

Genome engineering of the *Corynebacterium glutamicum* chromosome by the Dual-In/Out strategy

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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Table S1 Primers, used in the current study

Primer	Sequence (5' – 3')	Application
P1	tcgcgtttcattgattaacgac	mini-Mu(LER) unit integration point determination (MuL)
P2	aaccgggaggacattggatt	
P3	taatacatctgtttcatttgaagcg	mini-Mu(LER) unit integration point determination (MuR)
P4	ctgctttttattcattacatggg	
P5	tgtggaagatccaggattagcc	Confirmation of the pCRIM-Cm ^R -lox-attP _{ϕ16} plasmid and its derivatives integration into native attB _{ϕ16}
P6	cttggcctgcaacgatgtaa	
P7	gggcaaataccgctagtga	
P8	cgggtgagattagtggaagt	
P9	gcgcgcagctgcagatgctgg	Construction of a linear ds-fragment ds 542Sm (13869)
P10	cccacagttcgactatttaacg-tcaggaagtgcacgcagctcaa	
P11	ttgagctgcgtgcacttctga-cgttaaatagtcgaactgtggg	
P12	acaccctcaggtccgcgacc-ctcgcaagctatccccac	
P13	gtggggatagcttgcgaggg-tcgcggaacctgagggtgt	
P14	tctcgtcgcggctgtaaagca	
P15	catatgcgtacatccattgcc	Test primers for confirmation of RecE ⁵⁶⁴ T mediated recombination with ds 542Sm
P16	cgtgccaacgtgcgggtgta	
P17	acccaacacctaggtgtcgga	Construction of a linear ds-fragment ds 1741Sm (13869)
P18	cccacagttcgactatttaacg-agttgcacgcaactcatccag	
P19	ctggatgagttgcgtgcaact-cgttaaatagtcgaactgtggg	
P20	tgccactgtgactggttgtc-ctcgcaagctatccccac	
P21	gtggggatagcttgcgagg-acaaccagtcacagtggca	
P22	gagggaaatcatcgtggactgc	
P23	gcagaacaagaactcctcct	Test primers for confirmation of RecE ⁵⁶⁴ T mediated recombination with ds 1741Sm
P24	ggaagggtgacgccgaagactt	
P25	acacatcctgctcgacgaacc	Construction of a linear ds-fragment ds 1865Sm (13869)
P26	cccacagttcgactatttaacgg-acggcatcaggggagccctc	
P27	gagggctccccctgatgccgtc-cgttaaatagtcgaactgtggg	
P28	cgcgcagacaacaccgacgtc-ctcgcaagctatccccac	
P29	gtggggatagcttgcgagg-acgtcgggtgtgtctgcgcg	
P30	cgcgcagacaacaccgacgtc	
P31	tgaacgccaacgcgtcctcat	Test primers for confirmation of RecE ⁵⁶⁴ T mediated recombination with ds 1865Sm
P32	gtggatccatccaacgacgca	
Test primers for confirmation of mini-Mu(LER) unit localization at the appropriate point of <i>C. glutamicum</i> ATCC13869		
P33	gaccttctgatcaacattgg	258 point
P34	tgatggcgtggcagtatatag	
P35	cattatgcgaaagctcactgt	1883 point
P36	tggacttcatggcagcaatag	

Primer	Sequence (5' – 3')	Application
P37	ctcaaaactagcgaaggatct	2123 point
P38	tacgagtgggaagcaaacggaa	
P39	gcagcatatggattgtggca	35 point
P40	ttgttaaagccacatggt	
P41	ttggaaatgcgatcacggtag	198 point
P42	cacaaagtttacgaggacaga	
P43	tttcgacgtactaaagaacg	209 point
P44	agatctcttcgaagtcaca	
P45	acgaggactgcataaactgc	400 point
P46	gactagcccaggcgtttatc	
P47	tgaagagtcaggtccatac	668 point
P48	cctaaccaacactcgtgaaa	
P49	agatgacttggtgacagatgtt	1213 point
P50	tttacgtggctcttcaactt	
P51	atggccagtgggaagctttgaa	1275 point
P52	aaggagaaggacggacgcga	
Test primers for confirmation of mini-Mu(LER) unit localization at the appropriate point of <i>C. glutamicum</i> ATCC13032		
P53	gatcaacgaacacaccgatttcac	177 point
P54	cagtgcaggaatggtgactc	
P55	atcatcagtgcctgttccagaa	544 point
P56	tgaaaaatccaacactccag	
P57	ggagactgtcacgatttcca	657 point
P58	tacagttggaagcctgaccc	
P59	atgtcaatgctcccgtactg	2020 point
P60	gttcagtcgttcgagatcc	
P61	cattggtgggaattgcttac	2393 point
P62	ggattgtgacgggtgcgaca	
P63	gtaaccatcactctcaccatgct	3244 point
P64	caagtgatcagatttctctgt	
Test primers for confirmation of mini-Mu(LER) unit localization at the appropriate point of MB001		
P65	ggtttcggtagcacggttta	190 point
P66	ctggtccgggaatgctaata	
P67	tatctgggtggaggattatga	837 point
P68	cctcactagtacgcggataa	
P69	accatgcgtaagggtattca	1128 point
P70	ctgaatctgatgcgcgaaac	
P71	ccagtcaacgtcattaatca	1320 point
P72	ctgcctagcgattcctaag	
P73	tggcaggtaggacgtacaatta	1540 point
P74	cctatgcctgaaagtttctt	
P75	ctacgttggtttcgaagtgc	2684 point
P76	tcgaatgatggaatacacac	
P77	agatcgtgcagcggcgctactc	Test primers for mini-Mu(LER) unit (in tandem with test primers
P78	cccagatcatatgaacaaca	

Primer	Sequence (5' – 3')	Application
		on the appropriate point of chromosomes)
P79	aaccaaggaggagtccacaag	Construction of a linear ds-fragment ds 400Cm (13869); Test primers for confirmation of RecE ⁵⁶⁴ T mediated recombination P45/P46
P80	cccacagttcgactatttaacg-cagggctaaaactcttatcct	
P81	aggataagagtttagccctg-cgttaaatagtcgaactgtggg	
P82	ggaccgaacaccccgctcttg-ctcgcaagctatccccac	
P83	gtggggatagcttgcgag-caaagacggggtgttcgggtcc	
P84	gaggaattcatcggtgatgat	Construction of a linear ds-fragment ds 668Cm (13869); Test primers for confirmation of RecE ⁵⁶⁴ T mediated recombination P47/P48
P85	attccgctgaggtttgattttg	
P86	cccacagttcgactatttaacg-ccgaagcaatcgactggccaa	
P87	ttggccagtgcgattgcttcgg-cgttaaatagtcgaactgtggg	
P88	tacgacgacacagaaggtgttt-ctcgcaagctatccccac	
P89	gtggggatagcttgcgag-aaacaccttctgtgctgcgta	Construction of a linear ds-fragment ds 2370Cm (13869)
P90	gaatccattgtggacaaagatc	
P91	ctttctcgcttagcgcaattg	
P92	cccacagttcgactatttaacg-ctgctgttttctcatcgct	
P93	agcgatgagggaaaaacagcag-cgttaaatagtcgaactgtggg	
P94	gtgctcatgtgcgcctttt-ctcgcaagctatccccac	Test primers for confirmation of RecE ⁵⁶⁴ T mediated recombination with ds 2370Cm
P95	gtggggatagcttgcgag-aaaaggcgcgcacatgagcac	
P96	tttctactcatgcggttcgt	
P97	aggagacacccccgataata	
P98	tcgggtcaccaagtcagatac	
P99	tatata <u>acgcgt</u> -agtgccaaagcttgcacgctg	Primers for cloning P _{dapA} -yEGFP fragment into pCRIM-Cm ^R -lox-attP _{ϕ16} ; MluI and XhoI underlined
P100	ttaacacctctgtcgacagc	
P101	gctgtcgacaggaggtgttaa-atgggtaggagggcctttgtgta	
P102	atat <u>ctcgag</u> -ttacaacactcccttcgtgct	
P103	atatacgcgtggaaatattaaaccttgcacagg	Primers for cloning P _{cskA} -turboRFP fragment into pCRIM-Cm ^R -lox-attP _{ϕ16}
P104	tctgtccctcctttctagattccttgcgggtttattgt	
P105	tctagaaaggaggggaacagaatgagcgagctgatcaaggag	
P106	atatctcgagttatctgtgccccagtttg	
P107	tgagatgatcgaggtatgcat	Construction of a linear ds-fragment ds 2393Sm (13032)
P108	gtggggatagcttgcgag-cgctgcagtcaggatcttctt	
P109	aagaagatcctgactgcagcg-ctcgcaagctatccccac	
P110	ggttgataaataaggtctggatttc-cgttaaatagtcgaactgtggg	
P111	cccacagttcgactatttaacg-gaaatccagaccttattatcaacc	Test primers for confirmation of RecE ⁵⁶⁴ T mediated recombination with ds 2393Sm
P112	ggattcacacccgtagtagtt	
P113	cgttcaaactcattatccaga	
P114	gtcaggcagttctcgcaatag	
P115	atacgctgccagctcatgaattc-tgtcaaacatgagaattacaacttatatcg	Construction of pSTV-Cm ^R -(Int-attP) _{ϕ16}
P116	ggagtagagacgaaagtgcacgagctc-tgatttagtgatgatgggtgttttgagg	
P117	gtgtggattttgtcggatcagcttgagtaggacaaatccgccgagcttcgacgag-attttcaggagctaaggagctaaa	
P118	cttcccaacagttgcggg-cgtttaagggcaccaataactg	
P119	gaattcatgagctggcagcgtatttgaccgatccggacacctgggataat-gtgtggattttgtcgatcag	

Primer	Sequence (5' – 3')	Application
P120	ctaaatcagagctc-gtgcactttcgtctctactcc	
P121	tgcccttaaagccc-gcaactgttgggaagggcgat	
P122	ccatttacgatcagctgggtca	
P123	cggccgctaaatcggccaaat	
P124	ccgatcgcccttccaacagt	
P125	catatgggcagactacctact	
P126	atacttacacgcaccttttcg	Construction of pCRIM-Cm ^R -lox-attP _{ϕ16}
P127	catatgggcagactacctact	
P128	taccgttcgtataatgtatgctatacgaagtat-gagctctgatttagtgtatga	
P129	ataactcgtatagcatacattatacgaacggta-gtgcactttcgtctctactcc	
P130	ataactcgtataatgtatgctatacgaacggta-gcggccgctaaatcggccaaa	
P131	taccgttcgtatagcatacattatacgaagtat-cgatcgcccttccaacagtt	
P132	tatata-gaattcatgagctggcagcgatt	Construction of pUCIDT-Ap ^R -L-Cm ^R -R pUCIDT-Ap ^R -L-Sm ^R -R
P133	tatata-cccggg- cgtttaagggcaccaataactg	
P134	tcaccataatgaataagatctctac	
P135	cggaaacgcgcttggtgtgag	
P136	cgggtatata-gggtaccgagctcgaattcac	
P137	tatatatatctagacataggca-cggttaacgtcaacaaccacc	Construction of pVC-Am ^R -Int _{ϕ16} -SceI
P138	tatgtctagatatatatataggatc-ccatttacgatcagctgggtcag	
P139	atgggtcgacctgcag-ttagctaagcctgtgacctgg	
P140	ctcggtagcc-tatata- cccggg- acggttaactgatgccgtatttg	
P141	tgtctcataaccaattctct-ggatcc-gggaccgagctcgaattacgt	
P142	acgtaattcgagctcggtccc-ggatcc-agagaattgggttatgagaca	
P143	ctaactgcaggtcgacccatgg-actatcgctaactgtgatcgc	
P144	tatataatcgatggaaggagctgactgggttga	
P145	gttaattaacctcctatcgat-gctagctctagatcctgtgtg	
P146	atcgataggagggttaattaac-atgcatcaaaaaaacaggtaat	
P147	ttatttcaggaaaagtttcggag	
P148	tgtctcataaccaattctctg	
P149	attaccctgttatcccta-gatcgaaatgaccacagg	
P150	ggatcccctatata-ggatcc-atctgagactttactttg	Construction of pVC-Km ^R -(Xis/Int) _{ϕ16}
P151	gtacgttttcgactcactcatatg-gtgtctcctctaaagattgta	
P152	tacaatcttttagaggagacacat-atgagtgagtcgaaaacgtac	
P153	ggtaagtgtgagcttttaggcggccgc-ccttatattttgattcatgc	
P154	gcatgaatcaaaaataaggcgccgc-ctaaactgcaccacttacc	
P155	caaaaccccgatcaccaaag	
P156	tctagacataggcaccgttaa	
P157	ggatcccatttacgatcagct	
P158	ctacggaaggagctgtggacc	
P159	tatata-gtcgac-agtcgattggctgagctcatg	
P160	gataagtcgaccgatcgcccttccaacag	
P161	tgaggagaccacggttgatga	
P162	cgggtatata-gggtaccgagctcgaattcac	Construction of pVC-Am ^R -LacI-P _{trc-id2} - RecE ⁵⁶⁴ T
P163	tccggaagatctcataggca-cggttaacgtcaacaaccacc	
P164	ctcggtagcc-tatata-cccggg-acggttaactgatccgtatttg	
P165	tgtctcataaccaattctct-ggatcc-gggaccgagctcgaattacgt	
P166	acgtaattcgagctcggtccc-ggatcc-agagaattgggttatgagaca	
P167	gtaatgc-ccatgg- actatcgctaactgtgatcgc	
P168	cgatagt-ccatgg-gcattacaccgacggctgaa	

Primer	Sequence (5' – 3')	Application
P169	taatctgagttgaggttaaaaaacaatg-gaacatccgcacaatgagaatgct	
P170	tttaacctcaactcagatta-gctagctctagatcctgtgtg	
P171	tgcctatgagatcttccgga -atcgat- ggaaggagctgactgggttga	
P172	tgtggaagatccaggattagcc	Construction of pBS5TΔB
P173	ctcgcaagctatccccacaag-aacccacagttcgactaattaacg	
P174	cgttaattagtcgaactgtgggtt-cttgtggggatagcttgcgag	
P175	ccaagggtagagcctcatc	
P176	ccaatgagcatgaggatcgt	
P177	tgacaacggtaggaggaacta	
P178	gacggcggctttgtgaataa	
P179	ctgttccaaaggctttctag-ccatggctgtcacagagctgg	Construction of p06-Km ^R -P _{dapA} -Cre
P180	ctttacgcgttaaaaaggac-ctagcggagtgtatactggct	
P181	gtccttttaacgcgtaaag-ccacgttgtgtctcaaaatc	
P182	ctagaaagcctttggaacag-ggcggagcgtgaaataagtg	

The sequences homologous to the template are separated by a dash

Recombinant plasmids construction

1. pSTV-Cm^R-(Int-attP)_{φ16}

To construct the plasmid pSTV-Cm^R-(Int-attP)_{φ16} (3823 bp) an intermediate construction pSTV-Cm^R was obtained by Gibson Assembly (NEB, USA) from three PCR-mediated amplicons: the first fragment (1099 bp) containing *E. coli* replicon p15A, was amplified with pSTV28 plasmid (TaKaRa) (Table 1) as a template using primer pair P115/P116; the second fragment P_{GAI}-*cat* (841 bp) containing gene *cat* of Tn9 transposon (resistance to Cm) was amplified with pSTV28 plasmid as the template using primer pair P117/P118 to form 791 bp liner fragment followed by its fusion with a strong phage promoter P_{GAI} (Pátek et al. 1996) by PCR using primer pair P118/P119; the third fragment (274 bp), containing the T₆₇₄-MCS- T_{L3} cassette (a multiple cloning site surrounded by the terminators T₆₇₄ of the corynebophage φ674 and T_{L3} of the phage λ) was amplified with a synthesized cassette [T₆₇₄-MCS-T_{L3}] (Integrated DNA Technologies) using primers P120/P121. Then P_{native-int-attP}_{φ16} fragment (1697 bp), containing φ16 phage integrase gene *int* with its own promoter, and the *attP*_{φ16} site located downstream along the φ16 genome, was amplified from the φ16 DNA by the primer pair P122/P123, processed by kinase and ligated with a PCR-fragment (2126 bp), amplified with intermediate construction pSTV-Cm^R as a template using primers P124/P125, resulting in the final plasmid pSTV-Cm^R-(Int-attP)_{φ16}.

2. pCRIM-Cm^R-lox-attP_{φ16}

To construct the integrative plasmid pCRIM-Cm^R-lox-attP_{φ16} (2609 bp) (GenBank OK651220) PCR-fragment (2541 bp) amplified using the plasmid pSTV-Cm^R-(Int-attP)_{φ16} as a template and primer pair P126/P127, was processed by kinase and circled resulting in intermediate construction pSTV-Cm^R-attP_{φ16}, not containing the full-size φ16*int* gene. To introduce two mutant *lox* – sites (Albert et al. 1995) two fragments (1972 bp) and (705 bp) were amplified from the intermediate construction pSTV-Cm^R-attP_{φ16} using primers P128/P131 and P129/P130, respectively. Amplicons fusion provided according to Gibson Assembly resulted in the final plasmid pCRIM-Cm^R-lox-attP_{φ16}.

3. pUCIDT-Ap^R-L-Cm^R-R and pUCIDT-Ap^R-L-Sm^R-R

The plasmids pUCIDT-Ap^R-L-Cm^R-R (GenBank OK651225) and pUCIDT-Ap^R-L-Sm^R-R (GenBank OK651226) were used as templates for amplification of the central part of the linear fragments. The plasmids were constructed on the basis of the plasmid pUCIDT-Ap^R-L-MCS-R (3437 bp) (Table 1) containing a synthesizing cassette [*attL*_{φ16}-T₆₇₄-MCS-T_{L3}-*attR*_{φ16}] (Integrated DNA Technologies) cloned into the vector pUCIDT-Ap^R (2752 bp). To construct pUCIDT-Ap^R-L-Cm^R-R plasmid (4278 bp) P_{GAI}-*cat* fragment (841 bp) was obtained by PCR using the plasmid pSTV-Cm^R-lox-attP_{φ16} as a template and pair primers P132/P133, processed by kinase and cloned into the *HpaI* site of the pUCIDT-Ap^R-L-MCS-R plasmid. To construct pUCIDT-Ap^R-L-Sm^R-R plasmid (4639 bp) P_{serC}-*aadA2* fragment (1202 bp), containing gene *aadA2* (resistance to Sm from pCG4 plasmid (NC_004945.1)) under the control of *C. glutamicum serC* gene promoter, was amplified with p07sR (AGRI collection) as a template by primers P134/P135, processed by kinase and cloned into the *HpaI* site of the pUCIDT-Ap^R-L-MCS-R plasmid.

4. pVC-Am^R-Int_{φ16}-SceI

Initially, the intermediate plasmid pVC-Am^R-Int_{φ16} (7171 bp) was obtained by Gibson Assembly of three fragments. The first fragment (4189 bp), containing the *E.coli* pMB1 and *C. glutamicum* pBL1 replicon was amplified from the pVC7N (LC425431.1) plasmid as a template and primer pair P136/P137. The second fragment P_{native-int} (1484 bp), containing the *φ16int* gene under the transcription control of its native promoter was amplified by PCR from *φ16* DNA using primers P138/P139. The third fragment (1558 bp) containing the fusion of the *aac(3)-IV* gene (resistance to Am) under the control of its native promoter with terminator T₆₇₄ was obtained by OE-PCR using primer pair P140/P143 and two PCR fragments (1299 bp and 307 bp) amplified with plasmid pPK103 (AGRI collection) and *φ674* phage DNA as the templates by primer pairs P140/P141 and P142/P143, respectively.

To construct pVC-Am^R-Int_{φ16}-SceI (9585 bp) (GenBank OK651222), LacI-P_{trc-id2}-I-SceI cassette (2396 bp, containing the DNA fragment with I-SceI meganuclease gene under the control of P_{trc-id2} (P_{trc}/O_{lac-id}-O_{lac}) promoter fused with a divergently transcribed *lacI* gene), was obtained by OE-PCR using primers P144/P147), and two PCR fragments (723 bp and 1694 bp) amplified with the plasmid-templates pUC19RP12 (AF170481.1) and pVC-Am^R-LacI-P_{trc-id2}-*yeCitrine* (AGRI collection), primer pairs P146/P147 and P144/P145, respectively, followed by processing by kinase and cloning into the *Sma*I site of the plasmid pVC-Am^R-Int_{φ16}. I-SceI restriction site was introduced into the resulting construction by PCR using divergent primers P148/P149 (the sequence of primer P149 contained I-SceI site). Resulting fragment (9585 bp) was processed by kinase and circled by ligase to form the final plasmid pVC-Am^R-Int_{φ16}-SceI.

5. pVC-Km^R-(Xis/Int)_{φ16}

To construct pVC-Km^R-(Xis/Int)_{φ16} (8107 bp) (GenBank OK651223), P_{gap}-*φ16xis*-T_{nus} cassette (700 bp) was introduced into the intermediate plasmid pVC-Am^R-Int_{φ16}. The cassette, consisted of the excisionase gene *xis* of *φ16* phage under the control of the *C. glutamicum* promoter P_{gapA} and terminator T_{nus}, was obtained by OE-PCR of three fragments. The fragments were amplified using the appropriate templates and primers: P_{gapA} (*C. glutamicum* ATCC13869 chromosome P150/P151); *xis* (*φ16* phage DNA, P152/P153); T_{nus} (*C. glutamicum* ATCC13869 chromosome, P154/P155). Fragments P_{gapA} (451 bp) and *φ16xis* (246 bp) were overlapped using primers P150/P153, the resulting fragment P_{gapA}-*φ16xis* (652 bp) was further fused with T_{nus} (96 bp) using P150/P155 primers. Resulting cassette P_{gapA}-*φ16xis*-T_{nus} processed by kinase was ligated with 7159 bp fragment amplified with pVC-Am^R-Int_{φ16} template using primer pair P156/P157 to form an intermediate structure pVC-Am^R-(Xis/Int)_{φ16}. To replace the Am^R by Km^R gene of Tn903 transposon, a 7206 bp fragment was amplified with pVC-Am^R-(Xis/Int)_{φ16} template using primer pair P158/P159, digested by *Sma*I endonuclease and ligated with processed by kinase PCR fragment (1202 bp) containing the Km^R gene with its own promoter, amplified with pVK9 (Nakamura et al. 2012) as a template using primer pair P160/P161 to form a helper plasmid pVC-Km^R-(Xis/Int)_{φ16}. The Km^R gene orientation was selected in accordance with the direction of the original Am^R gene.

6. pVC-Am^R-LacI-P_{trc-id2}-RecE⁵⁶⁴T

The helper pVC-Am^R-LacI-P_{trc-id2}-RecE⁵⁶⁴T (9145 bp) (GenBank OK651221) was obtained by Gibson Assembly of four fragments. The first fragment (4195 bp) containing *E. coli* and *C. glutamicum* replicons (pMB1 and pBL1, respectively) was amplified with pVC7N plasmid as a template using primers P162/P163. The second fragment (1549 bp), containing the Am^R gene (*aac*(3)-IV) expressed from its native promoter fused with the phage terminator of T₆₇₄, was obtained by OE-PCR using primers P164/P167 and two PCR-fragments (1299 bp and 298 bp), amplified with pPK103 plasmid and ϕ 674 phage DNA as a templates, using primers P164/P165 and P166/P167, respectively. The third fragment (1776 bp), containing a shortened gene (915 bp) of recE⁵⁶⁴ protein and a full-size gene *recT* of *E. coli* λ phage, was amplified from the MG1655 chromosome using primer pair P168/P169. The fourth fragment (1705 bp) containing a promoter P_{trc-id2} and a divergently transcribed gene *lacI*, was obtained by PCR using pVC-Am^R-LacI-P_{trc-id2}-yeCitrine (AGRI collection) as a template and primer pair P170/P171.

7. pBS5T- Δ B

To construct plasmid pBS5T- Δ B (9350 bp) two PCR-fragments (944 bp and 940 bp) were amplified with *C. glutamicum* ATCC13869 chromosome as a template using primer pairs P172/P173 and P174/P175, respectively and fused by OE-PCR using primers P176/P177 to form a 1706 bp fragment. The resulting fragment was processed by kinase and cloned into *Sma*I site of the plasmid pBS5T. The orientation of cloned fragment was confirmed using P177/P178 primers, the resulting plasmid pBS5T- Δ B was used to construct the deletion of the "functional core" of the *attB* _{ϕ 16} site.

8. p06-Km^R-P_{dapA}-Cre

Plasmid p06-Km^R-P_{dapA}-Cre (6111 bp) (GenBank OK651224) was obtained by Gibson Assembly of two fragments. The first fragment (5019 bp), containing *E. coli* replicon p15A, gene of Cre recombinase of phage P1 under the control of the *C. glutamicum* promoter P_{dapA} and a shortened (unstable) replicon pCG1 (Tauch et al. 2003), was obtained by PCR using p06-PdapA-cre as a template (MG014197, Gorshkova et al. 2018) and primer pair P179/P180. The second fragment (1132 bp) containing the Km^R gene of the transposon Tn903 with its native promoter was amplified with a pVK9-derived plasmid using primers P181/P182.

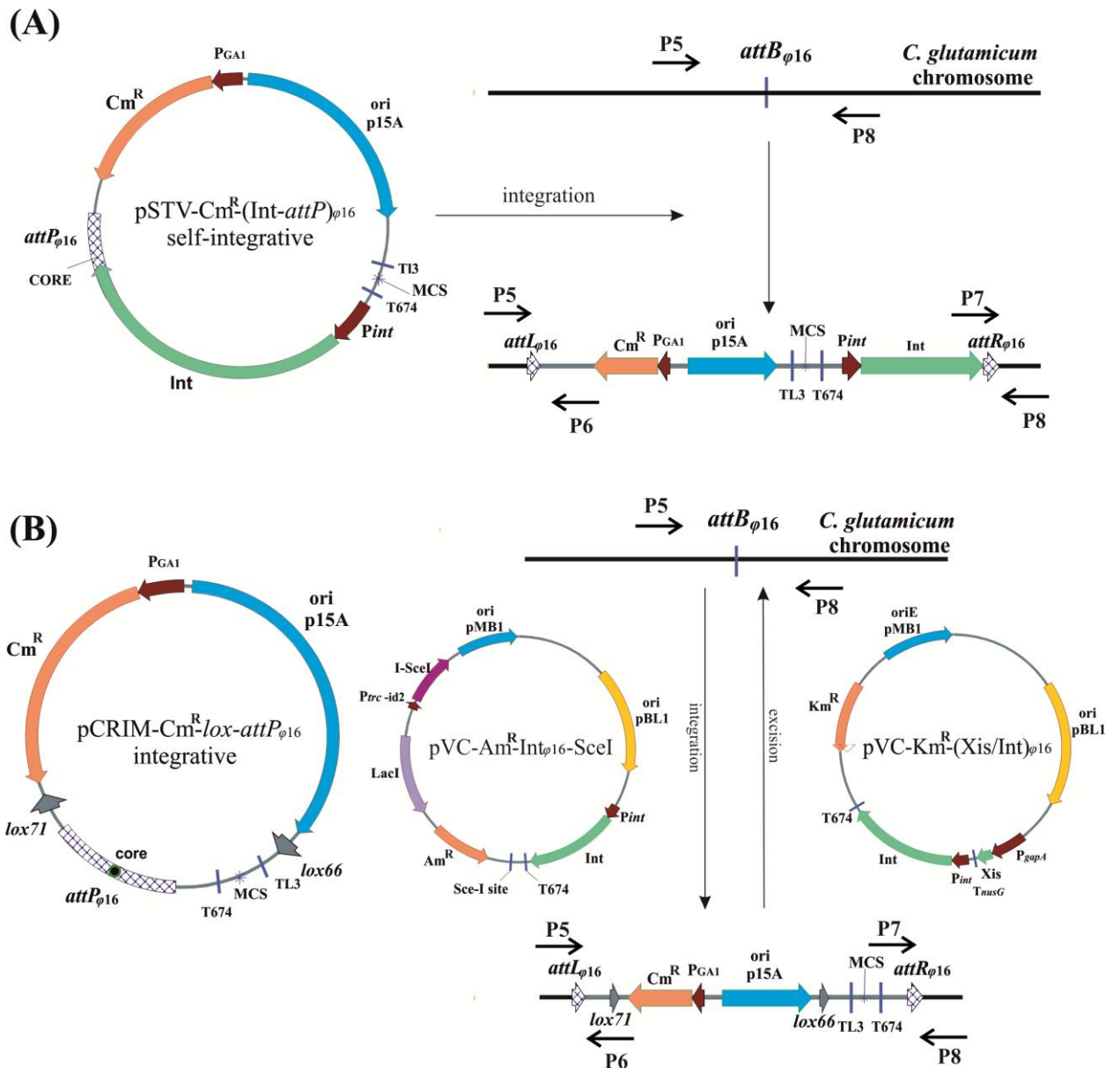


Fig. S1 Schematic representation of “in cis” and “in trans” $\phi 16$ -mediated SSR

(A) Integration “in cis” of pSTV-Cm^R-(Int-attP)_{φ16} self-integrative plasmid into native attB_{φ16} site on *C. glutamicum* chromosome. Integration occurs due to $\phi 16$ integrase-mediated recombination within attP_{φ16} site (located on the plasmid) and unique attB_{φ16} of *C. glutamicum*. (B) Integration/excision “in trans” of pCRIM-Cm^R-lox-attP_{φ16} (OK651220) integrative plasmid into/out of the native attB_{φ16} on *C. glutamicum* chromosome. Phage $\phi 16$ integrase from the helper plasmid pVC-Am^R-Int_{φ16}-SceI (OK651222) mediates the “in trans” insertion of pCRIM-Cm^R-lox-attP_{φ16} integrative plasmid, carrying attP_{φ16} that resulted in incorporation of a circular plasmid into genome. Excision helper plasmid pVC-Km^R-(Xis/Int)_{φ16} (OK651223), expressing both $\phi 16$ integrase and excisionase genes mediates an excision of pCRIM-Cm^R-lox-attP_{φ16} from *C. glutamicum* chromosome resulting in reconstruction of native attB_{φ16} site. Phage $\phi 16$ integrase and excisionase genes are marked in green, promoters in brown, antibiotic resistance genes in orange, lox-sites in grey, *E. coli* and *C. glutamicum* origins of replication in blue and yellow, correspondingly. Phage attP_{φ16} and recombinant attL/R-sites are criss-cross hatched. Terminators are indicated with vertical bars, multiple cloning site (MCS) with asterisk, primers are marked by arrows

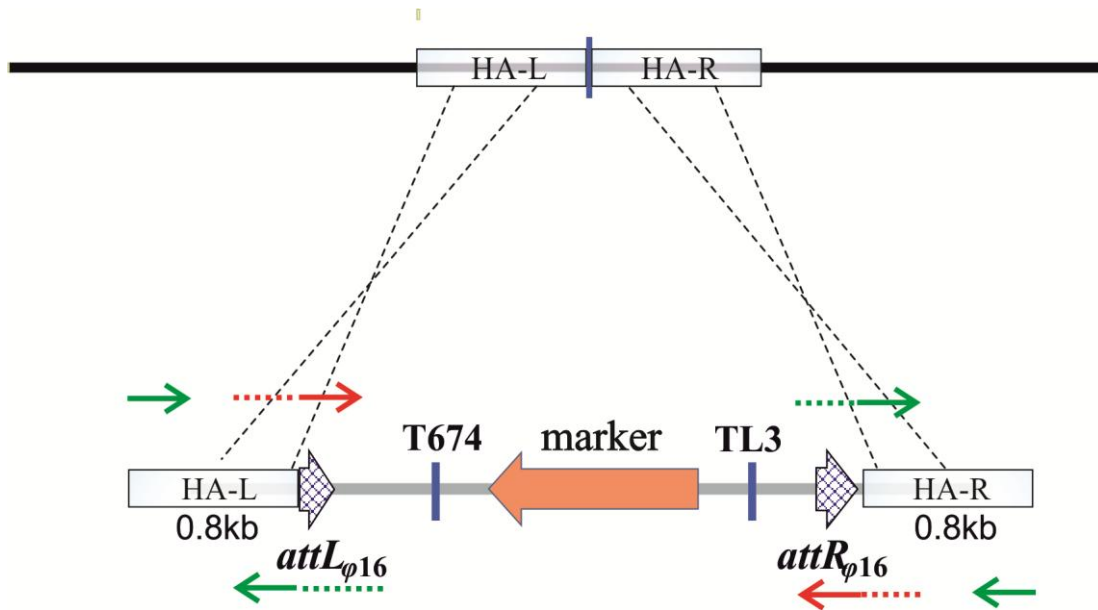
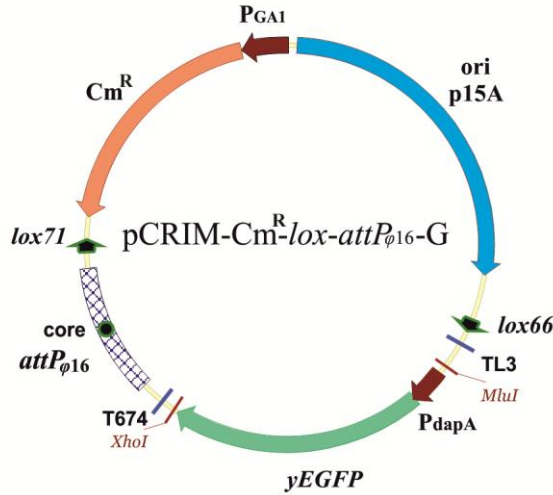


Fig. S2 Scheme of linear dsDNA fragment design for RecE⁵⁶⁴-T mediated recombineering

All linear fragments used in the study were designed in such a way to integrate marker “into a point” without loss of nucleotide sequence. Linear fragment consisted of the antibiotic resistance marker (orange) surrounded by terminators T_{L3} , T_{674} (vertical bars) and flanked by phage ($attL/R$) $_{\phi16}$ recombinant sites (criss-cross hatched) and two 0.8 kb length arms homologous to target chromosome (rectangles). The central part [$attL_{\phi16}$ - T_{674} - Cm^R/Sm^R - T_{L3} - $attR_{\phi16}$] was amplified using a specially prepared non-replicative in *C. glutamicum* plasmids pUCIDT- Ap^R -L- Cm^R -R, pUCIDT- Ap^R -L- Sm^R -R, respectively, as a templates (OK651225, OK651226). Primers for central part amplification are marked with red arrows, primers for homology arms are indicated as green arrows. The dotted line of primer shows region for overlapping with the adjacent fragment. Three PCR-mediated amplicons were assembled in a single molecule by overlapping PCR

(A)



(B)

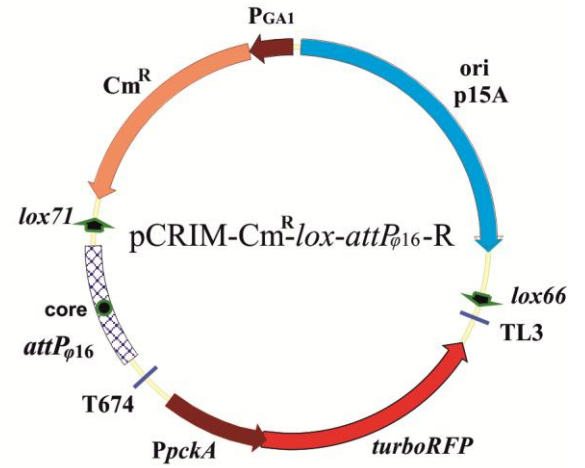


Fig. S3 Integrative plasmids carrying the genes encoding yEGFP and TurboRFP fluorescent proteins

The base integrative plasmid pCRIM-Cm^R-lox-attP_{φ16} (OK651220) is not able to replicate in *C. glutamicum* and contains attP_{φ16} site, MCS for cassette of interest cloning, surrounded by T_{L3}, T₆₇₄ terminators, antibiotic marker and *E. coli* replicon p15A flanked by lox66/71- sites for further Cre-mediated excision. On the base of this plasmid two new plasmids were obtained by cloning the gene of fluorescent protein yEGFP under constitutive P_{dapA} (*C. glutamicum*) into *MluI/XhoI* using primers P108-P111, and TurboRFP gene under P_{cskA} (*E. coli*) into *EcoRV* site using P112-P115, resulting pCRIM-Cm^R-lox-attP_{φ16}-G and pCRIM-Cm^R-lox-attP_{φ16}-R plasmids, correspondingly