

Supplementary information

Summer sunlight has immediate and lasting effects on C turnover in standing litter and soil in a seasonal Patagonian woodland

Plant and Soil

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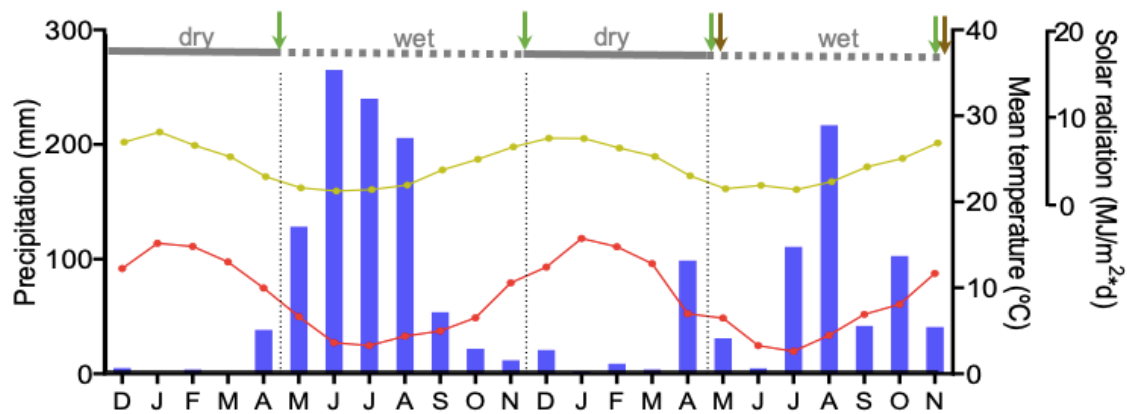


Fig. S1 Precipitation (blue bars), mean temperature (red line), and solar radiation (yellow line) during the two years of the field experiment. Gray line on the figure shows seasons over time: dry summer season (full line) and wet winter season (dotted line). Arrows correspond to sampling dates: litterbag (green arrows) and soil sampling (brown arrows). Sources: AIC (precipitation and temperature) and NASA (radiation). Modified by Berenstecher et al. 2020

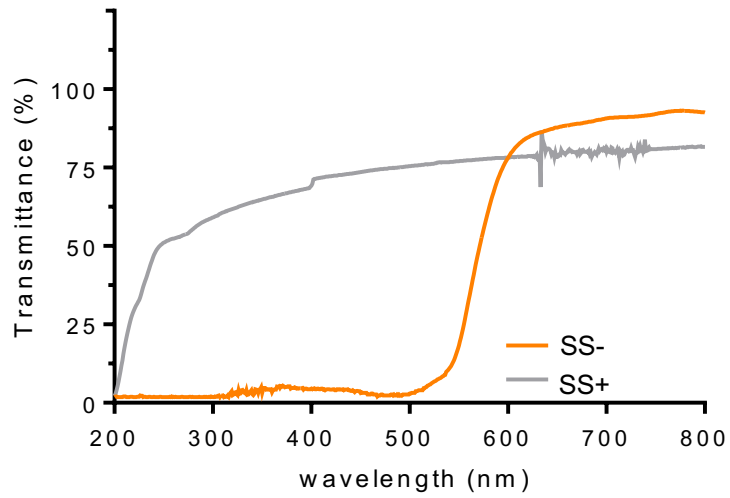


Fig. S2 Transmittance of plastic filters used to generate two solar radiation levels: attenuated summer sunlight [which effectively blocks all wavelengths that cause photodegradation > 550 nm, Rosco E-Color 135 Deep Golden Amber, (Austin and Ballaré 2010) orange line, SS-] and full summer sunlight (> 290 nm, Agropol agroethylene, grey line, SS+). Modified by Berenstecher et al. 2020

Table S1. Solar radiation (PAR, μmol , UV-B y UV-A, watt) and soil temperature ($^{\circ}\text{C}$) on surface and in deep (0-10 cm) under filters of two treatment (attenuated, SS-, and full, SS+, summer sunlight) and control (without filter) measured in two sampling dates: at the beginning of the dry season (December 2015) and wet season (May 2016). Mean and standard error is shown (n=5), n/a: no data available. Different letters indicate significant differences ($p < 0.05$)

	SS-		SS+		control	
December						
radiation						
PAR	571	± 96 a	2.117	± 52 b	2.327	± 104 b
UV-A	0.28	± 0.10 a	29.27	± 0.44 b	32.81	± 0.75 c
UV-B	0.01	± 0.005 a	1.91	± 0.031 b	2.15	± 0.042 c
temperature						
surface	44.38	± 0.86 a	57.71	± 1.96 b	n/a	
in deep	15.42	± 0.45 a	15.37	± 0.33 a	n/a	
May						
radiation						
PAR	218	± 18 a	725	± 60 b	938	± 73 c
UV-A	0.23	± 0.06 a	8.19	± 0.43 b	10.44	± 0.55 c
UV-B	0.01	± 0.003 a	0.39	± 0.020 b	0.48	± 0.25 c
temperature						
surface	15.29	± 1.03 a	16.35	± 1.27 a	n/a	
in deep	n/a		n/a		n/a	

References

- Berenstecher P, Vivanco L, Pérez LI, Ballaré C, Austin AT (2020) Sunlight Doubles Aboveground Carbon Loss in a Seasonally Dry Woodland in Patagonia. *Curr Biol* 30:3243-3251.e3. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.cub.2020.06.005>