

Supplementary material

Association between lipid levels and all-cause and cause-specific mortality in critically ill patients: cohort study on the eICU database

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Legends

eTable 1. Baseline Characteristics of individuals according to quintiles of HDL-C levels

eTable 2. Baseline Characteristics of individuals according to quintiles of total cholesterol levels

eTable 3. Baseline Characteristics of individuals according to quintiles of triglyceride levels

eTable 4. Unadjusted and adjusted odds ratios for all-cause mortality by quintiles of LDL-C, HDL-C, total cholesterol and triglyceride levels

eTable 5. Unadjusted and adjusted odds ratios for cardiovascular mortality by quintiles of LDL-C, HDL-C, total cholesterol and triglyceride levels

eTable 6. Unadjusted and adjusted odds ratios for non-cardiovascular mortality by the quintiles of LDL-C, HDL-C, total cholesterol and triglyceride levels

eTable 7. Univariable and multivariable analysis for all-cause mortality with lipid levels below or above the risk inflection point

eTable 8. Unadjusted and adjusted odds ratios for all-cause mortality by LDL-C level combined with HDL-C level

eTable 9. Unadjusted and adjusted odds ratios for all-cause mortality according to quintiles of LDL-C, HDL-C, total cholesterol and triglyceride levels by excluding death within the first 24 hours of ICU entry

eTable 10. Unadjusted and adjusted odds ratios for all-cause mortality according to quintiles of LDL-C, HDL-C, total cholesterol and triglyceride levels with complete-case analyse

eTable 11. Unadjusted and adjusted odds ratios for all-cause mortality according to quintiles of LDL-C, HDL-C, total cholesterol and triglyceride levels by using the first measurement of ICU admission

eFigure 1. Multivariable adjusted odds ratios for all-cause and cause-specific mortality by quintiles of LDL-C, HDL-C, total cholesterol and triglyceride levels in individuals with lipid-lowering therapy

eFigure 2. Probability of all cause and cause-specific mortality based on LDL-C, HDL-C, total cholesterol and triglyceride levels in individuals without lipid-lowering therapy

eFigure 3. Multivariable adjusted all-cause mortality risk for total cholesterol levels stratified by covariates

eFigure 4. Probability of all cause mortality based on LDL-C, HDL-C, total cholesterol and triglyceride levels by excluding death within the first 24 hours of ICU entry

eFigure 5. Probability of all cause mortality based on LDL-C, HDL-C, total cholesterol and triglyceride levels with complete-case analyse

eFigure 6. Probability of all cause mortality based on LDL-C, HDL-C, total cholesterol and triglyceride levels by using the first measurement of ICU admission

eFigure 7. Kaplan–Meier curve for cumulative incidence with all cause mortality by quintiles of lipid levels

eFigure 8. Kaplan–Meier curve for cumulative incidence with all cause mortality by LDL-C level combined with HDL-C level

eTable 1. Baseline Characteristics of individuals according to quintiles of HDL-C levels

Baseline HDL-C	1st Quintile ≤28mg/dL	2nd Quintile 29-36mg/dL	3rd Quintile 36-42mg/dL	4th Quintile 43-52mg/dL	5th Quintile ≥53mg/dL
N(%)	5136 (18.8)	5410 (19.8)	5517 (20.2)	5590 (20.5)	5663 (20.7)
Age, years	62.7 ± 14.7	64.1 ± 14.2	65.4 ± 14.3	66.7 ± 14.6	68.0 ± 14.9
Male, N(%)	3526 (68.7)	3719 (68.7)	3447 (62.5)	2965 (53.0)	2170 (38.3)
Caucasian, N(%)	3896 (75.9)	4091 (75.6)	4127 (74.8)	4066 (72.7)	4124 (72.8)
Body mass index, kg/m ²	28.3 ± 10.3	28.5 ± 10.2	27.8 ± 9.9	27.0 ± 9.8	25.7 ± 9.1
Heart rate, bpm	101 ± 31	92 ± 31	91 ± 31	92 ± 31	94 ± 31
Mean blood pressure, mmHg	86 ± 42	92 ± 41	94 ± 41	96 ± 42	98 ± 43
APACHE score	47(27-67)	41 (24-57)	41 (25-56)	41 (25-56)	42 (26-57)
Glasgow Coma Score	12 ± 5	12 ± 5	12 ± 5	12 ± 5	12 ± 5
Lab measurement					
LDL-C, mg/dL	69 ± 37	84 ± 38	89 ± 39	91 ± 40	89 ± 39
HDL-C, mg/dL	21 ± 6	32 ± 2	39 ± 2	47 ± 3	66 ± 13
Total cholesterol, mg/dL	123 ± 48	146 ± 45	155 ± 46	160 ± 45	173 ± 44
Triglyceride, mg/dL	137(95-198)	127(91-185)	115(83-163)	99 (73-138)	81(60-112)
Admission diagnosis					
Acute myocardial infarction, N(%)	582 (11.3)	946 (17.5)	1017 (18.4)	864 (15.5)	623 (11.0)
Stroke, N(%)	395 (7.7)	722 (13.3)	904 (16.4)	1036 (18.5)	1146 (20.2)
Congestive heart failure, N(%)	229 (4.5)	214 (4.0)	218 (4.0)	212 (3.8)	223 (3.9)
Sepsis, N(%)	724 (14.1)	282 (5.2)	208 (3.8)	215 (3.8)	189 (3.3)
Comorbidity					
Diabetes, N(%)	1401 (27.3)	1446 (26.7)	1302 (23.6)	1121 (20.1)	970 (17.1)
Hypertension, N(%)	2685 (52.3)	2965 (54.8)	2988 (54.2)	3003 (53.7)	2994 (52.9)
ASCVD, N(%)	1621 (31.6)	1859 (34.4)	1821 (33.0)	1711 (30.6)	1549 (27.4)
COPD, N(%)	566 (11.0)	549 (10.1)	542 (9.8)	553 (9.9)	762 (13.5)
Medication					
Lipid-lowering drugs, N(%)	1618 (31.5)	2115 (39.1)	2147 (38.9)	2028 (36.3)	1807 (31.9)
Antiplatelet drugs, N(%)	542 (10.6)	578 (10.7)	605 (11.0)	497 (8.9)	512 (9.0)
Anticoagulants, N(%)	161 (3.1)	126 (2.3)	148 (2.7)	135 (2.4)	122 (2.2)
Mechanical ventilation, N(%)	1148 (22.4)	945 (17.5)	902 (16.3)	895 (16.0)	928 (16.4)
Dialysis, N(%)	162 (3.2)	139 (2.6)	118 (2.1)	121 (2.2)	131 (2.3)
All-cause mortality, N(%)	479 (9.3)	302 (5.6)	283 (5.1)	306 (5.5)	334 (5.9)
Cardiovascular mortality, N(%)	93 (1.8)	86 (1.6)	105 (1.9)	115 (2.1)	126 (2.2)
Noncardiovascular mortality, N(%)	386 (7.5)	216 (4.0)	178 (3.2)	191 (3.4)	208 (3.7)

LDL-C, low-density lipoprotein cholesterol; HDL-C, high-density lipoprotein cholesterol; APACHE score, Acute Physiology, Age, and Chronic Health Evaluation score; ASCVD, atherosclerosis cardiovascular diseases; COPD, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease.

eTable 2. Baseline Characteristics of individuals according to quintiles of total cholesterol levels

Baseline TC	1st Quintile ≤110mg/dL	2nd Quintile 111-135 mg/dL	3rd Quintile 136-158 mg/dL	4th Quintile 159-188 mg/dL	5th Quintile ≥189mg/dL
N(%)	5270 (19.3)	5626 (20.6)	5328 (19.5)	5609 (20.5)	5483 (20.1)
Age, years	68.1 ± 14.5	67.6 ± 14.5	66.1 ± 14.7	64.3 ± 14.5	61.3 ± 14.2
Male, N(%)	3421 (64.9)	3489 (62.0)	3000 (56.3)	3089 (55.1)	2828 (51.6)
Caucasian, N(%)	3922 (74.4)	4264 (75.8)	4028 (75.6)	4124 (73.5)	3966 (72.3)
Body mass index, kg/m ²	27.0 ± 10.1	27.3 ± 10.1	27.2 ± 10.1	27.9 ± 9.7	27.8 ± 9.6
Heart rate, bpm	100 ± 32	94 ± 32	92 ± 31	91 ± 31	92 ± 30
Mean blood pressure, mmHg	84 ± 42	91 ± 42	93 ± 41	97 ± 42	100 ± 40
APACHE score	51(31-69)	45(28-62)	42(25-57)	39(24-54)	36(23-50)
Glasgow Coma Score	11 ± 5	12 ± 5	12 ± 5	12 ± 5	12 ± 5
Lab measurement					
LDL-C, mg/dL	41 ± 14	62 ± 14	79 ± 15	99 ± 17	140 ± 34
HDL-C, mg/dL	30 ± 13	39 ± 13	43 ± 15	46 ± 16	48 ± 19
Total cholesterol, mg/dL	91 ± 15	124 ± 7	147 ± 7	173 ± 9	223 ± 36
Triglyceride, mg/dL	88(64-122)	98(72-138)	106(76-151)	119(84-170)	146(100-215)
Admission diagnosis					
Acute myocardial infarction, N(%)	392 (7.4)	708 (12.6)	787 (14.8)	1028 (18.3)	1117 (20.4)
Stroke, N(%)	453 (8.6)	780 (13.9)	961 (18.0)	957 (17.1)	1052 (19.2)
Congestive heart failure, N(%)	302 (5.7)	293 (5.2)	165 (3.1)	192 (3.4)	144 (2.6)
Sepsis, N(%)	765 (14.5)	345 (6.1)	219 (4.1)	175 (3.1)	114 (2.1)
Comorbidity					
Diabetes, N(%)	1539 (29.2)	1457 (25.9)	1183 (22.2)	1062 (18.9)	999 (18.2)
Hypertension, N(%)	2826 (53.6)	3185 (56.6)	2892 (54.3)	2948 (52.6)	2784 (50.8)
ASCVD, N(%)	1970 (37.4)	2001 (35.6)	1693 (31.8)	1494 (26.6)	1403 (25.6)
COPD, N(%)	696 (13.2)	683 (12.1)	609 (11.4)	527 (9.4)	457 (8.3)
Medication					
Lipid-lowering drugs, N(%)	1797 (34.1)	1998 (35.5)	1882 (35.3)	1954 (34.8)	2084 (38.0)
Antiplatelet drugs, N(%)	669 (12.7)	635 (11.3)	506 (9.5)	502 (8.9)	422 (7.7)
Anticoagulants, N(%)	202 (3.8)	178 (3.2)	138 (2.6)	104 (1.9)	70 (1.3)
Mechanical ventilation, N(%)	1268 (24.1)	1098 (19.5)	908 (17.0)	833 (14.9)	711 (13.0)
Dialysis, N(%)	261 (5.0)	165 (2.9)	102 (1.9)	82 (1.5)	61 (1.1)
All-cause mortality, N(%)	564 (10.7)	392 (7.0)	292 (5.5)	250 (4.5)	206 (3.8)
Cardiovascular mortality, N(%)	103 (2.0)	133 (2.4)	93 (1.7)	101 (1.8)	95 (1.7)
Noncardiovascular mortality, N(%)	461 (8.7)	259 (4.6)	199 (3.7)	149 (2.7)	111 (2.0)

LDL-C, low density-lipoprotein cholesterol; HDL-C, high-density lipoprotein cholesterol; APACHE score, Acute Physiology, Age, and Chronic Health Evaluation score; ASCVD, atherosclerosis cardiovascular diseases; COPD, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease.

eTable 3. Baseline Characteristics of individuals according to quintiles of triglyceride levels

Baseline TG	1st Quintile ≤70mg/dL	2nd Quintile 71-94mg/dL	3rd Quintile 95-124mg/dL	4th Quintile 125-174mg/dL	5th Quintile ≥175mg/dL
N(%)	5444 (19.9)	5332 (19.5)	5578 (20.4)	5470 (20.0)	5492 (20.1)
Age, years	68.6 ± 15.3	68.0 ± 14.6	66.4 ± 14.0	63.9 ± 14.1	60.4 ± 13.7
Male, N(%)	3155 (58.0)	3038 (57.0)	3222 (57.8)	3149 (57.6)	3263 (59.4)
Caucasian, N(%)	3933 (72.2)	3957 (74.2)	4168 (74.7)	4070 (74.4)	4176 (76.0)
Body mass index, kg/m ²	25.4 ± 9.3	26.4 ± 9.8	27.4 ± 9.8	28.5 ± 10.0	29.4 ± 10.1
Heart rate, bpm	94 ± 32	94 ± 32	94 ± 31	94 ± 31	93 ± 30
Mean blood pressure, mmHg	91 ± 42	92 ± 42	93 ± 42	95 ± 42	95 ± 42
APACHE score	44 (28-60)	44 (27-60)	42 (26-59)	41 (24-57)	39 (23-56)
Glasgow Coma Score	12 ± 5	12 ± 5	12 ± 5	12 ± 5	12 ± 5
Lab measurement					
LDL-C, mg/dL	72 ± 33	80 ± 35	85 ± 37	91 ± 41	94 ± 46
HDL-C, mg/dL	50 ± 19	45 ± 17	41 ± 15	38 ± 14	34 ± 12
Total cholesterol, mg/dL	134 ± 42	141 ± 42	148 ± 43	158 ± 47	178 ± 54
Triglyceride, mg/dL	55 ± 11	82 ± 7	109 ± 9	147 ± 14	251 ± 81
Admission diagnosis					
Acute myocardial infarction, N(%)	610 (11.2)	722 (13.5)	865 (15.5)	821 (15.0)	1014 (18.5)
Stroke, N(%)	880 (16.2)	873 (16.4)	884 (15.8)	839 (15.3)	727 (13.2)
Congestive heart failure, N(%)	293 (5.4)	268 (5.0)	245 (4.4)	169 (3.1)	121 (2.2)
Sepsis, N(%)	331 (6.1)	293 (5.5)	321 (5.8)	330 (6.0)	343 (6.2)
Comorbidity					
Diabetes, N(%)	946 (17.4)	1011 (19.0)	1245 (22.3)	1356 (24.8)	1682 (30.6)
Hypertension, N(%)	2821 (51.8)	2874 (53.9)	2991 (53.6)	2997 (54.8)	2952 (53.8)
ASCVD, N(%)	1674 (30.7)	1679 (31.5)	1850 (33.2)	1639 (30.0)	1719 (31.3)
COPD, N(%)	693 (12.7)	616 (11.6)	598 (10.7)	570 (10.4)	495 (9.0)
Medication					
Lipid-lowering drugs, N(%)	1768 (32.5)	1840 (34.5)	1935 (34.7)	2031 (37.1)	2141 (39.0)
Antiplatelet drugs, N(%)	570 (10.5)	544 (10.2)	570 (10.2)	511 (9.3)	539 (9.8)
Anticoagulants, N(%)	178 (3.3)	167 (3.1)	147 (2.6)	123 (2.2)	77 (1.4)
Mechanical ventilation, N(%)	945 (17.4)	925 (17.3)	980 (17.6)	987 (18.0)	981 (17.9)
Dialysis, N(%)	144 (2.6)	123 (2.3)	139 (2.5)	125 (2.3)	140 (2.5)
All-cause mortality, N(%)	371 (6.8)	362 (6.8)	360 (6.5)	313 (5.7)	298 (5.4)
Cardiovascular mortality, N(%)	113 (2.1)	123 (2.3)	111 (2.0)	92 (1.7)	86 (1.6)
Non-cardiovascular mortality, N(%)	258 (4.7)	239 (4.5)	249 (4.5)	221 (4.0)	212 (3.9)

LDL-C, low-density lipoprotein cholesterol; HDL-C, high-density lipoprotein cholesterol; APACHE score, Acute Physiology, Age, and Chronic Health Evaluation score; ASCVD, atherosclerosis cardiovascular diseases; COPD, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease.

eTable 4. Unadjusted and adjusted odds ratios for all-cause mortality by quintiles of LDL-C, HDL-C, total cholesterol and triglyceride levels

All-cause mortality	Quintile 1	Quintile 2	Quintile 3	Quintile 4	Quintile 5
	OR (95% CI)	OR (95% CI)	OR (95% CI)	OR (95% CI)	OR (95% CI)
LDL-C					
Model I	3.22 (2.72, 3.80)	1.98 (1.66, 2.37)	1.60 (1.34, 1.93)	1.32 (1.09, 1.59)	reference
Model II	2.75 (2.32, 3.26)	1.72 (1.44, 2.05)	1.44 (1.20, 1.73)	1.22 (1.01, 1.48)	reference
Model III	1.53 (1.26, 1.85)	1.26 (1.04, 1.53)	1.19 (0.98, 1.45)	1.07 (0.87, 1.31)	reference
HDL-C					
Model I	1.78 (1.53, 2.06)	1.02 (0.87, 1.20)	0.93 (0.79, 1.10)	reference	1.08 (0.92, 1.27)
Model II	2.06 (1.77, 2.39)	1.13 (0.96, 1.33)	0.99 (0.83, 1.17)	reference	1.02 (0.87, 1.20)
Model III	1.30 (1.09, 1.55)	1.02 (0.85, 1.23)	0.95 (0.79, 1.14)	reference	0.98 (0.82, 1.17)
Total cholesterol					
Model I	2.57 (2.20, 3.00)	1.61 (1.36, 1.89)	1.24 (1.05, 1.48)	reference	0.84 (0.69, 1.01)
Model II	2.40 (2.06, 2.81)	1.50 (1.27, 1.77)	1.19 (1.00, 1.42)	reference	0.90 (0.74, 1.08)
Model III	1.51 (1.24, 1.84)	1.26 (1.05, 1.51)	1.10 (0.91, 1.32)	reference	0.96 (0.78, 1.17)
Triglyceride					
Model I	1.20 (1.03, 1.41)	1.20 (1.03, 1.40)	1.14 (0.97, 1.33)	reference	0.95 (0.80, 1.11)
Model II	1.05 (0.89, 1.22)	1.06 (0.91, 1.25)	1.06 (0.91, 1.24)	reference	1.05 (0.89, 1.23)
Model III	1.07 (0.89, 1.28)	1.10 (0.92, 1.31)	1.09 (0.92, 1.30)	reference	0.99 (0.83, 1.18)

Model I, unadjusted model; Model II, all cause mortality adjusted by age, sex and ethnicity; Model III, all cause mortality adjusted by age, sex, ethnicity, body mass index, heart rate, mean blood pressure, APACHE score, Glasgow coma score, LDL-C level, HDL-C level, TC level, TG level, acute myocardial infarction, stroke, congestive heart failure, sepsis, diabetes, hypertension, prior ASCVD, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, lipid-lowering therapy, antiplatelet drugs, anticoagulants, mechanical ventilation and dialysis. OR, odds ratio. CI, confidence intervals.

eTable 5. Unadjusted and adjusted odds ratios for cardiovascular mortality by quintiles of LDL-C, HDL-C, total cholesterol and triglyceride levels

Cardiovascular mortality	Quintile 1	Quintile 2	Quintile 3	Quintile 4	Quintile 5
	OR (95% CI)	OR (95% CI)	OR (95% CI)	OR (95% CI)	OR (95% CI)
LDL-C					
Model I	1.43 (1.07, 1.89)	1.44 (1.09, 1.90)	1.11 (0.82, 1.49)	1.28 (0.97, 1.71)	reference
Model II	1.07 (0.80, 1.43)	1.10 (0.83, 1.47)	0.90 (0.67, 1.22)	1.11 (0.84, 1.49)	reference
Model III	1.25 (0.90, 1.74)	1.19 (0.87, 1.62)	0.93 (0.67, 1.28)	1.12 (0.82, 1.53)	reference
HDL-C					
Model I	0.88 (0.67, 1.16)	0.77 (0.58, 1.02)	0.92 (0.71, 1.21)	reference	1.08 (0.84, 1.40)
Model II	1.08 (0.82, 1.43)	0.90 (0.68, 1.19)	1.01 (0.77, 1.32)	reference	0.99 (0.77, 1.28)
Model III	1.36 (0.98, 1.90)	0.97 (0.71, 1.33)	0.95 (0.71, 1.27)	reference	0.99 (0.75, 1.31)
Total cholesterol					
Model I	1.09 (0.82, 1.43)	1.32 (1.02, 1.71)	0.97 (0.73, 1.29)	reference	0.96 (0.72, 1.28)
Model II	0.95 (0.72, 1.26)	1.17 (0.90, 1.52)	0.89 (0.67, 1.19)	reference	1.09 (0.82, 1.46)

Model III	1.13 (0.80, 1.60)	1.24 (0.92, 1.68)	0.87 (0.64, 1.18)	reference	1.10 (0.81, 1.51)
Triglyceride					
Model I	1.24 (0.94, 1.64)	1.38 (1.05, 1.81)	1.19 (0.90, 1.57)	reference	0.93 (0.69, 1.25)
Model II	0.99 (0.74, 1.31)	1.14 (0.86, 1.50)	1.07 (0.81, 1.41)	reference	1.10 (0.81, 1.48)
Model III	1.08 (0.78, 1.50)	1.15 (0.85, 1.57)	1.03 (0.76, 1.40)	reference	1.00 (0.72, 1.38)

Model I, unadjusted model; Model II, all cause mortality adjusted by age, sex and ethnicity; Model III, all cause mortality adjusted by age, sex, ethnicity, body mass index, heart rate, mean blood pressure, APACHE score, Glasgow coma score, LDL-C level, HDL-C level, TC level, TG level, acute myocardial infarction, stroke, congestive heart failure, sepsis, diabetes, hypertension, prior ASCVD, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, lipid-lowering therapy, antiplatelet drugs, anticoagulants, mechanical ventilation and dialysis. OR, odds ratio. CI, confidence intervals.

eTable 6. Unadjusted and adjusted odds ratios for non-cardiovascular mortality by quintiles of LDL-C, HDL-C, total cholesterol and triglyceride levels

Non-cardiovascular mortality	Quintile 1	Quintile 2	Quintile 3	Quintile 4	Quintile 5
	OR (95% CI)	OR (95% CI)	OR (95% CI)	OR (95% CI)	OR (95% CI)
LDL-C					
Model I	4.46 (3.61, 5.51)	2.35 (1.88, 2.95)	1.96 (1.55, 2.47)	1.33 (1.04, 1.71)	reference
Model II	4.04 (3.27, 5.00)	2.15 (1.71, 2.70)	1.83 (1.45, 2.31)	1.27 (0.99, 1.63)	reference
Model III	1.62 (1.27, 2.05)	1.28 (1.00, 1.64)	1.32 (1.03, 1.70)	1.03 (0.79, 1.34)	reference
HDL-C					
Model I	2.30 (1.92, 2.74)	1.18 (0.96, 1.43)	0.94 (0.77, 1.16)	reference	1.08 (0.88, 1.32)
Model II	2.56 (2.13, 3.06)	1.27 (1.04, 1.55)	0.98 (0.80, 1.21)	reference	1.04 (0.85, 1.27)
Model III	1.25 (1.02, 1.54)	1.05 (0.84, 1.31)	0.94 (0.75, 1.18)	reference	0.97 (0.78, 1.21)
Total cholesterol					
Model I	3.51 (2.91, 4.24)	1.77 (1.44, 2.17)	1.42 (1.15, 1.76)	reference	0.76 (0.59, 0.97)
Model II	3.37 (2.79, 4.07)	1.70 (1.38, 2.09)	1.39 (1.12, 1.72)	reference	0.79 (0.61, 1.01)
Model III	1.66 (1.31, 2.11)	1.26 (1.00, 1.58)	1.25 (0.99, 1.58)	reference	0.87 (0.67, 1.14)
Triglyceride					
Model I	1.18 (0.98, 1.42)	1.11 (0.92, 1.34)	1.11 (0.92, 1.34)	reference	0.95 (0.79, 1.16)
Model II	1.07 (0.89, 1.29)	1.02 (0.85, 1.24)	1.06 (0.88, 1.27)	reference	1.02 (0.84, 1.24)
Model III	1.04 (0.84, 1.29)	1.05 (0.85, 1.29)	1.12 (0.91, 1.37)	reference	0.99 (0.80, 1.23)

Model I, unadjusted model; Model II, all cause mortality adjusted by age, sex and ethnicity; Model III, all cause mortality adjusted by age, sex, ethnicity, body mass index, heart rate, mean blood pressure, APACHE score, Glasgow coma score, LDL-C level, HDL-C level, TC level, TG level, acute myocardial infarction, stroke, congestive heart failure, sepsis, diabetes, hypertension, prior ASCVD, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, lipid-lowering therapy, antiplatelet drugs, anticoagulants, mechanical ventilation and dialysis. OR, odds ratio. CI, confidence intervals.

eTable 7. Univariable and multivariable analysis for all-cause mortality with lipid levels below or above the risk inflection point

Lipid level	Individuals (%)	Events (%)	Model I OR (95% CI)	Model II OR (95% CI)	Model III OR (95% CI)
LDL-C level					
Increase per 10 mg/dL (≤ 95 mg/dL)	18058(66.1)	1338(7.4)	0.84 (0.82, 0.86)	0.85 (0.82, 0.87)	0.92 (0.90, 0.95)
Increase per 10 mg/dL (> 95 mg/dL)	9258(33.9)	366(4.0)	0.97 (0.94, 1.01)	0.99 (0.96, 1.03)	1.02 (0.98, 1.06)
HDL-C level					
Increase per 10 mg/dL (≤ 27 mg/dL)	4521(16.6)	446(9.9)	0.52 (0.45, 0.60)	0.51 (0.43, 0.59)	0.63 (0.52, 0.75)
Increase per 10 mg/dL (> 27 mg/dL)	22795(83.4)	1258(5.5)	1.04 (1.00, 1.08)	1.01 (0.97, 1.05)	1.02 (0.97, 1.06)
total cholesterol level					
Increase per 10 mg/dL (≤ 140 mg/dL)	12127(44.4)	1024(8.4)	0.85 (0.82, 0.87)	0.84 (0.82, 0.87)	0.92 (0.88, 0.96)
Increase per 10 mg/dL (> 140 mg/dL)	15189(55.6)	680(4.5)	0.96 (0.94, 0.98)	0.98 (0.95, 1.00)	0.99 (0.97, 1.02)

Model I, unadjusted model; Model II, all cause mortality adjusted by age, sex and ethnicity; Model III, all cause mortality adjusted by age, sex, ethnicity, body mass index, heart rate, mean blood pressure, APACHE score, Glasgow coma score, LDL-C level, HDL-C level, TC level, TG level, acute myocardial infarction, stroke, congestive heart failure, sepsis, diabetes, hypertension, prior ASCVD, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, lipid-lowering therapy, antiplatelet drugs, anticoagulants, mechanical ventilation and dialysis. OR, odds ratio. CI, confidence intervals.

eTable 8. Unadjusted and adjusted odds ratios for all-cause mortality by LDL-C level combined with HDL-C level

Lipid level	Individuals (%)	Events (%)	Model I OR (95% CI)	Model II OR (95% CI)	Model III OR (95% CI)
All-cause mortality					
LDL ≤ 95 , HDL ≤ 27 mg/dL	3710(13.6)	402 (10.8)	3.07 (2.63, 3.57)	3.07 (2.63, 3.58)	1.77 (1.49, 2.11)
LDL > 95 , HDL ≤ 27 mg/dL	811(3.0)	44 (5.4)	1.45 (1.05, 2.00)	1.72 (1.24, 2.39)	1.43 (1.00, 2.03)
LDL ≤ 95 , HDL > 27 mg/dL	14348(52.5)	936 (6.5)	1.76 (1.55, 2.00)	1.54 (1.35, 1.76)	1.27 (1.10, 1.46)
LDL > 95 , HDL > 27 mg/dL	8447(30.9)	322(3.8)	reference	reference	reference
Cardiovascular mortality					
LDL ≤ 95 , HDL ≤ 27 mg/dL	3710(13.6)	72 (1.9)	1.09 (0.82, 1.44)	1.08 (0.81, 1.43)	1.50 (1.08, 2.09)
LDL > 95 , HDL ≤ 27 mg/dL	811(3.0)	10 (1.2)	0.69 (0.36, 1.31)	0.91 (0.47, 1.73)	0.85 (0.41, 1.77)
LDL ≤ 95 , HDL > 27 mg/dL	14348(52.5)	292 (2.0)	1.14 (0.94, 1.39)	0.92 (0.75, 1.13)	0.95 (0.76, 1.18)
LDL > 95 , HDL > 27 mg/dL	8447(30.9)	151 (1.8)	reference	reference	reference
Noncardiovascular mortality					
LDL ≤ 95 , HDL ≤ 27 mg/dL	3710(13.6)	330 (8.9)	4.73 (3.91, 5.71)	4.71 (3.89, 5.69)	1.98 (1.60, 2.44)
LDL > 95 , HDL ≤ 27 mg/dL	811(3.0)	34 (4.2)	2.12 (1.46, 3.08)	2.38 (1.63, 3.47)	1.78 (1.19, 2.68)
LDL ≤ 95 , HDL > 27 mg/dL	14348(52.5)	644 (4.5)	2.27 (1.92, 2.70)	2.07 (1.74, 2.46)	1.49 (1.24, 1.80)
LDL > 95 , HDL > 27 mg/dL	8447(30.9)	171 (2.0)	reference	reference	reference

Model I, unadjusted model; Model II, all cause mortality adjusted by age, sex and ethnicity; Model III, all cause mortality adjusted by age, sex, ethnicity, body mass index, heart rate, mean blood pressure, APACHE score, Glasgow coma score, LDL-C level, HDL-C level, TC level, TG level, acute myocardial infarction, stroke, congestive heart failure, sepsis, diabetes, hypertension, prior ASCVD, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, lipid-lowering

therapy, antiplatelet drugs, anticoagulants, mechanical ventilation and dialysis. OR, odds ratio. CI, confidence intervals.

eTable 9. Unadjusted and adjusted odds ratios for all-cause mortality according to quintiles of LDL-C, HDL-C, total cholesterol and triglyceride levels by excluding death within the first 24 hours of ICU entry (n=27097)

All-cause mortality	Quintile 1	Quintile 2	Quintile 3	Quintile 4	Quintile 5
	OR (95% CI)	OR (95% CI)	OR (95% CI)	OR (95% CI)	OR (95% CI)
LDL-C					
Model I	3.30 (2.76, 3.95)	2.07 (1.71, 2.50)	1.69 (1.39, 2.05)	1.32 (1.08, 1.62)	reference
Model II	2.86 (2.38, 3.43)	1.81 (1.50, 2.19)	1.53 (1.25, 1.86)	1.23 (1.01, 1.52)	reference
Model III	1.64 (1.34, 2.01)	1.34 (1.10, 1.65)	1.27 (1.03, 1.56)	1.09 (0.88, 1.35)	reference
HDL-C					
Model I	1.82 (1.55, 2.14)	1.06 (0.89, 1.27)	0.96 (0.81, 1.15)	reference	1.11 (0.94, 1.32)
Model II	2.09 (1.78, 2.46)	1.17 (0.98, 1.39)	1.01 (0.85, 1.21)	reference	1.06 (0.89, 1.25)
Model III	1.31 (1.09, 1.57)	1.03 (0.85, 1.25)	0.95 (0.79, 1.15)	reference	1.00 (0.83, 1.20)
Total cholesterol					
Model I	2.52 (2.14, 2.96)	1.62 (1.36, 1.93)	1.25 (1.04, 1.51)	reference	0.79 (0.65, 0.97)
Model II	2.37 (2.00, 2.79)	1.52 (1.28, 1.81)	1.20 (1.00, 1.45)	reference	0.84 (0.69, 1.03)
Model III	1.55 (1.26, 1.91)	1.30 (1.07, 1.57)	1.13 (0.93, 1.37)	reference	0.90 (0.72, 1.12)
Triglyceride					
Model I	1.19 (1.01, 1.40)	1.15 (0.97, 1.36)	1.16 (0.98, 1.37)	reference	0.95 (0.80, 1.13)
Model II	1.04 (0.88, 1.23)	1.03 (0.87, 1.21)	1.08 (0.92, 1.28)	reference	1.04 (0.88, 1.24)
Model III	1.07 (0.89, 1.29)	1.06 (0.88, 1.27)	1.12 (0.93, 1.34)	reference	0.99 (0.82, 1.19)

Model I, unadjusted model; Model II, all cause mortality adjusted by age, sex and ethnicity; Model III, all cause mortality adjusted by age, sex, ethnicity, body mass index, heart rate, mean blood pressure, APACHE score, Glasgow coma score, LDL-C level, HDL-C level, TC level, TG level, acute myocardial infarction, stroke, congestive heart failure, sepsis, diabetes, hypertension, prior ASCVD, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, lipid-lowering therapy, antiplatelet drugs, anticoagulants, mechanical ventilation and dialysis. OR, odds ratio. CI, confidence intervals.

eTable 10. Unadjusted and adjusted odds ratios for all-cause mortality according to quintiles of LDL-C, HDL-C, total cholesterol and triglyceride levels with complete-case analyse (n=21223)

All-cause mortality	Quintile 1	Quintile 2	Quintile 3	Quintile 4	Quintile 5
	OR (95% CI)	OR (95% CI)	OR (95% CI)	OR (95% CI)	OR (95% CI)
LDL-C					
Model I	3.00 (2.49, 3.62)	2.01 (1.65, 2.46)	1.54 (1.25, 1.89)	1.26 (1.01, 1.55)	reference
Model II	2.52 (2.09, 3.05)	1.71 (1.40, 2.09)	1.35 (1.10, 1.66)	1.15 (0.93, 1.43)	reference
Model III	1.31 (1.06, 1.63)	1.25 (1.00, 1.55)	1.15 (0.92, 1.44)	1.02 (0.81, 1.28)	reference
HDL-C					
Model I	1.88 (1.58, 2.24)	1.11 (0.92, 1.35)	reference	1.11 (0.92, 1.34)	1.23 (1.02, 1.48)
Model II	2.05 (1.72, 2.44)	1.17 (0.96, 1.41)	reference	1.05 (0.87, 1.27)	1.10 (0.91, 1.33)

Model III	1.28 (1.04, 1.57)	1.07 (0.87, 1.32)	reference	1.11 (0.91, 1.37)	1.10 (0.90, 1.36)
Total cholesterol					
Model I	2.49 (2.09, 2.97)	1.55 (1.29, 1.87)	1.12 (0.92, 1.37)	reference	0.85 (0.69, 1.05)
Model II	2.30 (1.93, 2.75)	1.44 (1.19, 1.74)	1.07 (0.88, 1.31)	reference	0.92 (0.74, 1.14)
Model III	1.34 (1.07, 1.68)	1.16 (0.94, 1.44)	0.98 (0.79, 1.22)	reference	0.94 (0.75, 1.19)
Triglyceride					
Model I	1.39 (1.16, 1.66)	1.34 (1.12, 1.61)	1.32 (1.10, 1.59)	reference	1.06 (0.87, 1.28)
Model II	1.20 (0.96, 1.44)	1.18 (0.98, 1.42)	1.23 (1.03, 1.48)	reference	1.18 (0.97, 1.43)
Model III	1.24 (0.95, 1.52)	1.21 (0.97, 1.49)	1.28 (0.98, 1.56)	reference	1.12 (0.91, 1.38)

Model I, unadjusted model; Model II, all cause mortality adjusted by age, sex and ethnicity; Model III, all cause mortality adjusted by age, sex, ethnicity, body mass index, heart rate, mean blood pressure, APACHE score, Glasgow coma score, LDL-C level, HDL-C level, TC level, TG level, acute myocardial infarction, stroke, congestive heart failure, sepsis, diabetes, hypertension, prior ASCVD, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, lipid-lowering therapy, antiplatelet drugs, anticoagulants, mechanical ventilation and dialysis. OR, odds ratio. CI, confidence intervals.

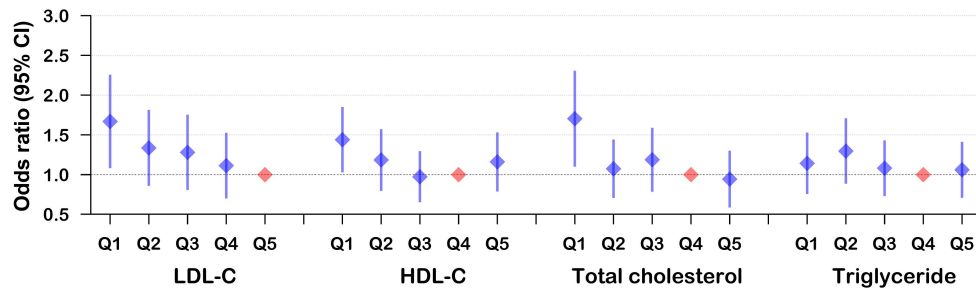
eTable 11. Unadjusted and adjusted odds ratios for all-cause mortality according to quintiles of LDL-C, HDL-C, total cholesterol and triglyceride levels by using the first measurement of ICU admission (n=20388)

All-cause mortality	Quintile 1	Quintile 2	Quintile 3	Quintile 4	Quintile 5
	OR (95% CI)	OR (95% CI)	OR (95% CI)	OR (95% CI)	OR (95% CI)
LDL-C					
Model I	2.85 (2.36, 3.44)	1.81 (1.48, 2.21)	1.26 (1.02, 1.56)	0.87 (0.69, 1.09)	reference
Model II	2.65 (2.19, 3.20)	1.70 (1.39, 2.07)	1.22 (0.98, 1.50)	0.92 (0.73, 1.16)	reference
Model III	1.57 (1.26, 1.95)	1.38 (1.11, 1.72)	1.14 (0.91, 1.43)	1.12 (0.88, 1.43)	reference
HDL-C					
Model I	1.99 (1.65, 2.41)	1.11 (0.90, 1.36)	1.09 (0.89, 1.34)	reference	1.12 (0.91, 1.37)
Model II	2.16 (1.79, 2.62)	1.15 (0.94, 1.42)	1.05 (0.86, 1.29)	reference	1.03 (0.83, 1.26)
Model III	1.28 (1.03, 1.59)	1.05 (0.83, 1.31)	1.08 (0.87, 1.35)	reference	1.05 (0.84, 1.32)
Total cholesterol					
Model I	2.70 (2.25, 3.24)	1.58 (1.29, 1.92)	1.21 (0.98, 1.49)	reference	0.77 (0.61, 0.97)
Model II	2.55 (2.12, 3.07)	1.48 (1.21, 1.81)	1.16 (0.94, 1.43)	reference	0.82 (0.65, 1.03)
Model III	1.47 (1.17, 1.86)	1.22 (0.97, 1.52)	1.03 (0.82, 1.29)	reference	0.91 (0.71, 1.17)
Triglyceride					
Model I	0.91 (0.76, 1.09)	1.01 (0.84, 1.20)	0.74 (0.61, 0.90)	reference	0.85 (0.71, 1.03)
Model II	0.92 (0.76, 1.10)	1.07 (0.90, 1.28)	0.84 (0.69, 1.02)	reference	1.06 (0.87, 1.28)
Model III	0.91 (0.75, 1.12)	1.04 (0.85, 1.27)	0.74 (0.60, 0.93)	reference	0.94 (0.75, 1.17)

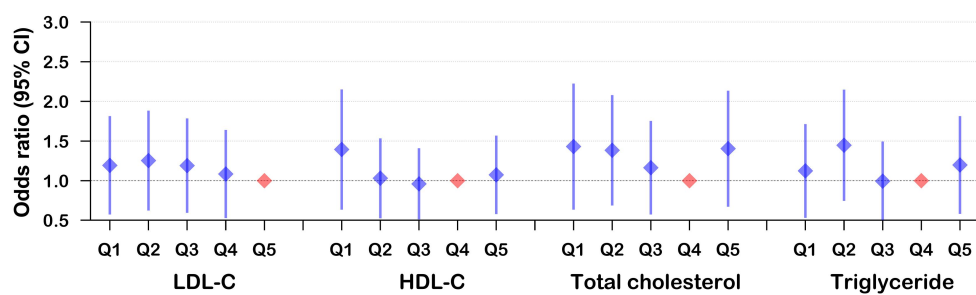
Model I, unadjusted model; Model II, all cause mortality adjusted by age, sex and ethnicity; Model III, all cause mortality adjusted by age, sex, ethnicity, body mass index, heart rate, mean blood pressure, APACHE score, Glasgow coma score, LDL-C level, HDL-C level, TC level, TG level, acute myocardial infarction, stroke, congestive heart failure, sepsis, diabetes, hypertension, prior ASCVD, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, lipid-lowering therapy, antiplatelet drugs, anticoagulants, mechanical ventilation and dialysis.

eFigure 1. Multivariable adjusted odds ratios for all-cause and cause-specific mortality by quintiles of LDL-C, HDL-C, total cholesterol and triglyceride levels in individuals with lipid-lowering therapy

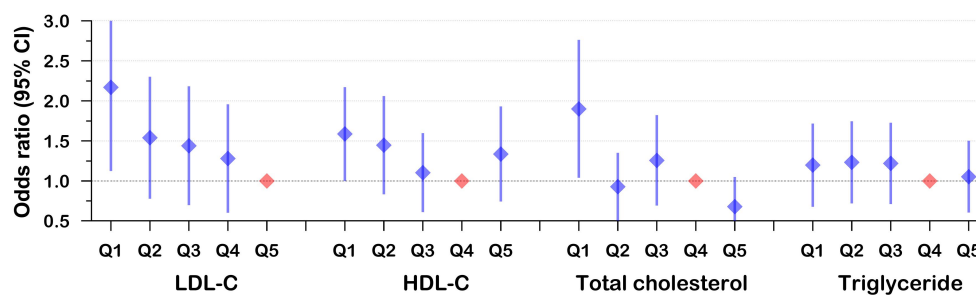
(A) All-cause mortality



(B) Cardiovascular mortality

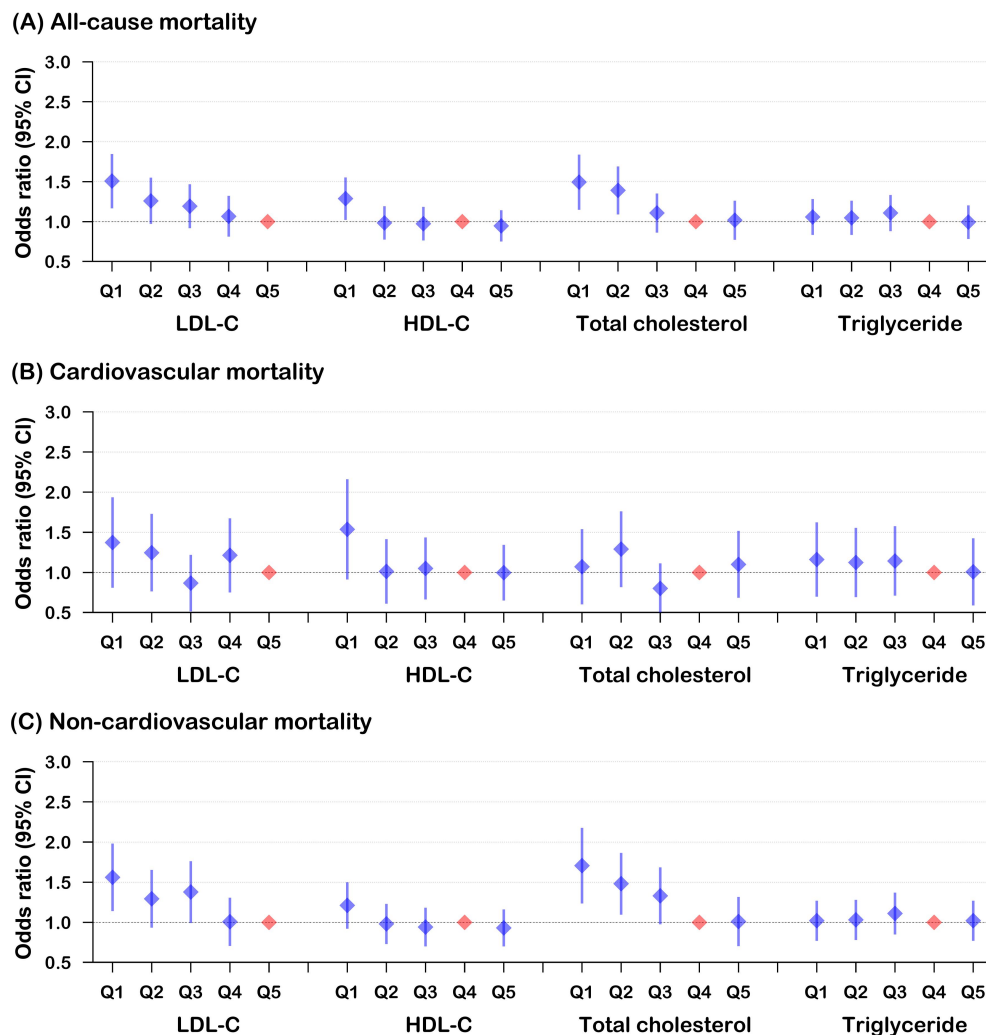


(C) Non-cardiovascular mortality



All-cause mortality (A), cardiovascular mortality (B) and non-cardiovascular mortality (C) adjusted by age, sex, ethnicity, body mass index, heart rate, mean blood pressure, APACHE score, Glasgow coma score, LDL-C level, HDL-C level, TC level, TG level, acute myocardial infarction, stroke, congestive heart failure, sepsis, diabetes, hypertension, prior ASCVD, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, lipid-lowering therapy, antiplatelet drugs, anticoagulants, mechanical ventilation and dialysis.

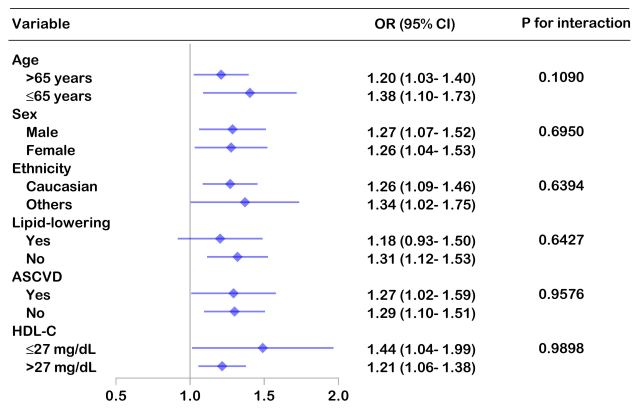
eFigure 2. Probability of all cause and cause-specific mortality based on LDL-C, HDL-C, total cholesterol and triglyceride levels in individuals without lipid-lowering therapy



All-cause mortality (A), cardiovascular mortality (B) and non-cardiovascular mortality (C) adjusted by age, sex, ethnicity, body mass index, heart rate, mean blood pressure, APACHE score, Glasgow coma score, LDL-C level, HDL-C level, TC level, TG level, acute myocardial infarction, stroke, congestive heart failure, sepsis, diabetes, hypertension, prior ASCVD, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, lipid-lowering therapy, antiplatelet drugs, anticoagulants, mechanical ventilation and dialysis.

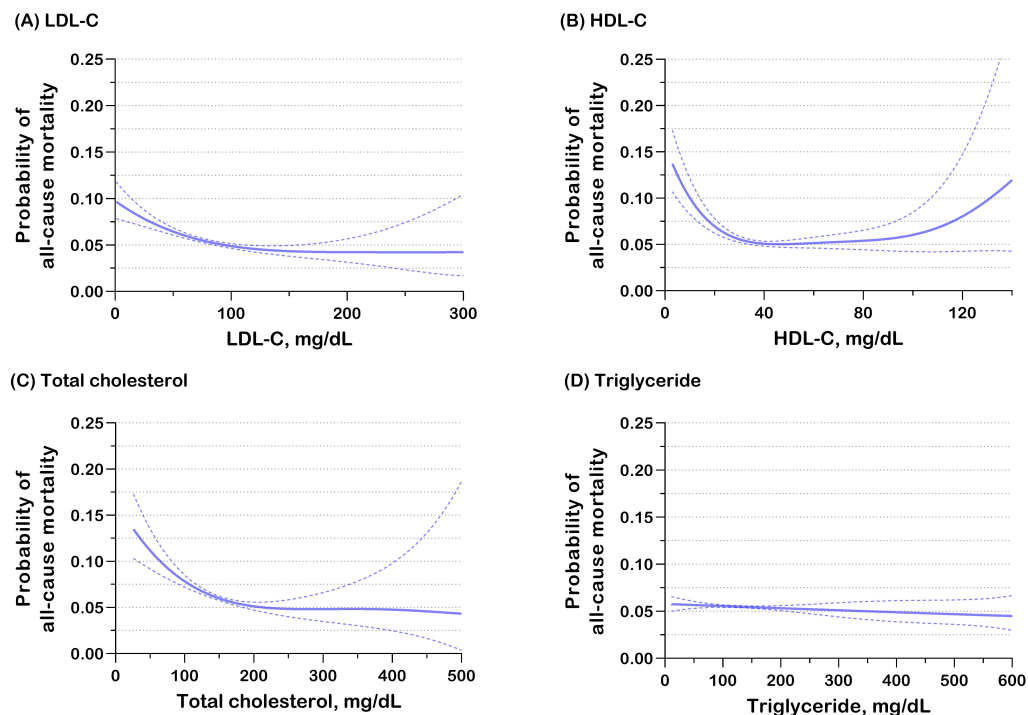
eFigure 3. Multivariable adjusted all-cause mortality risk for total cholesterol levels stratified by covariates

Forest Plot of odds ratio for all-cause mortality stratified by age, sex, ethnicity, lipid-lowering therapy, ASCVD, LDL-C and HDL-C levels, with the first quintile (≤ 110 mg/dL) compared to the fourth quintile of TC levels (159-188 mg/dL). The model was adjusted by age, sex, ethnicity, body mass index, heart rate, mean blood pressure, APACHE score, Glasgow coma score, LDL-C level, HDL-C level, TC level, TG level, acute myocardial infarction, stroke, congestive heart failure, sepsis, diabetes, hypertension, prior ASCVD, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, lipid-lowering therapy, antiplatelet drugs, anticoagulants, mechanical ventilation and dialysis.



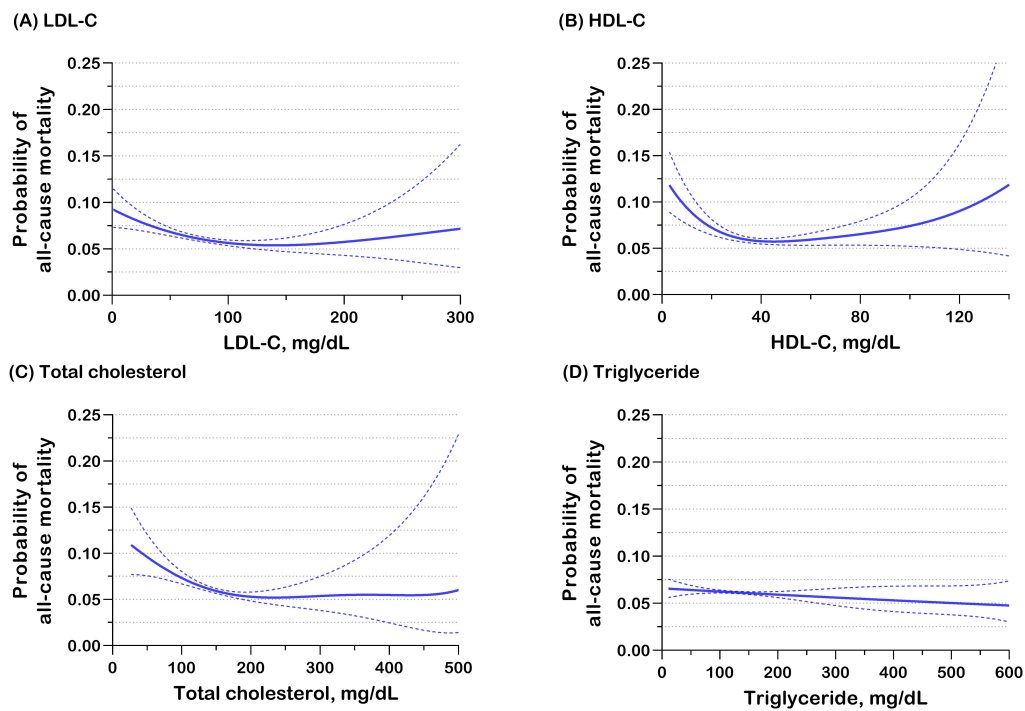
eFigure 4. Probability of all cause mortality based on LDL-C, HDL-C, total cholesterol and triglyceride levels by excluding death within the first 24 hours of ICU entry

Sensitivity analysis by excluding death within the first 24 hours of ICU entry (n=27097). All-cause mortality adjusted by age, sex, ethnicity, body mass index, heart rate, mean blood pressure, APACHE score, Glasgow coma score, LDL-C level, HDL-C level, TC level, TG level, acute myocardial infarction, stroke, congestive heart failure, sepsis, diabetes, hypertension, prior ASCVD, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, lipid-lowering therapy, antiplatelet drugs, anticoagulants, mechanical ventilation and dialysis.



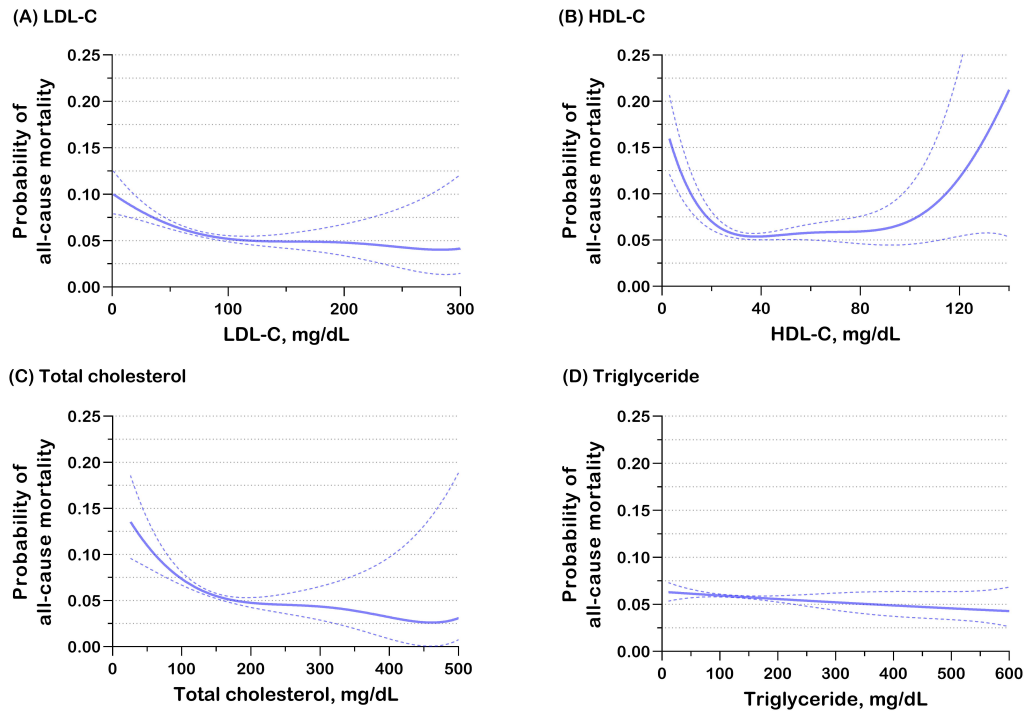
eFigure 5. Probability of all cause mortality based on LDL-C, HDL-C, total cholesterol and triglyceride levels with complete-case analyse

Sensitivity analysis by excluding cases with missing data (n=21223). All-cause mortality adjusted by age, sex, ethnicity, body mass index, heart rate, mean blood pressure, APACHE score, Glasgow coma score, LDL-C level, HDL-C level, TC level, TG level, acute myocardial infarction, stroke, congestive heart failure, sepsis, diabetes, hypertension, prior ASCVD, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, lipid-lowering therapy, antiplatelet drugs, anticoagulants, mechanical ventilation and dialysis.



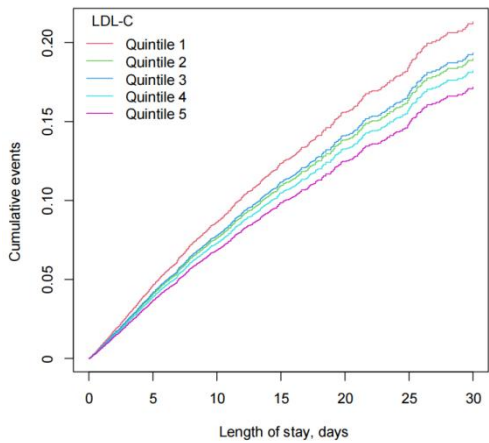
eFigure 6. Probability of all cause mortality based on LDL-C, HDL-C, total cholesterol and triglyceride levels by using the first measurement of ICU admission

Sensitivity analysis by using the first measurement of lipid levels after ICU admission instead of the first measurement of hospital admission (n=20388). All-cause mortality adjusted by age, sex, ethnicity, body mass index, heart rate, mean blood pressure, APACHE score, Glasgow coma score, LDL-C level, HDL-C level, TC level, TG level, acute myocardial infarction, stroke, congestive heart failure, sepsis, diabetes, hypertension, prior ASCVD, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, lipid-lowering therapy, antiplatelet drugs, anticoagulants, mechanical ventilation and dialysis.

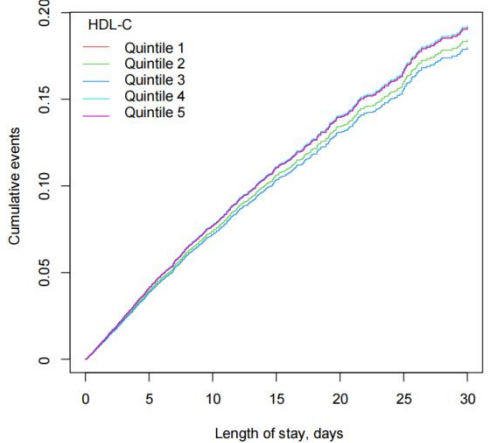


eFigure 7. Kaplan-Meier curve for cumulative incidence with all cause mortality by quintiles of lipid levels

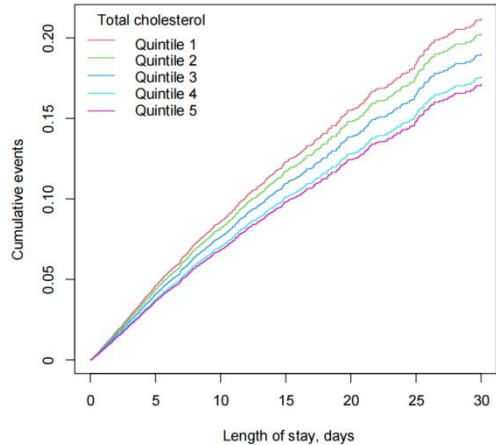
(A)



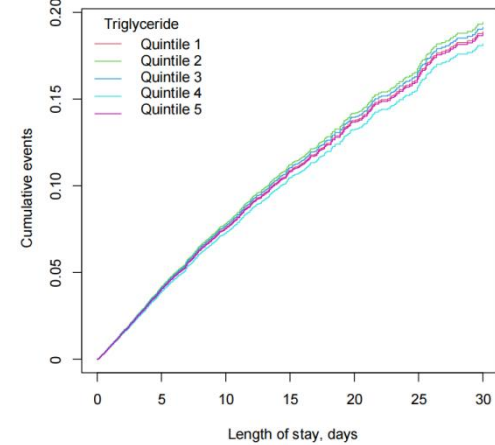
(B)



(C)



(D)



eFigure 8. Kaplan–Meier curve for cumulative incidence with all cause mortality by LDL-C level combined with HDL-C level

