

Table 2. Association between the expression of BRD7, BIRC2 and NPC clinical pathological features (n=82)

Variables Features	BRD7 expression			BIRC2 expression			BRD7/BIRC2		
	Low	High	<i>p</i>	Low	High	<i>p</i>	L-H	H-L	<i>p</i>
Gender									
Male (n=56)	41(73%)	15(27%)	0.3992	22(39%)	34(61%)	0.2116	30(54%)	9(16%)	0.5082
Famale (n=26)	22(85%)	4(15%)		6(23%)	20(77%)		20(77%)	3(12%)	
Age									
≤47 (n=42)	33(79%)	9(21%)	0.7959	17(40%)	25(60%)	0.25	25(60%)	6(14%)	0.9999
> 47 (n=40)	30(75%)	10(25%)		11(27%)	29(73%)		25(63%)	6(15%)	
Tumor size									
I-II(n=52)	40(77%)	12(23%)	0.9789	17(33%)	35(67%)	0.7147	32(62%)	8(15%)	0.7675
III-IV(n=30)	23(77%)	7(23%)		11(37%)	19(63%)		16(53%)	5(10%)	
Clinical stages									
I-II(n=16)	9(56%)	7(44%)	0.0458*	10(63%)	6(37%)	0.0163*	7(44%)	7(44%)	0.003**
III-IV(n=66)	54(82%)	12(18%)		18(27%)	48(73%)		43(65%)	5(8%)	

The following abbreviations were used: H, high expression; L, low expression. Statistical analysis was performed using the Chi-squared test. * $P < 0.05$; ** $P < 0.01$.