**). The ESIMS spectrum exhibited a $[M + H]^+$ peak at $m/z = 471.2$.

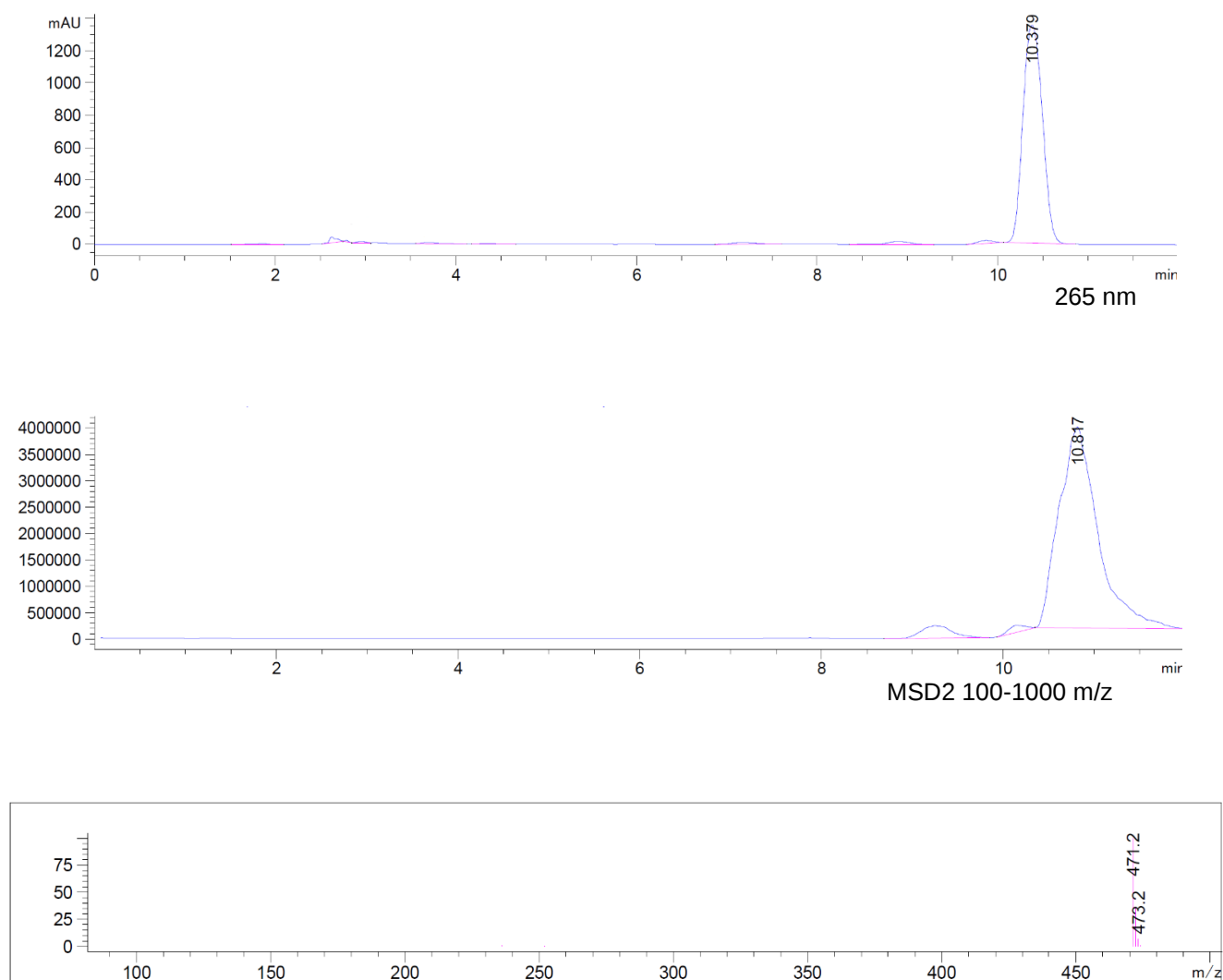


Figure S2: HPLC-chromatogram (265 nm), and MS-spectra of SPOPP-5 (**2**). The ESIMS spectrum exhibited a $[M + H]^+$ peak at $m/z = 471.2$.

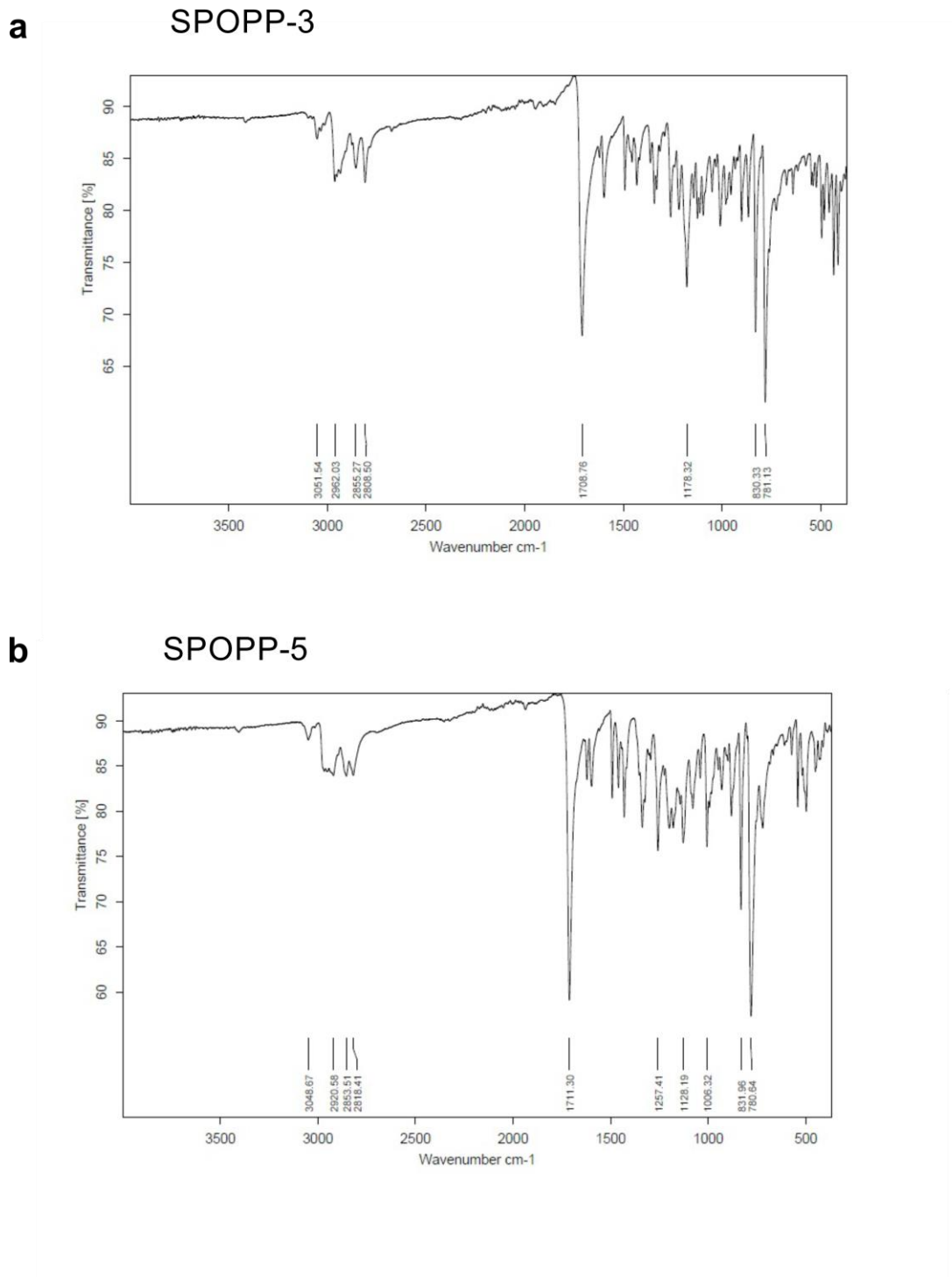


Figure S3: FTIR spectrum of (A) SPOPP-3 (**1**) and (B) SPOPP-5 (**2**). For SPOPP-3 (**1**), the C-H stretch can be seen between 2808.50 to 3051.54 cm^{-1} . The typical C=O absorption is also noted at 1708.76 cm^{-1} . Similarly, SPOPP-5 (**2**) has the notable C-H stretch from 2818.41 to 3048.67 cm^{-1} and the C=O absorption is at 1711.30 cm^{-1} . The difference in the two molecules are also evidenced by the absorption intensity differences in the fingerprint region. The peak at 1178.32 cm^{-1} for SPOPP-3 (**1**) is the notable differentiating absorption peak.

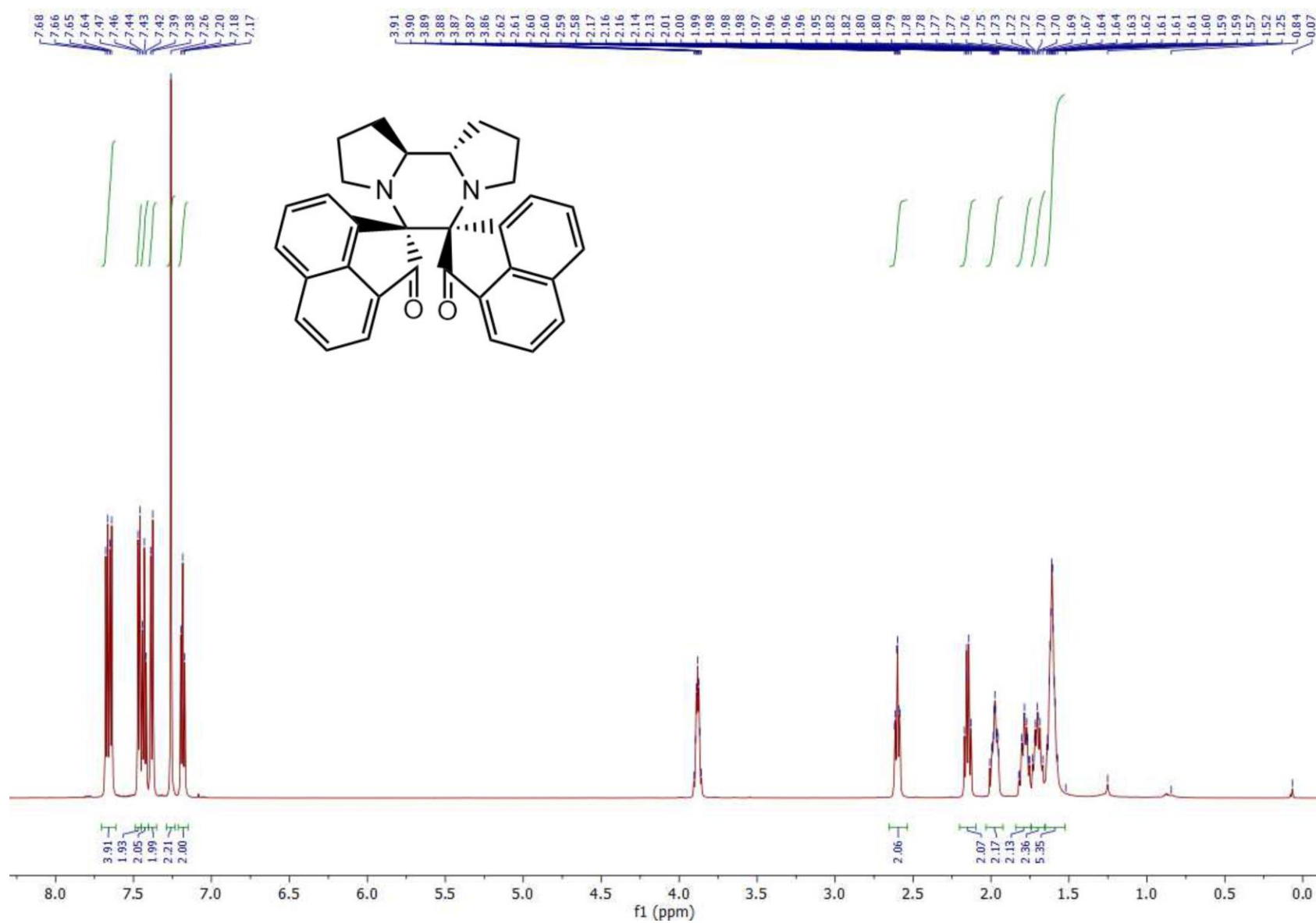


Figure S4: ¹H-NMR spectrum of SPOPP-3 (1) (CDCl₃ with 0.3% TMS, 600 MHz).

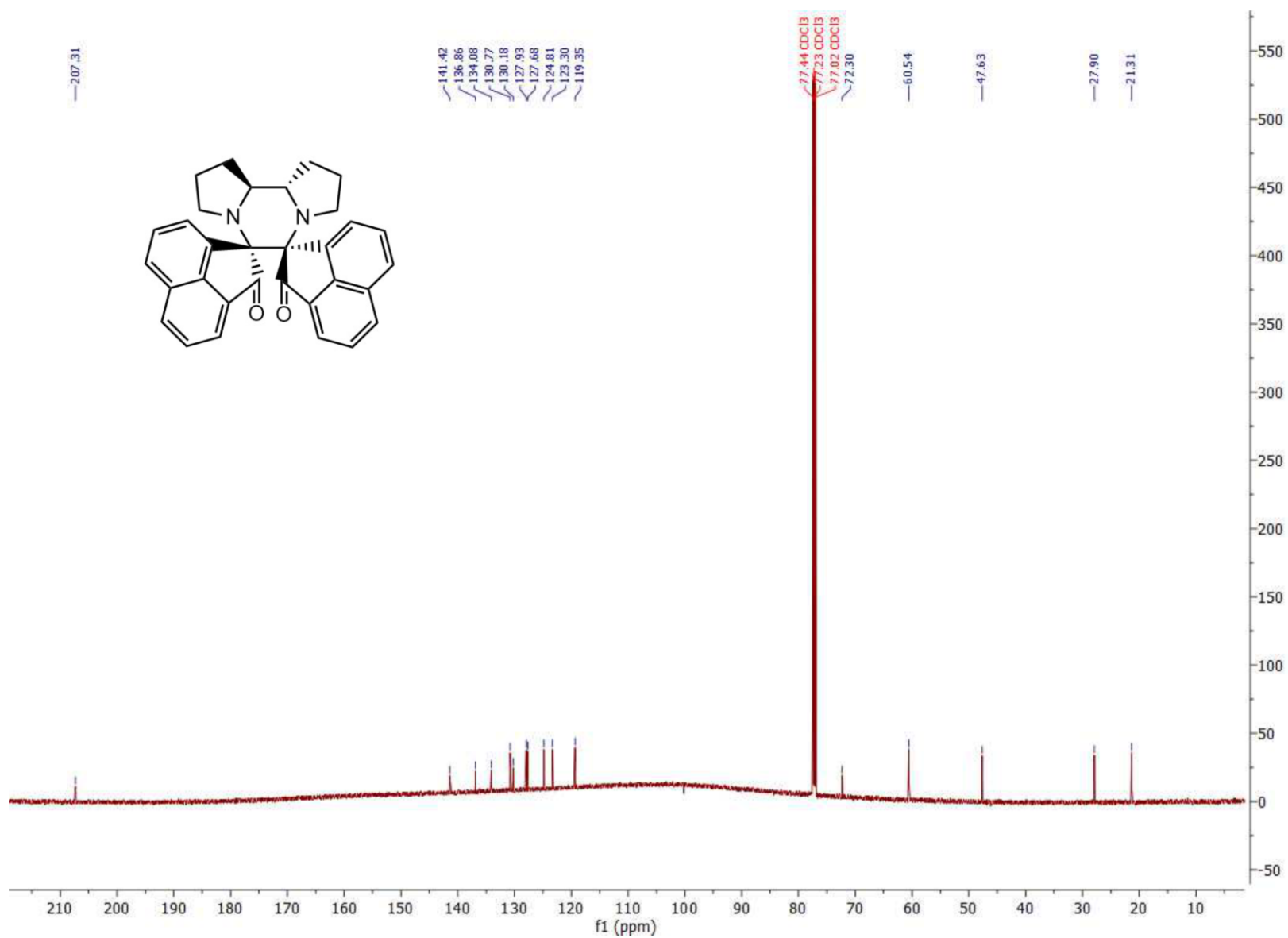


Figure S5: ¹³C-NMR spectrum of SPOPP-3 (1) (CDCl₃ with 0.3% TMS, 600 MHz).

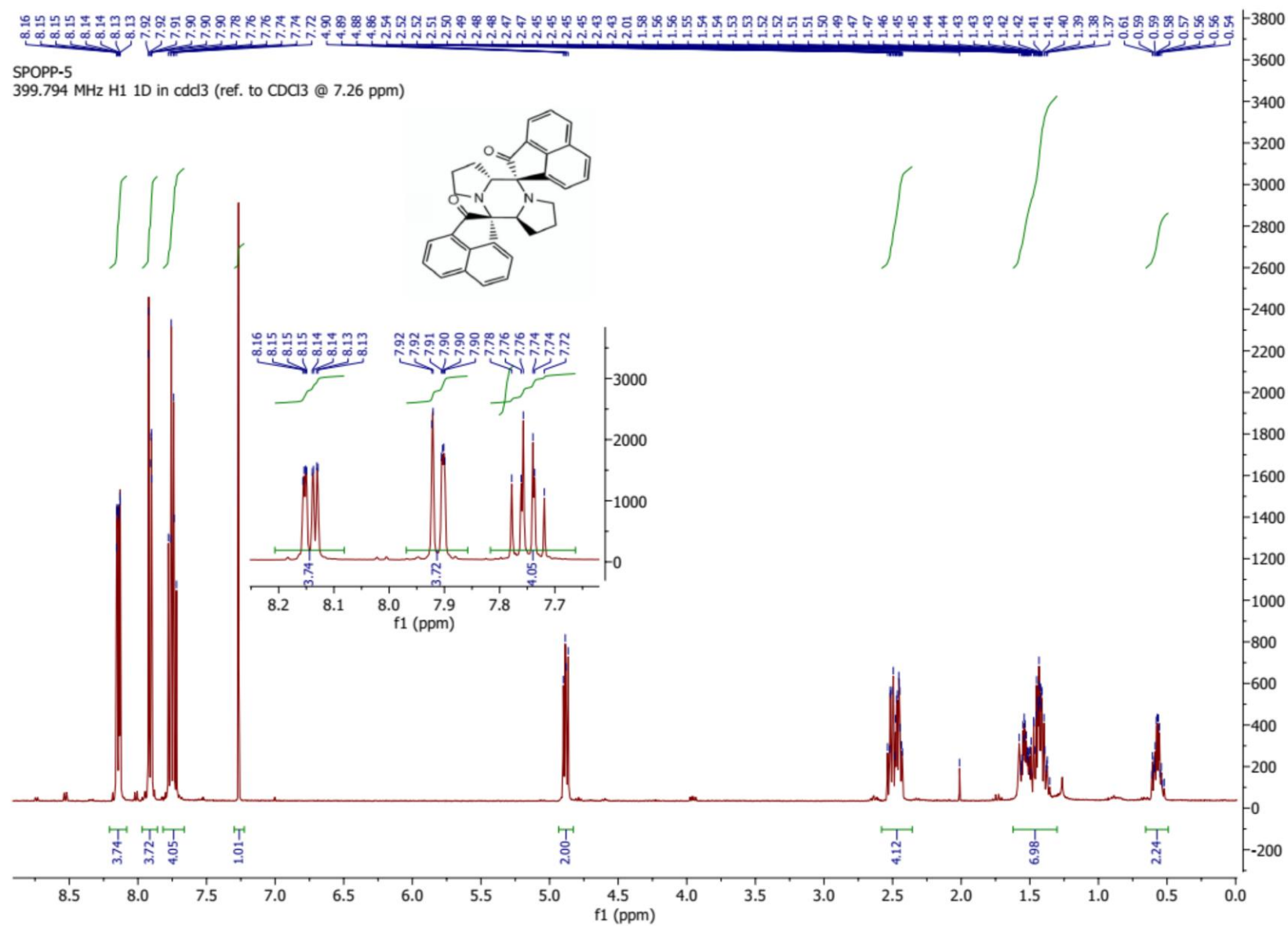


Figure S6: ^1H -NMR spectrum of SPOPP-5 (2) (CDCl_3 with 0.3% TMS, 400 MHz)

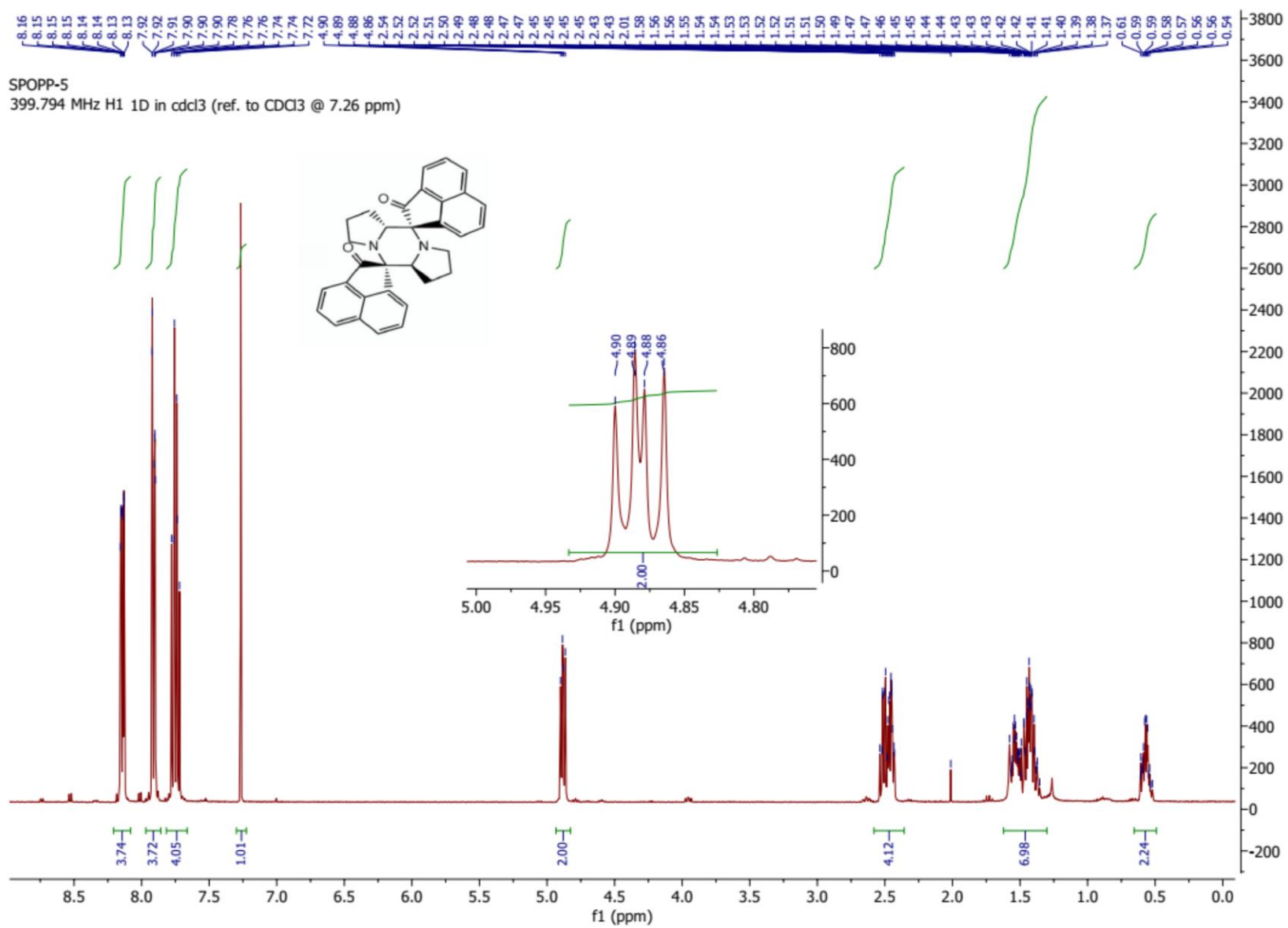


Figure S7: ^1H -NMR spectrum of SPOPP-5 (2) (CDCl_3 with 0.3% TMS, 400 MHz)

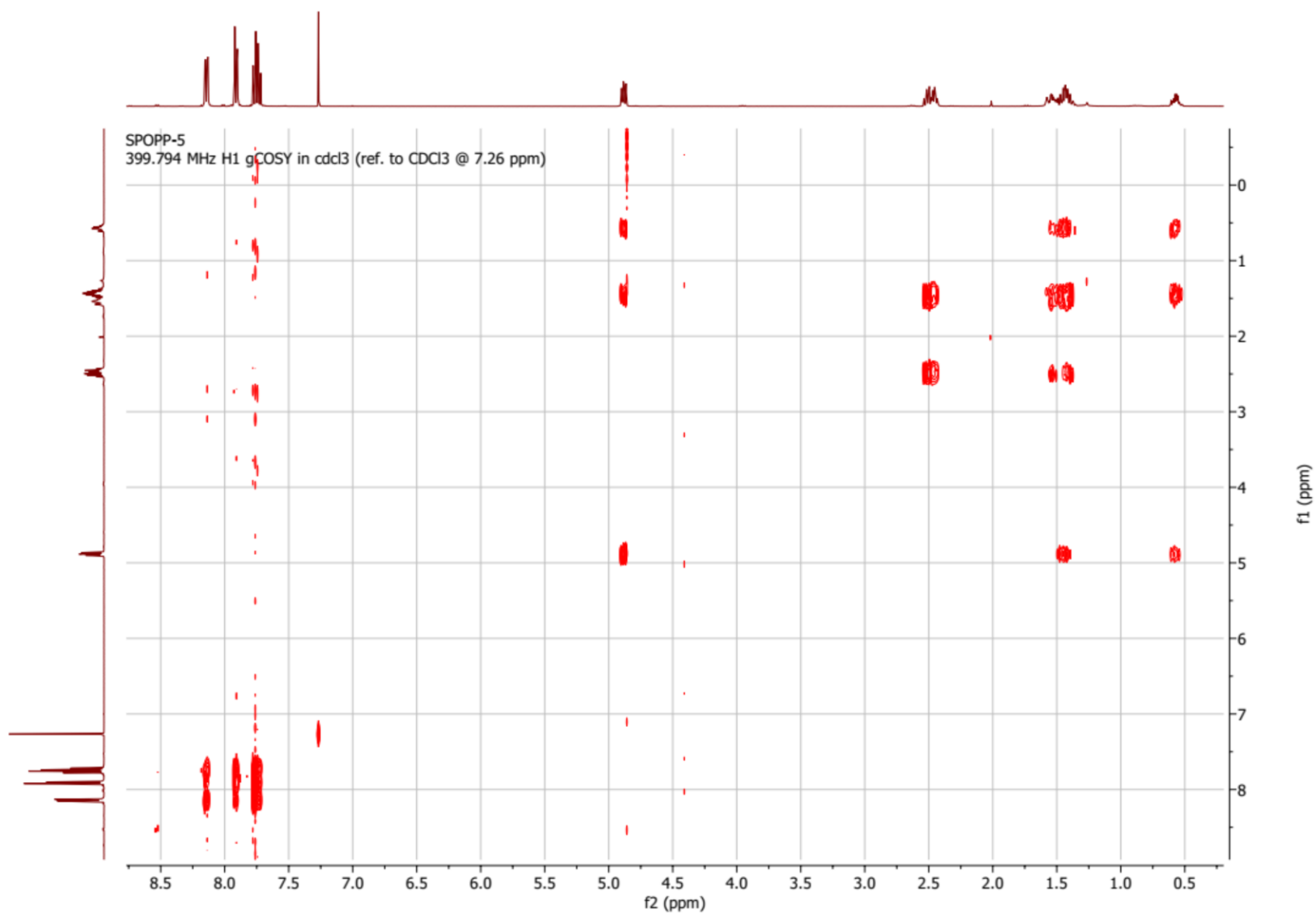


Figure S9: COSY spectrum of SPOPP-5 (**2**) (CDCl₃ with 0.3% TMS, 400 MHz).

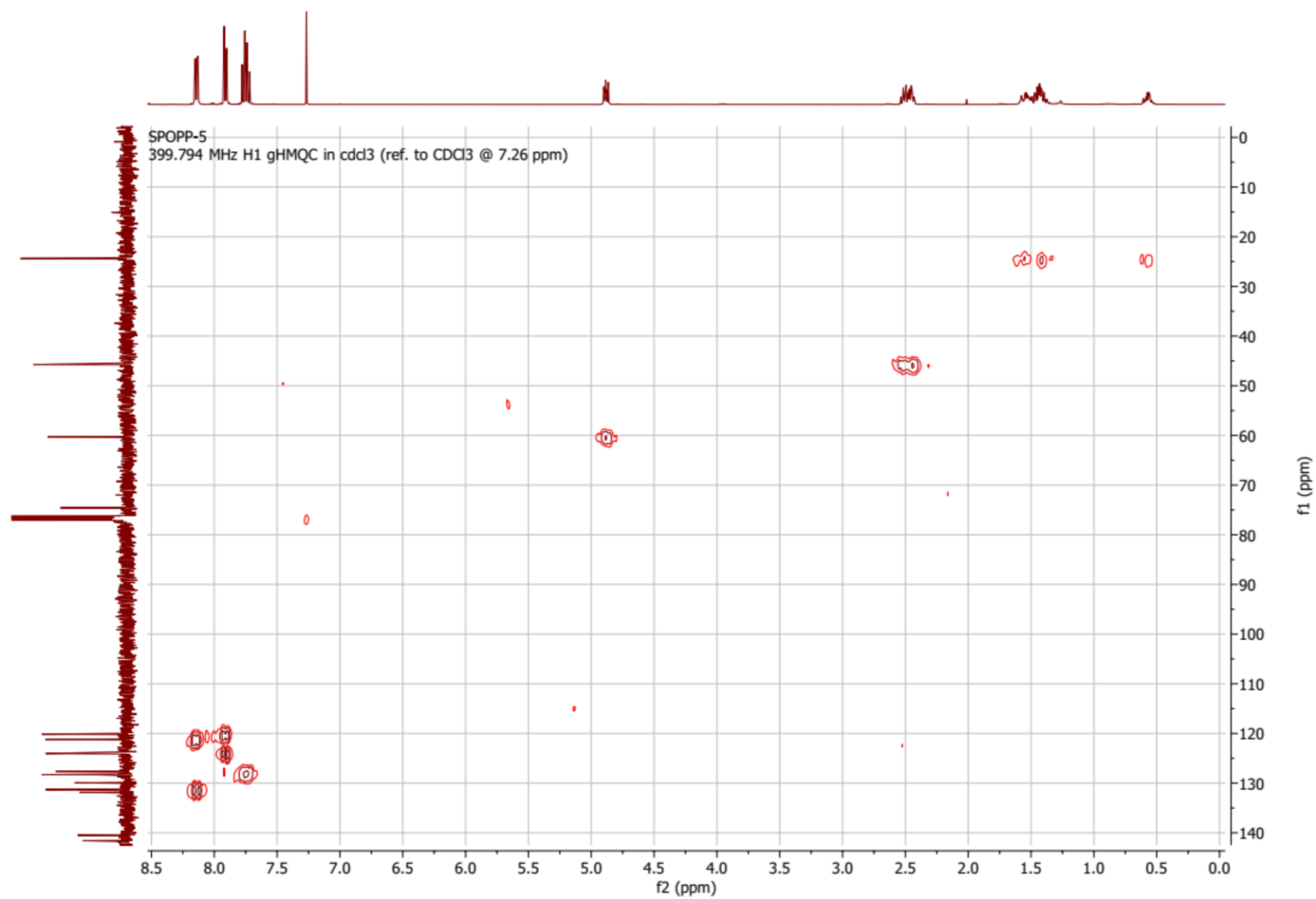


Figure S10: HMQC spectrum of SPOPP-5 (**2**) (CDCl₃ with 0.3% TMS, 400 MHz).

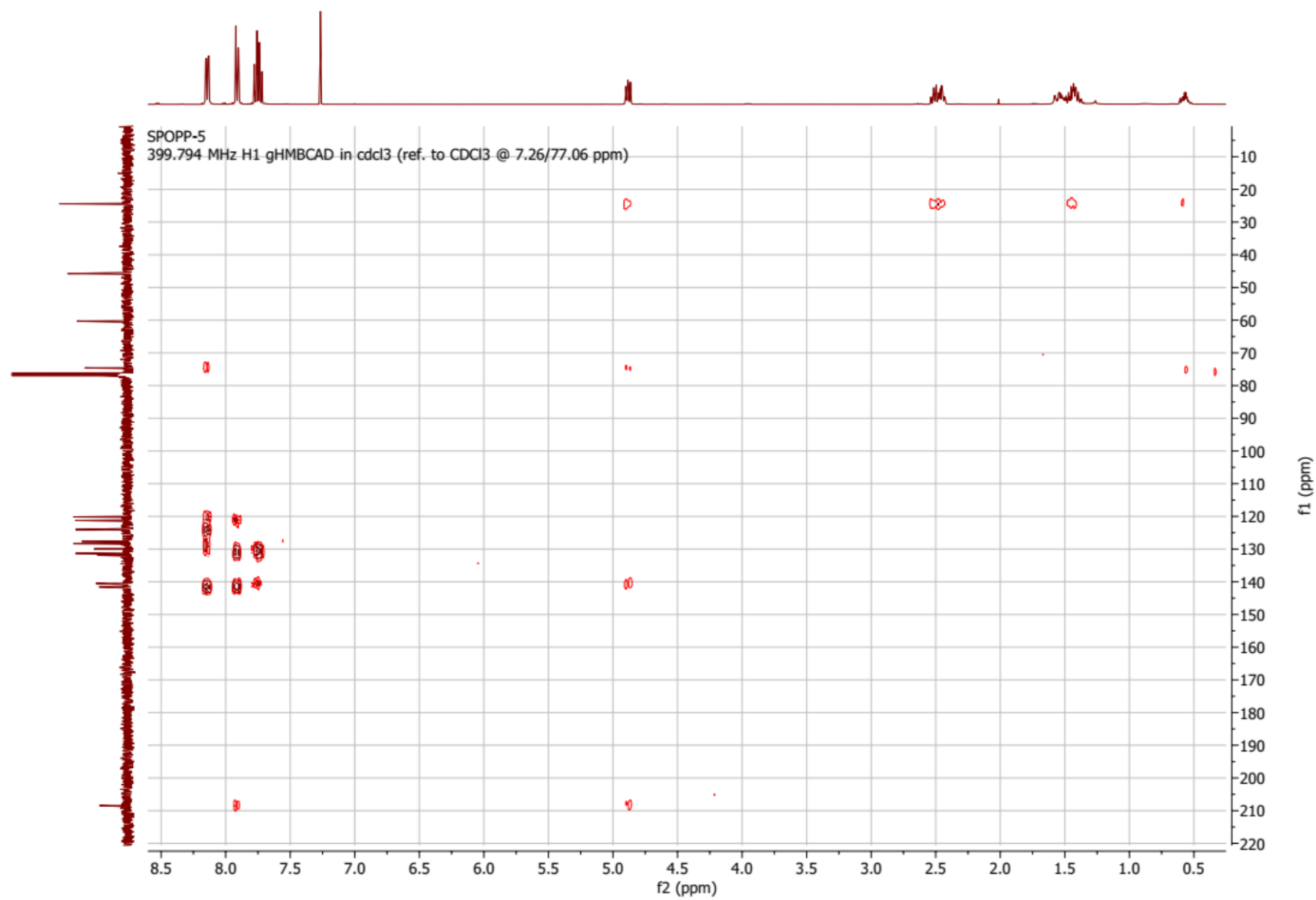


Figure S11: HMBC spectrum of SPOPP-5 (**2**) (CDCl₃ with 0.3% TMS, 400 MHz).

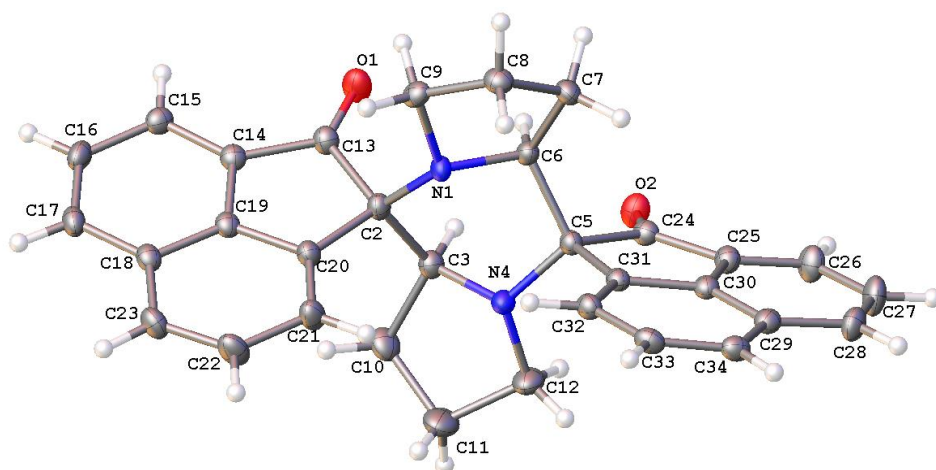


Figure S12: X-ray ORTEP drawing of SPOPP-5 (**2**).

Crystal Data. $\text{C}_{32}\text{H}_{26}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2$, $M_r = 470.55$, monoclinic, $P2_1/c$ (No. 14), $a = 11.7680(4)$ Å, $b = 13.4613(4)$ Å, $c = 15.0138(5)$ Å, $\beta = 97.045(2)^\circ$, $\alpha = \gamma = 90^\circ$, $V = 2360.42(13)$ Å³, $T = 90(2)$ K, $Z = 4$, $Z' = 1$, $\mu(\text{CuK}\alpha) = 0.652$, 29690 reflections measured, 4166 unique ($R_{\text{int}} = 0.0472$) which were used in all calculations. The final wR_2 was 0.0957 (all data) and R_1 was 0.0367 ($I > 2(I)$).

X-ray crystallographic data of SPOPP-5 (**2**) (CIF)

Compound	SPOPP-5
Formula	$\text{C}_{32}\text{H}_{26}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2$
$D_{\text{calc}}/\text{g cm}^{-3}$	1.324
μ/mm^{-1}	0.652
Formula Weight	470.55
Colour	orange
Shape	irregular
Size/ mm^3	0.22×0.20×0.11
T/K	90(2)
Crystal System	monoclinic
Space Group	$P2_1/c$
$a/\text{\AA}$	11.7680(4)
$b/\text{\AA}$	13.4613(4)
$c/\text{\AA}$	15.0138(5)
$\alpha/^\circ$	90
$\beta/^\circ$	97.045(2)
$\gamma/^\circ$	90
$V/\text{\AA}^3$	2360.42(13)
Z	4
Z'	1
Wavelength/Å	1.54178
Radiation type	$\text{CuK}\alpha$
$\theta_{\text{min}}/^\circ$	3.785
$\theta_{\text{max}}/^\circ$	66.711
Measured Refl's.	29690
Ind't Refl's	4166
Refl's with $I > 2(I)$	3660
R_{int}	0.0472
Parameters	325
Restraints	0
Largest Peak	0.204
Deepest Hole	-0.208
GooF	1.036
wR_2 (all data)	0.0957
wR_2	0.0917
R_1 (all data)	0.0422
R_1	0.0367

3. References

1. S. Haddad, S. Boudriga, F. Porzio, A. Soldera, M. Askri, M. Knorr, Y. Rousselin, M. M. Kubicki, C. Golz and C. J. Strohmann, *J. Org. Chem.*, 2015, **80**, 9064-9075.