

Supporting Information

Responsive manganese-based nanoplatform amplifying cGAS-STING activation for immunotherapy

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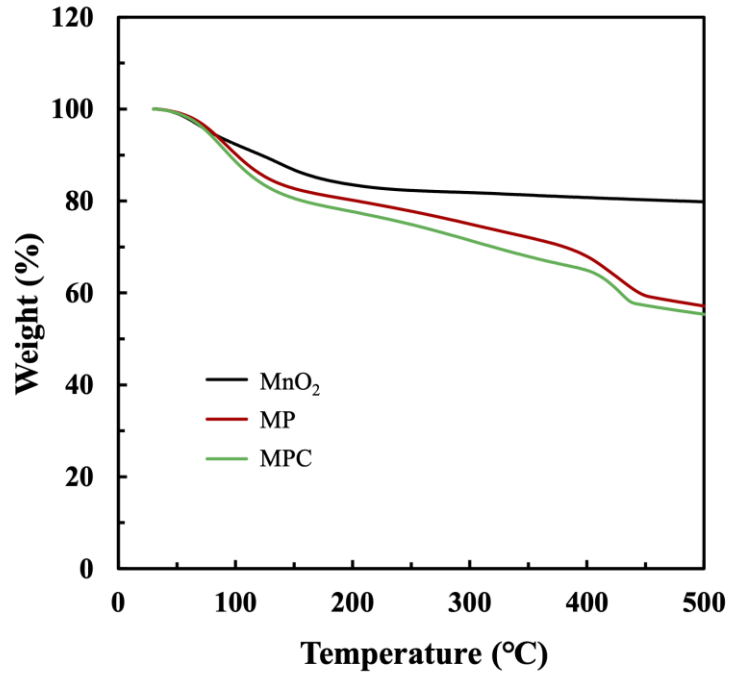


Figure S1. Thermal gravimetric analysis (TGA) of MnO₂, MP NPs and MPC NPs. The mass fractions of PDA and NH₄HCO₃ in MP and MPC can be estimated by matching their mass loss with that of MnO₂, respectively. According to the standard curve of ZPP, the mass content of ZPP is 62.5 µg/mg (ZPP/MnO₂). The estimated mass fractions of MnO₂, PDA, NH₄HCO₃, and ZPP in MPCZ are 71.9%, 21.3%, 2.1%, and 4.7%, respectively, based on the measurements mentioned above.

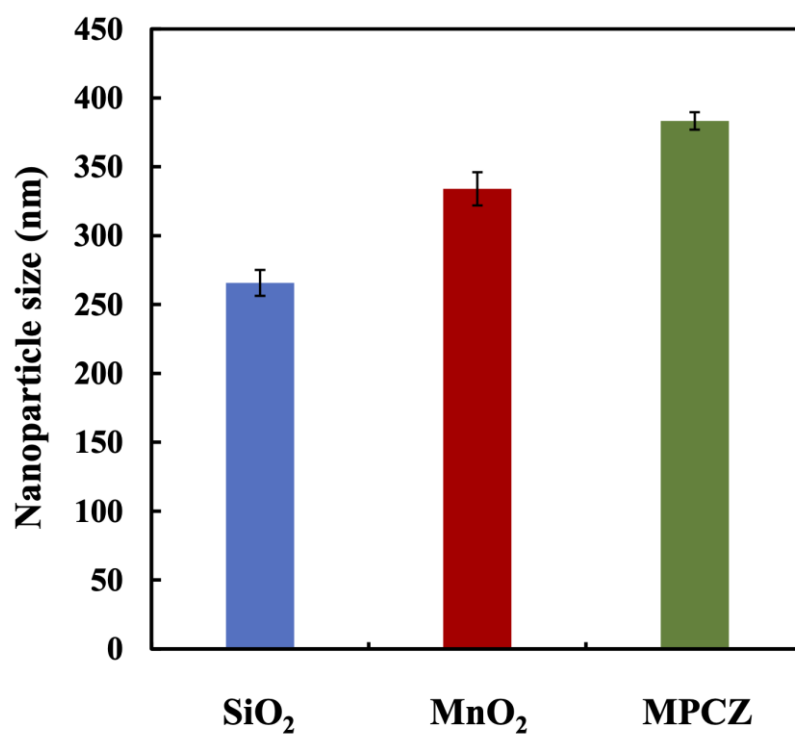


Figure S2. DLS characterization of SiO₂, MnO₂ and MPCZ NPs in H₂O.

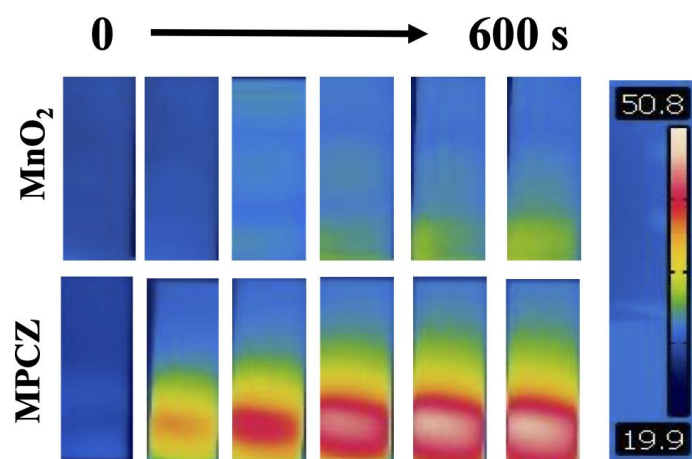


Figure S3. Infrared thermal images of MPCZ (400 $\mu\text{g/mL}$) and MnO₂ (400 $\mu\text{g/mL}$).

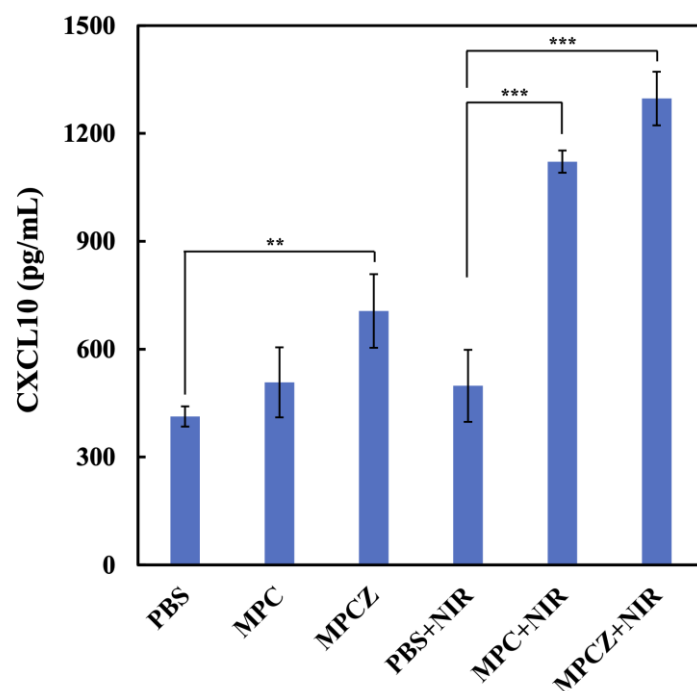


Figure S4. The release of CXCL10 from PBS, MPC NPs and MPCZ NPs treated 4T1 cells with or without NIR laser irradiation detected by ELISA kit (n=3). Labeled asterisk represents statistical significance compared with PBS group via one-way ANOVA with the Tukey post-hoc test. ** $p < 0.01$, *** $p < 0.001$.

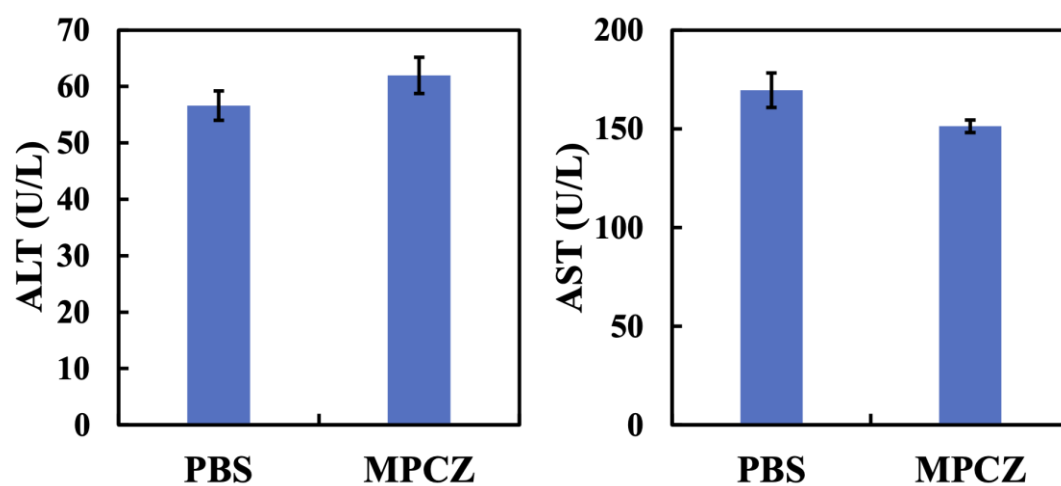


Figure S5. Blood biochemical analysis of liver function. AST, aspartate transferase; ALT, alanine transferase.

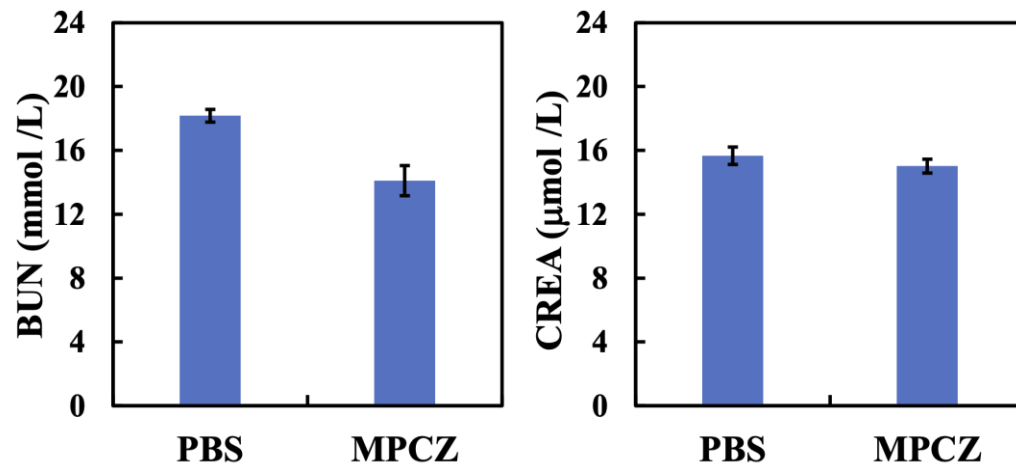


Figure S6. Blood biochemical analysis of kidney function. BUN, blood urea nitrogen; CREA, creatinine.

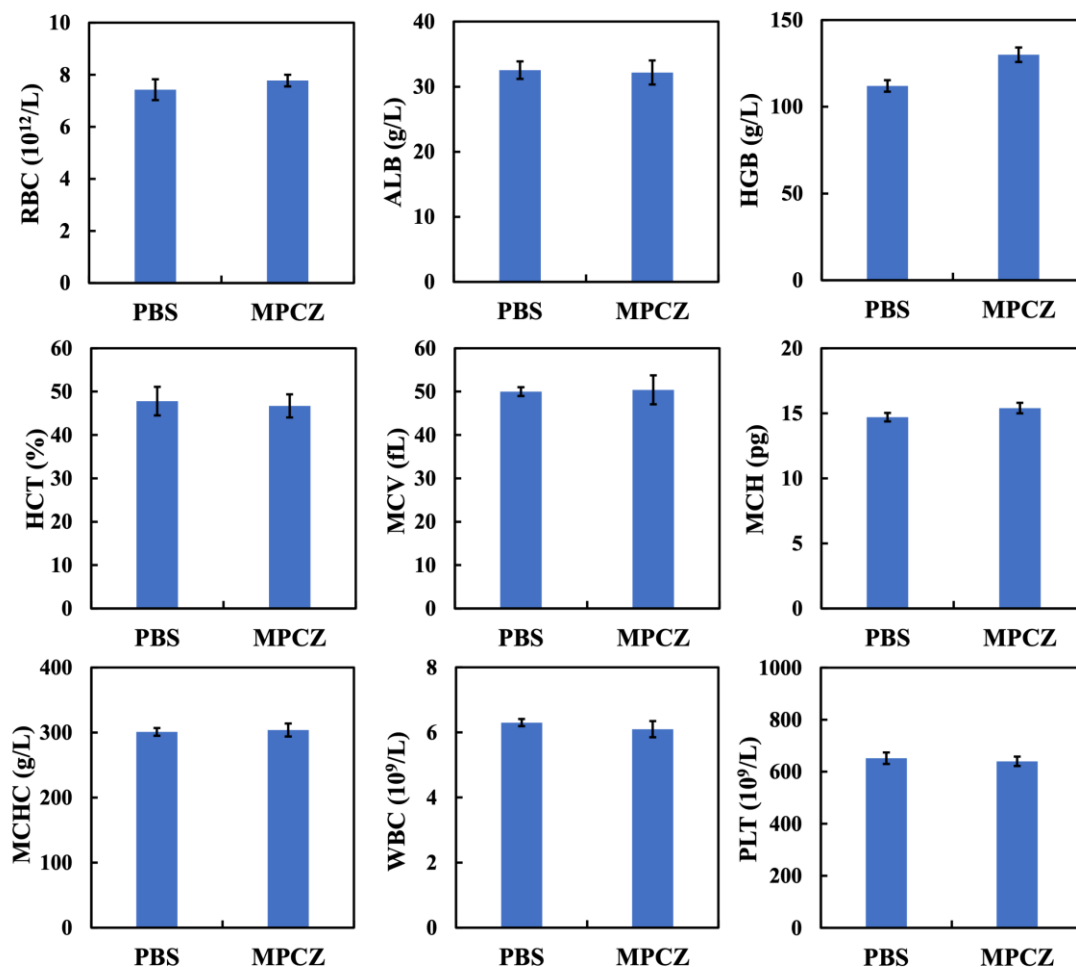


Figure S7. Blood hematological analysis of PBS and MPCZ NPs 14 days' post-injection. RBC, red blood cells; ALB, serum albumin; HGB, hemoglobin; HCT, hematocrit; MCV, mean capsular volume; MCH, mean capsular hemoglobin; MCHC, mean capsular hemoglobin concentration; WBC, white blood cells, PLT, platelets.

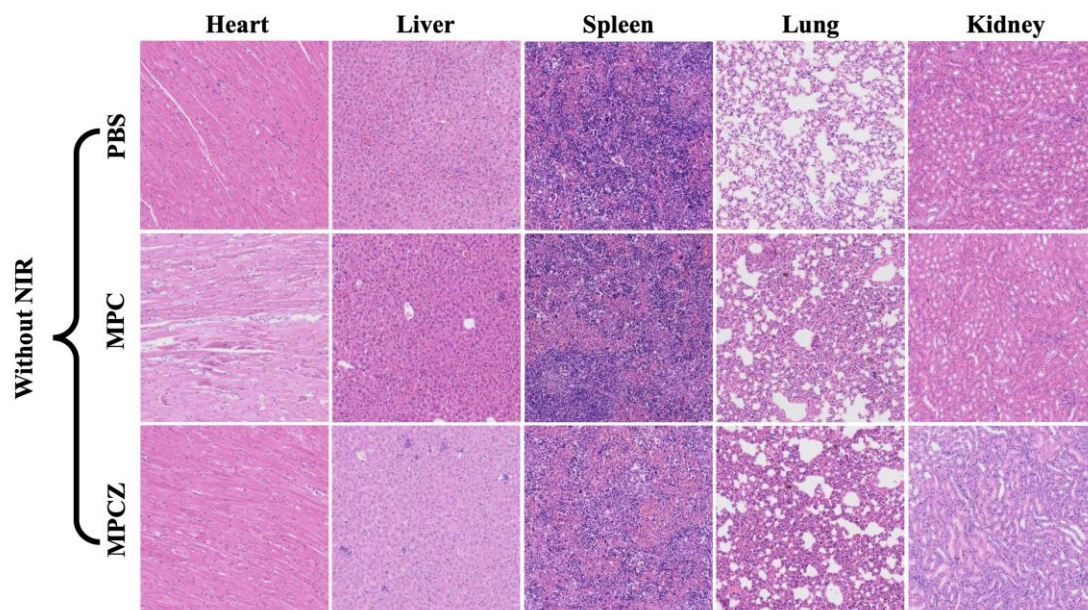


Figure S8. H&E staining of major organs from different groups without NIR irradiation.

The mice were intravenously administered PBS, MPC, MPCZ (comparable to 20 mg/kg/mouse MPC and 1 mg/kg/mouse for ZPP). After 14 days of treatment, the major organs (heart, liver, spleen, lung and kidney) of different groups of mice were obtained for H&E staining.

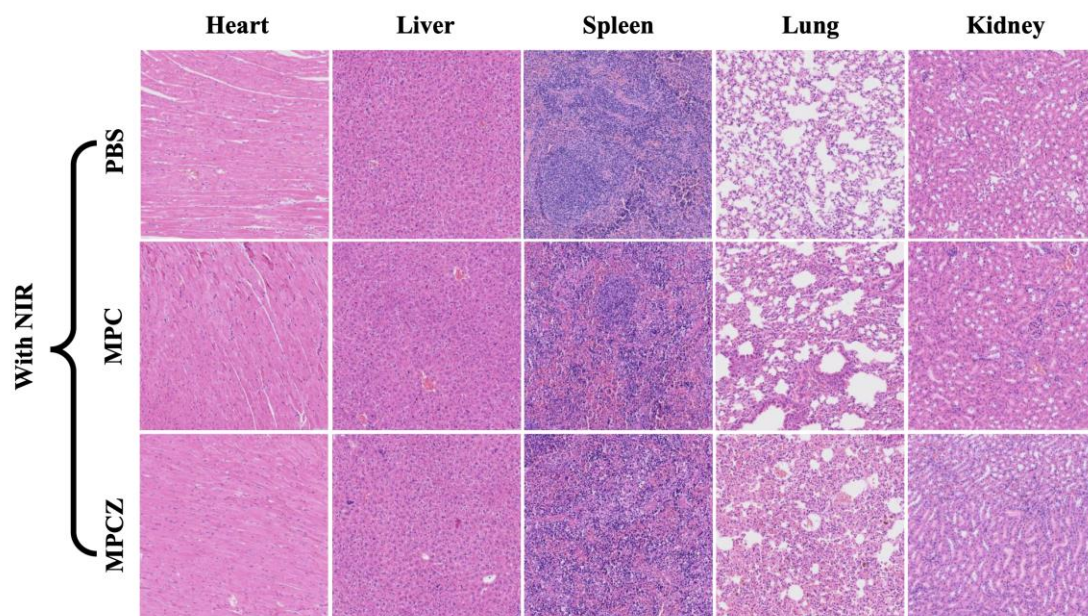


Figure S9. H&E staining of major organs from different groups with NIR laser irradiation. The mice were intravenously administered PBS, MPC, MPCZ (comparable to 20 mg/kg/mouse MPC and 1 mg/kg/mouse for ZPP). After 24 h, the tumor region was irradiated under NIR laser irradiation of 1 W/cm² for 10 min. After 14 days of treatment, the major organs (heart, liver, spleen, lung and kidney) of different groups of mice were obtained for H&E staining.

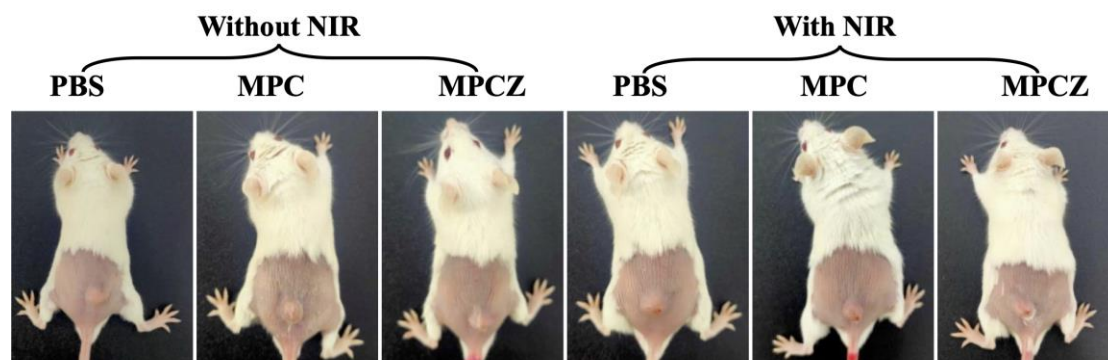


Figure S10. Representative photographs of mice at the beginning of treatment.