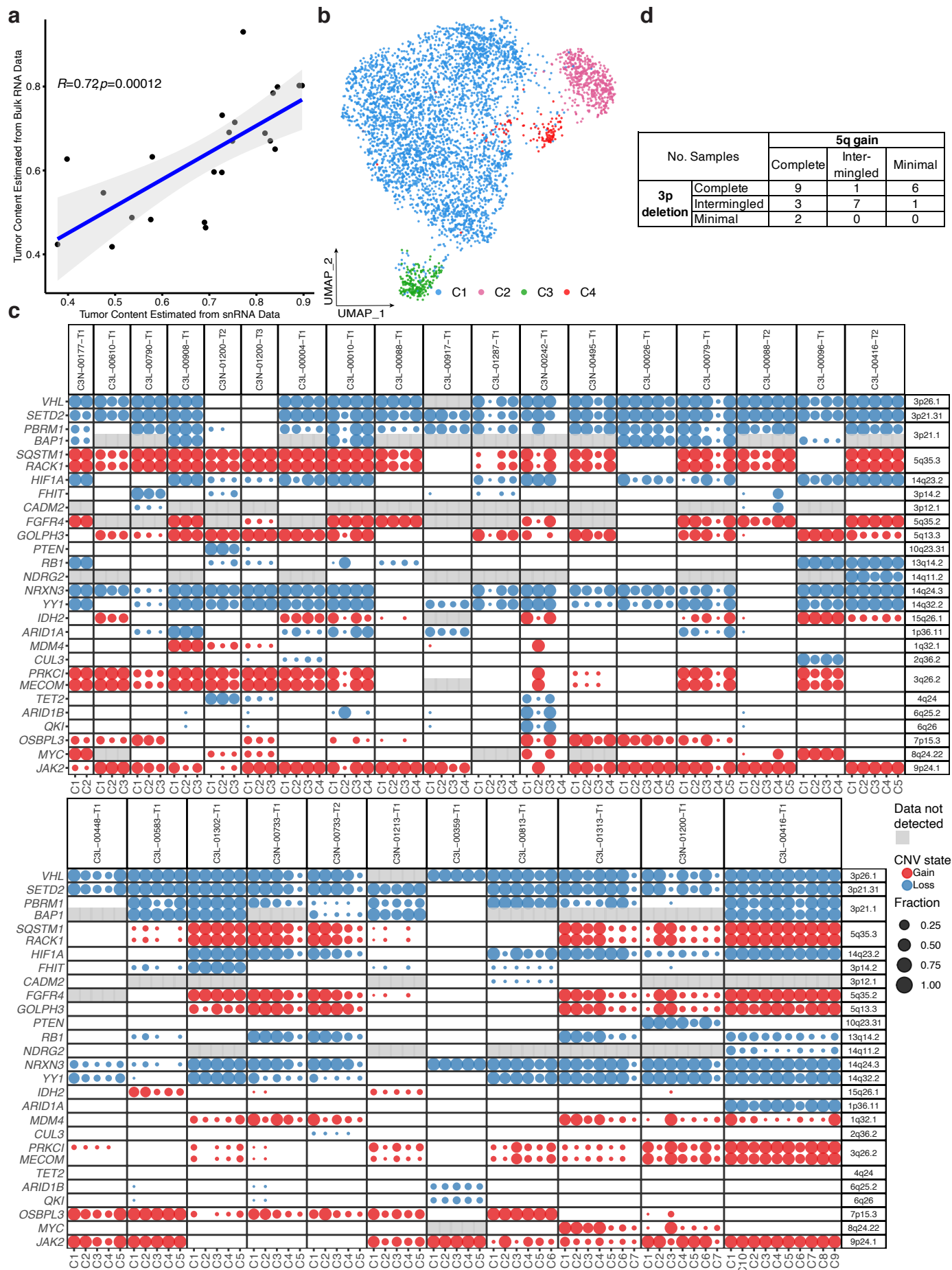
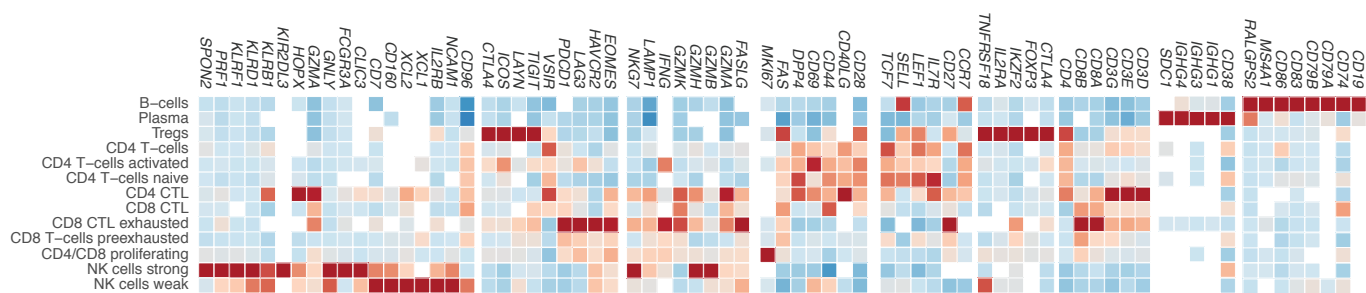
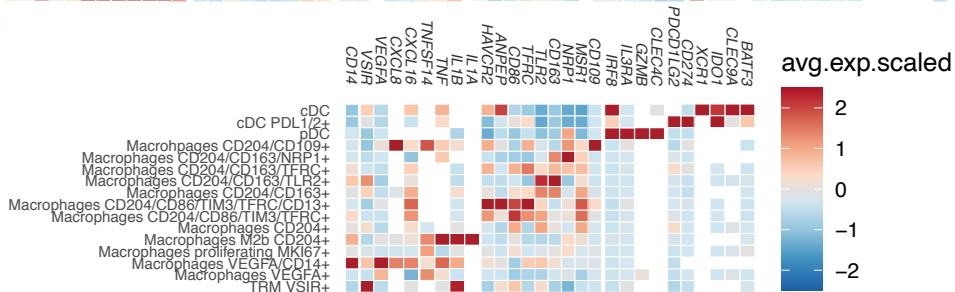




Extended Data Figure 1. Related to Figure 1.

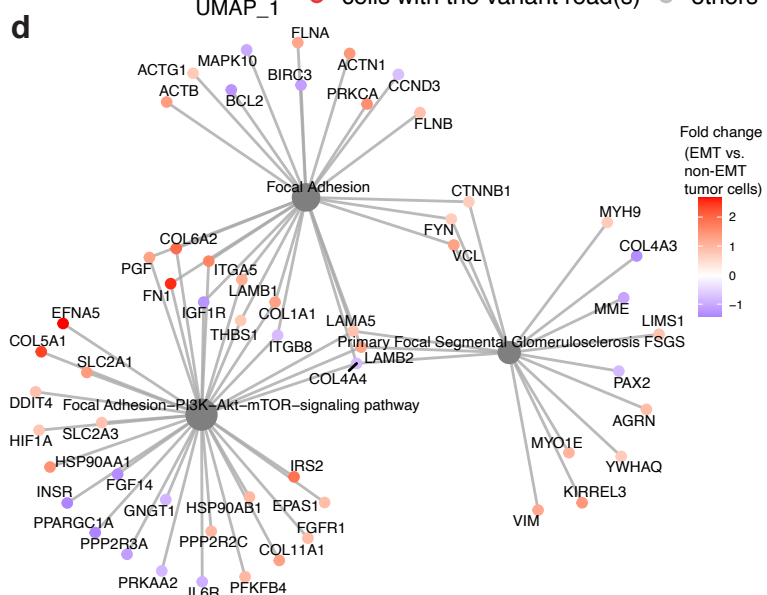
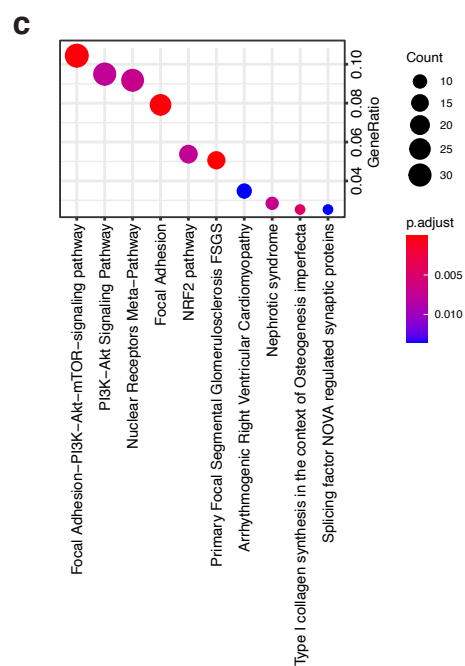
a, Scatter plot showing the tumor cell percentages estimated by the snRNA data (x-axis) were significantly correlated with the tumor purity estimates by ESTIMATE using bulk RNA data (y-axis) among 23 ccRCC tumors. b, UMAP visualization of tumor cells from tumor C3L-00010-T1 (4,377 cells), colored by the tumor subcluster id. c, Bubble plot showing the CNV status and fraction of tumor subclusters ($n = 134$). d, Table showing the number of tumor samples with different combinations of 3p and 5q CNV status.

a

**b**

Extended Data Figure 2. Marker gene expression for assigning immune cell states.

a, Heatmap showing the snRNA expression of known marker genes (x-axis) in various lymphoid cell types (y-axis). Expression was averaged across cells within each cell type and then scaled across all lymphoid cell types. Expression is shown only for cell types expressing a given gene in at least 1% of cells. b, Expression of known marker genes (x-axis) in various myeloid cells (y-axis). Expression was averaged across cells within each cell type and then scaled across all myeloid cell types. Expression is shown only for cell types expressing a given gene in at least 1% of cells.

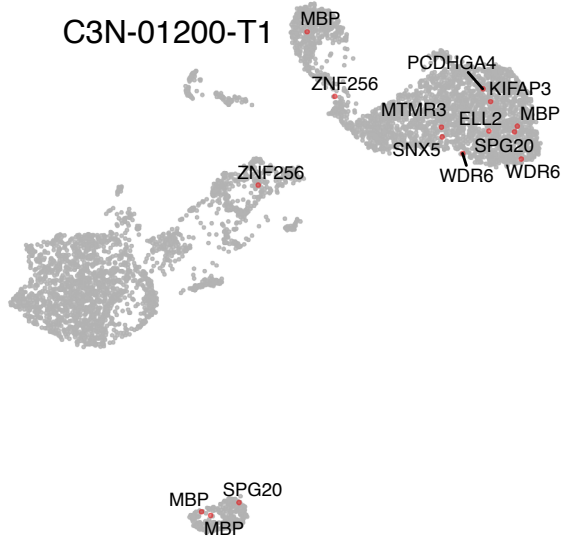


Extended Data Figure 3. Related to Figure 2.

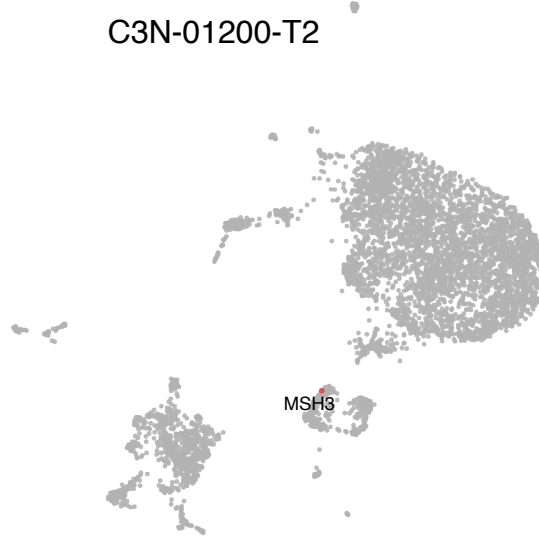
a, Dot plot showing the snRNA expression of mesenchymal marker genes and proximal tubule marker genes in EMT tumor cells and non-EMT tumor cells in tumor C3L-00079-T1. b, UMAP visualization of cells in tumor C3L-00079-T1 (4,350 cells). Red dots denote cells with reads mapped with somatic mutation(s) (*FTH1* mutation not shown to avoid crowdedness). Selected mutations were labeled with the gene symbol, including mutations in *VHL*, *PTEN*, *PBRM1*, and *C8orf76* (same mutation for the same gene across cells). c, Dot plot showing the top ten pathways enriched in the genes differentially expressed between the EMT tumor cells and the non-EMT tumor cells in tumor C3L-00079-T1 using over-representation analysis. d, Network plot showing genes differentially expressed between the EMT tumor cells and non-EMT tumor cells within the top three most significantly enriched pathways (shown in b) in tumor C3L-00079-T1.

a

C3N-01200-T1

**b**

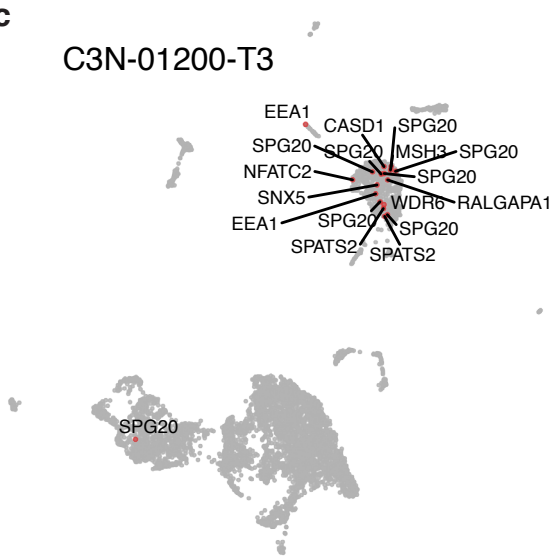
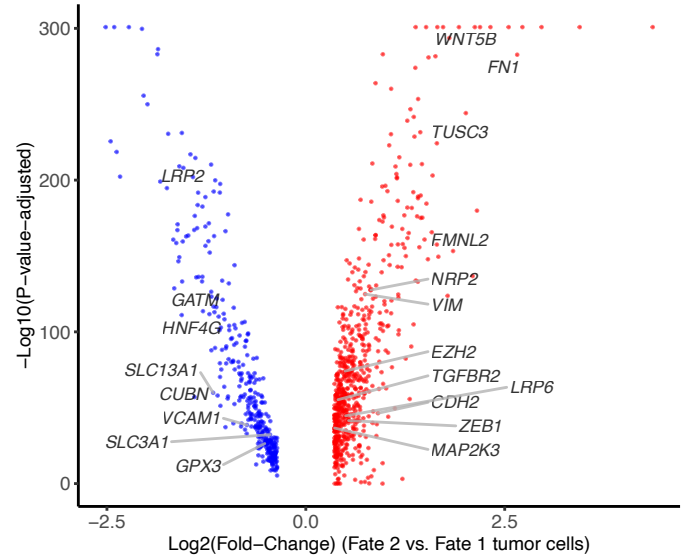
C3N-01200-T2



● cells with the variant read(s) ● others

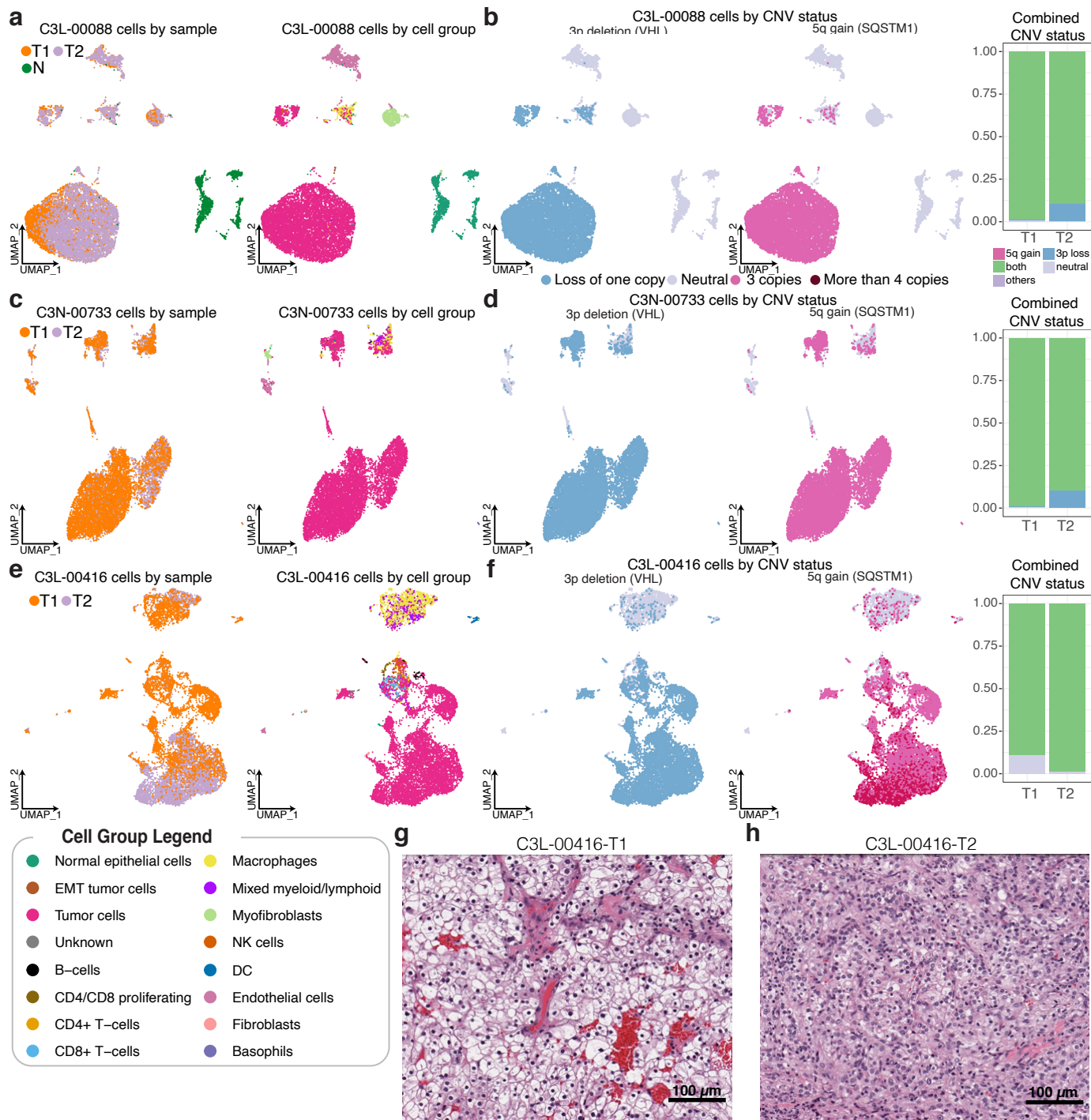
c

C3N-01200-T3

**d**

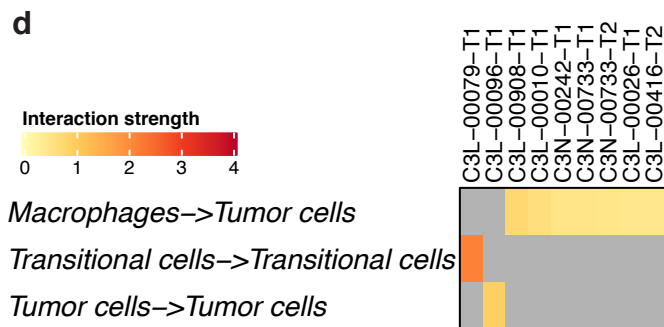
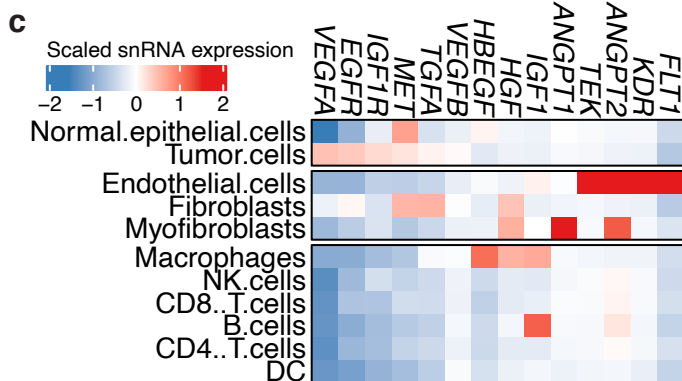
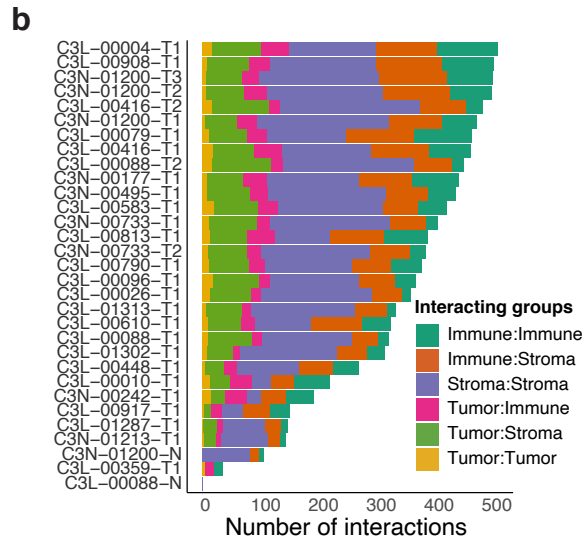
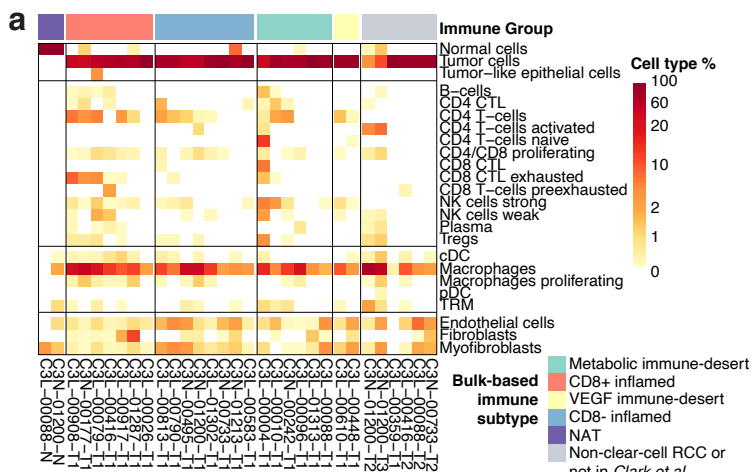
Extended Data Figure 4. snRNA analysis of the tumors from patient C3N-01200.

a-c, UMAP visualization of cells from tumor segment a, T1 (5,090 cells), b, T2 (5,134 cells), and c, T3 (4,974 cells) of patient C3N-01200. Red dots denote cells with reads mapped with somatic mutation(s). d, Scatter plot showing differentially expressed between Fate 2 tumor cells (EMT tumor cells) vs. Fate 1 tumor cells from patient C3N-01200. Texts on the right denote known mesenchymal genes. Texts on the left denote known marker genes for proximal tubule cells.



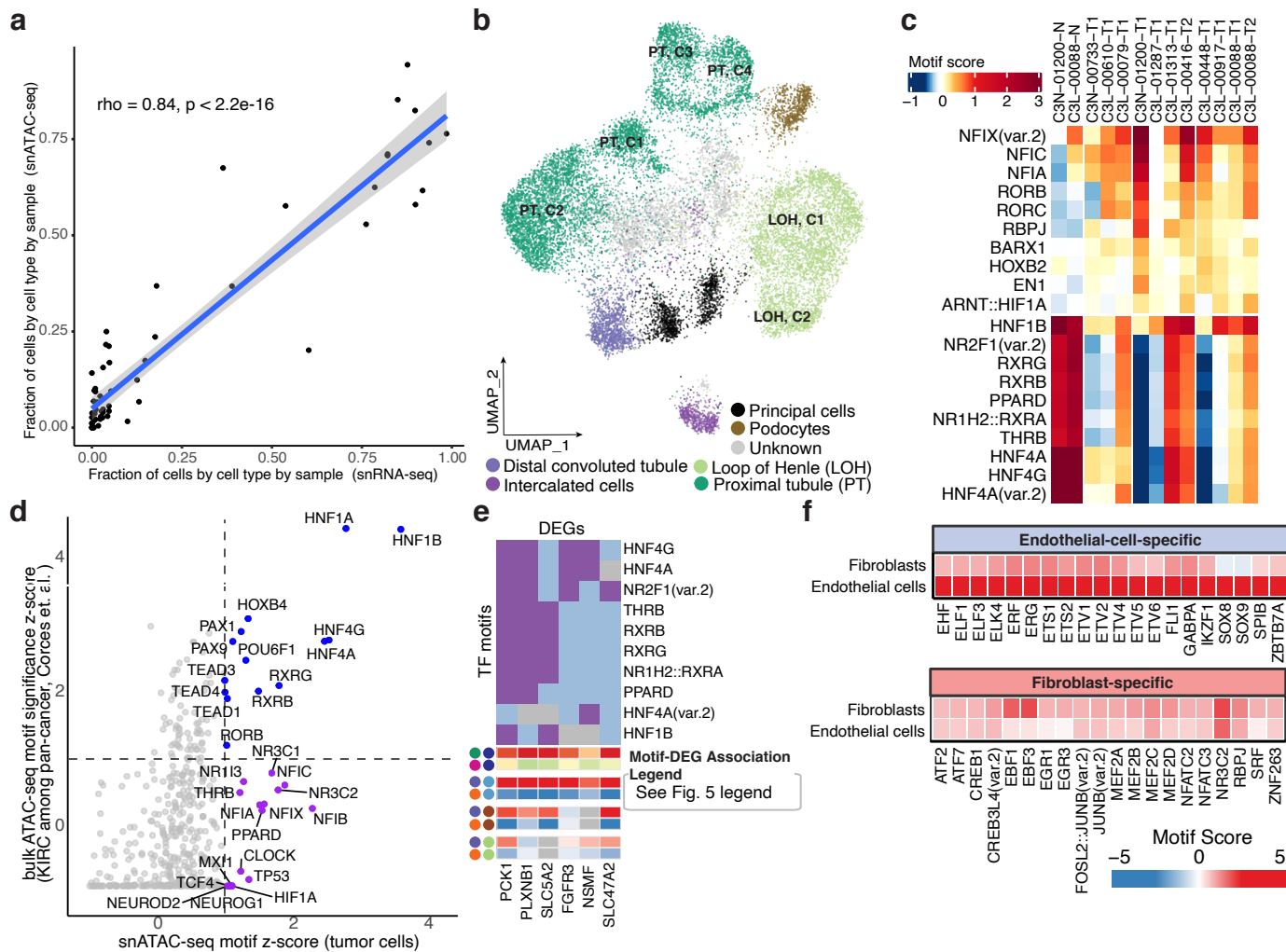
Extended Data Figure 5. snRNA analysis of the multiple-segment tumors from case C3L-00088, C3N-00733, and C3L-00416.

a, UMAP visualization of cells ($n = 11,202$) from patient C3L-00088 T1, T2 tumor segments, and NAT (green), colored by sample (left) and by cell group (right, color key at bottom). b, UMAP visualization of cells from patient C3L-00088, colored by CNV status of *VHL* (representing 3p) and *SQSTM1* (representing 5q) genes; Bar plot showing the fractions of tumor cells in tumor C3L-00088 T1 and T3, colored by the combined CNV status for 3p and 5q gain. c, UMAP visualization of cells ($n = 9,138$) from patient C3N-00733 T1 and T2 tumor segments, colored by sample (left) and by cell group (right). d, UMAP visualization of cells from patient C3N-00733, colored by CNV status of *VHL* and *SQSTM1* genes; Bar plot showing the fractions of tumor cells in tumor C3L-00088 T1 and T3, colored by the combined CNV status for 3p and 5q gain. e, UMAP visualization of cells ($n = 9,842$) from patient C3L-00416 T1 and T2 tumor segments, colored by sample (left) and by cell group (right). f, UMAP visualization of cells from patient C3L-00416, colored by CNV status of *VHL* and *SQSTM1* genes; Bar plot showing the fractions of tumor cells in tumor C3L-00088 T1 and T3, colored by the combined CNV status for 3p and 5q gain. g-h, H&E image of a cross-section of tumor g, C3L-00416-T1 and h, C3L-00416-T2. Scale bar, 100 μm .



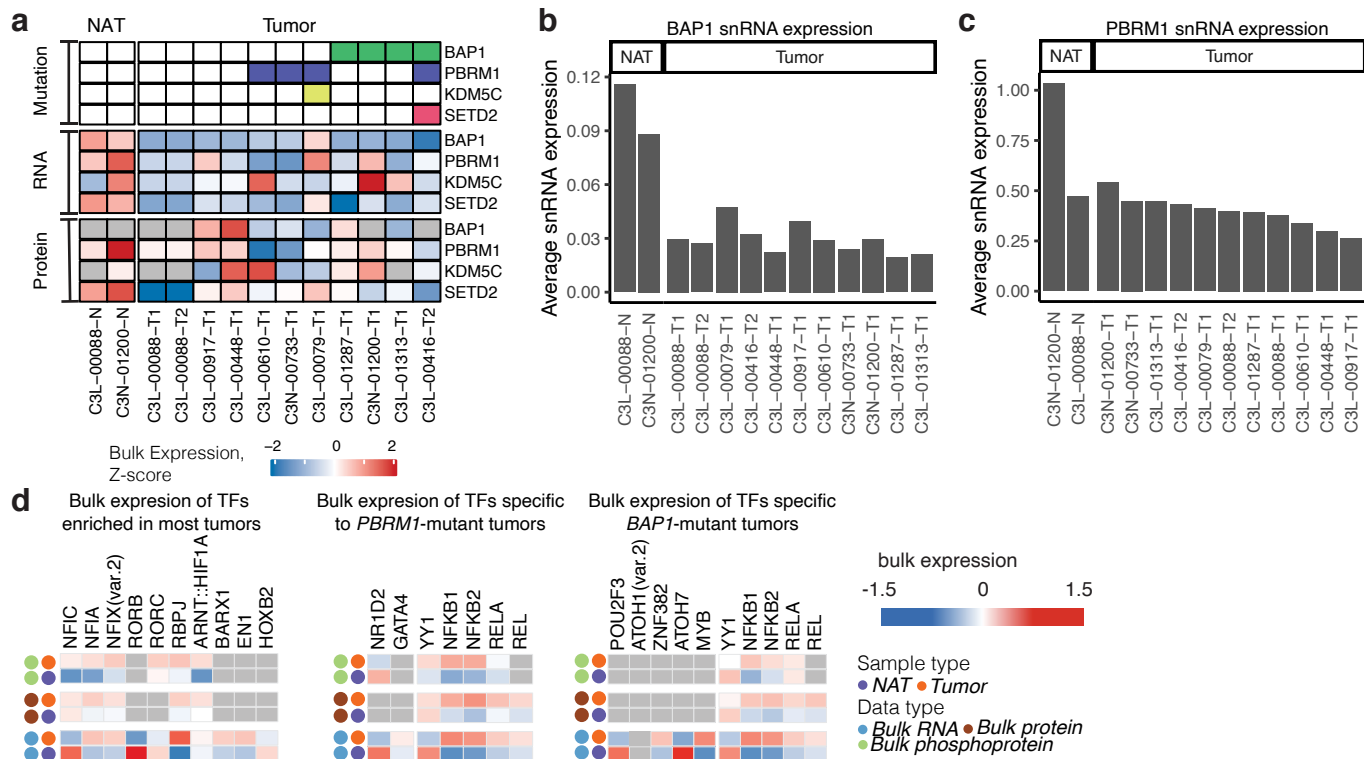
Extended Data Figure 6. Related to Figure 4.

a, Heatmap showing the cell type fraction of all the samples used in this study, grouped by the immune subtype determined by Clark et al.¹³. b, Bar plot showing the number of significant cell-cell interactions (x-axis) in each sample (y-axis). c, Heatmap showing the averaged snRNA expression of ligand and receptor genes by major cell types for the ligand-receptor pairs shown in Fig. 4. d, Heatmap showing the interaction strengths of WNT5A-FZD6 interactions across tumor samples.



Extended Data Figure 7. Related to Figure 5.

a, Scatter plot showing the correlation between the fraction of cell types by sample estimated by snRNA-seq (x-axis) and snATAC-seq (y-axis). b, UMAP visualization of the nephron epithelial cells from NAT samples by snATAC-seq ($n = 15,856$). c, Heatmap illustrating the motif scores of top motifs consistently more (upper panel) and less (bottom panel) accessible in tumor cells compared to PT cells. d, Scatter plot showing the comparisons between the motif z-scores of the tumor cells by snATAC-seq (x-axis) vs. the motif significance z-score from the bulk ATAC-seq study¹² (y-axis). The blue dots denote the TF motifs that were specific to ccRCC compared to other cancer types by the bulk ATAC-seq study that also had high z-score in ccRCC cells compared to other cells by snATAC-seq. The purple dots denote the TF motifs specific to the snATAC-seq study but so significant for ccRCC in the bulk ATAC-seq study. e, Heatmap showing the associations between TF motifs (y-axis) with decreased accessibility in tumor cells and DEGs (x-axis) down-regulated in tumor cells compared to PT cells. The bottom panel shows the average expression of snRNA and bulk mRNA, protein and phosphoprotein of the DEGs in the tumors and NAT samples. The samples used for the bulk average expression data include 110 tumors and 75 NATs in Clark et al.¹³. f, Heatmap showing motif scores of the TF-motifs enriched in endothelial cells (upper panel) and fibroblasts (bottom panel).



Extended Data Figure 8. Related to Figure 6.

a, Heatmap showing the bulk RNA and protein expression of *BAP1*, *PBRM1*, *KDM5C*, and *SETD2* for snATAC-seq samples, annotated by mutation status of the same genes. b-c, Bar plots showing the snRNA expression of b, *BAP1* and c, *PBRM1* in PT cells of two NATs and in tumor cells of 11 tumors with snATAC-seq data. d, Heatmaps showing the average bulk RNA (light blue dot), protein (brown dot) and phosphoprotein (green dot) levels of the TFs enriched in tumor cells (x-axis) in tumor (orange dot) and NAT (deep blue dot) samples. Leftmost panel shows the expression of TFs enriched in most tumor samples, and the samples include 110 tumors and 75 NATs in Clark et al.¹³. The middle panel shows TFs specific to *PBRM1*-mutant tumors, and the samples include 42 *PBRM1*-mutant tumors and corresponding NATs. The rightmost panel shows TFs specific to *BAP1*-mutant tumors, and the samples include 15 *BAP1*-mutant tumors and corresponding NATs.