Electronic Supplementary Material

Does research output grow, or does database coverage grow? Data-source and retrieval biases in measuring institutional research output (2016–2025)

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Supplementary figures for the institutional profile (Section 4.3 of the article).

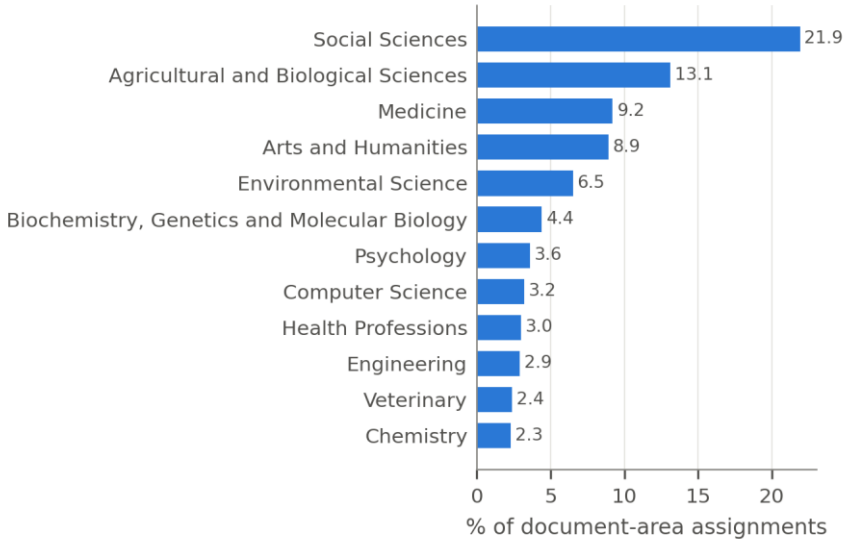


Fig. S1. Distribution by ASJC level-1 subject area, top twelve areas, full counting. Articles and reviews, n = 3,153; 5,481 assignments. Source: Scopus.

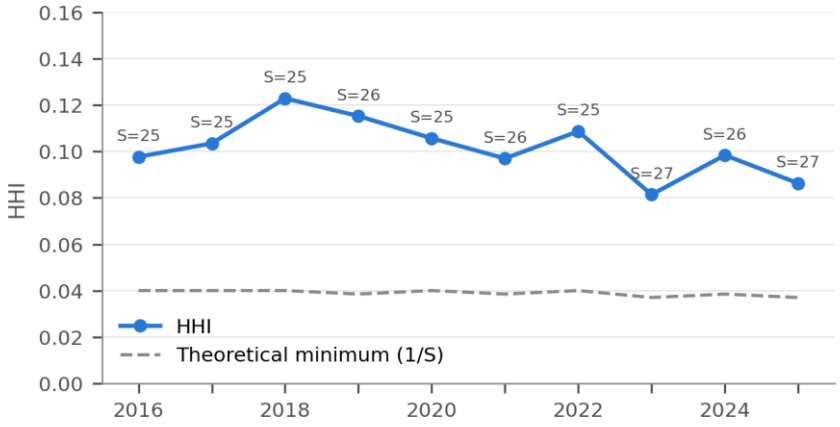


Fig. S2. Annual Herfindahl-Hirschman Index of thematic concentration and number of active areas (S). The dashed line is the theoretical minimum 1/S. Source: Scopus.

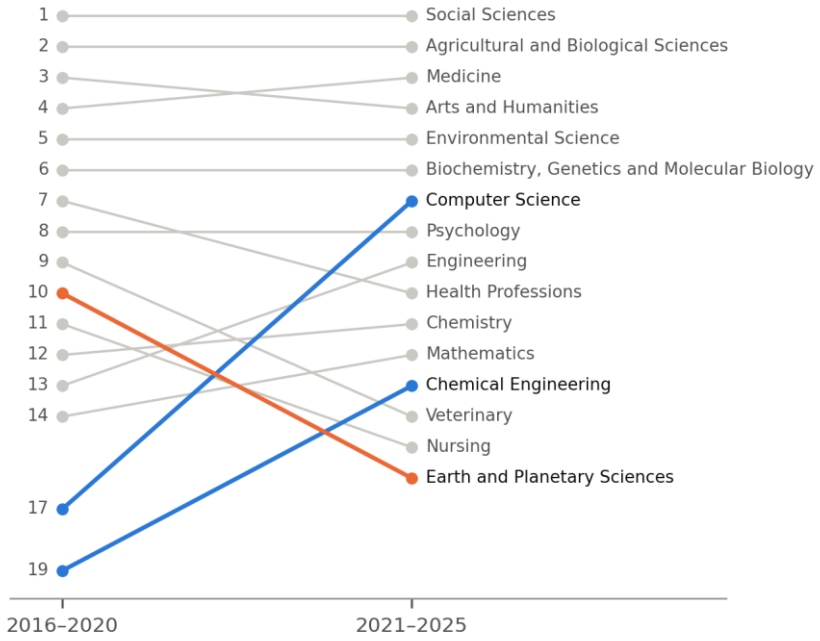


Fig. S3. Rank of ASJC areas by five-year period (1 = highest output). The three largest shifts are highlighted. Source: Scopus.

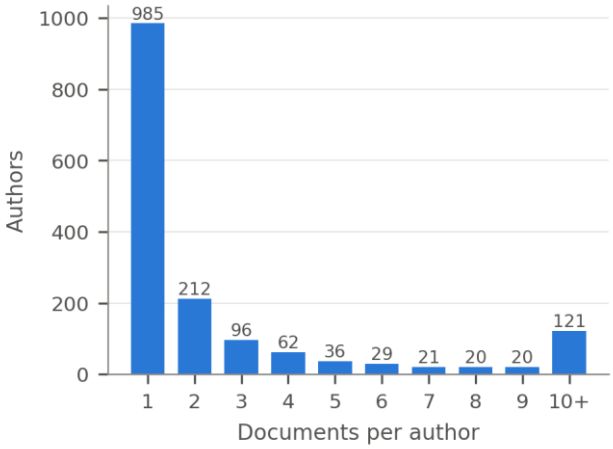


Fig. S4. Number of UCT authors by number of documents, 2016–2025. Source: Scopus.

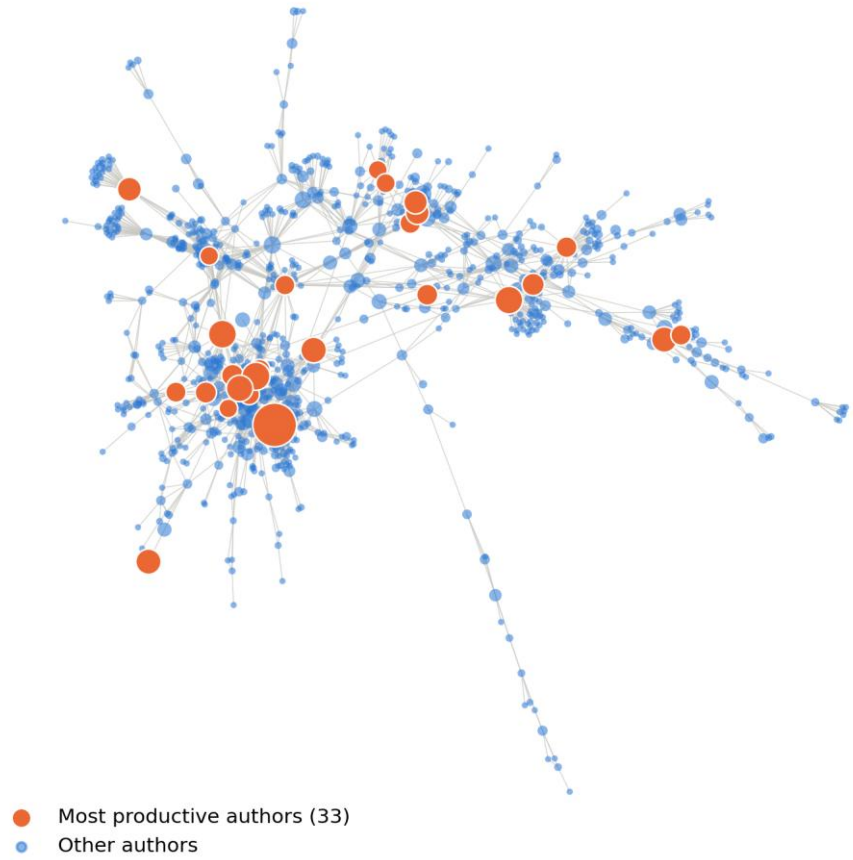


Fig. S5. Main component of the UCT co-authorship network (875 authors). Node size is proportional to output; the 33 most productive authors are shown in orange. Unlabeled: authors are not identified. Force-directed layout with a fixed seed. Source: Scopus.

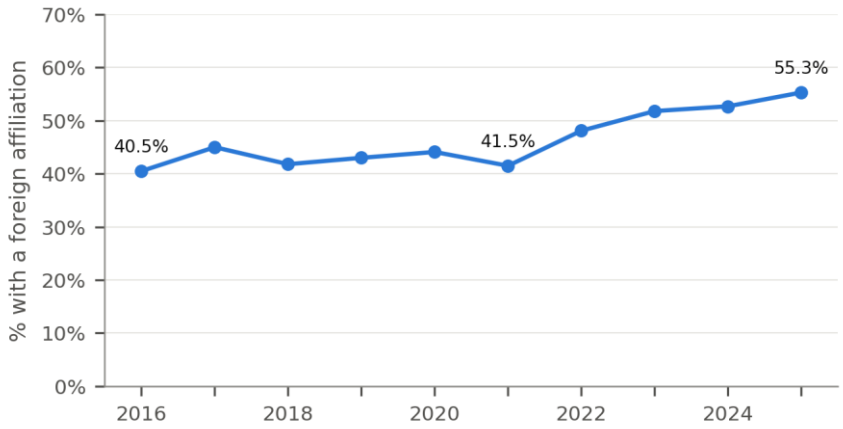


Fig. S6. Annual share of UCT documents with at least one affiliation outside Chile. Source: Scopus.