

Structural Equation Modeling for Magnitude, Association and Predictors of Knowledge, Attitude and Practice towards Hepatitis B among Tepi Community, Ethiopia

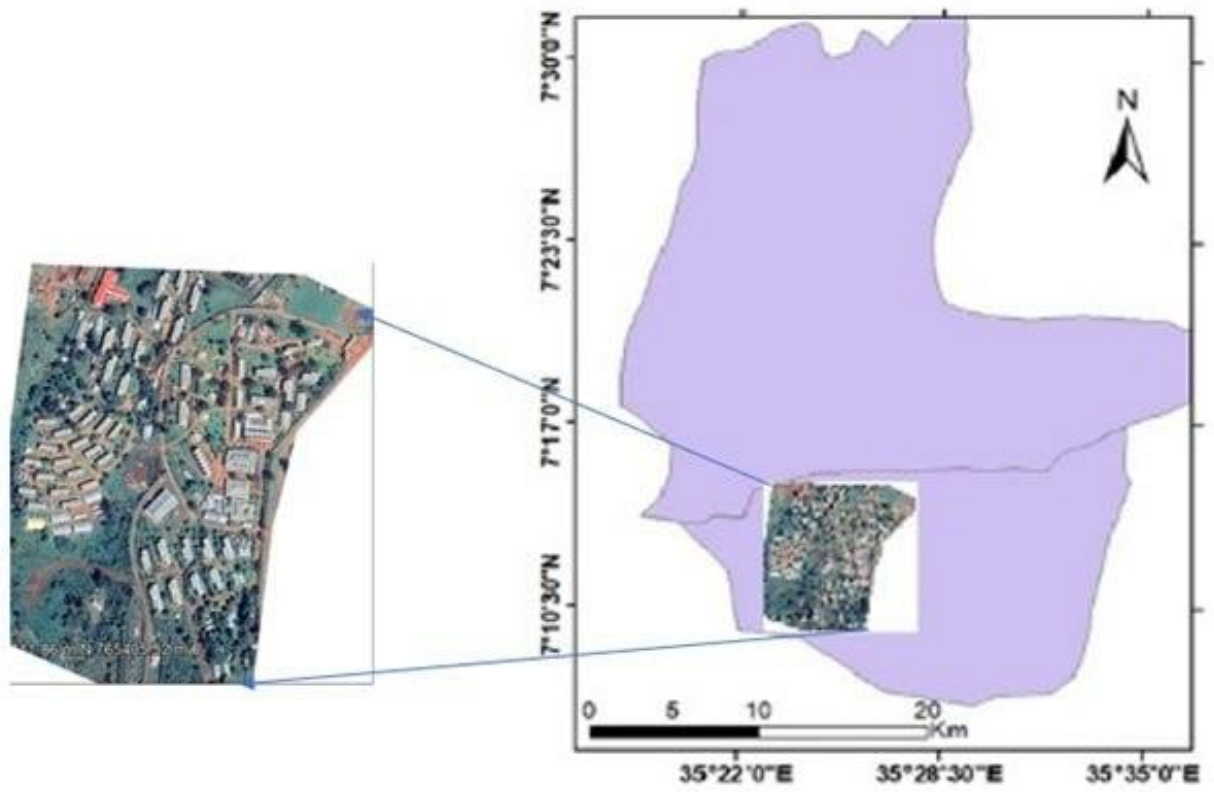
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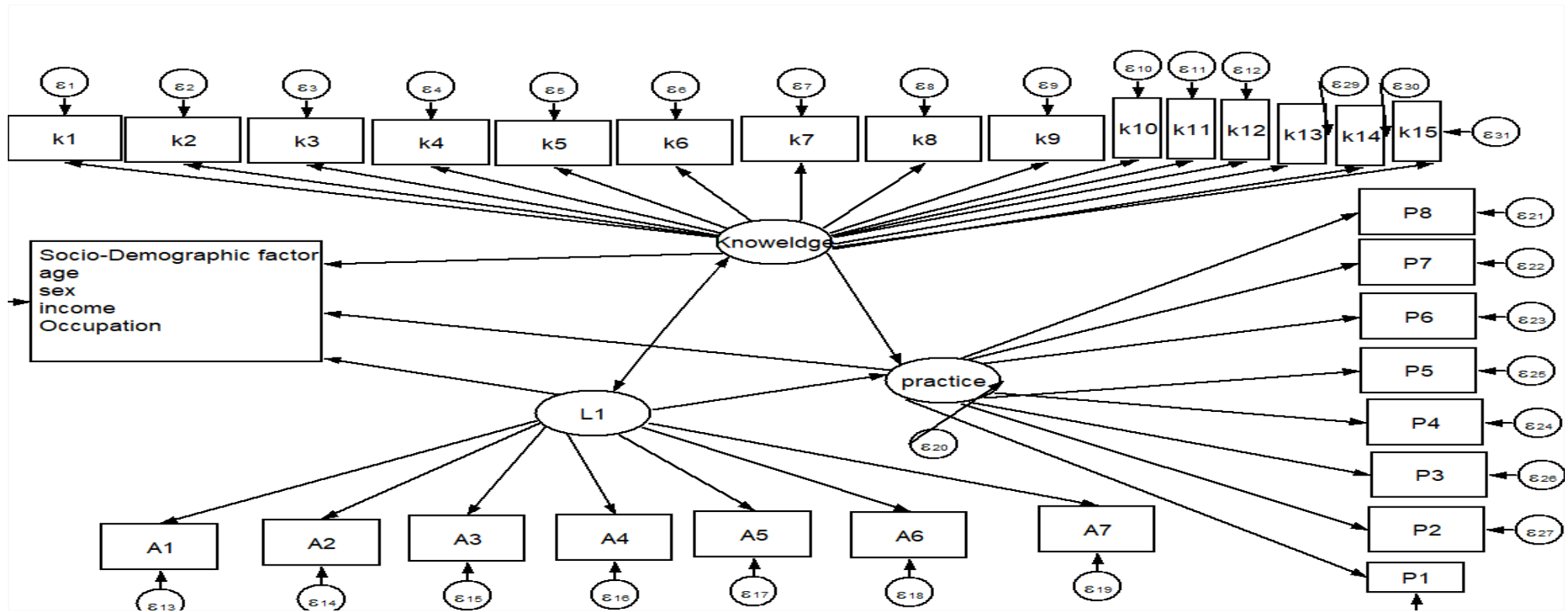
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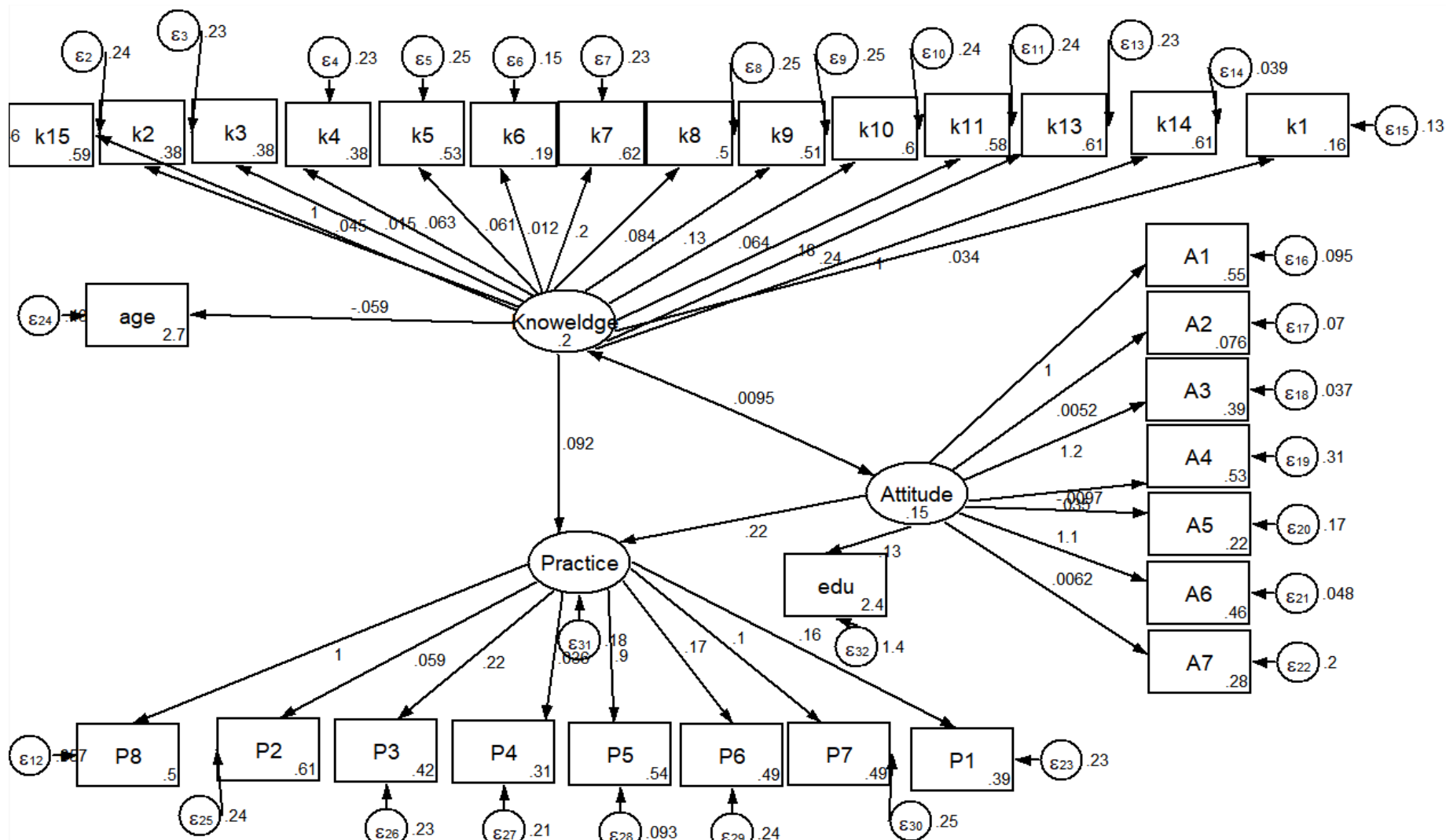
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Additional File 1; Figure S1: Location of study area representing the Tepi town, Ethiopia



Additional File 2; Figure S2: Hypothesized model for KAP towards HBV infection from Tepi town, Ethiopia (Both structural and measurement model). K1-K15 represents fifteen indicators for knowledge; A1-A7 are the seven indicators for the attitude; P1-P8 are the eight indicators for the practice; single headed arrows show direction of effect; double headed arrow estimate correlation. Thus, in the above hypothetical model, there are 30 observed indicator variables



Additional File 3; Figure S3: Structural model between the socio-demographic factor and domain of KAP towards HBV from Tepi town, Ethiopia