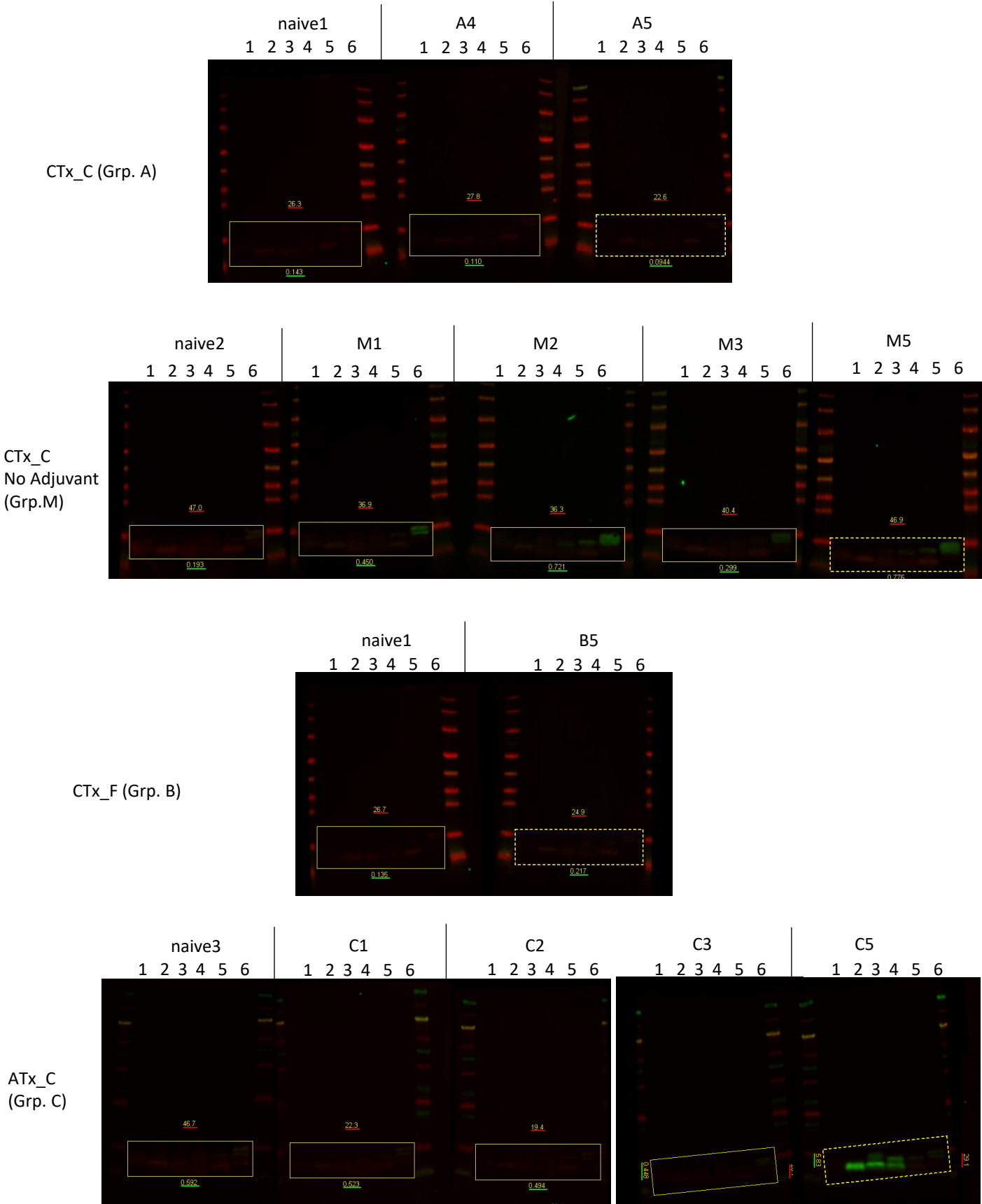
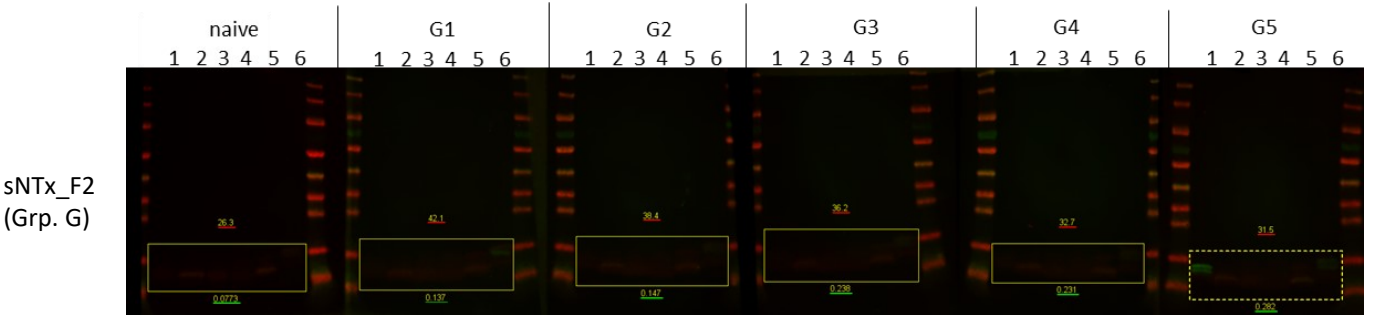
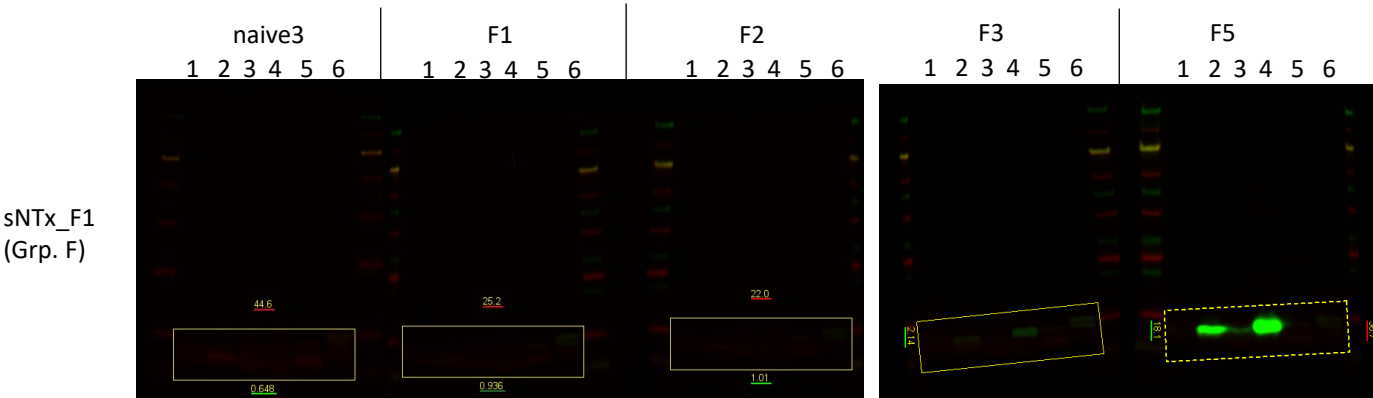
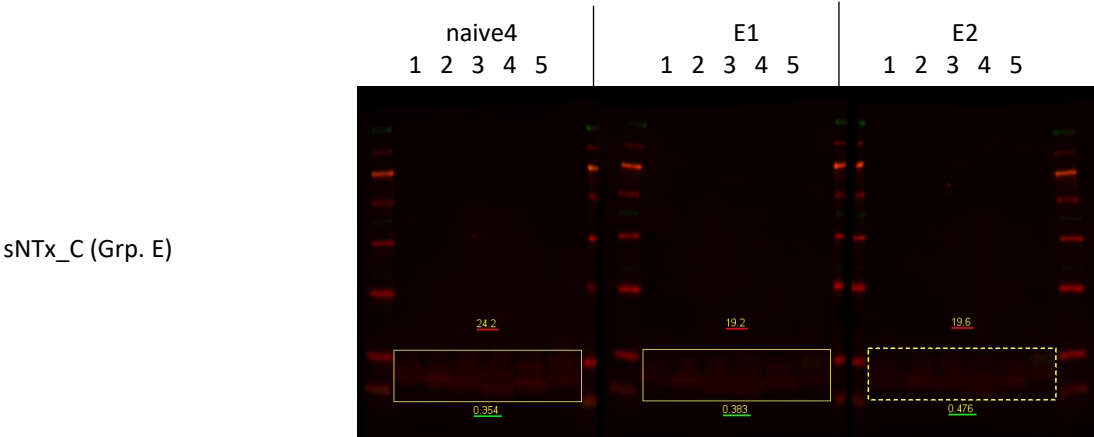
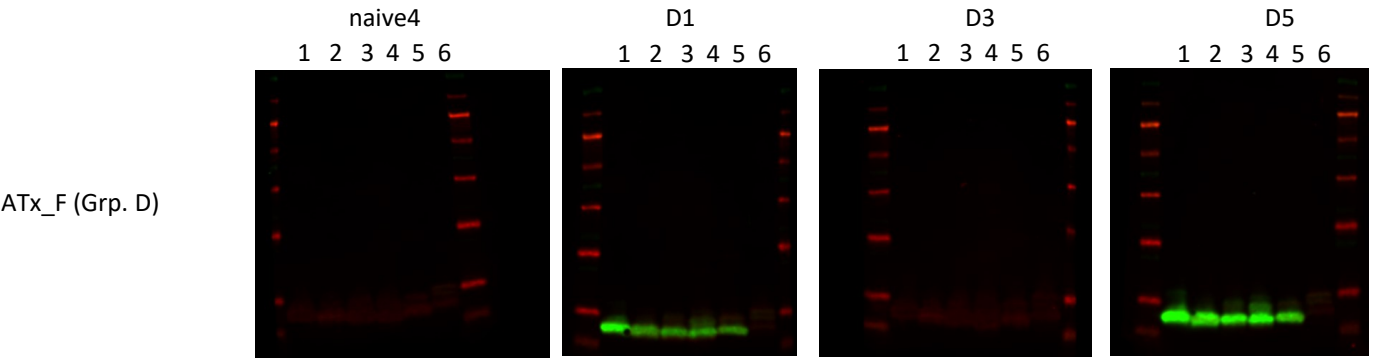
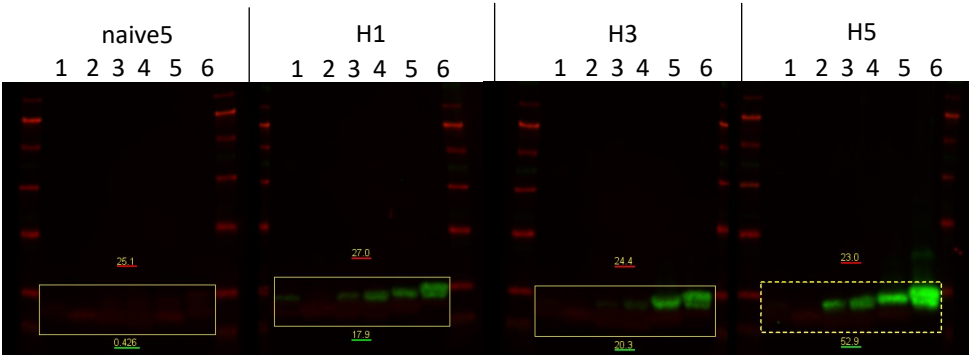


Supplementary File S6 – Raw western blot images for individual mice sera, to detect recognition of elapid venoms. Venoms used are: 1 *B. candidus*, 2 *D. polylepis*, 3 *N. kaouthia*, 4 *N. subfulva*, 5 *N. nigricollis* and 6 *O. scutellatus*. Blots were scanned at 700nm and 800 nm for 2 minutes in each channel. Naïve sera comparator was from male CD1 mice (unimmunised), and the same naïve blot was imaged multiple times to compare veVLP sera against, as indicated by the same title above the blot (i.e naïve1, naïve 2, etc, where the number represents different naïve blots performed on different days, due to the several days required to analyse sera from all individual animals). Multiple gels were used to compare each group (shown here on separate rows), and the individual gels are indicated by horizontal black dividing lines and/or white spaces. Blots for each animal within one immunisation group were processed in parallel.

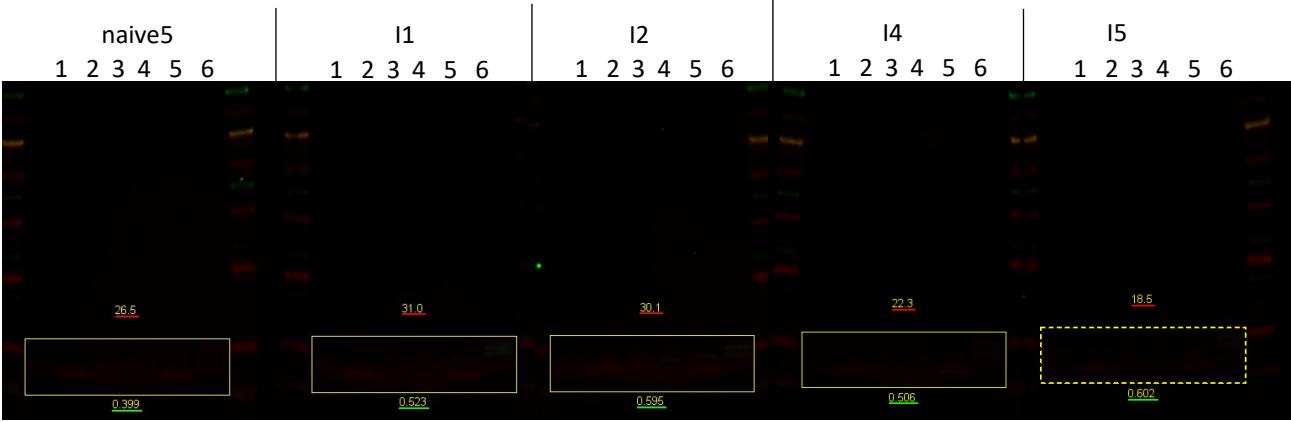




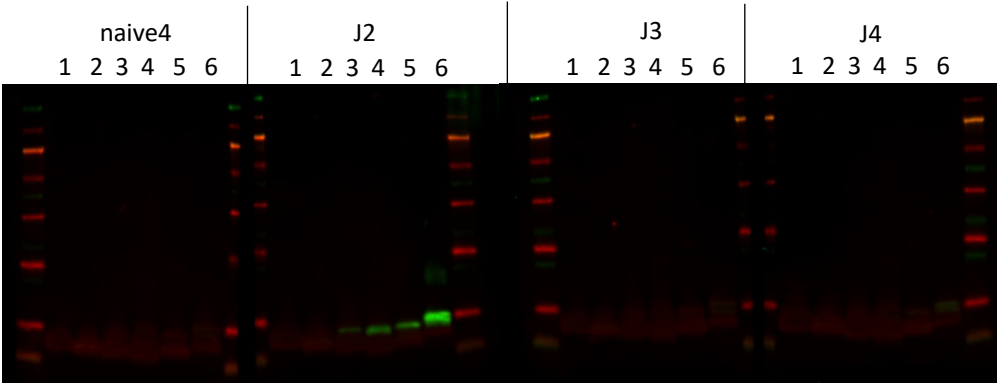
PLA2_1
(Grp. H)



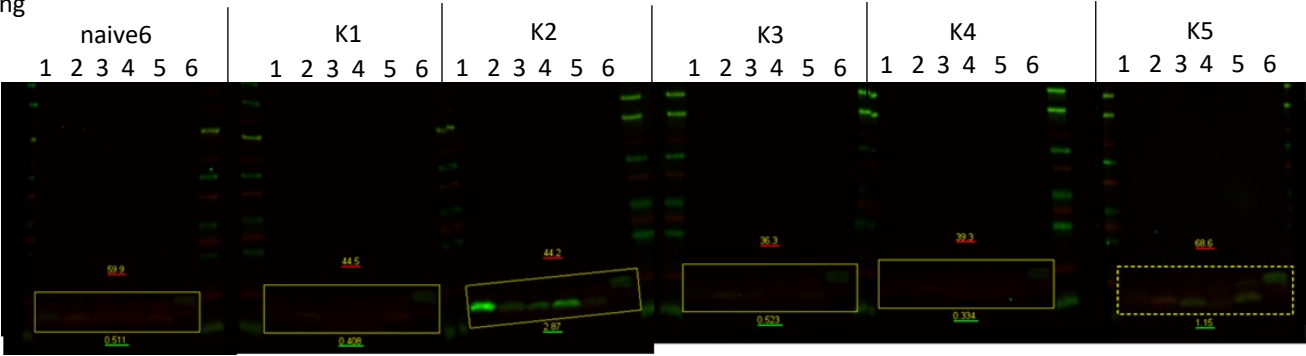
PLA2_2
(Grp. I)



PLA2_3
(Grp. J)



Core_string
(Grp. K)



Finger_string
(Grp. L)

