

PCA analysis

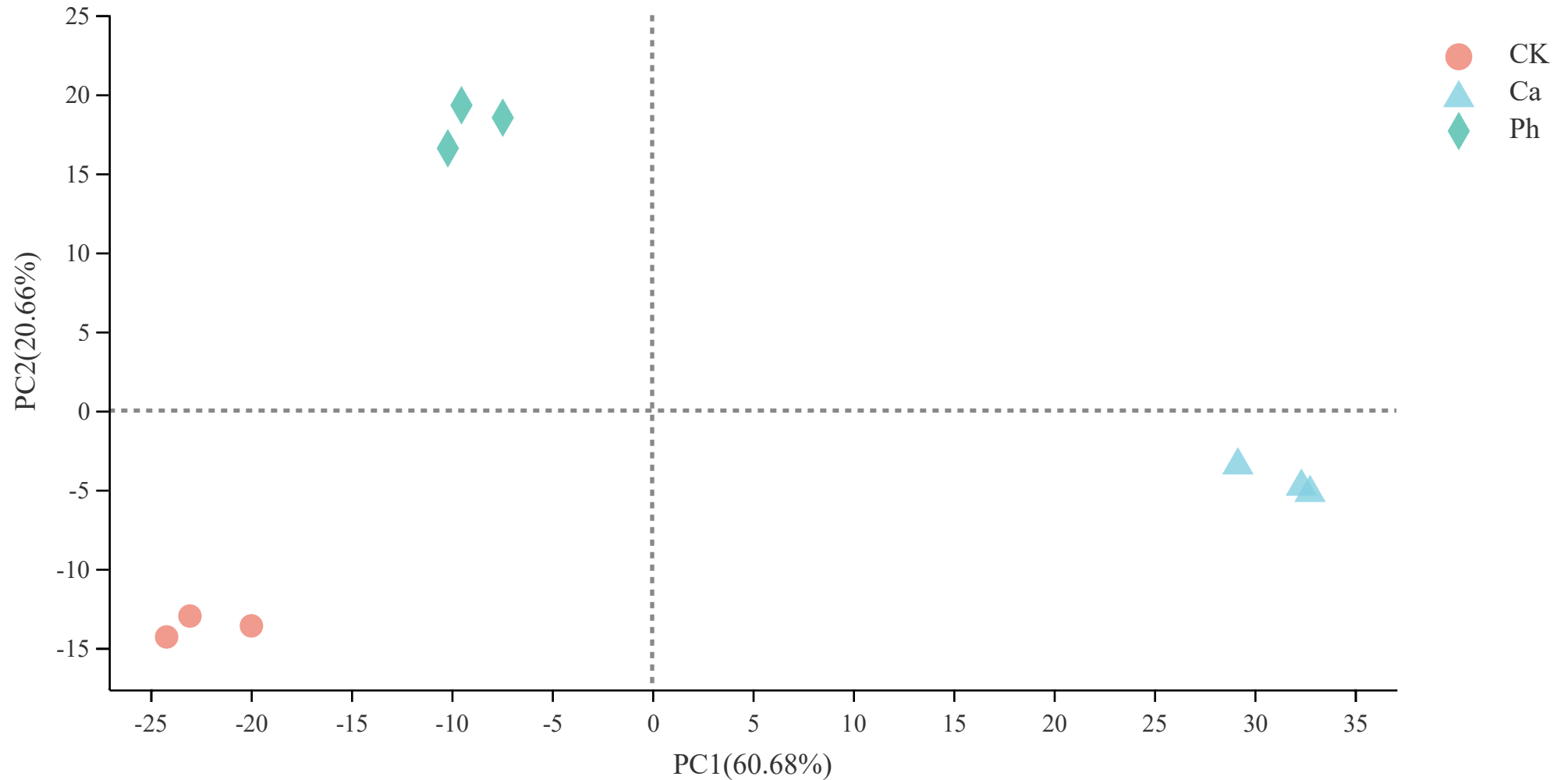


Figure S1. Principal component analysis (PCA) was performed to show the consistency between three biological replicates. CK, Ca, and Ph represent the control, carbendazim, and phenamcril treatment group, respectively. The distance of each sample point represents the distance of the sample. The closer the distance is, the higher the similarity between the samples is. The horizontal axis represents the contribution of principal component 1 (PC1) to distinguishing samples, and the vertical axis represents the contribution of principal component 2 (PC2) to distinguishing samples.