

Supplementary information for

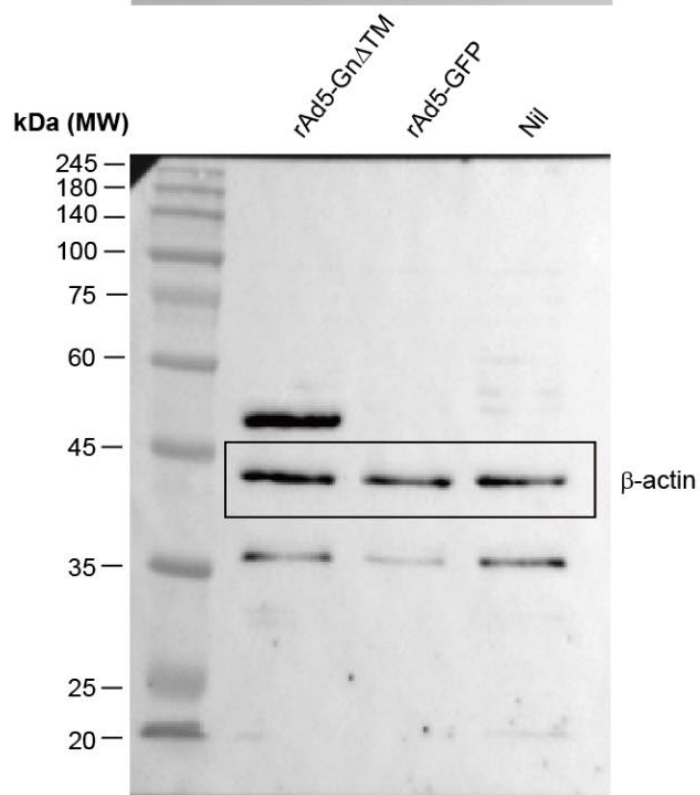
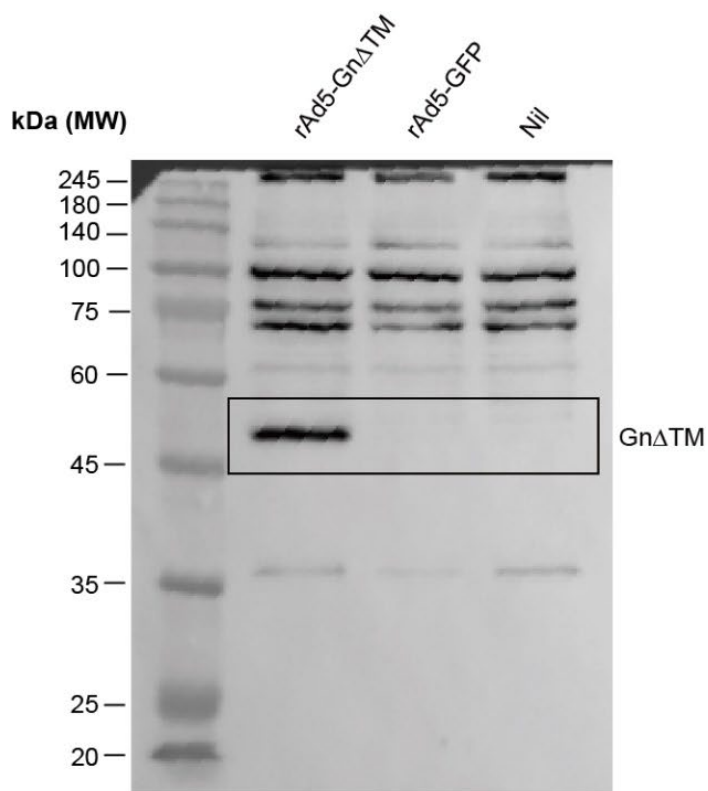
Heterologous prime-boost regimen elicits potent humoral and cell-mediated immune responses and provides complete protection against SFTSV

Jae-Yong Kim,^{1,2,3†} Kyeongseok Jeon,^{4†} Jung Joo Hong,^{5†} Sang-In Park,^{3†} Hyeong-Gon Cho,^{6†}
Hyo-Jung Park,^{1,2†} Hye Won Kwak,^{1,2,3} Hyeong-Jun Park,^{1,2,3} Yoo-Jin Bang,^{1,2,3} Yu-Sun Lee,^{1,2}
Seo-Hyeon Bae,^{1,2} So-Hee Kim,⁴ Kyung-Ah Hwang,⁷ Dae-Im Jung,⁸ Seong Hoo Cho,⁸ Sang
Hwan Seo,⁸ Green Kim,⁵ Hanseul Oh,⁵ Hwal-Yong Lee,⁵ Ki Hyun Kim,⁹ Hee-Young Lim,¹⁰
Pyeonghwa Jeon,¹⁰ Joo-Yeon Lee,¹⁰ Junho Chung,⁹ Sang-Myeong Lee,¹¹ Hae Li Ko,¹² Manki
Song,⁸ Nam-Hyuk Cho,^{4*} Young-suk Lee,^{6*} So-Hee Hong,^{12*} Jae-Hwan Nam^{1,2,3*}

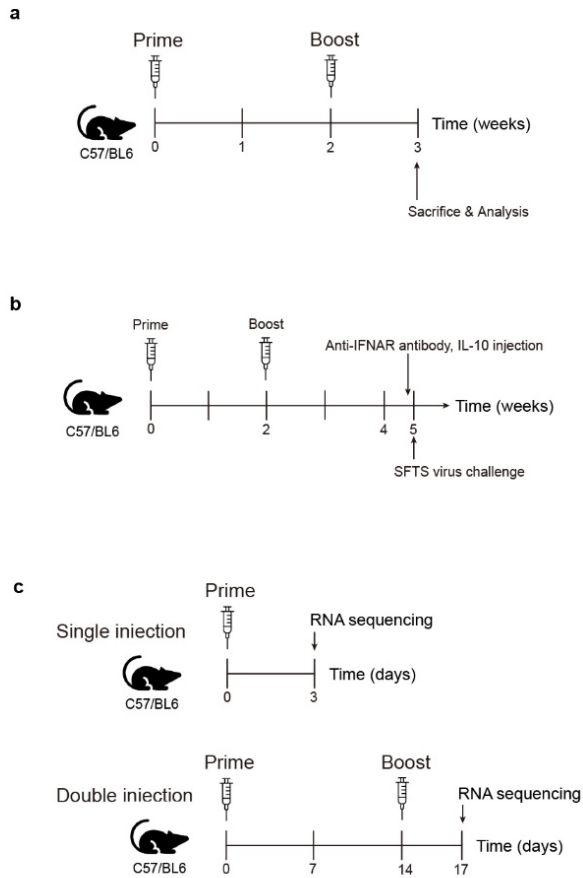
*Corresponding authors' E-mail: jhnam@catholic.ac.kr (Jae-Hwan Nam), shhong13@ewha.ac.kr (So-Hee Hong),
youngl@kaist.ac.kr (Young-suk Lee), chonh@snu.ac.kr (Nam-Hyuk Cho)

†These authors contributed equally to this work.

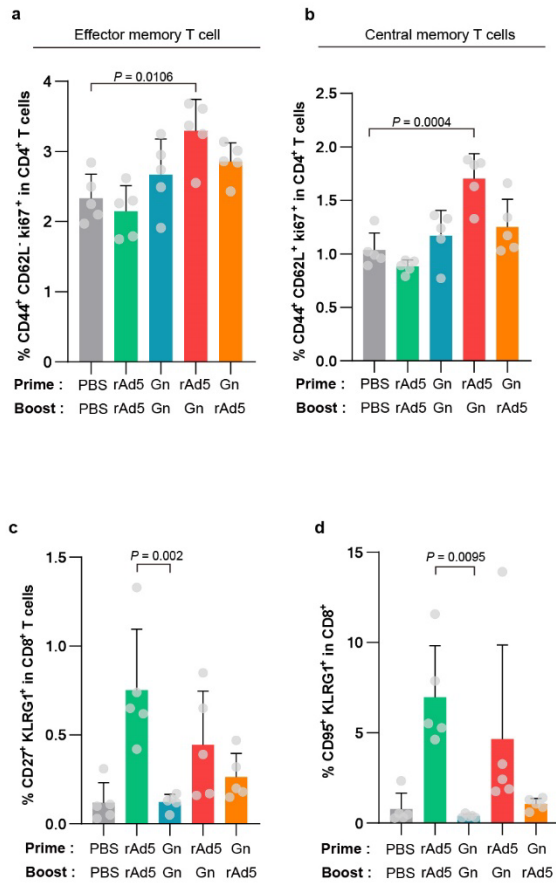
This file includes Supplementary Figures S1 to S5



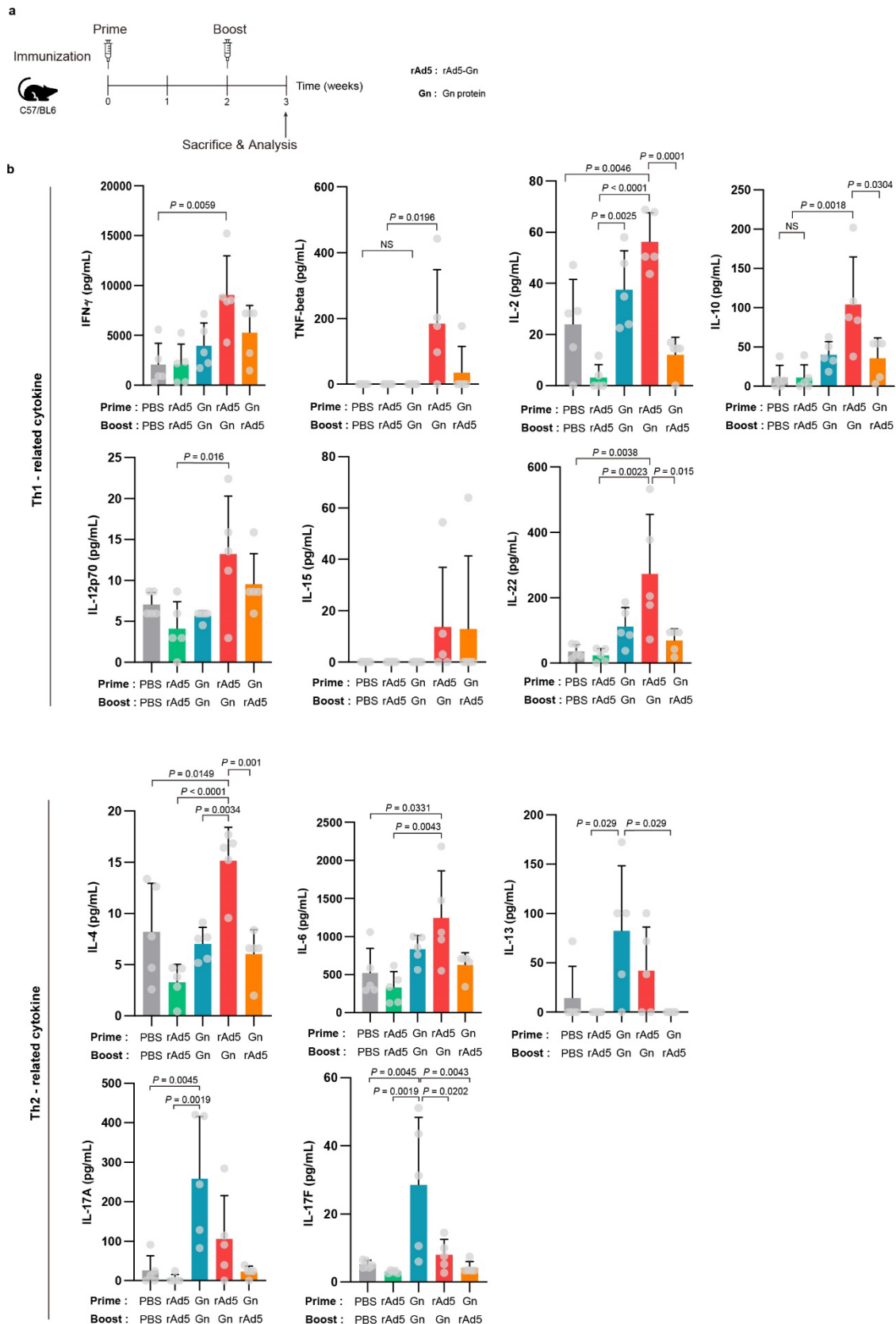
Supplementary Figure S1. Original western blot images.



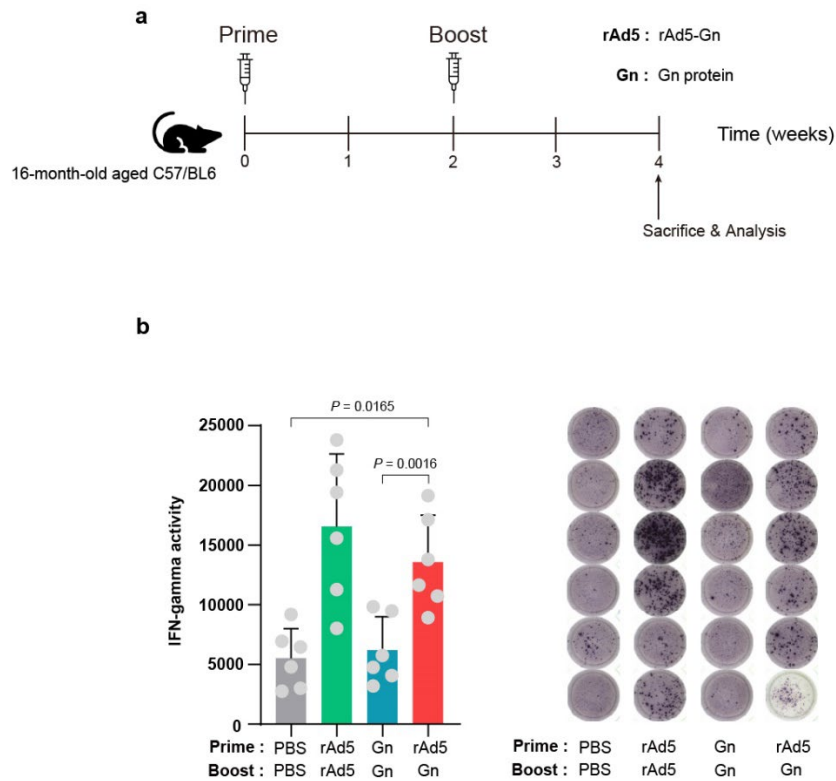
Supplementary Figure S2. Immunization and virus challenge schedule of mice. (a) C57/BL6 wildtype mice ($n = 5/\text{group}$) are immunized with rAd5-Gn (1×10^8 IU) and/or Gn protein intramuscularly at 2-week intervals. One week after the boosting mice are sacrificed and analyzed. (b) C57/BL6 wildtype mice ($n = 5/\text{group}$) are immunized with rAd5-Gn (1×10^8 IU) and/or Gn protein intramuscularly at 2-week intervals. Mice are virus challenged 3 weeks after boosting. Mice receive the anti-interferon receptor antibody and IL-10 4 days and 1 day before the virus challenge. (c) C57/BL6 wildtype mice ($n = 4$ or $5/\text{group}$) are immunized with rAd5-Gn (1×10^8 IU) and/or Gn protein. Single-injection or double-injection groups are sacrificed 3 days after priming or boosting.



Supplementary Figure S3. Analysis of T cell activation after heterologous or homologous immunization with the Ad5-Gn and Gn protein. (a) C57/BL6 wildtype mice are immunized with rAd5-Gn (1×10^8 IU) and/or Gn protein intramuscularly at 2-week intervals and sacrificed 1 week after boosting. Splenocytes (5×10^5) from each mouse are cultured in the presence of Gn protein for 12 h. (b) Percentages of Ki-67⁺Tcm and Ki-67⁺Tem are assessed by flow cytometry. (c) The CD27+KLRG1+ population in CD8⁺ T cells in the spleen is assessed using flow cytometry. (d) The CD95+KLRG1+ population in CD8⁺ T cells in the spleen is assessed using flow cytometry. Data are presented as mean values $\pm$ SD. *P*-values are calculated using one-way ANOVA with Bonferroni multiple comparison test.



Supplementary Figure S4. Multiplex cytokine profiling of antigen-stimulated splenocytes from homologous or heterologous prime-boosted mice. (a) C57/BL6 wildtype mice are immunized with rAd5-Gn (1×10^8 IU) and/or Gn protein intramuscularly at 2-week intervals and sacrificed 1 week after boosting. Splenocytes (5×10^5) from each mouse are cultured in the presence of Gn protein for 3 days. (b) Cytokine concentrations in the cell culture supernatants are measured using multiplex analysis. Data are presented as mean values $\pm$ SDW. *P*-values are calculated using one-way ANOVA with Bonferroni multiple comparison test.



Supplementary Figure S5. Analysis of IFN- γ -producing T cells after stimulation Gn peptide mix. (a) 16-month-old C57/BL6 wildtype mice are immunized with rAd5-Gn (1×10^8 IU) and/or Gn protein intramuscularly at 2-week intervals. 1 week after boosting mice are sacrificed and analyzed. (b) Gn peptide mix-specific IFN- γ -producing T cells in the spleen were quantified using ELISPOT. Data are presented as mean values $\pm$ SD. *P*-values are calculated using one-way ANOVA with Bonferroni multiple comparison test.