

Table 1: Demographic and clinical characteristics of patients with involutional entropion undergoing surgical correction involving triangular tarsectomy and limited orbicularis myectomy with lower eyelid retractor plication (group A) versus everting sutures alone (group B) (N = 58).

Parameter	n (%)		
	Group A (n = 30)	Group B (n =28)	Total (N = 58)
Age (years)			
Mean $\pm$ SD	67.93 $\pm$ 7.83*	66.96 $\pm$ 7.39*	66.47 $\pm$ 7.57
Median (range)	67 (55 - 86)	65 (56 - 83)	66.566.5
95% CI	65.01 - 70.86	64.10 - 69.83	65.47- 69.46
Gender			
Male	14 (46.7)	12 (42.9)	26 (44.8)
Female	16 (53.3)	16 (57.1)	32 (55.2)
Affected eyelid**	3030	3030	6060
Right lower lid	13 (43.3)	18 (60.0)	31 (51.7)
Left lower lid	17 (56.7)	12 (40.0)	29 (48.3)
Associated ocular diseases†			

Cataracts	17 (56.7)	24 (85.7)	41 (70.7)
Diabetic retinopathy	8 (26.7)	3 (10.7)	11 (19.0)
Glaucoma	4 (13.3)	2 (7.1)	6 (10.3)
AMD	3 (10.0)	2 (7.1)	5 (8.6)
History of ocular surgery			
Cataract surgery	10 (33.3)	4 (14.3)	14 (24.1)
Glaucoma surgery	2 (6.7)	0 (0.0)	2 (3.4)
Vitreoretinal surgery	3 (10.0)	0 (0.0)	3 (5.2)
Lacrimal surgery	2 (6.7)	4 (14.3)	6 (10.3)
Systemic diseases†			
DM	22 (73.3)	14 (50.0)	36 (62.1)
HTN	25 (83.3)	19 (67.9)	44 (75.9)
Cardiac disease	8 (26.7)	5 (17.9)	13 (22.4)
CKD	2 (6.7)	1 (3.6)	3 (5.2)
Asthma/COPD	2 (6.7)	4 (14.3)	6 (10.3)
Other	3 (10.0)	5 (17.9)	8 (13.8)

SD = standard deviation; CI = confidence interval; AMD = age-related macular degeneration; DM = diabetes mellitus; HTN = hypertension; CKD = chronic kidney disease; COPD = chronic obstructive pulmonary disease.

**Differences between the two groups for this variable were not statistically significant according to a t-test ($p > 0.05$). **Percentages for this variable were calculated out of a total of 60 affected eyelids, including 30 in group A and 30 in group B. †Percentages for this variable do not add up to 100% as some patients may have had more than one disease.*