

Supplementary Information for: Worldwide clustering and infection cycles as universal features of multiscale stochastic processes in the SARS-CoV-2 pandemic

Marija Mitrović Dankulov*, Bosiljka Tadić^{a,c} and Roderick Melnik^{b,d}

**Scientific Computing Laboratory, Center for the Study of Complex Systems,
Institute of Physics Belgrade, University of Belgrade, Pregrevica 118, 11080 Belgrade, Serbia;*

*^aDepartment of Theoretical Physics, Jožef Stefan Institute, Jamova 39, Ljubljana,
Slovenia; ^cComplexity Science Hub, Josefstädter Strasse 39, Vienna, Austria; and*

*^bMS2Discovery Interdisciplinary Research Institute; M2NeT Laboratory and Department of Mathematics,
Wilfrid Laurier University, Waterloo, ON, Canada; ^dBCAM - Basque Center for Applied Mathematics,
Alameda de Mazarredo 14, E-48009 Bilbao, Spain*

I. TABLES

Groups of countries and provinces as communities identified by the spectral analysis corresponding to three leading eigenvalues in the connected component of the correlation network for the threshold $\theta = 0.5$ for the first eight months (outbreak) and the last eight months (immunisation) networks; these networks are shown in Fig. 3 in the main text:

A. Outbreak phase Groups G1,G2,G3: clusters

Names of the countries and provinces in the group G1 belonging to four different clusters are shown in Table S1. Similarly, the group G2 consists of five clusters, listed in Table S2, and the five clusters belonging to the group G3 are shown in Table S3.

B. Immunisation phase Groups g1,g2,g3: clusters

The immunisation phase network shows a similar structure. However, the names of countries and provinces that group together differ almost entirely from those seen in the outbreak phase. The names corresponding to the identified clusters in the groups g1,g2, and g3 are listed in Tables S4, S5, and S4, respectively.

II. FIGURES

A. Networks at zero threshold and network's overlap at $\theta = 0.5$

We show the correlation networks at the zero thresholds, both for the outbreak and immunisation phase

studied in this work, see Fig. S1. These networks contain all 255 nodes in the connected component and more links, specifically 15128 for the outbreak and 16850 for the immunisation network. They have a large density ($\rho = 0.467$, and 0.52) and a high clustering coefficient ($\langle C_c \rangle = 0.78$, and 0.76) for the outbreak and immunisation period, respectively. Notably, the corresponding networks at zero thresholds already show a community structure with three communities, particularly prominent in the outbreak phase, which persists at the higher threshold values. Additionally, Fig. S2 illustrates the differences between the outbreak and immunisation network measured by the preserved links, as mentioned in the main text.

B. Time series cycles, Hurst exponents, and multifractality

Figure S3 complements the main text Fig. 7, showing that the infection cycles occur in both phases; moreover, they are more pronounced in the immunisation phase, even though the selected countries have a respectively high percentage of the vaccinated population. The fluctuations around these cycles, shown in Fig. S5, have certain multifractal properties, especially for small-scale fluctuations (for negative q values), and they are specific for each considered country.

Supplementary Table S1: *Outbreak phase:* Clusters of countries/regions belonging to the community G1.

G1c1	G1c2	g1c3	G1c4
Australia-Western-Australia Canada-Nova-Scotia China-Anhui; China-Beijing China-Chongqing China-Guangdong China-Heilongjiang China-Henan; China-Hunan China-Jiangsu; China-Jiangxi China-Shandong China-Shanghai China-Zhejiang New Zealand Niger; San-Marino; Tanzania UK-Channel-Island	China-Hubei	Tajikistan	Australia-Capital-Territory Australia-Northern-Territory Australia-Tasmania; Barbados; Brunei Canada-Newfoundland-a.Labrador Canada-Prince-Edward-Island China-Fujian; China-Gansu; China-Guangxi; China-Hainan China-Hebei;China-Inner-Mongolia; China-Jilin China-Liaoning; China-Ningxia; China-Shaanxi China-Shanxi; China-Sichuan; China-Tianjin; China-Yunnan Denmark-Faroe-Islands; Denmark-Greenland; Fiji France-New-Caledonia; Grenada; Laos; Mauritius Saint-Kitts-a.Nevis; Timor-Leste; UK-Anguilla UK-Bermuda; UK-Cayman-Islands; UK-Falkland-Islands UK-Isle-of-Man; UK-Montserrat

Supplementary Table S2: *Outbreak phase:* Clusters of countries/regions belonging to the community G2.

G2c1	G2c2	G2c3	G2c4	G2c5
Bangladesh Chile Germany Italy Kazakhstan Pakistan Saudi-Arabia United-Kingdom	Brasil	Afghanistan; Algeria; Australia-N.South-Wales Australia-Queensland; Australia-South-Australia Azerbaijan; Bahrain; Belarus; Belgium; Benin; Bolivia Cameroon; Canada-Ontario; Canada-Quebec Central-African-Republic; Chad; China-Macau Congo(Brazzaville); Congo(Kinshasa); Cote-d'Ivoire Djibouti; Dominican-Republic; Egypt; El-Salvador Eswatini; Finland; France-French-Guiana; Gabon; Gambia Ghana; Guatemala; Haiti; Honduras; Kuwait; Kyrgyzstan Liberia; Madagascar; Malawi; Malaysia; Mali; Mauritania Nigeria; Oman; Panama; Papua-New-Guinea; Qatar Rwanda; Senegal; Seychelles; Sierra-Leone; Singapore Somalia; South-Sudan; Sri-Lanka; Sudan; Suriname Sweden; Taiwan*; Thailand; United-Arab-Emirates UK-Turks-a.Caicos-Islands;Uzbekistan; Yemen; Zambia	Russia South-Africa	Peru

Supplementary Table S3: *Outbreak phase:* Clusters of countries/regions belonging to the community G3.

G3c1	G3c2	G3c3	G3c4	G3c5
Albania; Andorra; Angola; Armenia Australia-Victoria; Austria; Bahamas Belize; Bhutan; Bosnia-a.Herzegovina Botswana; Bulgaria;Burma; Cabo-Verde Canada-Alberta;Canada-British-Columbia Canada-Manitoba; Canada-Saskatchewan China-Hong-Kong; Costa-Rica;Croatia; Cuba;Cyprus Denmark; Dominica; Estonia; Ethiopia; France-French-Polynesia; France-Guadeloupe; France-Martinique;France-Reunion; France-St.Barthelemy France-St.Martin; Georgia; Greece; Guyana; Hungary Iceland; Indonesia; Iran; Iraq; Ireland; Israel Jamaica; Japan; Jordan; Kenya; Kosovo* Latvia; Lebanon; Lesotho; Libya; Liechtenstein Lithuania; Luxembourg; Malta; Moldova; Monaco Montenegro; Morocco; Mozambique Nepal; Netherlands-Aruba; Netherlands-Curacao Netherlands-St.Maarten; North-Macedonia Paraguay; Philippines; Saint-Lucia; Serbia; Slovakia;Slovenia; Switzerland; Syria Togo; Trinidad-a.Tobago; Tunisia; Uganda; Ukraine UK-Gibraltar; Uruguay; Vietnam; West-Bank-a.Gaza	India	United States	Argentina Colombia Czechia Netherlands Poland Spain	France

Supplementary Table S4: *Immunisation phase:* Clusters of countries/regions belonging to the community *g1*.

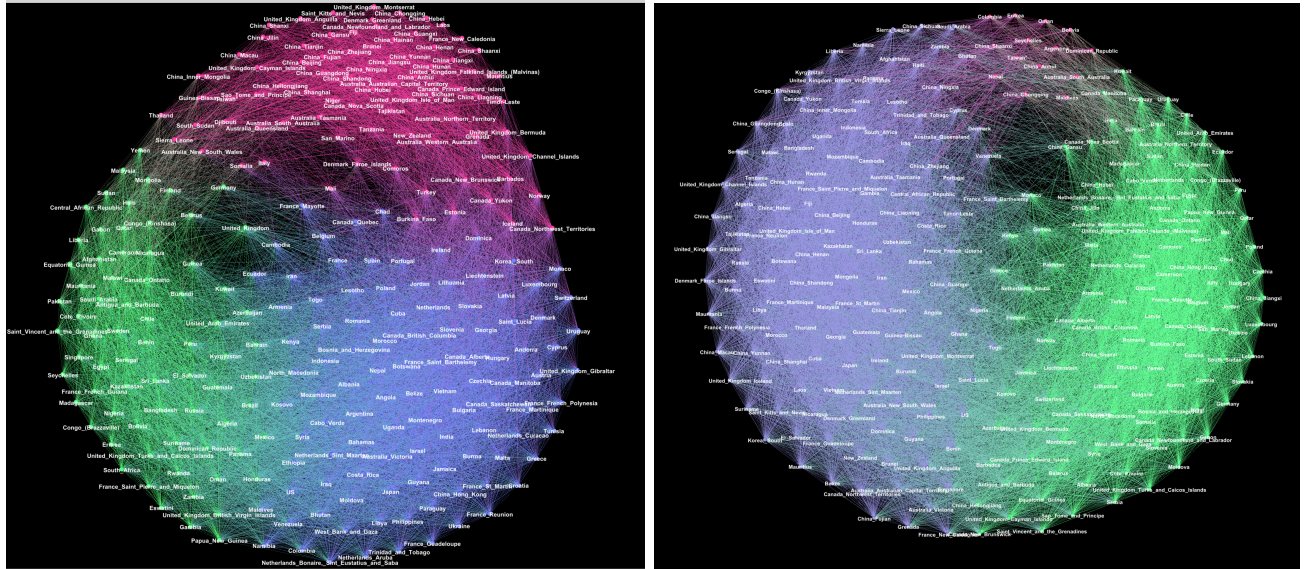
g1c1	g1c2	g1c3	g1c4
Afghanistan; Bahrain; Bhutan; Bolivia; Cabo-Verde; Cambodia Canada-Manitoba; Canada-Nova-Scotia; Canada-Ontario; Canada-Yukon Chile; China-Anhui; China-Guangdong; China-Sichuan Congo(Kinshasa); Dominican-Republic; Ecuador; Egypt; Eritrea; Haiti; Kuwait; Kyrgyzstan; Liberia; Madagascar; Maldives Namibia; Nepal; Oman; Panama; Paraguay; Saudi-Arabia; Seychelles; Sierra-Leone; Taiwan*; Trinidad-a.Tobago; Tunisia; United-Arab-Emirates; Uruguay; Zambia	India	Brasil	Argentina Colombia South-Africa

Supplementary Table S5: *Immunisation phase:* Clusters of countries/regions belonging to the community *g2*.

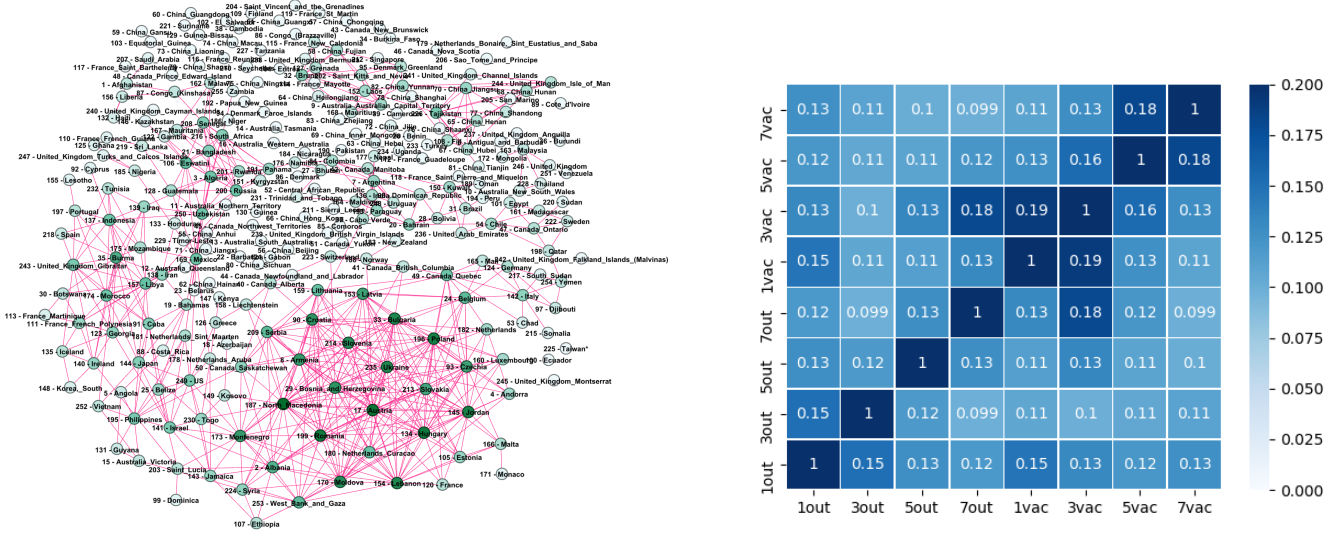
g2c1	g2c2	g2c3	g2c4	g2c5
Albania; Andorra; Armenia; Australia-Northern-Territory Austria; Belarus; Belgium; Bosnia-a.Herzegovina Bulgaria; Burkina-Faso; Cameroon; Canada-Alberta Canada-British-Columbia; Canada-Newfoundland-a.Labrado Canada-Quebec; Canada-Saskatchewan Chad; China-Hong-Kong; China-Jiangxi; Comoros Cote-d'Ivoire; Croatia; Djibouti; Estonia; Ethiopia France-Mayotte; Gabon; Jamaica; Latvia; Lithuania Luxembourg; Mali; Malta; Moldova; Monaco Montenegro; Netherlands-Curacao; North-Macedonia Norway; Pakistan; Qatar; Romania San-Marino; Sao-Tome-a.Principe; Slovakia; Slovenia; Somalia; South-Sudan; Sudan; Switzerland Syria; UK-Falkland-Islands(Malvinas) UK-Turks-a.Caicos-Islands; West-Bank-a.Gaza; Yemen	France	Czechia Hungary Jordan Netherlands Peru Serbia Sweden Ukraine	Turkey	Germany Italy Poland

Supplementary Table S6: *Immunisation phase:* Clusters of countries/regions belonging to the community *g3*.

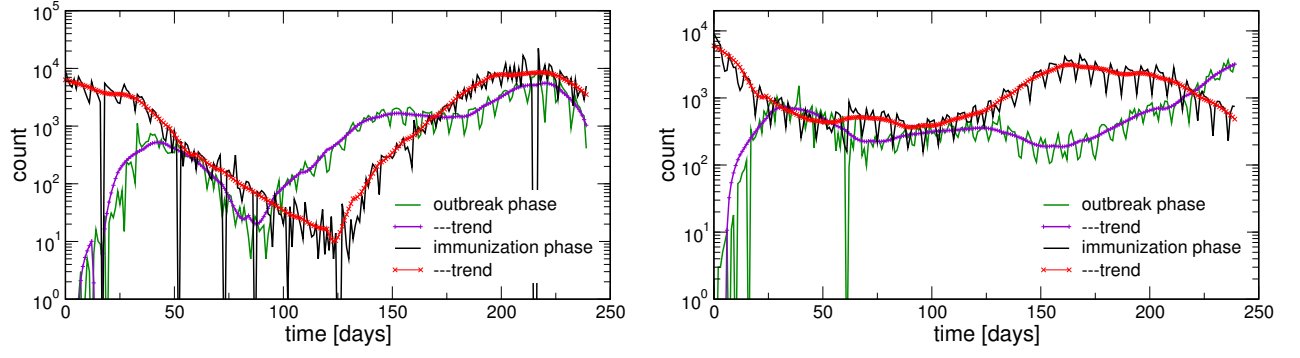
g3c1	g3c2	g3c3	g3c4	g3c5
Algeria; Angola; Australia-Capital-Territory Australia-New-South-Wales; Australia-Queensland Australia-Tasmania; Australia-Victoria Azerbaijan; Bahamas; Belize; Benin Botswana; Brunei; Burma; Burundi Canada-Northwest-Territories China-Fujian; China-Henan; China-Hubei China-Hunan; China-Jiangsu; China-Shandong China-Shanghai; China-Tianjin; China-Yunnan Costa-Rica; Cuba; Cyprus Denmark-Faroe-Islands; Denmark-Greenland Dominica; Eswatini; Fiji France-French-Guiana; France-French-Polynesia France-Guadeloupe; France-Martinique France-New-Caledonia; France-Reunion Gambia; Georgia; Grenada; Guatemala Guinea-Bissau; Guyana; Honduras; Iceland Iraq; Ireland; Israel; Kazakhstan Korea-South; Laos; Lesotho; Libya Mauritania; Mauritius; Mongolia; Morocco Netherlands-Aruba; Netherlands-St.Maarten New-Zealand; Nicaragua; Portugal Sain-Kitts-a.Nevis; Saint-Lucia; Singapore Sri-Lanka; Suriname; Tajikistan; Timor-Leste UK-Anguilla; UK-Cayman-Islands; UK-Gibraltar UK-Isle-of-Man; Uzbekistan	United-States	Iran United-Kingdom	Bangladesh Japan Malaysia Mexico Philippines Russia Thailand Vientnam	Spain



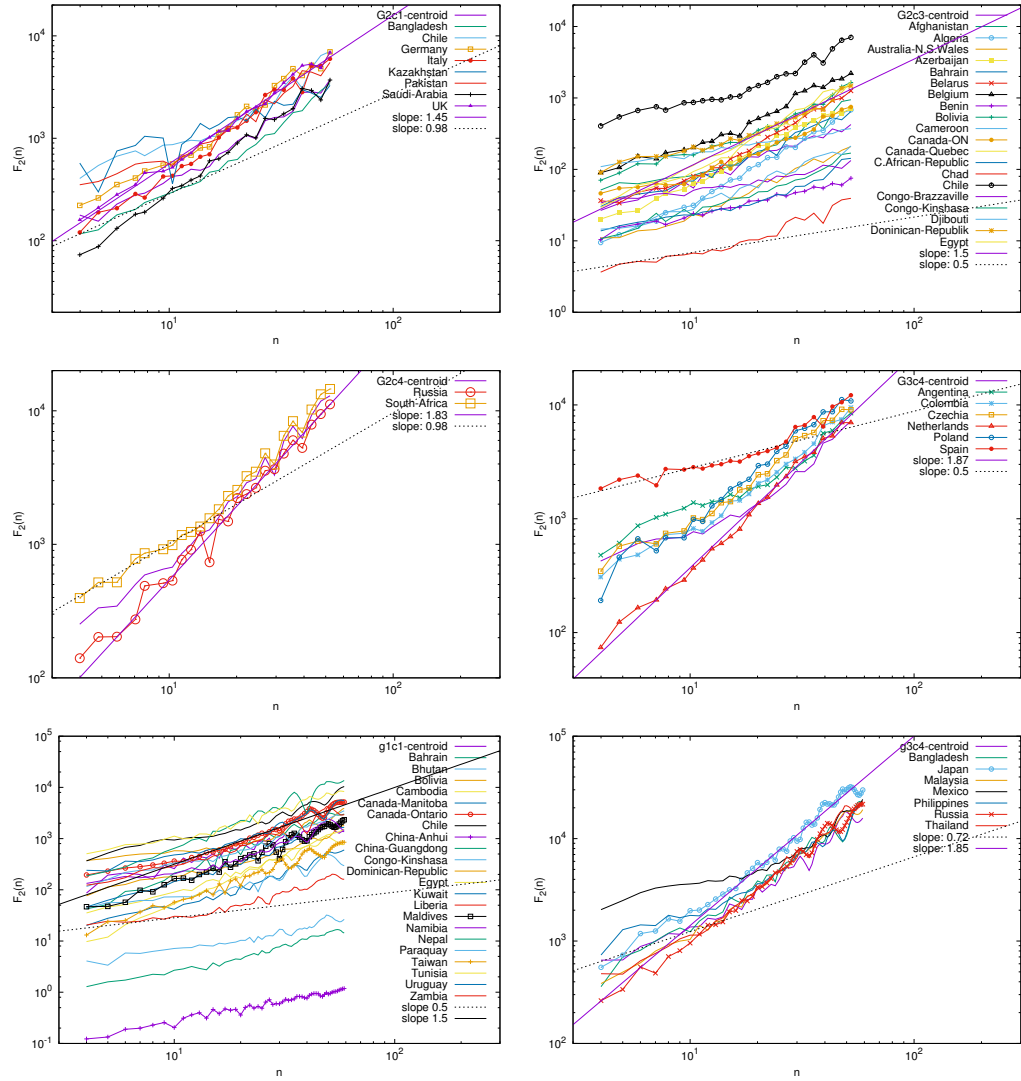
Supplementary Figure S1: The networks containing all positive correlations (threshold $\theta = 0$) for the outbreak (left) and immunisation phase (right); communities are indicated by a different colour.



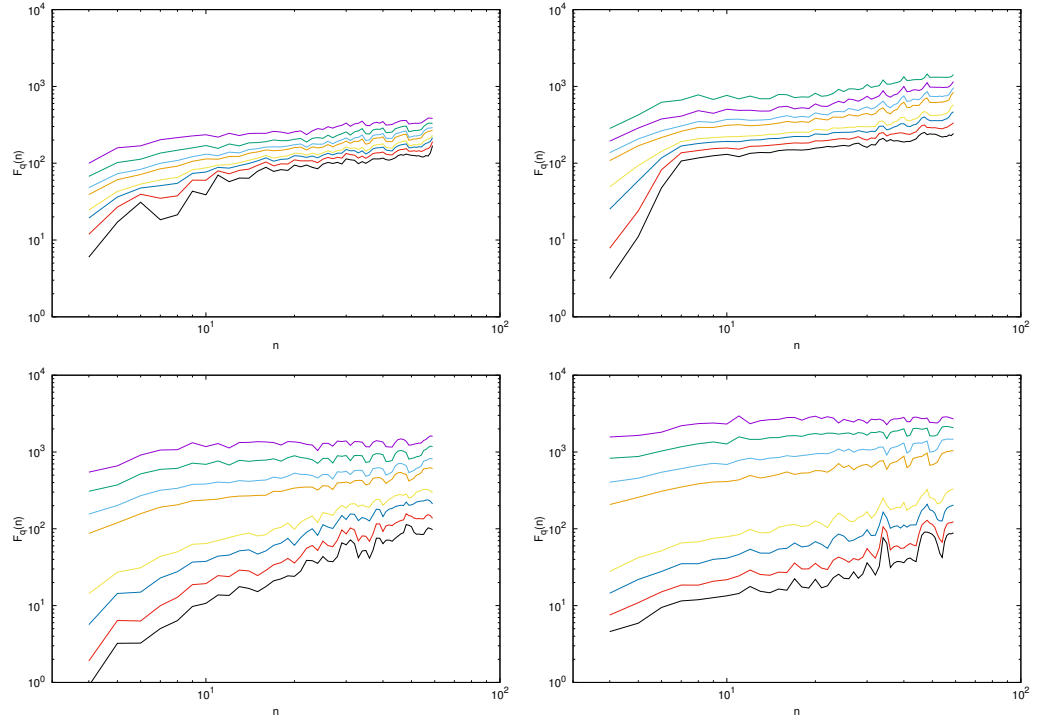
Supplementary Figure S2: Left: The edges appearing in both the outbreak and immunisation periods networks with the threshold $\theta = 0.5$, depicted in Fig. 3 in the main text. Right: The overlap level measured by the Jaccard index between networks mapping the successive two-months periods during the outbreak and immunisation phase.



Supplementary Figure S3: Comparisons of the outbreak and immunisation phases. Cyclic trends in the incidence rates data for two countries with a significant immunisation coverage (Israel, left, and Portugal, right).



Supplementary Figure S4: Fluctuation function $F_2(n)$ vs n for several identified clusters G2c1, G2c3 (part), G2c4, and G3c4 clusters in the outbreak phase, and g1c1 (part) and g3c4 clusters in the immunisation phase, mentioned in the main text.



Supplementary Figure S5: Fluctuations around the cyclic trend differ in the outbreak and immunisation phase. Two examples of the multifractal function $F_q(n)$ vs interval length n for the time series data in the outbreak phase (left) and vaccination (right): top panels are for Portugal, bottom panels for Israel time-series data. In each panel, top to bottom lines are for $q = 4, 2, 1, 0.5, -0.5, -1, -2, -4$, respectively.